

# **Year 5 Curriculum Coverage**

Below is the coverage for the Year 5 Maths curriculum. Ongoing objectives across the year are highlighted in red.

#### Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0
- round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals

#### Number - addition and subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

# Number - multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed
   (³)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates

#### **Number - fractions**

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example,  $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1$ ]
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 =  $\frac{71}{100}$ ]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$  and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

#### Measurement

- convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millilimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre]
- understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²), and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling

#### Geometry - properties of shapes

- identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)
- identify:
  - angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total 360°)
  - angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°)
  - other multiples of 90°
  - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
  - distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

## Geometry – position and direction

• identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

#### Statistics

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

# Year 5 Rapid Recall

Listed below are the number facts that we expect year 5 children to learn by heart. We track children's assessments in these facts on a half termly basis. This data informs our number focus for the next half term for whole class starters and afternoon intervention groups.

Number facts, number bonds	Counting	Addition and subtraction facts	Times tables and division facts	Doubles and halves
Know decimal	Count forwards in			Know half of 9, 7,
compliments to 10	steps of 10,000 to			5, 3 and 1
to 1decimal place (3.4 and 6.6)	100,000			Know double 0.5,
(6.1 4.14 5.5)	Count backwards			1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5
Know decimal	in steps of 10,000			
compliments to 1 to 2 decimal	from 100,000			Know half of 19,
places (0.76 and	Count forwards in			17, 15, 13 and 11
0.24)	steps of 100,000 to			Know double 5.5,
	1,000,000			6.5, 7.5, 8.5, 9.5
Recall all the	Count backwards			
prime numbers up to 19	in steps of 100,000			
	from 1,000,000			
Recall all square				
numbers up to 12 squared				
Japanea				

# <u>Teaching sequence - Starter tasks</u>

We have carefully planned our curriculum so that some key concepts are revisited throughout the year.

	Week1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
A1	Perimeter of rectilinear shapes  Arear of rectilinear shapes – count squares	Number bonds 20 and bonds to 100 in multiples of 10 and multiples of 5 Bonds to 1000 in multiples of 100 and 50	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital	Find and write fractions of a set of objects and amounts  Compare and order numbers beyond 1000 <>>  Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000	Doubles and halves  Ten more, ten less, one hundred more and one hundred less, one thousand more, one thousand less	Interpret pictograms, tally chart, bar chart.	Find and write fractions of a set of objects and amounts  Compare and order numbers beyond 1000 <>>	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000, 10,000 or 100.000
A2	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital  Convert between units of time	Factors, square, cube and prime numbers  Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10 100 and 1000  Multiply up to 4 digits numbers with a 1 or 2 digit number	Naming 2d and 3d shapes and properties Coordinates	Interpret time graphs, timetables and tables.	Find and write fractions of a set of objects and amounts  Compare and order numbers beyond 1000 <>>  Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000, 10,000 or 100.000	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits  Read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals  Factors, square, cube and prime numbers	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 100,000 or 100,000 Number bonds 20 and bonds to 100 in multiples of 10 and multiples of 5 Bonds to 1000 in multiples of 100 and 50	
Sp1	Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10 100 and 1000  Multiply up to 4 digits numbers with a 1 or 2 digit number  Divide numbers up to 4 digit with a 1 digit number	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital  Convert between units of time	Find and write fractions of a set of objects and amounts  Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places  Round decimals with 2dp to 1dp and whole numbers	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits  Read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	Perimeter of rectilinear shapes  Arear of rectilinear shapes – count squares	Interpret pictograms, tally chart, bar chart		
Sp2	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital	Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa	Naming 2d and 3d shapes and properties	Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10 100 and 1000	Interpret time graphs, timetables and tables.	Factors, square, cube and prime numbers		

	Convert between units of time	Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places  Round decimals with 2dp to 1dp and whole numbers		Multiply up to 4 digits numbers with a 1 or 2 digit number  Divide numbers up to 4 digit with a 1 digit number  Factors, square, cube and prime numbers		Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000, 10,000 or 100.000 Number bonds 20 and bonds to 100 in multiples of 10 and multiples of 5 Bonds to 1000 in multiples of 100 and 50		
Su1	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits  Read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals  Factors, square, cube and prime numbers	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital  Convert between units of time	Interpret pictograms, tally chart, bar chart	Perimeter of rectilinear shapes  Arear of rectilinear shapes – count squares  Find missing angles	Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10 100 and 1000  Multiply up to 4 digits numbers with a 1 or 2 digit number  Divide numbers up to 4 digit with a 1 digit number			
Su2	Naming 2d and 3d shapes and properties Coordinates	Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places  Round decimals with 2dp to 1dp and whole numbers  Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000, 10,000 or 100.000	Time to the nearest 1 minutes. 12 and 24 hour clocks, analogue and digital  Convert between units of time	Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa  Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number  Factors, square, cube and prime numbers	Interpret time graphs, timetables and tables.	Perimeter of rectilinear shapes  Arear of rectilinear shapes – count squares  Find missing angles	Multiply and divide whole numbers and decimals by 10 100 and 1000  Multiply up to 4 digits numbers with a 1 or 2 digit number  Divide numbers up to 4 digit with a 1 digit number	

# Teaching sequence – Daily counting

Counting will be an essential element to each daily maths lesson.

# <u>Teaching sequence – Main Maths Lesson Coverage</u>

We have carefully planned our curriculum so that some key concepts are revisited throughout the year.

Autumn 1	Place value	Addit subtro			plication division	Meas	sure	Shape		Position & direction
Autumn 2	Multiplication 8 division		Fractions		Meas	sure Statistics		atistics		Shape
Spring 1	Place valu	е	_	Addition & subtraction		Fractions		S	Position & direction	
Spring 2	Multiplication & division	k   1	Fractions		Meas	ure	Shape			Statistics
Summer 1	Place valu	Place value		Addition & subtraction		Fractions		S	Position & direction	
Summer 2	Multiplication 8 division	k	Fractions		Meas	ure	Shape			Statistics

#### Autumn 1 Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each diait
- Y4 read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 10,000 and determine the value of each digit
  - count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000
- Y4 count forwards or backwards in 1, 10, 100 and 1000 to 10,000
  - interpret negative numbers in context (e.g. money/temperature)
  - count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0
- Y4 count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers
  - round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000
- Y4 round any number to 10,000 the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000
  - read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals
- Y4 read roman numerals to 100

# Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- Y4 add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
  - add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers

#### **Near doubles**

- Know double 0.5, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5
- Know double 5.5, 6.5, 7.5, 8.5, 9.5

#### **Number bonds**

- Know decimal compliments to 10 to 1 decimal place (3.4 and 6.6)
- Know decimal compliments to 1 to 2 decimal places (0.76 and 0.24)

#### Bridging

Making the next 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 etc

- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels
  of accuracy
- Y5 round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000

 solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Y4 - solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

#### Multiplication and division

 identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers

#### Y4 - recognise and use factor pairs

- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)

#### Measurement

 measure and calculate the perimeter of composite (can break down into 2 or more shapes) rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres

# Y4 - measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres

• calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²), and estimate the area of irregular shapes

#### Y4 - find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]

#### Geometry - properties of shapes

• identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations

#### previously taught 2d shapes:

circles, squares, rectangles, triangles, ovals, pentagons, hexagons, octagons, semi-circle, trapezium, parallelograms, kite, rhombus, irregular triangles, pentagons, hexagons, octagons

### previously taught 3d shapes:

cone, cylinder, square based pyramid, sphere, cuboid, cube, triangular prism

- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- Y4 identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to 2 right angles by size
  - draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)

#### Geometry – position and direction

- identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed
- Y4 complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry
- Y4 describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- Y4 describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down

#### Autumn 2 Multiplication and division

- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000

## Fractions

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths

- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example,  $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1$ ]
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

#### Measure

- convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre]
- understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such
  as inches, pounds and pints
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling

#### Statistics

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

#### Geometry - properties of shapes

- identify:
- angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total 360°)
- angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°)
- other multiples of 90°
- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

#### Spring 1 Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0

#### Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers

#### Near double

- Know double 0.5, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5
- Know double 5.5, 6.5, 7.5, 8.5, 9.5

#### Number bonds

- Know decimal compliments to 10 to 1decimal place (3.4 and 6.6)
- Know decimal compliments to 1 to 2 decimal places (0.76 and 0.24)

#### Bridging

Making the next 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 etc

- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

#### **Fractions**

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- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 100]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places

# Geometry – position and direction

 identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

# Spring 2 Multiplication and division

- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
  - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000

#### **Fractions**

- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$  and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

#### Measure

- convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre]
- understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling

#### Geometry - properties of shapes

- identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)

#### **Statistics**

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

#### Number and place value Summer 1

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0

#### Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers

#### **Near doubles**

- Know double 0.5, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5, 4.5
- Know double 5.5, 6.5, 7.5, 8.5, 9.5

- Know decimal compliments to 10 to 1decimal place (3.4 and 6.6)
- Know decimal compliments to 1 to 2 decimal places (0.76 and 0.24)

#### Bridaina

Making the next 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 etc

- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

#### Fractions

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example,  $5 + 5 = 5 = 1\overline{5}$ ]
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number

• multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

#### Geometry – position and direction

identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the
appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

#### Summer 2

#### Multiplication and division

- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000

#### **Fractions**

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- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 =  $\overline{100}$ ]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per 100', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents

of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$  and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

#### Measurement

- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²), and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]

#### Geometry - properties of shapes

- identify:
- angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total 360°)
- angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°)
- other multiples of 90°
- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

## Statistics

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables