Badsley Primary School

Subject: Foreign Languages (Spanish)

Coverage

	FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Autumn 1				Aprendo español (Early Unit) Fonética 1 (Core Vocabulary Unit)	Fonética 2 (Core Vocabulary Unit) Me presento (Intermediate	Fonética 3 (Core Vocabulary Unit) La fecha (Intermediate	Fonética 4 (Core Vocabulary Unit) En el colegio (Progressive Unit)
				Office	Unit)	Unit)	(1 Togressive offic)
Autumn 2				La fruta (Early Unit)	Mi familia (Intermediate Unit)	¿Tienes una mascota? (Intermediate Unit)	Comer sano (Progressive Unit)
Spring 1 & 2				Los helados (Early Unit)	La clase (Intermediate Unit)	Mi casa (Intermediate Unit)	El fin de semana (Progressive Unit)
Summer 1				Sé (Early Unit)	En la cafeteria (Intermediate Unit)	La ropa (Intermediate Unit)	Yo en el mundo (Progressive Unit)
Summer 2				Caperucita Roja (Early Unit)	¿Qué tiempo hace? (Intermediate Unit)	Hábitats (Intermediate Unit)	

EYFS and National Curriculum

FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6

La1 - Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in
and responding
La2 - Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and
link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
La3 - Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and
respond to those of others; seek clarification and help
La4 - Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language
structures
La5 - Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand
when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
La6 - Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences
La7 - Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
La8 - Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
La9 - Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words
that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a
dictionary
La10 - Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to
express ideas clearly
La11 - Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
La12 - Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied,
including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the
conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language;
how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or
are similar to English.

Progression of knowledge and skills

Concept	FS2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Phonics				СН	CE	GE	В
				J	CI	GI	V
				Ñ	СО	GO	СС
				LL	CU	GU	QU
				RR	CA	GA	Z
				Silent letters (H)	Copying accents correctly	Using accents correctly	Using accents correctly when
				Awareness of accents	when speaking	independently when	spelling
						speaking	
Vocabulary				Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge
				 Vocabulary from 'Aprendo Español' Unit (Spring and Summer units) New Learning Simple greetings Language to ask and answer the question 'How are you?' Numbers 1-10 Ten key colours 10 common fruits including the appropriate singular and plural determiners Common flavours of ice cream. Preposition 'de' Connective 'and' Using a sentence starter to order an ice cream. 	 Greetings Numbers 1-10 Answering the question 'How are you?' First person high frequency verb 'I am' ('soy') Conjunction 'y' New Learning Asking and answering questions related to basic personal details (name, age, where you live, nationality). Numbers 1-20 First person high frequency verbs 'tengo' (I have), 'vivo' (I live), 'me llamo' (I am called) 	 Personal information and family members Numbers to 20 Vocabulary to describe the weather Possessive adjective 'my' New Learning Names of days and months in Spanish Numbers to 31 Vocabulary to ask and give the date in Spanish, including the appropriate number form Nouns and indefinite articles for common pets. Asking and answering the question 'Do you have a pet?' 	 Giving personal details from memory Time on the hour Colours New learning School subjects. Positive and negative opinions to answer "¿Que te gusta?". Feelings vocabulary to support opinions e.g. boring, difficult, useful, interesting, pointless. HF conjunctions – and, but, because, however, also. Common time conjunctions – after, later on, finally. Begin to tell the time using hours and times of day.

	 Please and thank you. First person conjunction of verb 'to know how' ('saber') – sé Infinitive forms of 10 high frequency activity verbs Key vocabulary to access the story of Little Red Riding Hood 	 Nouns and articles for family members Pronouns 'he', 'she' Numbers 1-100 Classroom objects and how to ask and answer what is in my pencil case. Nouns and articles for common Spanish food and drink items Infinitive and first-person present tense of verb 'querer', 'quiero' Phrases for ordering food and collecting the bill. Phrases and verbs to describe the weather Compass points 	 "There is" and "There is not" Adding the phrase structure 'que se llama' to a main clause. Connectives - 'and', 'but' Items of clothing and infinitive, first and second person form of associated verb llevar. Revisit colours. Revisit weather. Develop key vocabulary to read, understand and give simple information about habitats and animals. 	 First person present tense conjugations of beber and comer Activities to stay healthy Tell time using quarter hour intervals. Revisit personal subject pronouns. Revisit HF verbs – hablar, comer, vivir Use common activity verbs to explain what to do at the weekend. Revisit colours. Adjectives to describe personal appearance, including height and physical features. Verbs to describe daily routine.
Grammar	Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge	Prior knowledge
	 What is a noun and an article/ determiner in English? What is a verb? 'I am' comes from the verb 'to be' in English New Learning Regular singular and plural noun forms 	 Singular definite and indefinite articles Some nouns take 'un/el' and others 'una/la' - term noun gender Plural definite and articles 'los','las' Understand what a possessive adjective is in English 	 Difference between definite and indefinite articles Nouns in Spanish have genders Impact of the gender of a noun on its determiners Basic rules of adjectival agreement in Spanish (masculine and feminine, singular) 	 Understand the term 'personal/ subject pronoun' in English Understand the term 'infinitive' Understand that verbs change (conjugate) depending on the active participant High frequency first person singular verbs

- Locate the article or determiner with a noun
- Connectives and, because
- Singular indefinite articles
- Beginning to recognise difference between noun genders (some take un, others take una)
- Recognise that plurals take different determiners – los/las
- Begin to introduce the term "noun gender"
- Use the highfrequency verb conjugation 'quisiera'
- Notice the placement of the ¿ symbol in questions
- What are infinitive verbs?
- Modal verb + infinitive verb sentence structure
- Negative modal verb + infinitive verb sentence structure

Forming noun plurals

New learning

- Identify masculine and feminine singular and plural nouns.
- Use the correct singular article for masculine and feminine nouns
- Begin to recognise singular adjectival agreement for masculine and feminine nouns.
- Singular and plural possessive pronoun 'my'
- Begin to use 3rd
 person singular
 high frequency
 verbs in present
 tense he/she is,
 he/she has
- Understand when to use definite and indefinite articles within a sentence.
- Begin to understand link between infinitive and first-person verbs.
- Using negative first-person verb form.

 First person possessive adjectives my (mi, mis)

New learning

- Lack of capital letter use with days and months.
- Recognising lack of ordinal numbers with dates.
- Connectives 'and', 'but'
- Beginning to use negative verb forms
 'no tengo'
- Recognise and use differences in Spanish punctuation marks - ¿i
- Begin to develop an understanding that there is not always a word-for-word translation between Spanish and English.
- Using verb 'hay'/'hace'.
- Forming a verb-noun construction and recognising no determiner or pronoun is needed.
- 1st person verb form from infinitives.
- Noun-adjective gender agreement using colours

- Rules for adjectival agreement
- Basic possessive adjectives

New learning

- Conjunctions because, and, but, however.
- Position of conjunction and supporting phrase within a sentence.
- Learn whole verb present tense conjugation for verbs estudiar, ir
- Begin to explore the use of infinitive verb forms to give instructions
- Recognise that subject pronouns are usually omitted from verb phrases.
- Understand that verb endings will signify who is completing the action.
- Consolidate nounadjective agreement for gender and singular or plural.
- Consolidate adjective positioning within a sentence.

		 Using positive and negative verb form "hay/no hay" Identify the upsidedown question mark when it is used to introduce questions. Plural definite and indefinite articles including conversion from singular to plural 	including placement of the adjective after the noun. Begin to recognise whole-verb conjugations (Ilevar) Explore and begin to use 3 rd person present tense verb form – from crecer, vivir – including the infinitive.	 Revisit and consolidate grammar rules covered in early and intermediate units, focusing on adjectives and HF verbs ser and tener. Begin to explore near future tense using voy + infinitive.
Speaking and Listening	 Recognise familiar words and short phrases when spoken. Listen to and appreciate short stories, rhymes and songs. Pronounce individual letter sounds accurately. Listen and repeat new vocabulary with accurate pronunciation. Blend letters into common letter strings when pronouncing words. Communicate with others using simple words and taught phrases. Begin to reproduce correct stress 	 Listen to longer passages and begin to pick out key words and phrases we already know to help us understand the overall meaning. Pick out parts of a text we have listened to in order to Ask and answer questions using taught vocabulary. Incorporate negative replies if and when required. Innovate using sentence stems. Reproduce the correct stress within many words when given an aural model. 	 Listen attentively across longer passages. Use decoding skills to begin to clarify the meanings of new words from context. Answer questions about a text we have listened to. Communicate on a wider range of topics and themes. Remember and recall a range of vocabulary with increased confidence and spontaneity. Use accents to read many words with the correct stress independently 	 Listen to longer texts and more authentic foreign language material. Learn to pick out cognates and familiar words and listen for the overall meaning of a text, even when hearing language which has not been directly taught. Respond to a text we have listened to, showing agreement or disagreement and begin to express opinions about what we have heard. Recall previously learnt language and incorporate this into sentences with new language with

	within words when given an aural model.	 Present a group developed presentation to others. 		 increased spontaneity. Engage in short conversations on familiar topics. Expand opinions given in replies by giving a reasons and justifications.
Reading	 Read and recognise individual words with and without oral cues. Read taught words and short phrases accurately, understanding the meaning of individual words in English. Apply taught phonics accurately when reading new words. 	 Read aloud short pieces of text, applying taught phonics securely. Understand most of what is read when using familiar taught language. Begin to apply contextual clues to understand the overall meaning when reading. Sequence sections of text from a longer story. 	 Understand longer passages in Spanish. Begin to decode the meanings of some unknown words, using context clues and cognates. Answer questions about a longer piece of text. Increase our knowledge of phonemes and letter strings, applying these to read aloud more accurately. 	 Apply knowledge of all phonics with increasing confidence and accuracy, beginning to apply stress accurately when reading aloud. Use bilingual dictionaries to decode some new vocabulary. Respond to written texts, beginning to give thoughts and opinions.
Writing	 Write individual words using phonic knowledge. Form special letters accurately e.g. ñ. Write simple sentences using given phrases and models, making simple changes. Begin to make decisions about word order. 	 Write words and simple phrases accurately using phonic knowledge. Begin to form longer, more interesting sentences using a presented structure. Begin to include simple connectives/ 	 Write short paragraphs based on familiar topics. Incorporate connectives/ conjunctions, negative forms and adjectival agreement to develop own sentences where appropriate. Begin to manipulate language presented 	 Write a short text using language from a variety of taught units. Adapt models provided to demonstrate understanding of any grammar covered. Begin to incorporate conjugated verbs. Securely use connectives/

of words for suitable dajectives:					conjunctions and negative forms where appropriate.	in models, innovating with some substitutions of words for suitable	conjunctions, adjectives and possessive adjectives.
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