# Reception - Mapping key



	National Curriculum for Music KS1 (for Reception)						
	1	Pupils use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.					
Due annum e of study	2	Pupils play tuned and untuned instruments musically.					
Programme of study	3	Pupils listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.					
	4	Pupils experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.					
		Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage					
Communication &	а	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments, and actions.					
Language	b	Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.					
Personal, Social, & Emotional Development	а	Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.					
	b	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.					
Physical Development	а	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.					
Friysical Development	b	Use a range of small tools (e.g. instrument beaters).					
Literacy a		Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems, and during role play.					
Mathematics							
Understanding the World							
Expressive Arts & Design	а	Perform songs, rhymes, poems, and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.					

### Reception - Term 1



Title	I've got a grumpy face	The sorcerer's apprentice	Witch, witch	Row, row, row your boat
Number of lessons	3	3	3	3
Musical focus	Timbre, beat, pitch contour.	Musical storytelling, louder/ quieter, faster/slower, higher/ lower, timbre.	Call-and-response, pitch (la-so- mi-do), timbre.	Beat, pitch (step/leap), timbre.
		National Curricul	um for Music	
	✓		✓	✓
Programme of study			✓	✓
	✓	<b>√</b>		
	✓			
	St	atutory Framework for the I	Early Years Foundation Stage	e
Communication & Language	a + b	а	а	a + b
Personal, Social, & Emotional Development	a + b	а	a + b	а
Physical Development	a + b	а	a + b	a + b
Literacy	а	а		а
Mathematics				
Understanding the World				
Expressive Arts & Design	а		а	а

# Reception - Term 2



Title	Bird spotting: Cuckoo polka	Shake my sillies out	Up and down	Five fine bumble bees
Number of lessons	3	3	3	3
Musical focus	Active listening, beat, pitch (so-mi), vocal play.	Timbre, pitch (higher/lower), tempo (faster/slower), beat.	Pitch contour rising and falling, classical music.	Timbre, tempo, structure (calland-response), active listening.
		National Curricu	lum for Music	
	✓	✓	✓	✓
Programme of study		✓	✓	✓
	✓	✓	✓	✓
		✓		✓
	St	atutory Framework for the	Early Years Foundation Stag	je
Communication & Language	а	a + b	a + b	a + b
Personal, Social, & Emotional Development	a + b	a + b	a + b	a + b
Physical Development	а	b	а	a + p
Literacy		а	а	а
Mathematics				
Understanding the World				
Expressive Arts & Design	а	а	а	а

## Reception - Term 3



Title	Down there under the sea	It's oh so quiet	Slap clap clap	Bow, bow, bow Belinda
Number of lessons	3	3	3	3
Musical focus	Timbre, structure, active listening, tune moving in step (stepping notes), soundscape.	Dynamics, timbre, musical storytelling, improvising and composing, exploring instruments.	Music in 3-time, beat, composing and playing.	Beat, active listening, instrumental accompaniment.
		National Curric	culum for Music	
	✓	✓	✓	✓
Programme of study	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
	✓	✓	✓	✓
		✓		
	S	tatutory Framework for the	Early Years Foundation Stag	ge
Communication & Language	a + p	a + b	a + b	a + b
Personal, Social, & Emotional Development	a + b	а	a + b	a + b
Physical Development	b	a + b	a + b	a + b
Literacy	а	а		
Mathematics				
Understanding the World				
Expressive Arts & Design	а	а	а	а

# Year 1 - Mapping Key



		National Curriculum KS1					
	1	Pupils use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.					
Programme of	2	Pupils play tuned and untuned instruments musically.					
study	3	Pupils listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.					
	4	Pupils experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.					
		Model Music Curriculum Statements					
	а	Sing simple chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions (e.g. stop, start, loud, quiet) and counting in.					
Singing	b	Sing songs with a very small range (mi-so), then slightly wider. Include pentatonic songs					
	С	Sing a wide range of call-and-response songs to control vocal pitch and to match the pitch they hear with accuracy.					
A 2 - A 2	а	Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.					
Listening	b	Listen to recorded performances.					
	a	Improvise simple vocal chants using question-and-answer phrases.					
	b	Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to a stimulus (e.g. a rainstorm or a train journey). Combine to make a story using classroinstruments or sound-makers.					
Composing	С	Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.					
	d	Invent, retain, and recall rhythm and pitch patterns and perform these for others, taking turns.					
	е	Use music technology to capture, change, and combine sounds.					
	f	Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent own symbols.					
	а	Walk, move, or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.					
Musicianship: Pulse/beat	b	Use body percussion and classroom percussion, playing repeated patterns (ostinati) and short pitched patterns on tuned instruments to maintain a steady beat.					
Tolse/beat	С	Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance.					
	d	Perform short copycat rhythm patterns accurately, led by the teacher.					
Musicianship: Rhythm	е	Perform short repeating rhythm patterns while keeping in time with a steady beat.					
Kityiliili	f	Perform word-pattern chants; create, retain and perform their own rhythm patterns.					
	g	Listen to sounds in the local school environment comparing high and low sounds.					
AA si si sun alain. Bit ala	h	Sing familiar songs in both low and high voices and talk about the difference in sound.					
Musicianship: Pitch	i	Explore percussion sounds to explore storytelling.					
	i	Follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing e.g. 4 dots = 4 taps on the drum.					

### Year 1 - Term 1



Title		Menu song	Colonel Hathi's march	Magical musical aquarium	
Number of lessons		6	3	Timbre, pitch, structure, graphic symbols, classical music.	
Musical focus		Active listening (movement), beat, (echo singing, showing pitch moving), progression snapshot 1.	Timbre, tempo, dynamics, pitch, classical music.		
			National Curriculum for Music		
	1	✓		<b>✓</b>	
Duo augus and of attacks	2	✓	✓	✓	
Programme of study	3	✓	✓	✓	
	4	✓	✓	✓	
			Model Music Curriculum		
Singing		b + c		b + c	
Listening		b	a + b	b	
Composing		b	b	b + f	
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		a + b + c	a + c		
Musicianship: Rhythm					
Musicianship: Pitch				i	

#### Year 1 - Term 2



Title		Football	'Dawn' from <i>Sea interludes</i>	Musical conversations
Number of lessons		6	3	3
Musical focus		Beat, ostinato, pitched/unpitched patterns, mire-do (notes E-D-C), progression snapshot 2.	Beat, active listening (singing game, musical signals, movement), 20th century classical music.	Question-and-answer, timbre, graphic score.
			National Curriculum for Music	
	1	✓	✓	
Duo automorpo of about	2	✓		✓
Programme of study	3	✓	✓	✓
	4	✓		✓
			Model Music Curriculum	
Singing		a + b + c	С	
Listening			a + b	b
Composing		a + c + d		b + d + f
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		b	a + c	
Musicianship: Rhythm		d + f		
Musicianship: Pitch				i + j

#### Year 1 - Term 3



Title		Dancing and drawing to <i>Nautilus</i>	Cat and mouse	Come dance with me
Number of lessons		3	3	6
Musical focus		Active listening (musical signals, internalising beat, draw to music, movement/actions) electronic music.	Mood, tempo, dynamics, rhythm, timbre, dot notation.	Call-and-response, echo singing and playing, playing percussion, crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest, developing beat skills, progression snapshot 3.
			National Curriculum for Music	
	1		✓	✓
Dua musus page of attacks	2		✓	✓
Programme of study	3	✓	✓	✓
	4		✓	✓
			Model Music Curriculum	
Singing			a + b	b + c
Listening		a + b	b	b
Composing			d + f	c + d
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		a + c	a + b + c	b
Musicianship: Rhythm			e + f	d + e + f
Musicianship: Pitch		j	i	

## Year 1 - Optional units



Title		The king is in the castle	Who stole my chickens and my hens?	As I was walking down the street
Number of lessons		6	6	6
Musical focus		Structure, timbre, pitch, dynamics, rhyme.	4-beat patterns, rests, dotted quaver- semiquaver rhythm ('skipty' rhythm), clapping games.	Beat, march, jig.
			National Curriculum for Music	
	1	✓	✓	✓
Duramana afatada	2	✓	<b>√</b>	✓
Programme of study	3	√	<b>√</b>	✓
	4	✓		
			Model Music Curriculum	
Singing		a + p	b	b
Listening		a + p	b	a + b
Composing		b	c + d	
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		a + b + c	a + b + c	a + c
Musicianship: Rhythm		f	d + e	
Musicianship: Pitch		i + j	h	

# Year 2 - Mapping key



		National Curriculum KS1					
	1	Pupils use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.					
Programme of	2	Pupils play tuned and untuned instruments musically.					
study	3	Pupils listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.					
	4	Pupils experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.					
		Model Music Curriculum Statements					
	а	Sing songs regularly with a pitch range of do-so (e.g. C-G) with increasing vocal control.					
Singing	b	Sing songs with a small pitch range, pitching accurately.					
	С	Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow) and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols (e.g. crescendo, decrescendo, pause).					
Listopina	а	Develop a knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.					
Listening	b	Listen to recorded performances.					
	а	Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus (e.g. a storm, a car race, or a rocket launch).					
Composing	b	Work with a partner to improvise simple question-and-answer phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation.					
Composing	С	Use graphic symbols, dot notation, and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces.					
	d	Use music technology to capture, change, and combine sounds.					
	а	Understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace (tempo).					
	b	Mark the beat of a listening piece by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo as well as changes in tempo.					
Musicianship: Pulse/beat	С	Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music or song. Know the difference between left and right to support coordination and shared movement with others.					
i olse/beal	d	Begin to group beats in twos and threes by tapping knees on the first (strongest) beat and clapping the remaining beats.					
	е	Identify the beat groupings in familiar music that they sing regularly and listen to.					
	f	Play copycat rhythms, copying a leader, and invent rhythms for others to copy on untuned percussion.					
Musicianship:	g	Create rhythms using word phrases as a starting point.					
Rhythm	h	Read and respond to chanted rhythm patterns, and represent them with stick notation including crotchets, quavers, and crotchets rests.					
	i	Create and perform their own chanted rhythm patterns with the same stick notation.					
	i	Play a range of singing games based on the cuckoo interval (so-mi) matching voices accurately, supported by a leader playing the melody. The melody could be played on a piano, acoustic instrument, or backing track.					
Musicianship: Pitch	k	Sing short phrases independently within a singing game or short song.					
	- 1	Respond independently to pitch changes heard in short melodic phrases, indicating with actions (e.g. stand up/sit down, hands high/hands low).					
	m	Recognise dot notation and match it to 3-note tunes played on tuned percussion.					

### Year 2 - Term 1



Title		Tony Chestnut	Carnival of the animals	Composing music inspired by birdsong	
Number of lessons		6	3	3	
Musical focus		Beat, rhythm, melody, echo, call-and-response, tuned and untuned percussion, progression snapshot 1.	Timbre, tempo, dynamics, pitch, classical music.	Composing using a non-musical stimulus, creating music inspired by birds and birdsong, improvising and playing a solo on instruments.	
			National Curriculum for Music		
	1	✓			
Dua mumana a fatudi.	2	✓	✓	✓	
Programme of study	3	✓	✓	✓	
	4	✓	✓	✓	
			Model Music Curriculum		
Singing		a + b			
Listening			a + b	a + b	
Composing		b	а	а	
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		b	а		
Musicianship: Rhythm		f			
Musicianship: Pitch		j+	ı	j + k	

#### Year 2 - Term 2



Title		Grandma rap	Orawa	Trains
Number of lessons		6	3	3
Musical focus		Duration (crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest), unison, round, progression snapshot 2.	Beat, rhythm, repetition, structure, 20th century classical music.	To create music inspired by train travel, volume/ dynamics (crescendo, diminuendo), speed/ tempo (accelerando, ritenuto).
			National Curriculum for Music	
	1	✓	✓	
Dua mususana af atu du	2	✓		✓
Programme of study	3	✓	✓	✓
	4	✓	✓	✓
			Model Music Curriculum	
Singing		a + b		С
Listening		b	a + b	b
Composing		d	b	а
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		a + b + c + d	a + b	a + b
Musicianship: Rhythm		h + i	f + g	h
Musicianship: Pitch		l		

#### Year 2 - Term 3



Title		Swing-a-long with Shostakovich	Charlie Chaplin	Tanczymy labada
Number of lessons		3	3	6
Musical focus		2- and 3-time, beat, beat groupings, 20th century classical music.	To create music to accompany a short film featuring Charlie Chaplin, pitch (high and low), duration (long and short), dynamics/volume (loud and soft).	Singing games, traditional Polish dances, follow a changing beat and tempo, playing a percussion accompaniment, body percussion patterns, progression snapshot 3.
			National Curriculum for Music	
Programme of study	1	✓		✓
	2			✓
	3	✓		✓
	4		✓	
Model Music			Model Music Curriculum	
Singing		a + b		a + b
Listening		a + b	a + b	a + b
Composing			a + c	
Musicianship: Pulse/beat		b + c + d + e		a + b + c + e
Musicianship: Rhythm				f
Musicianship: Pitch			ı	k