

## Key Diagrams

Vocabulary	
<b>Inspirational</b>	A good role model who leads by example and encourages others with their behaviour
<b>Parable</b>	A simple story which has a special religious or moral meaning at the end.
<b>Holy Week</b>	The week leading up to Easter Sunday.
<b>Incarnation</b>	The <i>Christian</i> belief that God took human form by becoming Jesus
<b>Resurrection</b>	The belief that Jesus was raised from the grave, alive again. This is why Christians believe in life after death
<b>Salvation</b>	<i>Salvation</i> means being saved or rescued from harm, ruin or loss (sin)

Key Information	
<b>The Good Samaritan</b>	The parable tells of a <i>Samaritan</i> (a resident of Samaria) who stopped to help a man who had been injured and robbed, while others passed him by.
<b>Palm Sunday</b>	It reminds Christians of the journey Jesus made into Jerusalem, on a donkey, to celebrate the Jewish festival of Passover (Pesach). People welcomed Jesus by shouting, waving <i>palm</i> branches .
<b>Maundy Thursday</b>	At the Last Supper, Jesus commanded that people should love one another, he then washed the feet of his disciples as an act of kindness.
<b>Good Friday</b>	The day Christians believe that Jesus died on the cross. It is known as Good Friday because Christians believe that Jesus gave up his life for the good of everyone.
<b>Easter Sunday</b>	<i>Easter Sunday</i> is a happy day for Christians because they believe that Jesus rose from the dead on this day. They believe that Jesus' resurrection or coming alive shows that death is not the end of everything.



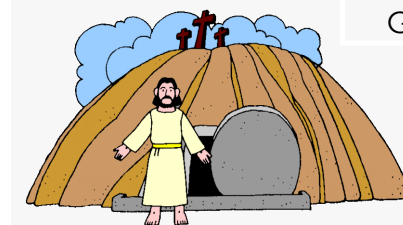
Palm Sunday



Maundy Thursday



Good Friday



Easter Sunday