 ***Banks St. Stephen’s Church of England Primary School***

 ***“Belonging, Serving, Succeeding”***

Vision for Banks St. Stephen’s Church of England Primary School

“We actively promote a sense of pride in belonging to this community. Leading by example, we seek opportunities to serve God by serving others.  We are ambitious for each individual and determined to enable every member of the school community to flourish and succeed.”

**Banks St Stephens Primary School Modern Foreign Languages Policy**

**Vision for French and Modern Foreign Languages Policy**

Our Modern Foreign Languages (MFL) Policy aims to inspire curiosity, cultural understanding, and effective communication through the study of French and other languages. We are committed to providing an inclusive, engaging learning experience that enables every child to appreciate the value of learning a foreign language and develop the skills to communicate confidently in a global society. Our approach, guided by the principles of **Belonging**, **Serving**, and **Succeeding**, ensures that each student is empowered to embrace language learning and succeed in their linguistic journey.

**Belonging**

We create a supportive and inclusive environment where every child feels valued as they explore new languages and cultures. By encouraging curiosity and celebrating linguistic diversity, we ensure that all students feel they belong, developing both their language skills and a deeper appreciation for different cultures and perspectives.

**Serving**

Learning a foreign language enables students to serve others by engaging with people from different backgrounds, fostering understanding and respect. We encourage children to use their language skills to communicate with others, whether through simple conversation or cultural exchange, developing empathy and global awareness.

**Succeeding**

Our MFL curriculum supports children in achieving success by developing their speaking, listening, reading, and writing skills in French and other languages. Through engaging lessons and practical language use, we help students gain the confidence to communicate in diverse settings and prepare them for future linguistic success.

In summary, our MFL Policy ensures that every child feels they belong, understands the importance of serving others through language, and is empowered to succeed in their foreign language learning journey.

**Purpose of Study**

Learning a foreign language is a liberation from insularity and provides an essential opening to other cultures. A high-quality languages education should foster pupils’ curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world. The teaching should enable pupils to express their ideas and thoughts in another language and to understand and respond to its speakers, both in speech and in writing. It should also provide opportunities for them to communicate for practical purposes, learn new ways of thinking and read great literature in the original language.

The learning of a foreign language can provide a valuable educational, social and cultural experience for pupils – providing them with:

* Opportunities to communicate for practical purposes in the wider world.
* A foundation for further learning of languages beyond KS2, equipping pupils to study and work in other countries.
* An essential opening to other cultures and a widening of experiences and aspiration.
* A new perspective on the world, encouraging them to understand their own cultures and those of others.

Key Stage 1

At KS1, when the teaching of foreign languages is non-statutory, any opportunities for positive learning experiences of additional languages, through song, rhymes, poems and/or word games, are encouraged, particularly when these may enable learners from a variety of backgrounds to share their cultural and/or linguistic heritage with their peers in the classroom. Early exposure to other languages is likely to stimulate curiosity and interest in the wider world.

Key Stages 2

The statutory phase of language learning comprises the four years of KS2. Banks St Stephens is committed to fulfil the aims and deliver the learning outcomes of the National Curriculum Languages programmes of study for Key Stage 2 In brief, these are to ensure that all pupils at KS2:

* develop their interest in the language(s) and culture(s) of other countries.
* develop their practical communication skills by understanding and responding to both spoken and written language.
* make substantial progress in one language (although they may have additional opportunities to learn more than one language).
* understand basic grammar appropriate to the language studied.

**At Banks St Stephen’s primary school, children in KS2 learn French.].**

 **Curriculum intent**
We teach our children French to generate a fascination for words and how language works, a wider curiosity about the peoples and cultures of French-speaking countries and the foundational knowledge to support confident communication in French.

**Essential Knowledge**

We teach three core strands of essential knowledge:

1. **Phonics** – the key components of the sound-writing relationship
2. **Vocabulary** – a set of the most frequently used words
3. **Grammar** – the essential building blocks required to create simple sentences independently (including gender of nouns, singular and plural forms, adjectives (place and agreement), and the conjugation of key verbs)

Our French curriculum is designed to enable our children to:

* Develop linguistic and communicative competence
* Extend their knowledge of how language works
* Explore similarities and differences between French, any heritage languages our children have, and English

**The teaching of a foreign language to every child in KS2 is a statutory requirement, as set out in the National Curriculum Programmes of Study (2014).**In line with the NC PoS, our children learn to:

* Listen and show understanding by joining in and responding
* Link the sound, spelling and meaning of words
* Read aloud with accurate pronunciation
* Read and show understanding of phrases and simple texts
* Speak in sentences
* Describe people, places, things in *speech* and *writing*
* Ask and answer questions
* Express opinions
* Write phrases from memory
* Adapt phrases to create new sentences
* Use a dictionary

Our children also learn key cultural and country-specific knowledge. For example, by the end of KS2, our children:

* can name and locate on a map, countries where French is spoken
* know the key geographical features of France, including continent, surrounding seas and oceans, main mountains and rivers, capital city
* know the name and some detail about at least one festival or tradition from France
* know at least one typical food from France

**British Values**

At Banks St Stephens, we aim to promote British values through language learning. British values, including those of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs are embedded in the language curriculum.

Collaborative work in language lessons develops mutual respect for the differing opinions, beliefs and abilities of others. In addition, children learn to appreciate the value of similarities and differences and learn to show tolerance. A variety of experiences teaches them to appreciate that all people and their views, are equally important.

Our languages curriculum provides a basis for teaching and learning about other cultures and this is incorporated into many areas of the curriculum including personal and social education and citizenship, geography, religious education, design and technology, music, art and dance. We ensure that learning across the curriculum includes a “flavour” of the countries where the focus language is spoken.

The five fundamental British values are interwoven into the languages curriculum, in particular how they relate to culture of the countries in which French are spoken and the similarities and differences to life in Britain.

**Curriculum provision**

Our KS2 children have a weekly French lesson of 60 minutes. In addition, they re-visit and deepen their learning for 5 minutes every day with structured language tasks that practise retrieval, improve retention and embed learning in long-term memory. Further opportunities to recycle key vocabulary (e.g. numbers) and develop children’s confidence are often built into classroom routines including greetings, providing instructions, stating lunch preferences, registration, rewards and praise on a more regular basis, even just for a few minutes in the school day e.g. when children are lining up.

A detailed scheme of work with audio-enabled resources for every lesson is provided in order to minimise unnecessary teacher workload. Teachers may, if they wish, adapt the resources to support active engagement and meet different learning styles for different cohorts of children.

**Assessment**
Children are continuously assessed on the knowledge they are taught in lessons, whenever they are called upon to understand and/or produce language, without reference to resources. Periodically they complete achievement tests in phonics, vocabulary and grammar covering all modalities (i.e. listening, speaking, reading and writing), which assess the specific knowledge they have been taught. Their progress and attainment is categorised in the following way, using our school tracking system:

* [=] Meeting expectations
A child has learnt and retained the majority of phonics, vocabulary and grammar knowledge taught this term
* [+] Above expectations

A child has learnt and retained all of the phonics, vocabulary and grammar knowledge expected this term, and has shown additional capacity for extending his/her knowledge.

* [-] Below expectations
A child has learnt and retained less phonics, vocabulary and grammar knowledge than expected this term

**Equal Opportunities and SEN**

All children irrespective of ability or special educational need, should be taught a foreign language. Every child has the statutory right to a broad and balanced curriculum.

A child with SEN should be actively encouraged to participate fully in MFL lessons with the necessary support and appropriate differentiation.

Teaching modern foreign languages is a vital way to directly address pupil perceptions and potential stereotypes. It allows us to actively promote positive attitudes and values towards cultural and or religious diversity and to directly tackle any form of cultural and negative stereotyping.

**PREVENT Duty (April 2019)**

Section 58. *All publicly-funded schools in England are required by law to teach a broad and balanced curriculum which promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils and prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of life. They must also promote community cohesion.*

**Role of the Subject Leader**

The subject leader will:

• ensure staff are fully aware of statutory requirements and their associated responsibilities in terms of policy and practice

* support staff in terms of access to SOW and resources
* monitor the quality of teaching and learning
* draw upon advice, support and expertise where necessary and in order to improve provision
* liaise to organise training and support to develop teacher subject knowledge and expertise.

 **Policy Review**

This policy will be reviewed when necessary and in the light of any changes or developments in terms of statutory requirements.