	? How close did WV	Hi	istory Year 5 - Autumn			
ttt Timeline	1st September 1939 – Germany in eastern Poland later) 3rd September 1939 – France and 1st -3rd September 1939 – Children 8th January 1940 – Rationing beg April – June 1940 – Germany invo Netherlands, Belgium and France May 26th – June 4th 1940 – The Evo July- October 1940 – The Battle of June 1941 – Germany invades th 6th December 1941 - Japan attac 6th June 1944 – D-Day. British, Am on Normandy beaches (France) 7th May 1945 – Germany surrende 8th May 1945 – VE Day 6th August 1945 – America drops (Japan) 2nd September 1945 – Japan surrende	d Britain declare war on Germa n are evacuated from the citie ins in Britain ades Norway, Denmark, e acuation of Dunkirk of Britain e Soviet Union cks American at Pearl Harbour erican and Canadian Forces la to attack Germany ers to Allied Forces. the Atomic Bomb on Hiroshima renders on VJ-Day. WW2 is over	and Cation	rope during WW2 (I942)	Action Powers	
Knowledge	An air raid shelter that was built by people in their back gardens. Families also turned off their lights and put up curtains so that German attack planes could	The German Air Force bombed many cities in Britain to try to get the country to surrender. This was called the Blitz. The RAF (Royal Air Force) fought back against the Germans and this is known at	Dunkirk The British Army suffered defeats at the start of the war with Germany whilst in France. Over 300,000 were surround on a beach at Dunkirk and were rescued by thousands of English boats sailing across the English Channel.	Women at War With many men fighting ir Army, Royal Navy or Roya Force, many women start jobs back home that men do. (Working on farms, in factories and as mechanic	l Air messages in WW2 an ed to do was the job of used t 'Codebreakers' (like Turing at Bletchley Pa	cret Many children from dit cities were send to the countryside for Alan the war, where it was safer from the air raids and
Marcabulary	Blitzkrieg 'Lightening War'. A type of attack by the Germans using tanks and planes.	evacuation To leave somewhere in search of safety. These people are called Evacuees	rationing Limiting the amount of food available so it will last longer	blackout A group of 4000-6000 Roman soliders	Allied Forces Britain and the British Empire, USA, Soviet Union and many more	Axis Powers Germany, Japan and Italy.
Historical Enguiru	 Primary Sources: People who lived through the war Buildings such as air raid shelters Written diaries, records, newspaper reports Photographs and video recordings Secondary Sources: Modern TV programmes, Horrible histories Books, Knowledge Organisers 			Members of society	A British solider Evacuee children with their labels	