

# ART AND DESIGN



**ALDER**  
Community High School

YEAR 7

Autumn 1	<b>Introduction of Art and Design</b>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To know that Art and Design is an important subject and understand how it impacts our existence.</li> <li>To know that there are specific rules and expectations in Art and Design lessons.</li> <li>To know that identity can be used as a starting point for creative work.</li> <li>To know how to reflect on relevance of Art and Design, allowing students to contribute their opinions and insights on the significance of the subject in everyday life.</li> <li>To know how to use images and fonts creatively to produce a piece of work based on identity .</li> </ul>	<b>Vocabulary</b>  Relevance, Impact, Significance, Rules, Expectations, Identity, creativity.
	<b>Still Life</b>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To know that the formal elements in Art and Design are line, shape, form pattern, tone and texture.</li> <li>To know that a good still life composition will focus on use of space and accurate use of proportion.</li> <li>To know how to create an effective accurate observational drawing focusing on the formal elements using bottles as the stimuli.</li> <li>To know how to use different shading and mark making techniques to create different pattern, tone and texture.</li> <li>To know how to experiment with still life set ups, to create an effective composition, using space, perspective and proportion effectively.</li> </ul>	<b>Vocabulary</b>  Still life, observational, formal elements, line, shape, pattern, tone, texture, accuracy.  Techniques, detail, tone, mark making, pattern, tone, texture.  Composition, space, layout, proportion, perspective.



Autumn 2	Mexican Art - Day of the Dead	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To know that the Day of the Dead festival originates from Mexico, to reflect on the passing of loved ones.</li><li>• To know that Zen doodle patterns and the artist Thaneeya McArdle link to the Day of the Dead festival.</li><li>• To know how to experiment and vary colour pencil crayon application, using different colour pencil crayon techniques</li><li>• To know that colour blending, and pencil pressure techniques will add depth and detail to their own skull pattern design.</li><li>• To know that various clay construction techniques will enable them to create a 3D clay Day of the Dead sugar skull.</li><li>• To know that using a suitable colour scheme and a selection of patterns will enable students to apply decoration to their ceramic skull sculpture.</li><li>• To know how to use pattern, factual secondary sources and understanding of reflection and symmetry to create an effective sugar skull design.</li><li>• To know how to develop a 2D skull design into a 3Dimensional image, using clay techniques.</li><li>• To know how to develop paint and decoration skills, to apply effective colour and pattern.</li></ul>	<p><b>Vocabulary</b></p> <p>Day of the Dead, factual, sugar skull, secondary sources, pattern, reflection, symmetry.</p> <p>Techniques, detail, intricate, merge, blend, pressure, direction, mark making.</p> <p>Technique, 3Dimensional, sculpt, manipulate, positive, negative,</p> <p>Engrave, emboss, thumb pot.</p> <p>Layer, colour scheme, pattern, decoration, wash.</p>

Spring 1	<b>Pop art</b>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To know that Photoshop is a creative digital program that is used in the Art and Design industry to create digital pieces of artwork.</li> <li>To know that Pop Art originated in the late 1950s and used everyday objects, posters and advertisements to inspire their ideas.</li> <li>To know that Andy Warhol experimented with different colour groups, using the same image to create different effects.</li> <li>To know that colours can be made by mixing colours together to create a colour wheel and that colours belong to different colour groups.</li> <li>To know how to use Photoshop tools, to create an Andy Warhol canned drink inspired piece of work.</li> <li>To know how to apply paint effectively using Pop Art/Any Warhol and colour theory knowledge to create a canned drink painting.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Vocabulary</b></p> <p>Photoshop, digital art, colour schemes, Pop Art, Andy Warhol.</p> <p>Colour theory, colour wheel, primary, secondary, tertiary, complimentary, contrasting, warm cold, harmonising.</p>
Spring 2	<b>Colour - Pop Art / CTD</b>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To know that Roy Lichtenstein was a Pop Artist inspired by cartoon imagery/lettering, using a primary colour scheme to create his pieces of work.</li> <li>To know how to gather research and record it creatively</li> <li>To know that an onomatopoeia word sounds like its meaning.</li> <li>To know how to use card relief and paint/pattern techniques to create a 3D Lichtenstein inspired image.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Vocabulary</b></p> <p>Onomatopoeia, card relief, 3Dimensional, positive, negative, primary, layers, Roy Lichtenstein, Pop Art.</p>



Summer 1	Perspective - Flying Objects	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To know that one point perspective rules enable you to add depth and distance to work.</li><li>• To know what the perspective rules are, using the horizon line, vanishing point and diagonal lines, to create a flying object drawing.</li></ul>	<b>Vocabulary</b>  One point perspective, horizon line, convergence lines, vanishing point, space, distance, angles.
Summer 2	Portraiture	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• To know that portraiture proportion rules are used to create an accurate drawing of a face</li><li>• To use prior knowledge and understanding of what an observational drawing is.</li><li>• To know that portrait artists have different ways of working and break the rules of proportion.</li><li>• To know how to develop observational drawing skills to create accurate facial feature studies and an accurate self-portrait.</li><li>• To know how to divide up the face using proportion rules.</li><li>• To know how to use a variety of materials and techniques to create a range of portraits in response to different portrait artists.</li></ul>	<b>Vocabulary</b>  Observational, portraiture, facial features, proportion, positioning, line, tonal, shadows, highlights, shading, mark making.