Our School Values- Music					
Love	We show love by enjoying a range of different music and experiences.				
Courage	We show courage by being brave and performing in front of others.				
Unity	We show unity by singing as a group and working together to create music.				
Inspiration	We show inspiration by encouraging others to have a go or by being inspired to try a new instrument or skill by others' talents.				



Year 4

MUSIC





NC Objective

To play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression

To use and understand staff and other musical notations.
Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural

	Knov	vledge I already know	Knowledge I will led	arn		K	ey Listening in t	his topic	
Sing, play and perform	To begin to understand the importance of pronouncing words in a song well. To know how to sing in tune with control. To know how to sing, gradually getting louder and quieter To know how to sing in unison, becoming aware of pitch		To know how to maintain a simple part and be aware of how the different parts fit together.		I'm Yours — Jason Mraz, Over the Rainbow — Israel (IZ) Kamakawiwo'Ole, Hey, Soul Sister — Train Key Vocabulary				
Fa. 131									
						Word		Definition	
						dynamics,		the variations in LOUDNESS	
Create and compose	To know how different musical elements combine to create a piece of music To know how to vary the pitch and rhythm with a repeating pattern. To know how to improvise short patterns.		To know how many beats in a minim, crotchet and semibreve and recognise their symbols. To know the symbol for a rest in music. To read the musical stave and work out the notes EGBDF and FACE		names of instrument groups.		ldiophones, Membranophones, Chordophones, Aerophones & Electrophones.		
					Minim		A note with a count of 2 crotchets		
Listen, recall and respond	To begin to understand how different musical elements are combined and used to create an effect		Begin to recognise leaps, steps and repeated notes when discussing pitch. To understand and use the term 'duration' to describe rhythm and pulse To begin to understand 4 metre rhythm pat-		crotchet		time value of one beat		
, '					semi-breve		four crotchets long	-Θ	
			terns and syncopated rhythms	igititi pat-	Rest		the sounds we don't hear Whole		
Understanding and appreciation	To comment on the effectiveness of own work, identify- ing and making improvements		To know the names of and recognise different instruments that fit into different instrument groups (e.g. violin, cello, double bass are all part of the string family)				rest		
ана арргаанан					duration		the length of time a pitch, or tone, is sounded		
L.I. To know what a Ukulele is, name the parts of it and know the instrument family it comes from.		L.I. To know how to maintain a simple part and be aware of how the different parts fit together.	crotchet and semibreve and recognise and repeated pitch. know the symbol for a rest in music. To read the		recognise leaps, steps I notes when discussing musical stave and notes EGBDF and	L.I. Begin to recognise leaps, steps and repeated notes when discussing pitch. To read the musical stave and work out the notes EGBDF and FACE		L.I. To know how to maintain a simple part and be aware of how the different parts fit together.	
Parts of the Ukulele, holding the Ukulele, plucking <i>Charanga Step I</i>		Strumming on the beat, plucking, C chord <i>Charanga Step 2</i>	chord Chords C and Charanga Step 3 Charanga Step				Singing and playing a song Charanga Step 7.		