All Saints Key Stage 2 Subject Area: History

ctives

Pupils should be taught about:

Knowledge / understanding of British history

- · changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age
- the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain
- Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots
- the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the ☐ Confessor
- a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge □ beyond 1066

Knowledge / understanding of wider world history

- the achievements of the earliest civilizations an overview of where and when the first civilizations
- appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient □ Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China
- Ancient Greece a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world
- a non-European society that provides contrast with British history one study chosen from: early □ Islamic civilization, including a study of Bagdad c.AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin
- (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300

Local history

· a local history study

date events.

Uses timelines to place and

international events.

sequence local, national and

Sequences historical periods.

Identifies changes within and

across historical periods.

- timelines to place s, periods and cultural ments from around the
- imelines to nstrate changes and pments in culture. ology, religion and
 - s these key periods as nce points: BC, AD ns, Anglo-Saxons, s, Stuarts, Georgians, ans and Today.
 - cribes main changes in od in history using such as: social, us, political, ological and cultural.
 - nes date of any cant event studied from past and place it correctly on a timeline. Place the time studied on a timeline, compare where this fits in to topics previously studied to provide a greater historical perspective. Use relevant dates and terms
- Empire, civilisation, parliament and peasantry, continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance.

KS2 Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions * Understand how knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. Construct informed responses by selecting and organising relevant historical information.

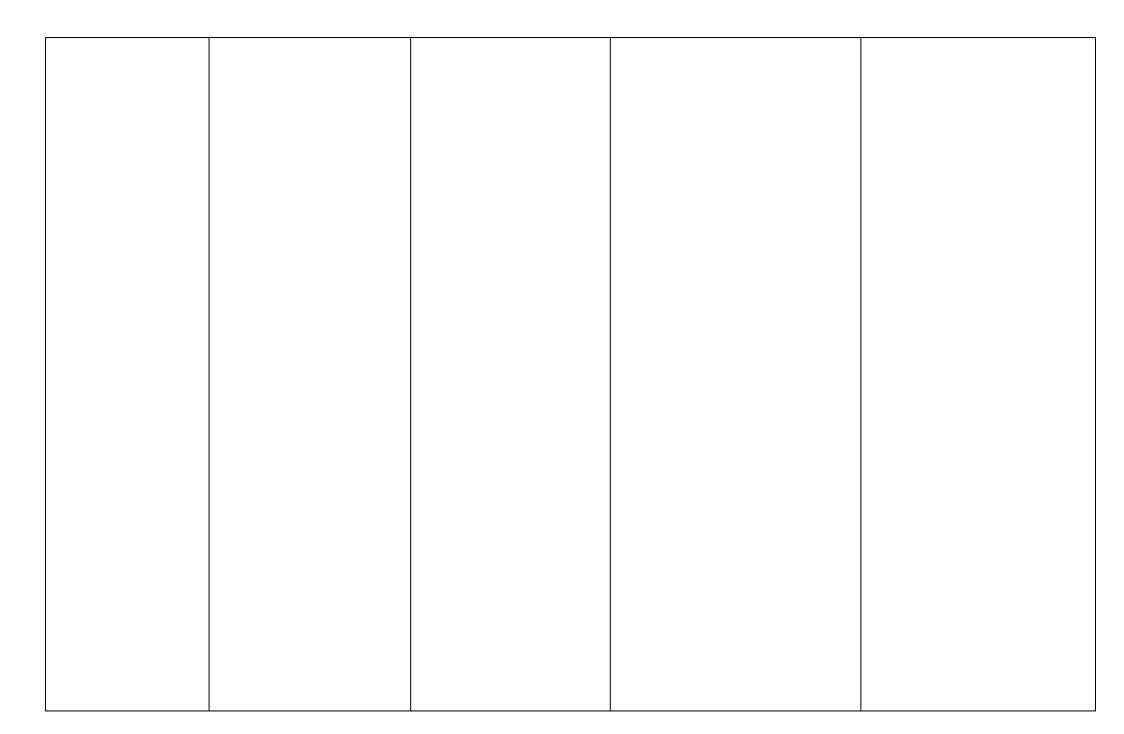


- Ask and answer simple questions about the past,
- Understand that knowledge about the past is constructed from a variety of sources
- Ask questions such as 'how did people? What did people do for?'
- Suggest sources of evidence to use to help answer questions.
- Construct and organise responses by selecting relevant historical data
- Use printed sources, the internet, pictures, photos, music, artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past.
- Observe small details artefacts, pictures.

- Understands the difference between primary and secondary sources of evidence.
- Uses documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photos, music, artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past.
- Asks questions such
 as 'what was it
 like for a during
 ?' Suggest
 sources of evidence
 from a selection
 provided to use to help
 answer questions.
- Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event.
- Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in time past.
- Ask and answer a variety of questions.
- Use the library and the internet for own personal research.
- Answer and begin to devise own historically valid questions.

- Chooses reliable sources of evidence to answer questions.
- Answer and devise more complex historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity, difference and significance.
- Select sources independently and give reasons for choices
- Analyse a range of source material to build up a picture of a past event.
- Construct and organise response by selecting and organising relevant historical data
- Uses documents, printed sources, the internet, databases, pictures, photos, music, artefacts, historic buildings and visits to collect information about the past.
- Realises that there is often not a single answer to historical questions

- Identifies and uses different sources of information and artefacts.
- Evaluates the usefulness and accurateness of different sources of evidence.
- Selects the most appropriate source of evidence for particular tasks.
- Forms own opinions about historical events from a range of sources.
- Use a range of sources to find out about an aspect of time past.
- Suggest omissions and the means of finding out.
- Bring knowledge gathered from several sources together in a fluent account.
- Answer and devise own historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference and significance.





Continuity and change

KS2 Understand that different versions of the past may exist, giving some reasons for this

- Be aware that different versions of the past may exist and begin to suggest reasons for this.
- Look at two versions of the same event and identify differences in the accounts.
- Recognise the part that archaeologists have in helping us understand more about what happened in the past.
- Identify and give reasons for the different ways in which the past is represented.
- Distinguish between different sources – compare different versions of the same story.
- Note connections and cause and effect in historical periods studied.
- Look at representations of the period e.g. Museum, cartoons etc.

- Gives reasons why there may be different accounts of history.
- Can independently or as part of a group, present an aspect they have researched about a given period of history using multimedia skills when doing so.
- Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.
- Note connections in historical periods studied.
- Use text books and own growing historical knowledge to gain a better perspective.

- Understand that the past is represented and interpreted in different ways and give reasons for this
- Look at different versions of the same event – fact or fiction - and identify differences in the accounts.
- Give clear reasons why there may be different versions of events.
- Know that people (now and in past) can represent events or ideas in ways that persuade others

- Understand that the past has been represented in different ways.
- Suggest accurate and plausible reasons for how/why aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways.
- Know and understand that some evidence is propaganda, opinion or misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history.
- Pose and answer their own historical questions.
- Link sources and work out how conclusions were arrived at.
- Consider ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations – fact or fiction and opinion.
- Be aware that different evidence will lead to different conclusions.

 Describe and begin to make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies.

- As Year 3/4, and
- Use a greater depth of historical knowledge

Causes and consequences	•	Identify and give reasons for historical events, situations and changes Identify some of the results of historical events, situations and changes	☐ Begin to offer explanations about why people in the past acted as they did
Similarities/ differences	-	Describe some of the similarities and differences between different periods, e.g. social, cultural, belief religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world.	☐ Show understanding of some of the similarities and differences between different periods, e.g. social, cultural, belief religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world.

Significance	☐ Identify and begin to describe historically significant people and events in situations	☐ Give reasons why some events, people or developments are seen as more significant than others
Organisation and communication	 Communicate their knowledge through discussion, pictures, drama and role-play, making models, writing and ICT. Begin to construct own responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.	 Recall, select and organise historical information. Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. Communicate their knowledge and understanding through discussion, drawing pictures, drama and roleplay, making models, writing and ICT. Use Historically accurate terms to talk about the passing of time e.g. Recall, select and organise information. Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. Communicate their knowledge and understanding through discussion, drawing pictures, drama and roleplay, making models, writing and ICT. Select and organise information. Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. Communicate their knowledge and understanding through discussion, drawing pictures, drama and roleplay, making models, writing and ICT. Select and organise information. Use historically accurate terms to talk about the passing of time e.g. BC/AD/CENTURY