






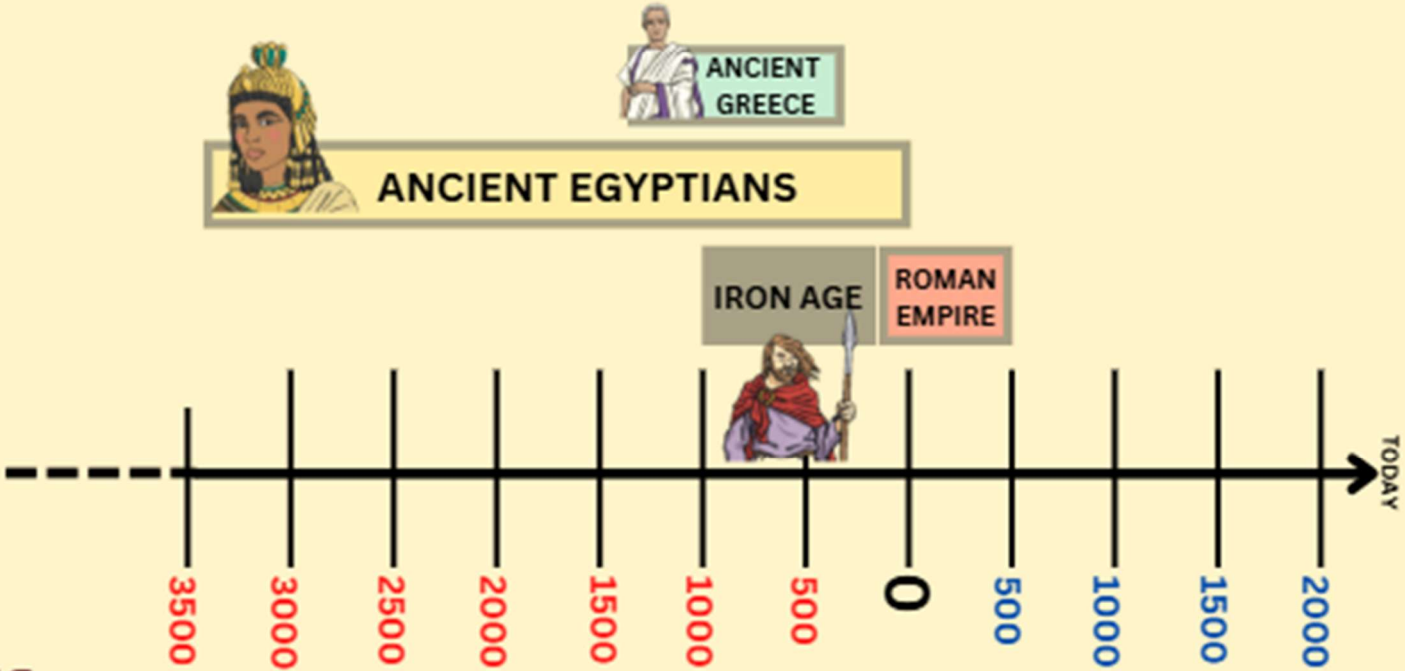


Have we copied everything the Ancient Greeks did?

Timeline	776 BC - The first Olympic games take place 508 BC - Male citizens of Athens are allowed to vote 440 BC - Greek Theatre becomes popular and a theatre is built in Delphi 433 BC - The Parthenon temple in Athens is built 431 BC - War between Athens and Sparta lasts for nearly 30 years 336-323 BC - Alexander the Great ruled Greece and expanded the Ancient Greek Empire 146 BC - Ancient Greece is taken over by the Roman Empire			Image	 The Parthenon Temple in Athens			 Symbol of Sparta		 Symbol of Athens				
Knowledge	The Ancient Greek era extended from 800BC to 146BC and was at around the same time as the Iron Age in Britain			The Ancient Greeks started the first Olympics		Democracy was used in some Ancient Greek city states.		Athens and Sparta were two city states who had different views and opinions		Ancient Greek architecture has impacted on lots of our modern buildings		Ancient Greeks have influenced our modern day society in many different ways		
Vocabulary	city state- each city and the lands around it was its own country		Olympics - a sporting competition held in Ancient and modern times		citizen - a person who lives in a county (We are citizens of The United Kingdom/ Great Britain/ England.)		democracy - a government that is voted in by people (like we have in Britain.)		architecture - different types of buildings and how they look		temple - a place where people go to worship and pray		Parthenon - an Ancient Greek temple in Athens	
Historical people	 Ancient Greek citizens Alexander the Great						Map							

Why do we learn about the Ancient Greeks?

- ✓ We get democracy from Ancient Greece
- ✓ We get the Olympics from Ancient Greece
- ✓ Lots of our words are from Ancient Greece



MISCONCEPTIONS

Some people think...

✗ Ancient Greece was one country

...but we know that's not true