



# Forwards Centre

Part of Bolton Impact Trust

## Health and Safety Policy

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| <b>Reviewed By</b>    | <b>Christopher Fielding</b> |
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## **Statement of Intent**

The Forwards Centre is the working environment for groups of individuals. It is important, therefore, that a safe environment is established in which children and adults can work together with confidence.

In order to promote this we must all take responsibility for being vigilant and be aware of possible risks. Children and adults should be encouraged to look out for themselves and one another and share any concerns they may have swiftly and appropriately.

We must also, however, be aware of the need to keep a balance between security and safety and the maintenance of a comfortable, welcoming learning environment. This policy aims to address and provide guidance on this balance, identifying individual and group responsibilities.

## **1. Aims**

The Forwards Centre aims to:

- › Provide and maintain a safe and healthy environment
- › Establish and maintain safe working procedures amongst staff, pupils and all visitors to the school site
- › Have robust procedures in place in case of emergencies
- › Ensure that the premises and equipment are maintained safely, and are regularly inspected

## **2. Legislation**

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on [health and safety in schools](#), guidance from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) on [incident reporting in schools](#), and the following legislation:

- › [The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974](#), which sets out the general duties employers have towards employees and duties relating to lettings
- › [The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992](#), which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees
- › [The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999](#), which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- › [The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002](#), which require employers to control substances that are hazardous to health
- › [The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations \(RIDDOR\) 2013](#), which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- › [The Health and Safety \(Display Screen Equipment\) Regulations 1992](#), which require employers to carry out digital screen equipment assessments and states users' entitlement to an eyesight test
- › [The Gas Safety \(Installation and Use\) Regulations 1998](#), which require work on gas fittings to be carried out by someone on the Gas Safe Register
- › [The Regulatory Reform \(Fire Safety\) Order 2005](#), which requires employers to take general fire precautions to ensure the safety of their staff
- › [The Work at Height Regulations 2005](#), which requires employers to protect their staff from falls from height

The school follows [national guidance published by UK Health Security Agency \(formerly Public Health England\)](#) and government guidance on [living with COVID-19](#) when responding to infection control issues.

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

## **3. Roles and responsibilities**

### 3.1 The local governing board

The governing board has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school but will delegate day-to-day responsibility to C. Fielding (Academy Lead).

The local governing board has a duty to take reasonable steps to ensure that staff and pupils are not exposed to risks to their health and safety. This applies to activities on or off the centre's premises.

The academy trust, as the employer, also has a duty to:

- › Assess the risks to staff and others affected by centre's activities in order to identify and introduce the health and safety measures necessary to manage those risks
- › Inform employees about risks and the measures in place to manage them
- › Ensure that adequate health and safety training is provided

The governor who oversees health and safety is Deborah Crier

### 3.2 Academy Lead

The academy lead is responsible for health and safety day-to-day. This involves:

- › Implementing the health and safety policy
- › Ensuring there is enough staff to safely supervise pupils
- › Ensuring that the building and premises are safe and regularly inspected
- › Providing adequate training for staff
- › Reporting to the local governing board on health and safety matters
- › Ensuring appropriate evacuation procedures are in place and regular fire drills are held
- › Ensuring that in their absence, health and safety responsibilities are delegated to another member of staff
- › Ensuring all risk assessments are completed and reviewed
- › Monitoring cleaning contracts, and ensuring cleaners are appropriately trained and have access to personal protective equipment, where necessary

In the academy lead's absence, Nicola Berry (Deputy headteacher) assumes the above day-to-day health and safety responsibilities.

### 3.3 Health and safety lead

The nominated health and safety lead is Christopher Fielding

### 3.4 Staff

Centre staff have a duty to take care of pupils in the same way that a prudent parent would do so.

Staff will:

- › Take reasonable care of their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected by what they do at work
- › Co-operate with the centre on health and safety matters
- › Work in accordance with training and instructions
- › Inform the appropriate person of any work situation representing a serious and immediate danger so that remedial action can be taken
- › Model safe and hygienic practice for pupils
- › Understand emergency evacuation procedures and feel confident in implementing them

### 3.5 Pupils and parents

Pupils and parents are responsible for following the centre's health and safety advice, on-site and off-site, and for reporting any health and safety incidents to a member of staff.

### **3.6 Contractors**

Contractors will agree health and safety practices with the academy lead before starting work. Before work begins, the contractor will provide evidence that they have completed an adequate risk assessment of all their planned work.

## **4. Site security**

Terry Simpson (Caretaker) is responsible for the security of the site in and out of school hours. They are responsible for visual inspections of the site, and for the intruder and fire alarm systems.

Terry Simpson (caretaker) is a key holder and will respond to an emergency.

## **5. Fire**

Emergency exits, assembly points and assembly point instructions are clearly identified by safety signs and notices. Fire risk assessment of the premises will be reviewed regularly.

Emergency evacuations are practised at least once a term.

The fire alarm is a loud siren

Fire alarm testing will take place once a week.

New staff will be trained in fire safety and all staff and pupils will be made aware of any new fire risks.

In the event of a fire:

- › The alarm will be raised immediately by whoever discovers the fire and emergency services contacted. Evacuation procedures will also begin immediately
- › Fire extinguishers may be used by staff only, and only then if staff are trained in how to operate them and are confident they can use them without putting themselves or others at risk
- › Staff and pupils will congregate at the assembly points. These are on the main carpark, the main playground and lower playground.
- › Class teachers will take a register of pupils, which will then be checked against the attendance register of that day
- › Deborah Smith will take a register of all staff
- › Staff and pupils will remain outside the building until the emergency services say it is safe to re-enter

The centre has special arrangements in place for the evacuation of people with mobility needs and fire risk assessments will also pay particular attention to those with disabilities. A small number of pupils have PEEPS.

## **6. COSHH**

Schools are required to control hazardous substances, which can take many forms, including:

- › Chemicals
- › Products containing chemicals
- › Fumes
- › Dusts
- › Vapours
- › Mists
- › Gases and asphyxiating gases
- › Germs that cause diseases, such as leptospirosis or legionnaires disease

Control of substances hazardous to health (COSHH) risk assessments are completed by Terry Simpson circulated to all employees who work with hazardous substances. Staff will also be provided with protective equipment, where necessary.

Our staff use and store hazardous products in accordance with instructions on the product label. All hazardous products are kept in their original containers, with clear labelling and product information.

Any hazardous products are disposed of in accordance with specific disposal procedures.

## 6.1 Gas safety

- › Installation, maintenance and repair of gas appliances and fittings will be carried out by a competent Gas Safe registered engineer
- › Gas pipework, appliances and flues are regularly maintained
- › All rooms with gas appliances are checked to ensure they have adequate ventilation

## 6.2 Legionella

- › A water risk assessment has been completed on 2/11/2022 by M. Lowe (GMS Services). Terry Simpson (caretaker) is responsible for ensuring that the identified operational controls are conducted and recorded in the centre's water log book
- › This risk assessment will be reviewed every two years and when significant changes have occurred to the water system and/or building footprint
- › The risks from legionella are mitigated by a systematic series of temperature checks.

## 6.3 Asbestos

- › Staff are briefed on the hazards of asbestos, the location of any asbestos in the centre and the action to take if they suspect they have disturbed it
- › Arrangements are in place to ensure that contractors are made aware of any asbestos on the premises and that it is not disturbed by their work
- › Contractors will be advised that if they discover material that they suspect could be asbestos, they will stop work immediately until the area is declared safe
- › A record is kept of the location of asbestos that has been found on the site

## 7. Equipment

All equipment and machinery is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In addition, maintenance schedules outline when extra checks should take place.

When new equipment is purchased, it is checked to ensure it meets appropriate educational standards.

All equipment is stored in the appropriate storage containers and areas. All containers are labelled with the correct hazard sign and contents.

### 7.1 Electrical equipment

- › All staff are responsible for ensuring they use and handle electrical equipment sensibly and safely
- › Any pupil or volunteer who handles electrical appliances does so under the supervision of the member of staff who so directs them
- › Any potential hazards will be reported to Christopher Fielding (Academy Lead) immediately
- › Permanently installed electrical equipment is connected through a dedicated isolator switch and adequately earthed
- › Only trained staff members can check plugs
- › Where necessary, a portable appliance test (PAT) will be carried out by a competent person
- › All isolator switches are clearly marked to identify their machine

- › Electrical apparatus and connections will not be touched by wet hands and will only be used in dry conditions
- › Maintenance, repair, installation and disconnection work associated with permanently installed or portable electrical equipment is only carried out by a competent person

## 7.2 PE equipment

- › Pupils are taught how to carry out and set up PE equipment safely and efficiently. Staff check that equipment is set up safely
- › Any concerns about the condition of the hall floor or other apparatus will be reported to the academy lead.

## 7.3 Display screen equipment

- › All staff who use computers daily as a significant part of their normal work have a display screen equipment (DSE) assessment carried out. 'Significant' is taken to be continuous/near continuous spells of an hour or more at a time
- › Staff identified as DSE users are entitled to an eyesight test for DSE use upon request, and at regular intervals thereafter, by a qualified optician (and corrective glasses provided if required specifically for DSE use)

## 7.4 Specialist equipment

Parents are responsible for the maintenance and safety of their children's wheelchairs. In the centre, staff promote the responsible use of wheelchairs.

## 8. Lone working

Lone working may include:

- › Late working
- › Home or site visits
- › Weekend working
- › Caretaking/ site manager duties
- › Site cleaning duties
- › Working in a single occupancy office
- › Remote working, self-isolation and/or remote learning

Potentially dangerous activities, such as those where there is a risk of falling from height, will not be undertaken when working alone. If there are any doubts about the task to be performed, then the task will be postponed until other staff members are available.

If lone working is to be undertaken, a colleague, friend or family member will be informed about where the member of staff is and when they are likely to return.

The lone worker will ensure they are medically fit to work alone.

## 9. Working at height

We will ensure that work is properly planned, supervised and carried out by competent people with the skills, knowledge and experience to do the work.

In addition:

- › The caretaker retains ladders for working at height
- › Pupils are prohibited from using ladders
- › Staff will wear appropriate footwear and clothing when using ladders
- › Contractors are expected to provide their own ladders for working at height
- › Before using a ladder, staff are expected to conduct a visual inspection to ensure its safety

- › Access to high levels, such as roofs, is only permitted by trained persons

## 10. Manual handling

It is up to individuals to determine whether they are fit to lift or move equipment and furniture. If an individual feels that to lift an item could result in injury or exacerbate an existing condition, they will ask for assistance.

The centre will ensure that proper mechanical aids and lifting equipment are available in school, and that staff are trained in how to use them safely.

Staff and pupils are expected to use the following basic manual handling procedure:

- › Plan the lift and assess the load. If it is awkward or heavy, use a mechanical aid, such as a trolley, or ask another person to help
- › Take the more direct route that is clear from obstruction and is as flat as possible
- › Ensure the area where you plan to offload the load is clear
- › When lifting, bend your knees and keep your back straight, feet apart and angled out. Ensure the load is held close to the body and firmly. Lift smoothly and slowly and avoid twisting, stretching and reaching where practicable

## 11. Off-site visits

When taking pupils off the school premises, we will ensure that:

- › Risk assessments will be completed where off-site visits and activities require them
- › All off-site visits are appropriately staffed
- › Staff will take a school mobile phone, an appropriate portable first aid kit, information about the specific medical needs of pupils, along with the parents' contact details
- › There will always be at least one first aider on school trips and visits

## 12. Lettings

This policy applies to lettings. Those who hire any aspect of the school site or any facilities will be made aware of the content of the school's health and safety policy, and will have responsibility for complying with it.

## 13. Violence at work

We believe that staff should not be in any danger at work and will not tolerate violent or threatening behaviour towards our staff.

All staff will report any incidents of aggression or violence (or near misses) directed to themselves to C. Fielding immediately. This applies to violence from pupils, visitors or other staff.

## 14. Smoking

Smoking is not permitted anywhere on the school premises.

## 15. Infection prevention and control

We follow national guidance published by the UK Health Security Agency when responding to infection control issues. We will encourage staff and pupils to follow this good hygiene practice, outlined below, where applicable.

### 15.1 Handwashing

- › Wash hands with liquid soap and warm water, and dry with paper towels
- › Always wash hands after using the toilet, before eating or handling food, and after handling animals
- › Cover all cuts and abrasions with waterproof dressings

### 15.2 Coughing and sneezing

- › Cover mouth and nose with a tissue



- › Wash hands after using or disposing of tissues
- › Spitting is discouraged

### **15.3 Personal protective equipment**

- › Wear disposable non-powdered vinyl or latex-free CE-marked gloves and disposable plastic aprons where there is a risk of splashing or contamination with blood/body fluids (for example, personal care pad changing)
- › Wear goggles if there is a risk of splashing to the face
- › Use the correct personal protective equipment when handling cleaning chemicals
- › Use personal protective equipment (PPE) to control the spread of infectious diseases where required or recommended by government guidance and/or a risk assessment

### **15.4 Cleaning of the environment**

- › Clean the environment frequently and thoroughly

### **15.5 Cleaning of blood and body fluid spillages**

- › Clean up all spillages of blood, faeces, saliva, vomit, nasal and eye discharges immediately and wear personal protective equipment
- › When spillages occur, clean using a product that combines both a detergent and a disinfectant and use as per manufacturer's instructions. Ensure it is effective against bacteria and viruses, and suitable for use on the affected surface
- › Never use mops for cleaning up blood and body fluid spillages – use disposable paper towels and discard clinical waste as described below

### **15.6 Laundry**

- › Wash soiled linen separately and at the hottest wash the fabric will tolerate
- › Wear personal protective clothing when handling soiled linen
- › Bag children's soiled clothing to be sent home, never rinse by hand

### **15.7 Clinical waste**

- › Always segregate domestic and clinical waste, in accordance with local policy
- › Used nappies/pads, gloves, aprons and soiled dressings are stored in correct clinical waste bags in foot-operated bins
- › Remove clinical waste with a registered waste contractor
- › Remove all clinical waste bags when they are two-thirds full and store in a dedicated, secure area while awaiting collection

### **15.8 Animals**

- › Wash hands before and after handling any animals
- › Keep animals' living quarters clean and away from food areas
- › Dispose of animal waste regularly, and keep litter boxes away from pupils
- › Supervise pupils when playing with animals
- › Seek veterinary advice on animal welfare and animal health issues, and the suitability of the animal as a pet

### **15.9 Infectious disease management**

We will ensure adequate risk reduction measures are in place to manage the spread of acute respiratory diseases, including COVID-19, and carry out appropriate risk assessments, reviewing them regularly and monitoring whether any measures in place are working effectively.

We will follow local and national guidance on the use of control measures including:

### **Following good hygiene practices**

- › We will encourage all staff and pupils to regularly wash their hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser, and follow recommended practices for respiratory hygiene. Where required, we will provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)

### **Implementing an appropriate cleaning regime**

- › We will regularly clean equipment and rooms, and ensure surfaces that are frequently touched are cleaned regularly.

### **Keeping rooms well ventilated**

- › We will use risk assessments to identify rooms or areas with poor ventilation and put measures in place to improve airflow, including opening external windows, opening internal doors and mechanical ventilation

## **15.10 Pupils vulnerable to infection**

Some medical conditions make pupils vulnerable to infections that would rarely be serious in most children. The school will normally have been made aware of such vulnerable children. These children are particularly vulnerable to chickenpox, measles or slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) and, if exposed to any of these, the parent/carer will be informed promptly and further medical advice sought. We will advise these children to have additional immunisations, for example for pneumococcal and influenza.

## **15.11 Exclusion periods for infectious diseases**

The school will follow recommended exclusion periods outlined by the UK Health Security Agency and other government guidance.

In the event of an epidemic/pandemic, we will follow advice from the UK Health Security Agency about the appropriate course of action.

## **16. New and expectant mothers**

Risk assessments will be carried out whenever any employee or pupil notifies the school that they are pregnant.

Appropriate measures will be put in place to control risks identified. Some specific risks are summarised below:

- › Chickenpox can affect the pregnancy if a woman has not already had the infection. Expectant mothers should report exposure to an antenatal carer and GP at any stage of exposure. Shingles is caused by the same virus as chickenpox, so anyone who has not had chickenpox is potentially vulnerable to the infection if they have close contact with a case of shingles
- › If a pregnant woman comes into contact with measles or German measles (rubella), she should inform her antenatal carer and GP immediately to ensure investigation
- › Slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) can occasionally affect an unborn child. If exposed early in pregnancy (before 20 weeks), the pregnant woman should inform her antenatal care and GP as this must be investigated promptly
- › Some pregnant women will be at greater risk of severe illness from COVID-19

## **17. Occupational stress**

We are committed to promoting high levels of health and wellbeing and recognise the importance of identifying and reducing workplace stressors through risk assessment.

Systems are in place within the school for responding to individual concerns and monitoring staff workloads.

## **18. Accident reporting**

## 18.1 Accident record book

- › An accident form will be completed as soon as possible after the accident occurs by the member of staff or first aider who deals with it.
- › As much detail as possible will be supplied when reporting an accident
- › Information about injuries will also be recorded on CPOMs
- › Records will be held for a minimum of 3 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979.

## 18.2 Reporting to the Health and Safety Executive

The academy lead will keep a record of any accident that results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The academy lead will report these to the Health and Safety Executive as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident. – except where indicated below. Fatal and major injuries and dangerous occurrences will be reported without delay (i.e. by telephone) and followed up in writing within 10 days.

### School staff: reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences

These include:

- › Death
- › Specified injuries, which are:
  - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
  - Amputations
  - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
  - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
  - Serious burns (including scalding) which:
    - Covers more than 10% of the whole body's total surface area; or
    - Causes significant damage to the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs
  - Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
  - Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
  - Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- › Work-related injuries that lead to an employee being away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days (not including the day of the incident). In this case, the **Academy Lead** will report these to the HSE as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event within 15 days of the accident
- › Occupational diseases where a doctor has made a written diagnosis that the disease is linked to occupational exposure. These include:
  - Carpal tunnel syndrome
  - Severe cramp of the hand or forearm
  - Occupational dermatitis, e.g. from exposure to strong acids or alkalis, including domestic bleach
  - Hand-arm vibration syndrome
  - Occupational asthma, e.g from wood dust
  - Tendonitis or tenosynovitis of the hand or forearm
  - Any occupational cancer

- Any disease attributed to an occupational exposure to a biological agent
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
  - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
  - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
  - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
  - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion

**Pupils and other people who are not at work (e.g. visitors): reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences**

These include:

- Death of a person that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity\*
- An injury that arose from, or was in connection with, a work activity\* and the person is taken directly from the scene of the accident to hospital for treatment

\*An accident “arises out of” or is “connected with a work activity” if it was caused by:

- A failure in the way a work activity was organised (e.g. inadequate supervision of a field trip)
- The way equipment or substances were used (e.g. lifts, machinery, experiments etc); and/or
- The condition of the premises (e.g. poorly maintained or slippery floors)

Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

[How to make a RIDDOR report, HSE](http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm)  
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm>

## 19. Training

Our staff are provided with health and safety training as part of their induction process.

## 20. Monitoring

This policy will be reviewed by the academy lead annually and noted by the local governing board.

## 21. Links with other policies

This health and safety policy links to the following policies:

- First aid
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions
- Accessibility plan
- Evacuation/Invacuation



