Key Information	
Jorvik	York
Wessex	An area of England in the South- West
Scandinavia	The countries of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland
Alfred the Great	The Anglo-Saxon King of Wessex, who later became King of England.
Danelaw	An area of England that was ruled by the Vikings
Battle of Stamford Bridge	In 1066, King Harold (Anglo- Saxon) defeated the Viking Army at Stamford Bridge
Battle of Hastings	In 1066, a battle occurred between King Harold (Anglo- Saxon) and William the Conquer (from Normandy in France) resulted in King Harold being defeated and England being conquered by the Normans
Viking Gods	Odin – God of Wisdom Freya – God of Love Thor – God of Thunder

Vocabulary	
Norse	This is the language of the Vikings. It is also a way to describe their civilisation – eg, Norse Religion, Norsemen, the Norse language.
longboat	A Viking boat which is designed to be speedy and able to travel up rivers, across oceans and even be carried over land
longhouse	A building that Vikings lived in. These were made out of wood and long, rectangular buildings
conquer	Conquer mean to take control of a place through force and violence
pillage	Pillage mean to rob a place violently. Vikings did this during a raid.

Key Diagrams







AD 793

The Vikings attack the island of

Lindisfarne.



AD 866 AD 871



AD 878



permanently in

England.



AD 886

AD 900



AD 954

The last Viking king of Jorvik is forced out of York.

AD 1013



King Sven of Denmark and his son Cnut sail up the rivers Humber and Trent to claim the throne.



invited to return from Normandy to become the King of England.





