

Class 1: RE – Cycle A and B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging E.1 Which places are special to members of our community?	Understanding Christianity F2 Why do Christians perform nativity plays at Christmas?	Believing and Belonging E.3 Who cares for me and how do I help others?	Understanding Christianity F3 Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	Believing and Belonging E.4 Who belongs in my family and community?	Understanding Christianity F1 Why is the word God so important to Christians?
Pathway	Pathway 1 – The Nature of Religion and Belief	Incarnation	Pathway 3 – A good life	Salvation	Pathway 4 – Personal Journey	God / Creation
Religions covered	Christianity, Islam, Hindu Dharma, Sikhi	Christianity	Christianity, Buddhism, Hindu Dharma, Islam, and non-religious approaches.	Christianity	Christianity, Hindu Dharma, and non-religious approaches	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What is a special place? What makes that place special? Where are special places for me at home, school and/ or in my community? Which places are special for Christians? Why are these places special for Christians? Which places are special for Muslims? Why are these places special for Muslims? Which places are special for Sikhs? Why are these places special for Sikhs? Which places are special for Hindus? Why are these places special for Hindus? How are the special places the same? Different?</p>	<p>Christians believe God came to Earth in human form as Jesus. Christians believe Jesus came to show that all people are precious and special to God.</p>	<p>What rules do we have at home and school? Why do we need rules? Who can we help at home and at school? How does the life and example of Jesus teach people about how to care for others? What do Jesus' stories tell us about how we can care for others? How does the life and example of the Prophet Mohammed teach people about caring for others? What do Buddhist stories tell us about how we can care for others? What do Hindu stories tell us about how we can care for others? Who can we help in the world? How and why do people raise funds for charities?</p>	<p>Christians remember Jesus' last week at Easter. Jesus' name means 'He saves'. Christians believe Jesus came to show God's love. Christians try to show love to others.</p>	<p>Where do we live? Where do we belong? What makes a good friend? What groups do we belong to? What does it mean to belong to a faith community? How does the life and example of Jesus teach people about friendship? How do Hindu families demonstrate love between brothers and sisters?</p>	<p>The word God is a name. Christians believe God is the creator of the universe. Christians believe God made our wonderful world and so we should look after it.</p>

Class 2: RE – Cycle A

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging C1.1 What does it mean to belong to a community of belief?	Understanding Christianity 1.3 Why does Christmas matter to Christians?	Believing and Belonging C1.5 Why are festivals important in a community?	Understanding Christianity 1.2 Who made the world?	Believing and Belonging C1.2 How are symbols used to welcome new life?	Believing and Belonging F1.11 How do Hindu stories help believers live their lives?
Pathway	The nature of religion and belief	Incarnation	Influence and Authority	Creation	Expressing Belief	The Big Picture & A Good Life
Religions covered	Christianity, Hindu Dharma, Islam, Judaism and Sikhi	Christianity	Christianity, Hindu Dharma, Islam, Judaism, Sikhi	Christianity	Christianity, Islam and Sikhi	Hindu Dharma
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What does it mean to belong?</p> <p>What symbols and signs do we recognise? How do they show we belong?</p> <p>What are important symbols for these religions – Christianity, Hindu Dharma, Islam, Judaism and Sikhi?</p> <p>Why are some buildings special for Christians/Muslims/Jewish people/Sikh/ Hindus?</p> <p>What are these buildings called?</p> <p>What do Christians do in Church to show they belong?</p> <p>What might you see inside a church?</p> <p>What do people do in a church?</p>	<p>Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.</p> <p>The Bible points out that his birth showed that he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew) and that he came to bring good news (for example, to the poor, in Luke).</p> <p>Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent for Christians is a time of getting ready for Jesus' coming.</p>	<p>What happens at a Harvest festival?</p> <p>Why is it important to Christians?</p> <p>What happens at Sukkot?</p> <p>Why is this important to Jews?</p> <p>What happens during the holy month of Ramadan?</p> <p>What does it feel like to fast?</p> <p>What happens at Eid?</p> <p>Why is Diwali important to Hindus?</p> <p>Why do Sikhs celebrate Bandi Chhor Divas ('freeing of prisoners')?</p> <p>How do Sikhs celebrate Bandi Chhor Divas and Diwali?</p>	<p>God created the universe. important to God.</p> <p>The Earth and everything in it are</p> <p>God has a unique relationship with human beings as their Creator and Sustainer.</p> <p>Humans should care for the world because it belongs to God.</p>	<p>How are symbols used to welcome new life?</p> <p>Why is it important to make someone feel welcome?</p> <p>How do you welcome a baby into your family?</p> <p>What gifts would you like to give a new baby? Why?</p> <p>What do names mean and why are they important?</p> <p>How are babies welcomed into the Sikh faith?</p> <p>How is a baby welcomed into the Christian faith?</p> <p>What is a promise and why are promises important?</p> <p>How do Muslims welcome a new baby?</p> <p>How do Humanists welcome a new baby?</p> <p>What do you wish for people in your class?</p>	<p>How do stories tell us something about ourselves and the world?</p> <p>How do we learn about and deal with 'other' people in the world?</p> <p>What is truth?</p> <p>What is a mystery?</p> <p>How do Hindus treat other people?</p> <p>How do Hindus care for the world?</p> <p>What do Hindus believe about God in the World?</p> <p>How can Hindus express their beliefs?</p>

Class 2: RE – Cycle B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging C1.3 How can we make good choices?	Understanding Christianity 1.1 What do Christians believe God is like?	Believing and Belonging C1.4 How and why do some people pray?	Understanding Christianity 1.5 Why does Easter matter to Christians?	Believing and Belonging	Understanding Christianity 1.4 What is the good news that Jesus brings?
Pathway	A Good Life	God	Personal Journey	Salvation	The Big Picture	Gospel
Religions covered	Christianity, Hindu, Islam, Judaism, Sikhi, Buddhism, and non-religious approaches	Christianity	Christianity, Judaism, Sikhi, Buddhism, Hindu, Islam and non-religious approaches	Christianity	Christianity, Islam, Judaism and Sikhi	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What are the Ten Commandments?</p> <p>How do Christians make good choices?</p> <p>How do Muslims make good choices?</p> <p>How do Sikhs make good choices?</p> <p>How do Buddhists make good choices?</p> <p>How do Hindus make good choices?</p> <p>What do religious and non-religious stories say about rules and guidelines?</p> <p>How are they similar and different?</p>	<p>Christians believe in God, and that they find out about God in the Bible.</p> <p>Christians believe God is loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also Lord and King.</p> <p>Some stories show these Christian beliefs.</p> <p>Christians worship God and try to live in ways that please him.</p>	<p>What is prayer?</p> <p>Why do people pray?</p> <p>How do Christians pray?</p> <p>What actions, positions or symbols help in prayer?</p> <p>How do Muslims pray?</p> <p>Can symbols of faith help us to pray?</p> <p>How and why do Sikhs pray?</p> <p>Where do Sikhs pray?</p> <p>How do Buddhists meditate?</p> <p>How do Buddhists follow the example of the Buddha?</p> <p>How do Hindus pray at home and at the Mandir?</p> <p>How do Jews Pray?</p>	<p>Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible.</p> <p>Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life.</p>	<p>Why are some books special?</p> <p>How are special books treated?</p> <p>What are some of life's big questions?</p> <p>How do we know that the Bible is a special book for Christians?</p> <p>How do we know that the Qur'an is a special book for Muslims?</p> <p>What is the moral/message of this story found in the Qur'an?</p> <p>How do we know the Guru Granth Sahib is a special book for Sikhs?</p> <p>What is the message/moral of this story found in the Guru Granth Sahib?</p> <p>How do we know the Torah is a special book for Jewish people</p> <p>What is the message/moral of this story found in the Torah?</p>	<p>Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people.</p> <p>For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.</p> <p>Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless.</p> <p>Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show them the right way.</p>

Class 3: RE – Cycle A

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging CL2.6 How do Jews use stories to remember God's covenant?	Understanding Christianity 2A.4 What kind of world did Jesus want?	Believing and Belonging CL2.5 How do ancient stories influence modern celebrations?	Understanding Christianity 2A.5 Why do Christians call the day Jesus died Good Friday?	Believing and Belonging CL2.2 How do people express their spirituality?	Understanding Christianity 2A.1 What do Christians learn from the creation story
Pathway	The Big Picture	Gospel	Influence and Authority	Salvation	Expressing Beliefs	Creation and Fall
Religions covered	Judaism	Christianity	Judaism, Hindu Dharma, Christianity, Sikhi, Paganism and other ancient civilisations.	Christianity	Christianity, Judaism, Islam and Sikhism	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What is a promise? Why are promises important? What is a covenant? Who was Abraham? Why is he an important figure for Jewish people? Why is Moses important to Jewish people today and what do they learn from him? Why is Pesach important to Jewish people? What happened at the first Pesach? How do Jews celebrate Pesach today? Why is Shabbat a special time for Jewish people? Why do Jewish people rest on the seventh day?</p>	<p>Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first. Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people. Christians try to be like Jesus — they want to know him better and better. Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots of ways, from church worship to social justice.</p>	<p>Why is the light of Hanukkah so important to Jews? How is light important to Sikhs during Bandi Chor Divas? How and why do Hindus celebrate Diwali? Why is advent an important time for Christians? Why has light been used in festivals of ancient civilisations? Why is light a good symbol of representation? Why are the solstices important to Pagans and others? How have ancient stories influenced how people celebrate today? How is light used in other aspects of life for religious and non-religious people?</p>	<p>Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to his death and resurrection. The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to earth to do. Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today. Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection.</p>	<p>What is spirituality? What do symbols tell us about beliefs? How do Christians use visual arts to express beliefs? How are beliefs represented symbolically or through representational and abstract art? How do Muslims use calligraphy and pattern to express beliefs? Why do some people say you should not picture God? How can words and ideas be expressed through the arts? How are different individuals and communities inspired by music? How can dance express faith?</p>	<p>God the Creator cares for the creation, including human beings. As human beings are part of God's good creation, they do best when they listen to God. The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him — he keeps his relationship with them, gives them guidelines on good ways to live (such as the Ten Commandments). [Building block from EYFS: Christians believe God made our wonderful world and so we should look after it.]</p>

Class 3: RE – Cycle B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging CL2.1 What faiths and beliefs can be found in our country and community?	Understanding Christianity 2A.2 What is it like to follow God?	Believing and Belonging CL2.3 How do the 5 pillars help Muslims live a good life?	Understanding Christianity 2A.6 When Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost?	Believing and Belonging CL2.4 How do the lives of the Gurus inspire Sikh believers?	Understanding Christianity 2A.3 What is the Trinity?
Pathway	The Nature of Religion and Belief	People of God	A Good Life	Kingdom of God	Personal Journey	Incarnation & God
Religions covered	Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Sikhi, Hindu Dharma, Buddhism	Christianity	Islam	Christianity	Sikhi	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What does belonging mean?</p> <p>How do we help people feel welcome?</p> <p>Which religions are found in our local area?</p> <p>What religions are found in Yorkshire and the UK?</p> <p>How is this different from our local community?</p> <p>What other beliefs do people hold in our country?</p> <p>How do different denominations within a faith relate to the national and international community of faith?</p> <p>What are the key features and artefacts in a place of worship?</p> <p>What do these features and objects mean, and how are they used?</p> <p>How do different faiths and believers get on together?</p>	<p>The Old Testament tells the story of a particular group of people, the children of Israel known as the People of God — and their relationship with God.</p> <p>The People of God try to live in the way God wants, following his commands and worshipping him.</p> <p>They believe he promises to stay with them and Bible stories show how God keeps his promises.</p>	<p>What do we already know about Islam?</p> <p>What are some of the most important features of Islam?</p> <p>How did Islam start?</p> <p>Who is the Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and why is he important to Muslims?</p> <p>What are the 5 pillars of Islam?</p> <p>What do Muslims believe about God?</p> <p>What is the Shahadah?</p> <p>What is Salaah?</p>	<p>Christians believe that Jesus inaugurated the ‘Kingdom of God’ — i.e. Jesus’ whole life was a demonstration of his belief that God is King, not just in heaven but here and now (‘Your kingdom come, your will be done on earth as it is in heaven’). Christians believe Jesus is still alive, and rules in their hearts and lives by the Holy Spirit, if they let him.</p> <p>Christians believe that after Jesus returned to be with God the Father, he sent the Holy Spirit at Pentecost to help the Church to make Jesus’ invisible Kingdom visible by living lives that reflect the love of God.</p> <p>Christians celebrate Pentecost as the beginning of the Church.</p>	<p>What is a teacher?</p> <p>How does a teacher help you to understand something new?</p> <p>What are the qualities of a good teacher?</p> <p>What is a guru?</p> <p>Who was Guru Nanak?</p> <p>Where and when was Guru Nanak born?</p> <p>What sort of person was Guru Nanak?</p> <p>Why was Guru Nanak’s 3-day disappearance so significant?</p> <p>What values did Guru Nanak teach?</p> <p>What words are important to Sikhs?</p> <p>What do Sikhs believe about God?</p> <p>What happened when Guru Nanak died?</p> <p>How do Sikhs treat their scripture, Guru Granth Sahib?</p>	<p>Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.</p> <p>Christians believe The Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers.</p> <p>Christians find that understanding God is challenging; people spend their whole lives learning more and more about God.</p> <p>Christians worship God as Trinity. It is a huge idea to grasp and Christians have created art to help to express this belief.</p>

Class 4: RE – Cycle A

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging CU2.4 Why do some people go on a pilgrimage?	Understanding Christianity 2B.3 How can following God bring justice and freedom?	Believing and Belonging CU2.1 What do Hindu people believe about God?	Understanding Christianity 2B.2 Creation & Science: Conflicting or complementary?	Believing and Belonging FU2.14 How do Buddhists live a meaningful life?	Understanding Christianity 2B.8 What kind of King is Jesus?
Pathway	Personal Journey	People of God	The Nature of Religion and Belief	Creation and Fall	Personal Journey & The Nature of Religion and Belief	Kingdom of God
Religions covered	Islam, Christianity, Judaism, Sikhi and Hindu Dharma.	Christianity	Hindu Dharma	Christianity	Buddhism	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What do we mean by a special place?</p> <p>What special places do we have in our lives?</p> <p>What is it like to visit the Western Wall if you are Jewish?</p> <p>What is it like to visit Makkah if you are Muslim?</p> <p>Which places or journeys are special to Christians, and why?</p> <p>What do Sikhs consider more important than pilgrimage?</p> <p>What pilgrimages do Hindus make?</p> <p>Why are some places special to more than one religion?</p> <p>How might pilgrimage change someone's life?</p>	<p>The Old Testament pieces together the story of the People of God.</p> <p>The story of Moses and the Exodus shows how God rescued his people from slavery in Egypt; Christians see this story as looking forward to how Jesus' death and resurrection also rescue people from slavery to sin.</p> <p>Christians apply this idea to living today by trying to serve God and to bring freedom to others; for example, loving others, caring for them, bringing health, food, justice, and telling the story of Jesus.</p>	<p>What different aspects of your life do you show people?</p> <p>What does the Trimurti mean?</p> <p>How do Hindus use different murti in puja?</p> <p>How do different Hindus worship?</p> <p>What do Hindus believe about living a good life?</p> <p>How do many Hindus show sewa or service?</p> <p>What are the similarities and differences between being a Hindu and following other beliefs?</p> <p>What have I learnt about Hindu beliefs?</p>	<p>There is much debate and some controversy around the relationship between the accounts of creation in Genesis and contemporary scientific accounts.</p> <p>These debates and controversies relate to the purpose and interpretation of the texts. For example, does reading Genesis as a poetic account conflict with scientific accounts?</p> <p>There are many scientists throughout history and now who are Christians.</p> <p>The discoveries of science make Christians wonder even more about the power and majesty of the Creator</p>	<p>What is 'happiness'?</p> <p>What is 'suffering'?</p> <p>How do people deal with or overcome suffering?</p> <p>How did Siddhartha learn about suffering?</p> <p>How did Siddhartha learn about overcoming suffering?</p> <p>What are Buddhism's 5 Precepts?</p> <p>What guidelines for living do Buddhists follow?</p> <p>What is suffering and can it be overcome?</p>	<p>Jesus told many parables about the Kingdom of God. These suggest that God's rule has begun, through the life, teaching and example of Jesus, and subsequently through the lives of Christians who live in obedience to God.</p> <p>The Kingdom is compared to a feast where all are invited to join in. Not everyone chooses to do so.</p> <p>Many Christians try to extend the Kingdom of God by challenging unjust social structures in their locality and in the world.</p>

Class 4: RE – Cycle B

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit	Believing and Belonging CU2.5 How and why are Jewish festivals celebrated today?	Understanding Christianity 2B.1 What does it mean if God is holy and loving?	Believing and Belonging CU2.3 What values do people live by?	Understanding Christianity 2B.4 Was Jesus the Messiah?	Believing and Belonging CU2.2 How do Sikhs symbolise their commitment?	Understanding Christianity 2B.5 What would Jesus do?
Pathway	Influence and Authority	God	A Good Life	Incarnation	Expressing Beliefs	Gospel
Religions covered	Judaism	Christianity	Christianity, Buddhism, Hindu Dharma, Islam, Judaism, Humanism and Sikhi.	Christianity	Sikhi	Christianity
Key Questions (B&B) Knowledge Building Blocks (UC)	<p>What do we know about Jews and Judaism?</p> <p>When and why do people make new resolutions and promises?</p> <p>What happens at Rosh Hashanah? Why is this festival important to Jews?</p> <p>Why is Yom Kippur such a solemn and holy day?</p> <p>Why are the commandments so important to Jews?</p> <p>How is Sukkot celebrated today?</p> <p>What happens at Simchat Torah?</p> <p>What does the story of Esther teach?</p> <p>How is the festival of Purim celebrated?</p> <p>How can people respond to persecution?</p> <p>How do Jewish festivals show what is important to Jewish communities?</p>	<p>Christians believe God is omnipotent, omniscient and eternal, and that this means God is worth worshipping.</p> <p>Christians believe God is both holy and loving, and Christians have to balance ideas of God being angered by sin and injustice (see Fall) but also loving, forgiving, and full of grace.</p> <p>Christians do not all agree about what God is like, but try to follow his path, as they see it in the Bible or through Church teaching.</p> <p>Christians believe getting to know God is like getting to know a person rather than learning information.</p>	<p>Do rules matter? Why?</p> <p>What is a code for living?</p> <p>What codes for living do people who are not religious use?</p> <p>What codes for living do Christians try to follow?</p> <p>Where do Muslims find their inspiration to live a good life?</p> <p>How do commandments (mitzvot) inform Jewish values today?</p> <p>What is the Shema and why is it important?</p> <p>How do Jews live by the principles of Tikkun Olam?</p> <p>What codes for living do Sikhs try to follow?</p> <p>How is the Hindu code for living put into practice?</p> <p>How is the Buddhist code for living put into practice?</p> <p>Can we create a code for living that will help the world to live peacefully together?</p>	<p>Jesus was Jewish.</p> <p>Christians believe Jesus is God in the flesh.</p> <p>They believe that his birth, life, death and resurrection were part of a longer plan by God to restore the relationship between humans and God.</p> <p>The Old Testament talks about a 'rescuer' or 'anointed one' — a messiah. Some texts talk about what this 'messiah' would be like.</p> <p>Christians believe that Jesus fulfilled these expectations, and that he is the Messiah.</p> <p>(Jewish people do not think Jesus is the Messiah.)</p> <p>Christians see Jesus as their Saviour (See Salvation).</p>	<p>What values are important? How do Sikhs show commitment to their faith through religious practice? What symbols are important to Sikhs?</p> <p>How do Sikhs show commitment to their faith through the use of symbols?</p> <p>How are Sikh beliefs about commitment represented in their teachings? How do Sikhs show commitment to their faith through rites of passage? What difference to daily life does Sikh belief and teaching make?</p> <p>How do Sikhs show commitment by putting faith into action?</p> <p>What can we learn from Sikh beliefs and ways of life?</p>	<p>The good news is not just about setting an example for good behaviour and challenging bad behaviour: it is that Jesus offers a way to heal the damage done by human sin.</p> <p>Christians see that Jesus' teachings and example cut across expectations.</p> <p>Christians believe that they should bring this good news to life in the world in different ways, within their church family, in their personal lives, with family, with their neighbours, in the local, national and global community.</p>

