Name:



GCSE Religious Studies Exam questions

Revise by going through each page of questions and highlighting ones you would struggle to answer and evidence.

Practice these first with revision notes/guides and then in timed conditions with no notes!

Example Exam Questions: Exam 1 Origins & Meaning

A = 2 marks = 2 minutes Try to define as accurately as possible. If relevant, give an example.	B = 5 marks = 5 minutes Try to give 3 clear ideas in your response or 2 detailed points.	C = 8 marks Try to give 4 clear ideas, evidenced & explained.	D = 15 marks (See instructions below)
What do Catholics mean by the term: Creation ex nihilo Evolution Imago Dei Inspiration Omnipotence Revelation Stewardship Transcendence	 □ Describe St. Augustine's teaching on creation ex nihilo. □ Describe Catholic teachings on the creation accounts. □ Describe St. Catherine of Siena's teaching on Imago Dei. □ Describe Catholic beliefs about Imago Dei. □ Describe Catholic attitudes to abortion. □ Describe the symbolism in the tree of life mosaic □ Describe what Michelangelo's creation of Adam expresses about creation. □ Describe what the creation accounts teach about the nature of God. □ Describe what the creation accounts say about humans relationship with creation. □ Describe Catholic teaching about the Bible. □ Describe what interfaith dialogue is. 	 Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about creation. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the origins of the universe. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the sanctity of life. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about abortion Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about caring for the environment Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the Bible. Explain the symbolism in the tree of life mosaic Explain the symbolism in Michelangelo's creation of Adam. Explain what the Genesis accounts teach about the nature of God. Explain what the Genesis accounts teach about the nature of humanities relationship with creation. Explain the importance of Catholic social teaching. Explain the importance of interfaith dialogue. Explain how Catholic charities reflect teachings on Imago Dei Explain how the work of CAFOD reflects Catholic Social teaching. 	 □ 'Only God is the cause of the universe.' □ 'Abortion is wrong.' □ 'All life is holy because it belongs to God.' □ 'The creation narratives teach the same thing about God.' □ 'Caring for the environment is a Christian responsibly.' □ 'The Bible is out of date.' □ 'Michelangelo's creation of Adam expresses Catholic beliefs about creation.'
1 mark for brief definition 2 marks for explained definition	"Describe" questions - Define key term - 2 x Paragraphs, evidenced and explained	 "Explain" questions Define key term 3 Paragraphs, evidenced and explained Read carefully if one or two views are needed If two views WHICH two are allowed? 	Evaluate the statement - Define key term Remember to LINK back to the statement Remember to give EVIDENCE Remember to EVALUATE by commenting on which argument is strongest/most convincing

Example Exam Questions: Exam 1 Good & Evil

A = 2 marks = 2 minutes Try to define as accurately as possible. If relevant, give an example.	B = 5 marks = 5 minutes Try to give 3 clear ideas in your response or 2 detailed points.	C = 8 marks Try to give 4 clear ideas, evidenced & explained.	D = 15 marks (See instructions below)
What do Catholics mean by the term: Conscience Evil Free will Goodness Incarnation Natural law Frivation Suffering	 Describe St. Augustine's teaching about privation. Describe the difference between natural and moral evil. Describe how a Catholic would respond to suffering. Describe Catholic beliefs about the origins of evil. Describe the challenges of believing in God whilst evil exists. Describe Catholic beliefs about God's goodness. Describe the significance of the suffering servant. Describe Catholic beliefs about the Trinity Describe Catholic beliefs about the incarnation Describe Pope John Paul II's teaching about suffering. Describe St. Augustine's teachings on the Trinity. Describe the teachings of Jesus as a source of moral authority. Describe Catholic beliefs about natural law. Describe Catholic beliefs about ronscience.' Describe two features of Michelangelo's pieta. Describe the significance of the sorrowful mysteries of the rosary. Describe what religious activities pilgrims might take part in at Lourdes. 	 Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the goodness of God. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the origins of evil. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about suffering. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the Trinity. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the incarnation. Explain from either two Christian traditions or Christianity and Judaism, beliefs about the use of statues in worship. Explain how Catholics might use Jesus' teaching to help them make an ethical decision. Explain why Catholics may use their conscience as a source of moral authority. Explain why Catholics may use natural law as a source of moral authority. Explain the symbolism of Michelangelo's pieta. Explain the importance of pilgrimage for Catholics. Explain how the sorrowful mysteries might help Catholics respond to the problem of evil. 	 □ 'Suffering has no purpose.' □ 'The Bible does not help Catholics make decisions.' □ 'Conscience is the best moral guide.' □ 'Going on pilgrimage is no longer important.' □ 'All Catholics should go on pilgrimage.' □ 'God the Father should make sure that no one suffers.' □ 'Jesus' moral teachings are not relevant today.' □ 'Statues should not be used in worship.' Evaluate the statement Define key term
1 mark for brief definition	"Describe" questions - Define key term	 <u>"Explain" questions</u> Define key term 3 Paragraphs, evidenced and explained Read carefully if one or two views are needed 	Remember to LINK back to the statement Remember to give EVIDENCE Remember to EVALUATE by commenting on which argument is

Example Exam Questions: Exam 2 Life & Death

Chample Cham Questions. Cham E bije a beam			
A = 2 marks = 2 minutes Try to define as accurately as possible. If relevant, give an example.	B = 5 marks = 5 minutes Try to give 3 clear ideas in your response or 2 detailed points.	C = 8 marks Try to give 4 clear ideas, evidenced & explained.	D = 15 marks (See instructions below)
What do Catholics mean by the term: Death Eternal life Heaven Hell Judgement Magisterium Resurrection Soul	 □ Describe Catholic teaching about euthanasia. □ Describe Catholic beliefs about resurrection of the body. □ Describe Catholic beliefs about judgement. □ Describe Catholic teaching on the soul. □ Describe Catholic beliefs about purgatory. □ Describe the parable of the rich man and Lazarus. □ Describe the parable of the unforgiving servant. □ Describe what is meant by 'Magisterium.' □ Describe how the Catholic church changed as a result of the Second Vatican Council. □ Describe the scenes depicted on the sarcophagus at the Pio Cristiano Museum. □ Describe the features of a Paschal candle. □ Describe how music is used in the Mass. □ Describe what Faure's Requiem conveys about life after death. □ Describe what happens in a Catholic 	 □ Explain what happens in a Catholic funeral service. □ Explain Catholic beliefs about life after death. □ Explain why Catholics believe prayer is important. □ Explain what Catholics believe about judgement by God. □ Explain why the Catholic Church teaches that euthanasia is wrong. □ Explain Catholic teaching on the resurrection of the body. □ Explain Catholic teaching on life after death. □ Explain Catholic teaching on purgatory. □ Explain Catholic teaching on judgement. □ Explain what the rich man and Lazarus and the Unforgiving servant reveal about the nature of the afterlife. □ Explain the role of the Magisterium □ Explain the key documents of the Second Vatican Council. □ Explain the key changes in the Catholic Church after Second Vatican council. □ Explain the symbols depicted on the sarcophagus at the Pio Cristiano Museum. □ Explain the symbolism of the Paschal candle. □ Explain how Faure's requiem expresses Christian belief about life after death. □ Explain why Catholics use music in Liturgy. □ Explain the main features of a Catholic funeral. □ Explain the symbolism of a Catholic funeral. □ Explain the features of the Lord's prayer. □ Explain the importance of prayer for Catholics. 	 □ Catholics must always obey the teaching of the Catholic Church.' □ 'The resurrection of Jesus proves there is life after death.' □ 'Funerals are a celebration.' □ 'Catholics should pray every day.' □ 'Euthanasia as a way of ending suffering is always wrong.' □ 'Only God should end life.' □ 'Everyone has a right to die.' □ 'The two judgements are the same." □ 'sanctity of life is more important than quality of life.' □ 'Death is the end of life.' □ 'All Christians believe the same thing about life after death.' □ 'The second Vatican council changed the Catholic Church.' □ 'Nobody should listen to the Pope.' □ 'Saying the Lord's prayer is the best way to pray.' □ "Catholic beliefs in life after death are just wishful thinking"
	funeral service. Describe the features of the Lord's prayer. Describe how a Catholic may pray	"Explain" questions	- Define key term Remember to LINK back to the statement
1 mark for brief definition 2 marks for explained definition	for the dead. "Describe" questions Define key term x y Paragraphs, evidenced and explained	 Define key term 3 Paragraphs, evidenced and explained Read carefully if one or two views are needed If two views WHICH two are allowed? 	Remember to give EVIDENCE Remember to EVALUATE by commenting on which argument is strongest/most convincing

Example Exam Questions: Exam 2 Sin & Forgiveness

A = 2 marks = 2 minutes Try to define as accurately as possible. If relevant, give an example.	B = 5 marks = 5 minutes Try to give 3 clear ideas in your response or 2 detailed points.	C = 8 marks Try to give 4 clear ideas, evidenced & explained.	D = 15 marks (See instructions below)
What do Catholics mean by the term:	 Describe the difference between a crime and sin. Describe the difference between absolute and relative morality. Describe the different aims of punishing criminals. Describe Catholic teachings on forgiveness. Describe Jesus' teachings on forgiveness. Describe Pope John Paul II teaching on capital punishment. Describe St. Augustine's teachings on capital punishment. Describe the teachings of the Catholic Church on salvation. Describe how Christianity has impacted laws Describe the significance of the last support. Describe why the Church is known as the 'body of Christ' Describe the significance of Evangelii Gaudium 	 □ Explain the different aims of punishing criminals. □ Explain Catholic attitudes to Capital punishment. □ Explain Catholic teachings on forgiveness. □ Explain Catholic beliefs on why Mary is the model of the Church. □ Explain why it is important for Catholics to evangelise to others. □ Explain Catholic beliefs about the Eucharist. □ Explain the different features of a Catholic Church. □ Explain the architecture of the Church. □ Explain the significance of the sacraments. □ Explain the nature of the Holy Catholic Church. □ Explain two different religious beliefs about redemption. □ Explain two different perspectives on the benefits of a multi-faith society 	 'You should always forgive.' 'Some things are wrong no matter what.' 'Criminals should pay for what they have done wrong.' 'Criminals should be punished to put others off.' 'All Christians must evangelise by preaching the gospel' 'Outside the Church there is no salvation" "Capital punishment is just legal murder" "Religious diversity is essential to the functioning of a country" Evaluate the statement Define key term Remember to LINK back to the statement
1 mark for brief definition 2 marks for explained definition	"Describe" questions - Define key term - 2 x Paragraphs, evidenced and explained	 "Explain" questions Define key term 3 Paragraphs, evidenced and explained Read carefully if one or two views are needed If two views WHICH two are allowed? 	Remember to give EVIDENCE Remember to EVALUATE by commenting on which argument is strongest/most convincing

Example Exam Questions: Exam 3 Judaism

Example Exam Questions: Exam o dudaism			
A = 2 marks = 2 minutes Try to define as accurately as possible. If relevant, give an example.	B = 5 marks = 5 minutes Try to give 3 clear ideas in your response or 2 detailed points.	C = 8 marks Try to give 4 clear ideas, evidenced & explained.	D = 15 marks (See instructions below)
What do Jew's mean by the term:	 Describe Jewish beliefs on the nature of God Describe Jewsih beliefs in shekinah Describe Jewish beliefs of the Messiah (Mashiach) Describe the importance of covenants in Judaism Describe two views on life after death in Judaism Describe different Jewish beliefs about resurrection Describe Jewish beliefs about the significance of God's covenant with Moses 	 Explain Jewish teachings about the resurrection Explain Jewish beliefs about the nature of God Explain why Moses is important in Judaism Explain Jewish beliefs regarding the nature and importance of the Mitzvots Explain why the covenants are important in Judaism Explain Jewish teachings on the nature and significance of shekhinah Explain Jewish practice of pikuach nefesh Explain the difference between Orthodox and Reform 	 'Keeping the Ten Commandments are the most important part of Judaism'. 'God created the world in seven days' 'After death, everyone will be resurrected' 'You cannot be Jewish and break the mitvots' 'You have to go to a synagogue to be a Jew'
These key terms will not come up as A questions but may be used in the exam so make sure you know what they are Brit milah Bar mitzvah Bat mitzvah Rosh Hashana Yom Kippur Pesach Sukkot Shabbat Synagogue	Significance of God's covenant with Moses ☐ Describe Jewish views on the importance of pikuach nefesh ☐ Describe Jewish beliefs in the relationship between freewill and the mitzvot ☐ Describe the main features of a synagogue ☐ Describe the main features of a Jewish wedding service ☐ Describe the Jewish ritual of Bar mitzvah ☐ Describe the main features of the siddur meal ☐ Describe the Jewish celebration of Rosh Hashanah ☐ Describe the significance of Sukkot	☐ Explain the difference between Orthodox and Reform Jews ☐ Explain the nature and importance of the sedur meal for Jews ☐ Explain different beliefs in the importance of keeping kosher ☐ Explain how Jews celebrate Pesach ☐ Explain the nature of the Jewish celebration of Yom Kippur ☐ Explain Jewish mourning rituals and their significance ☐ Explain the role and importance of brit milah ☐ Explain the different functions of the synagogue	'Sabbath is the most important festival for Jews' 'You must follow strict dietary laws if you want to be truly Jewish' 'Weddings are an important celebration for Jews'
1 mark for brief definition 2 marks for explained definition	 Describe the features of Jewish items worn for worship Describe how Jews worship in their homes Describe the features of Shabbat Describe the significance of prayer for Jews Describe how men and women worship differently in Judaism "Describe" questions Define key term 2 x Paragraphs, evidenced and explained 	 "Explain" questions Define key term 3 Paragraphs, evidenced and explained Read carefully if one or two views are needed If two views WHICH two are allowed? 	Evaluate the statement Define key term Remember to LINK back to the statement Remember to give EVIDENCE Remember to EVALUATE by commenting on which argument is strongest/most convincing