



Aldermaston  
CE Primary  
School

## Intimate Care Policy

Published on School website	No
Statutory	No
Author	Headteacher
Approved by	SLT
Date approved	December 2025
Date of next review	December 2026

## Contents

1. Aims .....	2
2. Legislation and statutory guidance .....	2
3. Role of parents/carers .....	2
4. Role of staff .....	3
5. Intimate care procedures .....	4
6. Monitoring arrangements .....	7
7. Links with other policies .....	7
Appendix 1: template intimate care plan.....	8
Appendix 2: template parent/carer consent form .....	10
Appendix 3:	

---

### 1. Aims

This policy aims to ensure that:

- Intimate care is carried out properly by staff, in line with any agreed plans
- The dignity, privacy, rights and wellbeing of every child are safeguarded
- Pupils who require intimate care are not discriminated against, in line with the Equality Act 2010
- Parents/carers are assured that staff are knowledgeable about intimate care and that the needs of their child are taken into account
- Staff carrying out intimate care work do so within guidelines (i.e. health and safety, manual handling, safeguarding protocols awareness) that protect themselves and the pupils involved

Intimate care refers to any care that involves toileting, washing, changing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure to children's intimate personal areas.

### 2. Legislation and statutory guidance

This policy complies with the Department for Education (DfE) statutory safeguarding guidance:

- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Early Years Foundation Stage \(EYFS\) statutory framework](#)

### 3. Role of parents/carers

#### 3.1 Seeking parental permission

For children who need routine intimate care (e.g. for nappy changes or toileting accidents), parents will be asked to:

- Sign a consent form
- Provide an adequate supply of necessary items (e.g. nappies, wipes, creams, changes of clothing)

For children who need routine or occasional intimate care (e.g. for toileting or toileting accidents), parents/carers will be asked to sign a consent form.

For children whose needs are more complex or who need particular support outside of what's covered in the consent form (if used), an intimate care plan will be created in discussion with parents/carers (see section 3.2 below).

Where there isn't an intimate care plan or parental consent for routine care in place, parental permission will be sought before performing any intimate care procedure.

If the school is unable to get in touch with parents/carers and an intimate care procedure urgently needs to be carried out, the procedure will be carried out to ensure the child is comfortable, and the school will inform parents/carers afterwards.

### **3.2 Creating an intimate care plan**

Where an intimate care plan is required, it will be agreed in discussion between the school, parents/carers, the child (where possible) and any relevant health professionals.

The school will work with parents/carers and take their preferences on board to make the process of intimate care as comfortable as possible, dealing with needs sensitively and appropriately.

Subject to their age and understanding, the preferences of the child will also be taken into account. If there's doubt whether the child is able to make an informed choice, their parents/carers will be consulted.

The plan will be reviewed twice a year, even if no changes are necessary, and updated whenever there are changes to a pupil's needs.

See appendix 1 for a template plan.

### **3.3 Sharing information**

The school will share information with parents/carers as needed to ensure a consistent approach.

Parents/carers are expected to also share relevant information regarding any intimate matters as needed.

## **4. Role of staff**

### **4.1 Which staff will be responsible**

Any roles who may carry out intimate care will have this set out in their contract or job description. This includes TAs, LSAs and EYFS practitioners.

No other staff members can be required to provide intimate care.

All staff at the school who carry out intimate care will have been subject to an enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) with a barred list check before appointment, as well as other checks on their employment history.

EYFS Lead and the Headteacher will:

- Oversee the implementation of this policy
- Ensure staff receive appropriate training and support
- Oversee the development of individual intimate care plans
- Act as a point of contact for parents/carers/staff regarding intimate care concerns

#### **4.2 How staff will be trained**

Staff will receive:

- Training in the specific types of intimate care they undertake
- Regular safeguarding training
- If necessary, manual handling training that enables them to remain safe and for the pupil to have as much participation as possible

They will be familiar with:

- The control measures set out in risk assessments carried out by the school
- Hygiene and health and safety procedures

They will also be encouraged to seek further advice as needed.

### **5. Intimate care procedures**

During nappy changes, toileting and any intimate care procedure, our school will balance children's privacy with safeguarding and support needs.

#### **5.1 Staffing**

All members of staff performing intimate care procedures have an enhanced DBS with barred list check.

In general, 1 member of staff will be present with each child, except for circumstances where 2 members of staff are needed to:

- Safely handle a child who needs to be assisted
- There is a care plan in place e.g. for catheterisation
- Use equipment such as a hoist
- There is a known risk of false allegations by the pupil.

In cases where a pupil needs regular intimate care, where possible, the same member of staff will assist the same pupil each time they need support. We will train 2-3 members of staff per child to cover absences, emergencies and School trips. Where possible, we will ensure that these backup members of staff are also people known to the child.

At Aldermaston male members of staff may be allocated to change female pupils or vice versa. The decision to allocate a member of staff of a different gender to the pupil will be discussed with the parents/carers and pupil, if appropriate.

## **5.2 Arrangements**

Procedures will be carried out in:

- EYFS/Wrap around care designated changing areas/tables
- Disabled access toilets

Before going to perform intimate care on a child, the member of staff allocated to that child will inform another member of staff of where they are going, and leave doors open as much as privacy allows. Where possible, they should be within earshot of other members of staff, but the comfort and care of the child should be the priority when choosing a location.

When carrying out procedures, the school will provide staff with:

- Aprons, protective gloves, cleaning supplies, changing mats and bins.

For pupils needing routine intimate care, the school expects parents/carers to provide, when necessary, a good stock (at least a week's worth in advance) of necessary resources, such as nappies, underwear and/or a spare set of clothing.

Any soiled clothing will be contained securely, clearly labelled and discreetly returned to parents/carers at the end of the day.

## **5.3 Concerns about safeguarding**

Intimate care incidents will be logged and for accidents with children who don't usually require sharing a slip will be sent home with wet clothes in a bag. The class teacher would usually notify the parents at the end of the day.

If a member of staff carrying out intimate care has concerns about physical changes in a child's appearance (e.g. marks, bruises, soreness), they will report this using the school's safeguarding procedures.

If a child is hurt accidentally or there is an issue when carrying out the procedure, the staff member will report the incident immediately to the Headteacher.

If a child makes an allegation against a member of staff, the responsibility for intimate care of that child will be given to another member of staff as quickly as possible and the allegation will be investigated according to the school's safeguarding procedures.

Where the school notices an increasing pattern of soiling instances, it will first hold a meeting with parents/carers and with any other relevant individuals, such as medical professionals involved with the child to discuss why this might be occurring, and how to help the child. If the pattern continues, the school's designated safeguarding lead (DSL) will be notified. If there is other evidence which indicates a safeguarding concern, the DSL may contact the local authority designated officer (LADO), who will consider whether there is a safeguarding issue.

## **5.4 Specific procedures for nappy changing in nursery/early years**

- All items should be provided by the child's parents/carers (nappies, nappy sacks, wipes, creams etc.) Gather all the necessary items needed before each nappy change, for example, nappy, wipes, nappy sack, cream if necessary (each child should have their own named cream and written permission obtained from the parent). Children who need changing should have a named basket which is kept in school with the above items along with spare clothes.
- Wash and dry your hands.

- Put on gloves and apron. **You should use a new set of gloves and apron for each nappy change.**
- Place the child on a nappy changing mat or, if using steps, support the child if necessary to climb up the steps.
- Remove the child's clothing to access the nappy. Remove the nappy and place it inside the nappy sack. This should be put in the yellow nappy waste bag.
- Soiled nappies should not be sent home.
- If the child's clothes are soiled, you should bag them separately and send them home. You should not rinse them by hand.
- Using the wipes, clean the child from front to back and place the used wipes in the nappy sack. Tie the nappy sack and put it in a pedal operated bin.
- Put on a clean nappy and apply cream if necessary (see above).
- Take off the gloves and apron and place them in a pedal operated bin.
- Dress the child.
- Help the child to wash their hands if necessary using liquid soap, warm water and paper towels.
- Wash your hands using liquid soap, warm water and paper towels.
- Take the child back to the room.
- The yellow nappy sack with soiled nappies MUST be taken to the nappy bin in the car park at the end of each day.
- Return to the nappy changing area and using anti-bacterial spray and paper towels clean the changing mat, surrounding area and underneath the mat before leaving to dry and then wash and dry your hands.

## 5.5 Specific procedures for toileting accidents

Where pupils are starting school without having been toilet-trained, staff will work with the pupil's parents/carers to agree on a care plan.

The school will record the number of soiling incidents in school, and liaise with the pupil's parent/carers about:

- The outcomes of relevant medical appointments attended by the child
- Whether there is a change in the pattern of soiling incidents, at home or at school
- Whether the current plan is working.

## 5.6 Management of menstrual care

All staff will be sensitive to the fact that:

- Girls at our school may start to menstruate
- While there is no shame or stigma attached to this, those pupils may wish to deal with it discreetly
- The school will offer sensitive and practical information to pupils about:
  - Where the sanitary products are
  - How to use and dispose of them correctly

Period products available to pupils can be found from the office or by speaking to any member of staff.

Products available include e.g. sanitary towels, tampons

Staff will not directly assist with the physical act of changing sanitary products unless specifically requested by the child and agreed with parents/carers in an individual care plan due to specific needs.

Age-appropriate education on puberty and menstrual hygiene will be provided as part of the PSHE curriculum.

## **6. Monitoring arrangements**

This policy will be reviewed by the SLT annually.

## **7. Links with other policies**

This policy links to the following policies and procedures:

- Accessibility plan
- Child protection and safeguarding
- Health and safety
- SEND
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions
- PSHE policy

## Appendix 1: Template Intimate Care Plan

PARENTS/CARERS	
Name of child	
Type of intimate care needed	
How often care will be given	
What training staff will be given	
Where care will take place	
What resources and equipment will be used, and who will provide them	
How procedures will differ if taking place on a trip or outing	
Name of senior member of staff responsible for ensuring care is carried out according to the intimate care plan	
Name of parent or carer	
Relationship to child	
Signature of parent or carer	
Date	

CHILD	
How many members of staff would you like to help?	
Do you mind having a chat when you are being changed or washed?	
Signature of child	
Date	

This Intimate Care Plan will be reviewed twice a year.

Next review date:

To be reviewed by:

## Appendix 2: Template Parent/Carer Consent Form

PERMISSION FOR SCHOOL TO PROVIDE INTIMATE CARE	
Name of child	
Date of birth	
Name of parent/carer	
Address and contact details	
I give permission for the school to provide appropriate intimate care to my child (e.g. changing soiled clothing, washing and toileting)	<input type="checkbox"/>
I will advise the school of anything that may affect my child's personal care (e.g. if medication changes or if my child has an infection)	<input type="checkbox"/>
I understand the procedures that will be carried out and will contact the school immediately if I have any concerns	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>I do not</b> give consent for my child to be given intimate care (e.g. to be washed and changed if they have a toileting accident).  Instead, the school will contact me or my emergency contact(s) and I will organise for my child to be given intimate care (e.g. be washed and changed).	<input type="checkbox"/>
I understand that if the school cannot reach me or my emergency contact(s), if my child needs urgent intimate care, staff will need to provide this for my child, following the school's intimate care policy, to make them comfortable and remove barriers to learning.	
Parent/carer signature	
Name of parent/carer	
Relationship to child	
Date	

### Appendix 3: Nappy Changing Record Sheet

#### Daily Record Sheet

<b>Name:</b>							
<b>Date:</b>							
<b>Nappy changes</b>	<b>Time</b>		<b>Time</b>		<b>Time</b>		<b>Time</b>
	<b>Wet</b>	<b>Soiled</b>	<b>Wet</b>	<b>Soiled</b>	<b>Wet</b>	<b>Soiled</b>	<b>Wet</b>