

# Bolton Impact Trust Domestic Violence Policy

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#### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 The Bolton Impact Trust is committed to ensuring that every employee who is experiencing or has experienced domestic violence has the right to raise the issue with their employer in the knowledge that we will treat the matter supportively and confidentially.
- 1.2 Incidents of domestic abuse and violence are common and have a serious impact on those who experience them. Studies have consistently demonstrated the prevalence of domestic abuse and violence Estimated to be 1 in 4 women and 1 in 6 men. Each year around 2.1m people suffer some form of domestic abuse 1.4 million women (8.5% of the population) and 700,000 men (4.5% of the population). (www.safelives.org.uk)
- 1.3 Many people experiencing domestic violence do not seek help and this remains a 'hidden crime'. The impact of domestic violence in terms of its effects and costs within the workplace remain largely concealed and unidentified by most employers. Research has shown that a significant proportion of people who experience domestic violence had to take time off work. Many other people also reported symptoms that had a long-term effect on their work performance such as depression, anxiety, or stress.
- 1.4 Domestic violence is therefore not just an issue for agencies that provide services directly to the public. It is an issue that affects all sections of society.
- 1.5 It is important therefore, that we develop clear and effective responses to help minimise the impact of domestic violence on Trust employees.
- 1.6 The following guidelines have been produced in line with existing Trust policies and procedures, to help Academy Leads and Trustee Boards deal with these issues appropriately.
- 1.7 For the purposes of this guidance the following Home Office definition applies;

The Government definition of domestic violence and abuse is 'any incident or pattern of controlling, coercive or threatening behaviour, violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who are or have been intimate partners or family members regardless of gender or sexuality.

The abuse can encompass, but is not limited to psychological, physical, sexual, financial and emotional.

People experience domestic abuse and violence regardless of their social group, class, age, race, disability, sexuality and lifestyle. The abuse can begin at any time - in new relationships or after many years spent together.

Domestic abuse and violence can take many forms such as physical assault, sexual abuse, rape and threats. In addition, it may include destructive criticism, pressure tactics, and disrespect, breaking trust, isolation and harassment.

Taken from "Domestic abuse and violence: Break the Chain", Home Office, Jan 1999

1.8 These guidelines apply equally to any employee (male or female)who requires help and advice about violence to themselves or within the home

### 2 Identifying the problem

- 2.1 It is unlikely that an employee who experiences domestic violence will tell people at work of their situation or approach their Academy Lead or Senior Leadership Team (SLT) with their problems in the first instance.
- 2.2 It is far more likely that the Academy Lead and SLT will become aware of the situation through associated issues such as absence monitoring, poor performance or changes in behaviour.
- 2.3 As with other welfare issues, identifying that an employee is experiencing difficulties at an early stage will enable appropriate help to be accessed. This in turn could mean that the member of staff is able to deal with their situation far more effectively.
- 2.4 Academy Leads and SLT should adopt a sensitive and non-judgmental approach when dealing with employees who have experienced domestic violence. Whilst the information disclosed may be very distressing and cause you to wish to be actively involved it is essential that any action taken is within the framework of the policy and uses the support mechanisms and agencies identified.

#### 2.5 This should include;

- Taking the issue seriously, taking time to listen to the employee.
- Ensuring that any discussion about the employee's situation takes place in privacy and that you respect their confidentiality as far as possible.
- Understanding that the member of staff may not wish to approach their Academy Lead or SLT, and may prefer to involve a third party such as a colleague, trade union representative or contact officer. It may be appropriate to offer the option of speaking to a contact officer or HR Adviser who will be able to advise the employee and their Academy Lead or SLT on what support may be sought.
- If an employee does not wish to speak to their Academy Lead or SLT, they
  should be advised of the difficulties which may arise if the Academy Lead or SLT
  is not aware of the relevant facts and circumstances (for instance if there is a
  potential health and safety issue or if other action is being taken on performance
  or absence monitoring).
- Being aware that there may be additional issues faced by the employee because
  of their age, gender, sexuality, ethnic background, disability etc. There are
  agencies that can help on specific issues. Contact details in <u>Appendix A</u>.
- The employee may need some time to decide what to do and may try many
  different options during this process. Research has shown that it can take a long
  time to break free of a violent relationship. You should not assume therefore, that
  because an individual returns or stays in a violent relationship that the violence
  was not severe or did not take place.

- Being aware that if someone approaches you and advises you that they intend to flee to a place of safety that day that you may refer them to Homeless Welfare for immediate support. In these circumstances it would be appropriate to approve special leave in accordance with the local conditions of service.
- Being aware of what support is available and explore these options with the employee. However, if the employee does not want to contact other agencies, you must respect their wishes.

## 3 Ensuring safety

- 3.1 The responsibilities of employers, employees and others for the health and safety of persons at work are defined by the <u>Health and Safety at Work Act 1974</u> and associated regulations and codes of practice.
- 3.2 The Trust has developed guidance for the Academy Lead and SLT to deal with incidents where an employee is verbally abused, threatened or physically assaulted in the course of their duties.
- 3.3 The strategies outlined in the Violence to Employees Policy will apply to most situations of violence in the workplace. However, the Academy Lead or SLT may have to consider additional factors if these incidents involve domestic violence. These incidents may involve violent partners or ex-partners visiting the workplace, abusive phone calls, or intimidation or harassment of an employee by the alleged perpetrator.
- 3.4 Examples of how these issues might be addressed include the following measures;
  - Improving security measures, such as changing key pad numbers or ensuring that access to buildings is open to authorised staff only.
  - Reminding reception staff not to divulge information about employees, especially
    personal details such as addresses, telephone numbers or work patterns. In the
    event of enquiries from other agencies these should be responded to by the line
    manager on a 'ring back' basis.
  - Wherever practical offering temporary or permanent changes in workplace, work times and patterns, helping to make the employee less at risk at work and on their journeys to and from work. This could include changes to the Trust workplace to ensure that the employee is not visible from reception points or from ground floor windows.
  - Wherever practical offering changes in specific duties, such as answering phones or working in reception area, or in exceptional circumstances, redeployment to another post if an alternative is not easily found.
  - Agreeing what to tell colleagues and how they should respond if the abuser rings or calls at the workplace. Providing colleagues or care takers/site managers with a photograph of the abuser and other relevant details such as car registration numbers may help them to maintain security in the workplace.
  - Making sure that the systems for recording staff whereabouts during the day are adequate and if the work requires visits outside the office, considering if this poses any additional risks.
  - Recording any incidents of harassment or violence in the workplace, including
    persistent phone calls, emails or visits, to an employee by their partner or expartner. You should also take down details of any witnesses to these incidents.

These records could be used if the employee wants to press charges or apply for an injunction against the alleged perpetrator. In the event that the actions of an alleged perpetrator of domestic violence impinges on the health and safety of staff within or near the workplace then the employer could also apply for an injunction.

3.5 The Academy Lead and SLT may have to take into account whether the above measures are operationally appropriate. However, ensuring that employees are safe should be of primary consideration throughout this process. In the event that employees within the work place are in imminent danger then the police should be called immediately (using 999).

## 4 Confidentiality

- 4.1 Once an employee has confided to the Academy Lead or SLT that they are experiencing domestic violence, the Academy Lead or SLT should reassure them that they will keep this confidential as far as possible.
- 4.2 An exception to this is where child protection issues arise, for instance, if an employee gives information that suggests that their child or another child is at risk from abuse (whether physical, emotional, sexual or neglect).
- 4.3 In this instance, the Academy Lead or SLT should inform the employee that they are seeking further advice the Child Protection Unit and that they will have a duty to pass information to this department.
- 4.4 Academy Leads and Trustee Boards have a duty to maintain a secure environment for all staff and this could be made easier if colleagues are aware of potential risks. However, it is essential that you agree with the individual concerned what information to tell colleagues.
- 4.5 You should remind staff that this information is confidential and any unauthorised breaches of this could be subject to disciplinary action being taken. Under no circumstances should information in respect of changed work location or home address be divulged without the express consent of the employee.
- 4.6 The consequences of breaching confidentiality could have serious effects for the person experiencing domestic violence. Statistics have shown that the risk of more serious assaults, permanent injury and murder takes place when a woman decides to leave home or immediately after. It is important therefore, not to underestimate the danger or assume that the fear of violence is exaggerated.
- 4.7 If the perpetrator of domestic abuse and violence works within a field where further risks could be identified, consideration will be given as to if the perpetrator will be reported to the LADO.

## 5 Supportive measures

5.1 The Trust leave of absence policy has provision to allow both paid and unpaid leave for domestic reasons. Academy Leads and Trustee Boards should look sympathetically at requests for reasonable time-off for employees who have disclosed that they are experiencing domestic violence. Each case will be treated on its merit and advice should be sought from the HR Adviser.

- 5.2 Academy Leads and Trustee Boards may receive requests for time-off from employees who are experiencing domestic violence, to arrange appointments during the normal working day. These requests should be treated supportively.
- 5.3 These appointments could include;
  - appointments with support agencies such as; Fort Alice, National Women's Aid, Social Services or counsellors
  - arranging re-housing
  - meetings with solicitors
  - making alternative childcare arrangements, including meetings with Trusts
- 5.4 Academy Leads and the SLT should also explore other measures supportively, such as temporary negotiated hours, where requested by employees experiencing domestic violence.
- 5.5 Under the Trusts Leave of Absence Policy employees are entitled to special leave to attend hearings as a prosecution witness in the criminal courts. If an individual is required to attend a hearing as a witness in either the civil or criminal courts (and has been called under a subpoena or a witness summons) then a witness allowance may be claimed from the court.
- 5.6 In the event that an individual has been allowed time off work to attend such a hearing then pay will be reduced to reflect the amount of any allowance received. Additionally, if there are circumstances where an employee is attending court and is seeking an injunction, or order, in cases of violence or harassment, time-off with pay may be considered.
- 5.7 Academy Leads should record absences or applications for special leave which relate to domestic violence in accordance with normal Trust procedures. These incidents should be treated and recorded as confidential.
- 5.8 Individuals leaving a violent partner may face considerable financial hardship or have concerns about finding suitable accommodation for themselves and their family.
- 5.9 HR advice should be sought about what appropriate measures can be taken to help employees in these circumstances, for example referring employees to Homeless Welfare for crisis accommodation, support and advice.
- 5.10 A referral may be made to a Credit Union for confidential and sympathetic financial advice. Such referrals can be made regardless of whether the employee is an existing member of the Credit Union.
- 5.11 There are, however, certain criteria which must be satisfied to access financial assistance from a Credit Union. Additional free advice and support can also be sought from the Consumer Credit Counselling Service.
- 5.12 If the employee has disclosed that their partner has access to their finances or is exerting economic pressure upon them, Trust's HR and Exchequer Services should be approached to change the method of salary payment.
- 5.13 In exceptional circumstances a limited advance of salary might be considered. HR Children's Services advice should be sought in connection with this.

5.14 If appropriate and with the employee's consent, referring the employee to your occupational health provider.

## 6 What to do if a Trust employee is a perpetrator of violence

- 6.1 Employees should be aware that domestic violence is a serious matter that can lead to criminal convictions.
- 6.2 Conduct outside of work (whether it leads to a criminal conviction or not) can also lead to disciplinary action against an employee because of its employment implications, and because it undermines the confidence the Trust (as employer) has in the employee.
- 6.3 There should be an investigation of the facts as far as possible, a view taken and consideration whether the conduct is sufficiently serious to warrant instituting the disciplinary procedures. Trust's HR advice should be sought.
- 6.4 In addition such conduct may make certain job duties inappropriate. For example, it would not be appropriate for a perpetrator of domestic violence to be providing services to vulnerable people and children, and a change of duties or a transfer will need to be considered in such circumstances.
- 6.5 Similarly, proven harassment and intimidation of Trust employees by their partner or ex-partner who also works for the Trust or Local Authority will be viewed seriously and may lead to disciplinary action being taken.
- 6.6 If any of the circumstances set out in this section are brought to a Academy Lead or Trustee Boards attention, Trust's HR advice should be sought in the first instance.
- 6.7 Should a Academy Lead or member of the SLT become aware of child protection concerns when informed that an employee has been a perpetrator of domestic violence then there is a duty to contact the Local Authority Designated Officer ('LADO') on 01204 337474.

### 7 Raising awareness

- 7.1 The Trust is committed to tackling the issues of domestic violence. It is essential therefore that the working environment promotes the view that violence within or outside the workplace is unacceptable and will not be condoned nor made the subject of jokes or graphics.
- 7.2 The Trust will aim to raise awareness through the following measures:
  - preparation and distribution of information publicising the issue and the Trust's policy
  - briefings to senior management team and other appropriate line managers and supervisors
  - inclusion of issues relating to domestic violence in relevant in-house training sessions

- specialised training or briefing sessions for designated contact officers to ensure they understand their role
- publicising the role of the contact officers to the Trust workforce

#### **APPENDIX A**

## Contact details for local support agencies

Accommodation			
Fortalice	01204 365677	Crisis accommodation – women's refuge	
Homeless Welfare	01204 335830	Bolton at Home – emergency accommodation – rehousing and Advice. First point of contact by phone Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm for support and information re other agencies as appropriate. Call in person by appointment 9am to 12noon or drop in 2pm to 4pm	
Housing Advice	01204 335900	Advice and support service - Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm and Thursday 9am to 7pm.	

Crisis interven	ntion	
Fortalice	01204 701846 (24 hours)	Bolton Women's Aid Emergency Accommodation and Support Group

Financial advice		
Stepchange	0800 138 1111 www.stepchange.org	For free independent counselling to help you solve your debt problem, avoid bankruptcy and learn to handle money.

Health services		
If injured go to Accident and Emergency.		
NHS Direct	111	Confidential advice on all aspects of health.

Domestic violence				
For immediate help	For immediate help in an emergency call the Police 999.			
Greater Manchester Police Domestic Violence Unit	101	Domestic Violence Coordinators are police officers who have undertaken training concerning domestic violence. The Domestic Violence Coordinators offer advice and information about what the police can do to help, without asking for your name and address.		
Women's Domestic Abuse Helpline	0161 636 7525 www.endthefear.co.uk	Anybody who is experiencing domestic or sexual violence can find help, support and advice here		

#### Children's Services

Children's Services can offer support to those experiencing domestic violence and their children. This might include assisting with accommodation, family support, access to counselling and (in certain circumstances) could include financial support or assistance with day care.

Emergency Duty Team	6pm to 9am weekdays and weekends	01204 337777
Multi-Agency Screening and Safeguarding Service (MASSS)	Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm	01204 331500

Telephone Advice			
Childline	0800 1111	24 hour free national helpline for children in trouble or danger	
Citizens Advice Bureau	0870 126 4038	24 hour answer phone service. Office opens Monday to Friday 9.30am to 4pm, Thursday 1pm to 7pm	
Fortalice	01204 365677 01204 701846 (24 hours)	Advice, counselling and support, weekly drop in	
Men's Advice Line	0808 801 0327	Help for men in violent relationships	
Manchester Gay and Lesbian Switchboard	0161 274 3999	Advice and support 4pm to 10pm (7 days)	
Phoenix Project	01204 848966	Safe and confidential support service for Asian women and children	
Probation Service	01204 387699	Advice and Support	
Rape Crisis Helpline	0808 802 9999	Confidential counselling and support service Mondays and Wednesdays 6pm to 9pm, Fridays 2pm to 5pm and Sundays 12noon to 3pm	
Samaritans (Bolton)	01204 521200	24 hours	
Victim Support	01204 399736	A confidential counselling and support service offering emotional and practical support based on the requirements of the individual who contacts Victim Support. Monday to Friday 10am to 4pm	
Witness Support	0161 793 7333	Support through the Court process	
National Domestic Violence Helpline	0808 200 0247	Advice, counselling and support Monday to Friday – 10.00 am to 4.00 pm	

The details of the above agencies were correct at time of writing.