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## Different types of knowledge in R&W

## Substantive knowledge

This strand consists of two elements: Conceptual knowledge and Worldview-related knowledge.

The Conceptual knowledge statements show how pupils' knowledge builds in their understanding of: Beliefs, practices, wisdom and morality, community and belonging across all religions and worldviews. The worldview-related knowledge statements show the knowledge covered within the units, that is relevant to a specific religion or worldview. Pupils will then be able to apply this component knowledge to perform the skills.

Conceptual knowledge must be retained for pupils to be able to progress through the scheme, as they will be expected to develop their understanding of abstract concepts, building on what has gone before.

Worldview-related knowledge enables pupils to develop their conceptual knowledge through specific examples, but does not usually need to be retained by all pupils for them to be able to make progress in R&W.

## Disciplinary knowledge

This document outlines how pupils gain and apply disciplinary knowledge in RE throughout the enquiry cycle, with further details available in the <u>Long-term plan</u>.

## Personal knowledge

This strand enables children to think about their own positionality, their perspective and how it might influence their learning, and to consider their own worldview personally and in relation to others. Further explanation of personal knowledge and how it interacts with substantive and disciplinary knowledge can be found in the <u>Long-term plan</u>.

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EYFS (Reception)	What makes us special?	Why are some places special?	Time to celebrate	
To know that beliefs are things people think are true.		<b>✓</b>	V	~
To know that some people have different beliefs about God.	Substantive knowledge - Beliefs	<b>✓</b>	V	~
To know that there are groups of people who have similar beliefs.		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>
To know how and why some people celebrate special times.	Substantive knowledge - Practices			~
To know that stories can help us to learn how to behave.	Substantive	<b>✓</b>		
To know that speaking to others can help us to learn.	knowledge - Wisdom and morality	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
To know that some places are special to different people for different reasons.	Substantive		<b>✓</b>	
To know that there are people in the community who help others to explore their beliefs and guide them.	knowledge - Community and		<b>✓</b>	
To know that being part of a community is important to many people.	belonging	<b>✓</b>		~

EYFS (Reception)		What makes us special?	Why are some places special?	Time to celebrate
Asking questions about things they see and experience.		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	~
Listening to and discussing some religious or belief stories.		V	<b>V</b>	~
Talking about their beliefs and listening to others' beliefs.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Exploring special places in the community.			V	
Meeting and talking to people with different beliefs.		<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>
Engaging in role play and drama based on simple stories.		~	<b>V</b>	
Sequencing and retelling events in simple stories.	Disciplinary knowledge	V	<b>V</b>	
Noticing similarities and differences between their own and their peers' beliefs.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Talking about things which are of value or importance to them and others.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Answering questions about their own beliefs and the people, places and objects they value.		V	V	<b>✓</b>
Using full sentences to answer open questions about their own beliefs and the people, places and objects they value.		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
To know that asking questions can help us look more carefully at something.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
To know there are different ways I can find out about others' beliefs.		V	V	<b>✓</b>
To know people have different beliefs and this is a good thing.		V	V	<b>✓</b>
To know people think different things are important.		~	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
To know that it is important not to laugh at or insult others' beliefs.		<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>

EYFS (Reception)	What makes us special?	Why are some places special?	Time to celebrate	
Talking about their ideas and beliefs.		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Saying what is important to them and to others and why.	Personal knowledge	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Sharing their thoughts about what they learn.		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
To know that not everybody thinks the same way or has the same ideas.		V	V	<b>✓</b>

Year 1		Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?
To know that to believe is when we accept something is true, especially when we do so without proof.		V					
To know that some people believe God exists as a powerful, non-human being.			V	~			
To know that in some religions, followers believe in one supreme being or God who is loving.			V	~			
To know that people have different ways of understanding God on Earth (incarnation).	Substantive			~			
To know that some people believe that humans have a special relationship with God.	knowledge - Beliefs				V	V	<b>✓</b>
To know that there are different names for God.			V	V			
To know that there are different ways to refer to and represent God.				V			
To know that people have different ideas about the role of God.				<b>✓</b>			

Year 1	Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?	
To know that some religious people use art, objects and special times to represent and remember incarnation of God (of the presence of God on Earth).	Substantive knowledge - Practices			V			
To know that many people have special ceremonies when babies are born.							~
To know that many people give money, time or donations to charity as a way of showing that caring for others is important.						V	
To know that some spoken and written words are important to people.			V				~
To know that creation stories provide people with possible answers as to why we are here.			V		<b>V</b>		
To know that science provides some people with possible answers as to why we are here.			<b>✓</b>				
To know that followers often read religious stories.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
To know that some religious and non religious stories may guide people to care for animals and the planet.	Substantive knowledge - Wisdom and				<b>V</b>		
To know that religious teachings often encourage gratitude for what God created (eg. others and the planet) and a responsibility to look after it.	morality				V		
To know that some stories may guide people to care for others.							
To know that the way people treat animals and nature reflects their worldview.					V		

Year 1	Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?	
To know that religious (and non-religious) groups often provide support and care to their local and worldwide communities.						~	
To know that people with similar worldviews often work together to care for the world and for others.	Substantive knowledge -				V	<b>✓</b>	
To know that some religious and non-religious people carry out ceremonies when babies are born to welcome them into their community.	Community and belonging						~
To know that religious baby welcoming ceremonies often include symbols and actions to show the baby's relationship with God.							V
Asking questions about things that interest them.		<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>
Beginning to ask 'big' questions (e.g. Why are we here? What is real?).		<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>
Listening to stories and discussing what happens in them.			V	V	V		
Exploring simple scripture quotes and considering how they might help people.	Disciplinary knowledge					~	
Beginning to notice important information (e.g. first-hand accounts and photos).			V	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>
Retelling stories in their own words.			~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Recognising lessons or teachings within stories and relating to their own experiences.			V	V	V		

Year 1		Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?
Finding religious symbols in stories and other sources.			V	V	<b>~</b>		~
Recognising some religious terminology in sources.			<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
Thinking about the meaning of what people do.					<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Beginning to notice similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews.			<b>v</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	~
Making links between religious and non-religious beliefs and practices.					<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Listening to others' ideas and comparing them to their own.		<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	V
Talking about what their answer to a question is based on.		<b>V</b>	V	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>✓</b>
Identifying things that are important to people.	Disciplinary	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	V
Noticing differences and using respectful language to discuss them.	knowledge	<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	V
Talking about how beliefs can inspire people to do things.					<b>V</b>	V	
Talking about their own experiences in relation to their learning.		<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~
Sharing things that make them wonder and what they think about these things.		<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	V
Talking about what they believe.		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	~
Respectfully sharing opinions about what is important to them and what is important to others.		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
Sharing what they have learnt.		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	~
Expressing their ideas using symbols, drawings and choosing appropriate words.		<b>V</b>	~	~	<b>V</b>	~	<b>✓</b> kapowprimary.com

Year 1		Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?
To know there are different types of questions (e.g. those with simple factual answers and those with opinions or ideas).		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>				
To know stories, images and objects can help us learn about beliefs.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~
To know diversity is often evident in sources (e.g. different ways of welcoming babies).					<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~
To know similarities and differences help us understand worldviews better.	Disciplinary knowledge	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~
To know we all notice different things in stories and sources.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~
To know it is helpful to ask questions about sources.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~
To know that it is important to only use positive language when discussing others' beliefs.		~	~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>

Year 1	Respectful R&W	How did the world begin? Lessons 2 & 3	What do some people believe God looks like? Lessons 2, 3 & 4	Why should we care for the world? Lessons 3, 4, 5 & 6	Why should we care for others? Lessons 1 & 2	How do we know that new babies are special?	
Talking about simple ideas and things that puzzle them about belief in God.		<b>✓</b>	•	•			
Sharing opinions respectfully about what is important to them and what is important to others.		V	~	•	V	<b>✓</b>	~
Expressing their own ideas and opinions based on personal experience and the beliefs of family members.		V	~	V	V	~	~
Using various art forms to express their ideas.	Personal		~		~		
Asking their own questions about the world around them.	knowledge		~		~		
To know what they and their families think and believe in relation to content be learnt.		V	•	•	~	<b>~</b>	~
To know where some of their beliefs have come from.		<b>V</b>	~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>
To know that it is natural for people to think and behave differently from one another.		<b>~</b>	~	<b>V</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>
To know that their ideas might change over time.		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>

Year 1	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jain</b> worldview:
	<ul> <li>Believe in one God.</li> <li>Believe that God created the world and the first people.</li> <li>Believe that God made humans stewards over nature.</li> <li>Understand the Torah to contain the 'word of God'.</li> <li>Believe in the existence of one God.</li> <li>Believe that Jesus is the son of God and that God is present on Earth.</li> <li>Believe that God created the world and the first people.</li> <li>Believe that God created the world and the first people.</li> <li>Believe that God wande humans stewards over nature.</li> <li>Believe in the existence of one God.</li> <li>Believe that Jesus is the son of God and that God is present on Earth.</li> <li>Believe that God created the world and the first people.</li> <li>Believe that God wande humans stewards over nature.</li> <li>Believe that God wants to have a relationship with humans.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in one God.</li> <li>Believe that God made humans stewards over nature.</li> <li>Believe that God is the creator of all things.</li> <li>Believe that God is all-powerful and all-knowing.</li> <li>Give to charity (Zakah) as a way</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in the existence of one God.</li> <li>Believe God created the world and everything in it and this is part of a cycle of many universes that will be created.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe all living things to contain souls and should therefore be valued and respected.</li> <li>Follow ahimsa (harmlessness) as their main principle.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>of expressing their beliefs.</li> <li>Perform adhan and 'aqiqah when a baby is born.</li> <li>Use 99 names to describe Allah (God).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that God has many forms which help them understand God.</li> <li>Believe that God is in all living things.</li> </ul>	To know that some people who follow the <b>Humanist</b> worldview:	
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	Believe that the Genesis creation story explains how the Earth and humans were created. Read the Torah to help them to understand God and for advice to help them live a good life.	<ul> <li>Celebrate the birth of Jesus at Christmas by attending church services, giving gifts and retelling the nativity of Jesus.</li> <li>Believe that the Genesis creation story explains how the Earth and humans were created.</li> <li>Read stories from the Christian Bible to help them understand God and for advice about how to live a good life.</li> <li>Understand the Christian Bible to be the 'word of God'.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the Qur'an to be the 'word of God'.</li> <li>Read the Qur'an and stories about the Prophet Muhammad to help them understand God and for advice on how to life a good life.</li> <li>Give to charity as one of the five pillars.</li> <li>Share food and money with their community as part of 'aqiqah when a new baby is born.</li> <li>Give to charity as the third pillar of Islam to support others in the Muslim community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Perform jatakama when a new baby is born.</li> <li>Use murti (forms) to represent some of the different forms of God.</li> <li>Follow the principle of ahimsa (harmlessness) as a way of life.</li> <li>Read sacred texts including creation stories to help them understand God.</li> </ul>	Have a naming ceremony when a new baby is born.

		Respec- tful R&W	Why do we need to give	What do candles mean to	How do we know some people feel	What is a prophet	How do some people	Where do some people	Additional lessons (	celebration optional)
Year 2		<u>IXXXV</u>	thanks?	people?	a special connection to a god?	?	talk to God?	talk to God?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that some people believe God performed miracles in the past.			V	~	~				<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>
To know that some people believe there are people who are chosen for a special purpose by God.					•	<b>~</b>				
To know that a prophet is someone who talks about God's plan or will.	Substantive knowledge - Beliefs					<b>✓</b>				
To know that some people believe that God has made a promise between himself and his people.				~		<b>V</b>				~
To know that prayer means communicating with God.			<b>✓</b>				<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
To know there are some festivals which are celebrated by religious and non-religious people.				•					~	~
To know festivals usually celebrate a special or miraculous event from the past.				~					<b>✓</b>	~
To know that festivals often use light symbolically as part of celebrations.	Substantive knowledge			~					<b>~</b>	
To know worship means to honour and adore.	- Practices		V							
To know there are some objects that are special to followers of religious traditions.			~	~			~	~		
To know that one reason religious followers worship is to show gratitude, say 'thank you', to God.			<b>V</b>				<b>~</b>			

Year 2		Respe- ctful R&W	Why do we need to give thanks?	What do candles mean to people?	How do we know some people feel a special connection to a god?	What is a prophet?	How do some people talk to God?	Where do some people talk to God?	Additional (	
									Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know that a festival is celebrated by many people and happens regularly.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>					<b>/</b>	<b>~</b>
To know that practices associated with festivals have special meanings.				V					<b>✓</b>	
To know that people from the same faith may celebrate a festival differently.				~					<b>✓</b>	
To know that people pray in different ways in different places.	Substantive knowledge -		V				V	V		
To know that objects, words and actions can represent an idea of belief.	Practices		V	V			V	V		
To know that when some people talk to God they might use their body to show respect.			<b>V</b>				<b>✓</b>			
To know that some people talk to God in different ways and for different reasons.						V	V	V		
To know that books and stories can have different meaning to different people.						V	<b>V</b>			
To know that religious stories can help us to understand religious beliefs.			<b>v</b>		V	<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
To know that stories from long ago can be applied to modern life.	Substantive knowledge -		<b>V</b>			<b>V</b>			~	
To know that wisdom means knowledge that comes from experience.	Wisdom and morality					<b>✓</b>				
To know that guidance means advice, information or rules given by someone in authority.						~				

Year 2		ctfulwe needcandleswe knowprophet?soR&Wto givemean tosomepeoplethanks?people?peopletalfeel aG	How do some people talk to	Where do some people talk to		celebration optional)				
Year 2					special connectio n to a god?		God?	God?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know that values are what people see as important in life.							<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>		
To know that prophets and gurus are considered to share God's wisdom and guidance having had it revealed to them by God.	Substantive knowledge - Wisdom and					~				
To know that religions have forms of guidance or rules (commandments) and believers will follow these in different ways.	morality						~			
To know that many festivals are often celebrated as a community.			<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>					<b>✓</b>	
To know that some people find praying or worshiping as part of a community helpful.								~		
To know that members of the same community may have similar or different ways of life.	Substantive knowledge -			V			<b>V</b>	V		
To know that many religious groups have special buildings which may have features linked to beliefs and practices.	Community and belonging							V		
To know that offerings used to express gratitude may be used to help a person's local or national community.			V							
To know that within a community people have different values, ideas and beliefs.							<b>✓</b>	~		

Year 2		Respe- ctful R&W	Why do we need to give thanks?	What do candles mean to	How do we know some people feel a special	What is a prophet?	How do some people talk to	Where do some people talk to		celebration optional)
real Z			<u>thanks:</u>	people?	connection to a god?		God?	God?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
Asking questions about what other people think and do.		<b>V</b>	~	V	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	V	<b>✓</b>
Asking questions in response to a question.		<b>✓</b>		~	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
Listening to stories and discussing what they mean.			<b>~</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Examining simple scripture quotes and interpreting what they mean.						V	V	V		
Identifying important information from different sources (e.g. first-hand accounts, photos, survey data, video and audio footage).			<b>~</b>	~	•	~	V	<b>~</b>	<b>v</b>	
Identifying main characters and events in a story.	Disciplina		<b>~</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Suggesting what lessons or teachings they understand from stories.	ry knowledg		<b>✓</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Understanding that some symbols (for example, light) have meaning beyond the literal.	е		•	~	•	~	~	•		~
Recognising and understanding some religious phrasing (e.g. 'peace be upon him' and 'Amen').						~				
Thinking about what people's actions can represent.				V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
Identifying similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews.				~	•	~	V	•		
Making links between religious and non-religious beliefs, practices and symbols.			~						~	

		Respe- ctful R&W	Why do we need to give	What do candles mean to	How do we know some	What is a prophet?	How do some people	Where do some people	Additional (	
Year 2			thanks?	people?	people feel a special connectio n to a god?		talk to God?	talk to God?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
Commenting respectfully on things that they notice that may be surprising or different.		~	~	•	~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>	V
Beginning to talk about why things are sometimes similar and sometimes different.		V	~	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>	
Making links to sources when explaining their ideas.							~	~		
Explaining why some objects, places, practices and stories are important to people.			•	•	<b>v</b>		~	•	~	V
Explaining how beliefs may influence behaviour and decisions.	Disciplinary		~	•	•	<b>~</b>	V	~	<b>V</b>	V
Recognising links with prior learning when encountering new content.	knowledge	V	~	~	•	<b>✓</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>	~
Discussing how their learning can help them to answer some bigger questions.		V		•	•	•	~	•	<b>~</b>	V
Using concrete examples to express abstract concepts and ideas (e.g. what love is).				•					<b>V</b>	V
Responding sensitively to people whose experiences are different to theirs.		V	~	~	•	<b>~</b>	~	~	<b>✓</b>	~
Discussing what they have learnt, giving examples.		V	~	•	•	<b>~</b>	~	•	<b>~</b>	~
Using spoken and written words, symbols and drawings to express their ideas.		V	~	•	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~	<b>~</b>	~	~

Year 2		Respe- ctful R&W	Why do we need to give thanks?	What do candles mean to people?	How do we know some people feel a special connection	What is a prophet?	How do some people talk to God?	Where do some people talk to God?		celebration optional)
			<u></u>		to a god?				<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that some questions do not have a simple answer.		V		V	<b>~</b>	•	<b>✓</b>	~	<b>V</b>	
To know stories, texts, images, artefacts and accounts can help us understand different beliefs.			~	V	~	~	~	V	V	V
To know there are links between and within religious and non-religious beliefs and practices.	Disciplinary knowledge		~						V	
To know we all have different ideas about what stories or sources might teach us.			~	V	~	~	•	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
To know questioning sources can help us to learn.			~	V	~	~	•	V	<b>V</b>	
To know it is important to use language such as 'some', 'many' and 'most' when discussing the beliefs of followers of a particular worldview.		V	~	V	~	~	V	~	V	V
Asking questions about what puzzles them about religious and non religious stories and texts they have read.		V	~	~	~	~			<b>✓</b>	~
Expressing creatively their own ideas about the questions: Who am I? Where do I belong?								<b>✓</b>		
Understanding that others may have different ideas from their own and responding respectfully.	Personal knowledge	V		V	~	~	•	V	<b>V</b>	~
Expressing their own ideas and opinions, including considering worldviews studied.		V	V	V	<b>V</b>	~	V	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>V</b>
Explaining how they have expressed their ideas through art.			~	V				<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>

Year 2		Respectful R&W	Why do we need to give	What do candles mean to	How do we know some people feel a	What is a prophet	How do some people	Where do some people	Additional ( lessons (	
Teal Z			thanks?	people?	special connection to a god?	?	talk to God?	talk to God?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Asking thoughtful questions relating to their learning.		V	~	~	~	~	V	~	V	<b>V</b>
Explaining why they feel something is right or wrong and comparing their ideas to others.										
Asking questions about what puzzles them about religious and non religious stories and texts they have read.		<b>V</b>	~	~	~	<b>~</b>			~	<b>~</b>
Expressing creatively their own ideas about the questions: Who am I? Where do I belong?								~		
Understanding that others may have different ideas from their own and responding respectfully.		<b>V</b>		~	~	<b>~</b>	V	~	~	~
Expressing their own ideas and opinions, including considering worldviews studied.		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	~	<b>~</b>	V	<b>V</b>	<b>v</b>	V
Explaining how they have expressed their ideas through art.	Personal knowledge		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				<b>V</b>		~
Asking thoughtful questions relating to their learning.		<b>✓</b>	V	<b>V</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
Explaining why they feel something is right or wrong and comparing their ideas to others.			~						~	
To know the links and comparisons between their own beliefs and those they are learning about.		V	~	~	~	~	V	~	~	
To know why some things might surprise or make them feel uncomfortable.							<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
To know that it is important to respond respectfully to different beliefs.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V
To know that learning new things might change what they think and believe.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~	V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>

Key skills and knowledge by unit

Year 2	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Sikh</b> worldview:
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	<ul> <li>Believe the stories of Abraham, Noah and Moses show God's promises.</li> <li>Believe one of God's miracles to be the lasting oil in the temple (Hanukkah).</li> <li>Believe Jesus was a Jewish leader and teacher.</li> <li>Celebrate Hanukkah by listening to stories, lighting a menorah, eating special food and playing dreidel.</li> <li>Use tefillin to help remind them of God's word.</li> <li>Believe God communicated with humans through the Torah.</li> <li>Celebrate Hanukkah with others from the Jewish community.</li> <li>Visit a synagogue to worship and pray with members of their community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe God to be good and generous in providing for humans.</li> <li>Believe Jesus' birth to be one of God's miracles.</li> <li>Believe that stories in the Bible show that Jesus was special.</li> <li>Believe that many prophets told of Jesus' birth before it happened.</li> <li>Believe Noah, Moses and Jonah were prophets (of many others).</li> <li>Use candles to represent Jesus as light of the world.</li> <li>Celebrate Harvest as a special time to thank God for providing food, often donating food to others at this time.</li> <li>Use candles to celebrate advent and symbolise key concepts and people related to Christmas.</li> <li>Celebrate Christmas in ways that remind them of Jesus' birth (crib scene, star, angels, Christingle).</li> <li>Believe that God communicated his will through many prophets and that these messages can be applied to their lives today.</li> <li>Use offerings given at Harvest to help others in their local community.</li> <li>Visit a church to worship and pray with members of their community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that they can communicate with God through prayer.</li> <li>Believe Muhammad was specially chosen and the last prophet.</li> <li>Believe there were other prophets, including Jesus, Abraham, Moses and Noah.</li> <li>Carry out Wudu before prayer.</li> <li>Use special positions and actions during prayer called rakat.</li> <li>Visit the mosque and find some of the features help them to pray.</li> <li>Say 'peace be upon him' when talking about Muhammad and other prophets to show respect.</li> <li>Do not use images of God or Muhammad as a sign of respect.</li> <li>Visit the mosque to worship and pray with members of their community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that they can communicate with God through prayer.</li> <li>Celebrate Diwali by listening to stories, wearing their finest clothes, illuminating their homes, worshipping, and having family feasts.</li> <li>Often worship individually.</li> <li>Worship through puja in their home or in a mandir, with rituals including a bell, lighting incense, prayers, offerings to murtis and lamp lighting.</li> <li>Visit a mandir and find that some of the features help them to pray.</li> <li>Visit the mandir to worship and pray with members of their community.</li> <li>Celebrate Diwali with others from the Hindu community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe there is a God and Guru Nanak revealed the truth about God.</li> <li>Believe Gurus to be inspired by God and some may have been specially chosen at birth.</li> <li>Visit a gurdwara and some of the features help them to pray.</li> <li>To know that some people who follow the Alevi worldview:</li> <li>Believe that they can communicate with God through prayer.</li> <li>Visit a cemevi and find some of the features help them to pray.</li> </ul>

Year 3		Respect -ful R&W	What makes us human?	Where do our morals come	Are scriptures central to religion?	What happens if we do wrong?	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremonia lly?	Additional (	
				from?					<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that there are organised and personal worldviews and religious beliefs fit into both of these.		V								
To know that soul means a person's spiritual and emotional sense of identity.			<b>~</b>					<b>~</b>		
To know that some people believe all living things have a soul and that it is immortal.			~			~		~		
To know that spirituality is connection with inner self, immaterial things and belief of something beyond oneself.			<b>✓</b>							
To know that some people believe spirituality and soul to be unique to humans.	Substantive knowledge - Beliefs		~							
To know that some people believe connection with God to be a spiritual experience.	Delicis		<b>v</b>		~					
To know that actions have consequences and that people think differently about what these are.						<b>v</b>				
To know that forgiveness is cancelling out wrongdoing or removing punishment.						~				~
To know that religious and non-religious people have ideas about the relationship between God and humans.			~		V				V	V

Year 3		Respect- ful R&W	What makes us human?	Where do our morals come	Are scriptures central to religion?	What happens if we do wrong?	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremonially?	Additional o lessons (o	
				from?					Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know that rituals are a way of expressing beliefs and ideas about God.					<b>v</b>		~	~		
To know that prayer, meditation and rituals are used to connect spiritually.			~		~			<b>~</b>		
To know that the way scriptures are used and treated reflects beliefs about their importance.	Substantive				V					
To know that water is often used in ceremonies and rituals to symbolise cleansing and purity.	knowledge - Practices						<b>~</b>			
To know that fire is often used in ceremonies and rituals to symbolise purity and remembrance.								~		
To know that worship can take many forms and often involves symbolism.					<b>~</b>		~	~		
To know that morals are our thinking about what is right and wrong.				~		<b>V</b>				
To know many religious and non-religious worldviews express the idea of a 'Golden Rule' relating to how we treat others.	Cubatantica			•						
To know that the teachings of a religious or non-religious worldview often link with a follower's life choices.	Substantive knowledge - Wisdom and			~	V	~				
To know that people's views about what is right and wrong change over time and place.	morality			~						
To know that many factors affect our morals and life choices.				<b>~</b>						<b>V</b>

Year 3		Respect -ful R&W	-ful makes us	Where do our morals come	Are scriptures central to	What happens if we do	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremoni-	lessons (optional)		
				<u>from?</u>	religion?	wrong?		ally?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>	
To know that for many people relationships with others and being part of a community are important.							~			~	
To know that all communities have rules and guidance for how to live together.	Substantive knowledge -			~	<b>v</b>						
To know that ceremonies involving water and fire are important occasions for some communities.	Community and belonging						~	~			
To know that candles or flames are sometimes used as a sign of remembrance.								~			
Asking questions about what others think and do and how they show their beliefs.		V	V	V	V	V	~	V	<b>✓</b>	~	
Considering how different sources of information can help answer specific questions.					~					~	
Exploring scripture and stories to understand how different people might interpret them.				~	V	~					
Discussing how various sources provide different pieces of information.			<b>V</b>		<b>~</b>						
Considering how the same story may be told in different cultures or times.	Disciplinary			V							
Comparing and contrasting stories or teachings from different religions to identify common themes.	knowledge			~		~	~	V			
Recognising underlying themes in stories, such as kindness or forgiveness.						V				V	
Recognising some common religious symbols, such as light, water and fire, and considering what they represent beyond the literal.							~	V			
Exploring how language may have special religious meaning and convey beliefs and teachings.					~	~					

Year 3		Respect- ful R&W	What makes us human?	Where do our morals	Are scriptures central to	What happens if we do	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremoni		dditional celebration lessons (optional)	
				<u>come</u> <u>from?</u>	religion?	wrong?		<u>-ally?</u>	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>	
Exploring similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	V	V			
Using different sources of evidence to build ideas about a concept.				<b>V</b>	V		V	V		<b>V</b>	
Discussing the meaning of historical and modern events and practices.					<b>~</b>		V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Reflecting on how others might see the world and how they can show respect for viewpoints different to their own.		V	~	•	•	•	~	•	~	<b>~</b>	
Justifying their ideas and opinions using evidence from current and prior learning.			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	V	V			
Explaining links between religious and non-religious practices and their significance.			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>			
Recognise similarities in concepts and beliefs even when practices and expressions differ.	Disciplinary		~	~	~	~	~	~			
Exploring how beliefs can impact people's lives and actions, including personal and community practices.	knowledge		~	~	~	~	~	•	~	<b>~</b>	
Commenting on links with prior learning when encountering new content.			~	V	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>			
Drawing on knowledge to respond thoughtfully to big questions.			~	V	<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>✓</b>			
Developing the ability to use empathy to identify and understand the feelings of others.		V	~	•	~	~	•	•		<b>~</b>	
Beginning to discuss their own and others' spiritual experiences and beliefs.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	V	V			
Showing respect when hearing about other people's beliefs.		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>~</b>	V	
Explaining their learning taking into account different perspectives and evidence.			<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	
Expressing thoughts, ideas and opinions clearly in a variety of ways.		V	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	~		

Year 3		Respec- tful R&W	What makes us human?	Where do our morals come from?	Are scriptures central to religion?	What happens if we do wrong?	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremonially?		celebration optional)
									<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know the importance of asking questions respectfully.				•	•	•			V	
To know that questioning can help to explore big questions.				~					~	
To know different sources of evidence can provide different insights into beliefs and practices.			V		~					<b>✓</b>
To know some reasons for similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews	Disciplinary knowledge	<b>✓</b>	V	V	V	V	~	V		
To know our ideas about sources and stories are influenced by the time and culture in which we live, and by our personal experiences.		<b>V</b>		~	~		~	V		V
To know sources can be interpreted differently depending on a person's worldview.				~		~			~	~
To know that it is important to express factual information about different worldviews, rather than opinion.					V					

Year 3		Respec- tful R&W	What makes us human?	Where do our morals come from?	Are scriptures central to religion?	What happens if we do wrong?	Why is water symbolic?	Why is fire used ceremonially?		celebration optional)
				nom.					<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Discussing their own views about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth.		<b>~</b>	~			~	~	~		
Presenting different views thoughtfully and creatively, using evidence from learning.		~	<b>V</b>	~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>
Asking open questions and suggesting responses.			V	V	V	V	<b>V</b>	V		
Discussing their own and others' ideas about deciding what is right and wrong.				~		~				
Suggesting ideas about the right ways to treat others, including own opinions and ideas from learning.				V		~				<b>✓</b>
Thinking about their own ideas about God in light of their learning, experiences and discussions.	Personal knowledge	V	V		~	~	~	~	V	
To know that what they believe influences how they think about new content.		~		•		~				<b>✓</b>
To know they have an individual perspective.		~	V				<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		
To know what stereotypes are and why they should be challenged.										
To know that their own thoughts, ideas and opinions may be influenced by what they learn.		~	V	V			V	V		V

Year 3	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Buddhist</b> worldview:
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	<ul> <li>Wear a tzitzit (prayer shawl) to remind them of God's guidance.</li> <li>Treat the Torah and Tanakh in special ways to show respect.</li> <li>Try to follow the 613 mitzvot for how to live.</li> <li>Follow The Ten Commandments as part of their moral code.</li> <li>Believe that through prayer they can be forgiven by God if they repent the wrongdoing.</li> <li>Believe they will be judged by God on how they have lived</li> <li>Try to live in a way that pleases God.</li> <li>Believe in seeking forgiveness and self-reflection, especially during Yom Kippur.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that they can be forgiven by God if they repent of wrongdoing.</li> <li>Believe they will be judged by God on how they have lived.</li> <li>Believe Eve to have been the first person to sin (do wrong).</li> <li>Believe humans have an eternal soul.</li> <li>Read the Bible in a variety of translations and ways.</li> <li>Use prayer to ask for God's forgiveness.</li> <li>Use water for baptism, following the example of Jesus in the Bible.</li> <li>Follow The Ten Commandments as part of their moral code.</li> <li>Try to live in a way that pleases God.</li> <li>Take part in Baptism ceremonies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe they will be judged by God according to their actions and intentions.</li> <li>Believe that water is sacred.</li> <li>Treat the Qur'an in special ways to show respect.</li> <li>Believe that the Qur'an was revealed to Muhammad written down after his death.</li> <li>Believe the Qur'an can only be fully understood if read with faith (iman).</li> <li>Use water to perform wudu prior to prayer and worship.</li> <li>Believe that the Qur'an provides them with guidance.</li> <li>Try to live in a way that pleases God.</li> <li>Try to follow the five pillars of Islam as living 'belief in action'.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that Brahma's (God's) spirit is within every living thing as everything comes from him.</li> <li>Believe that karma is affected by actions.</li> <li>Use fire symbolically as part of some ceremonies and rituals.</li> <li>Try to follow The Five Niyamas and The Five Yamas.</li> <li>Consider the consequences of their actions in light of karma.</li> <li>Take part in festivals marking the importance of the river Ganges.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that the way they think and what they focus on are key to being human.</li> <li>Do not believe in a creator God or God as an external force in their lives.</li> <li>Meditate to ensure the mind is peaceful and focused.</li> <li>Believe that they should try following The Five Precepts left by Buddha as a guide for everyday life.</li> <li>Try to follow The Noble Eightfold Path.</li> </ul>
	To know that some people who follow the <b>Shinto</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Zoroastrian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Humanist</b> worldview:		To know that some people who follow the <b>Sikh</b> worldview:
	<ul> <li>Use water for ritual cleaning and as a symbol of nature.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use fire as a symbol of purity and the light of God.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe there is no god.</li> <li>Believe that we have one life and we should make the most of it.</li> <li>Believe human beings evolved naturally and have the potential to lead good and happy lives.</li> <li>Consider what is morally right or wrong by thinking about the effect an action may have on others.</li> </ul>		

Year 4		Respect- ful R&W	Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts sacred?	Just how importan t are our beliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the best-sellin g book of all time?	Does the language of scripture matter?	Additi celebration (optio	n lessons nal)
									<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that religious and non-religious worldviews change over time for individuals and groups.						~	•	<b>~</b>		
To know that people from different religions believe some of the same things.		V	~			<b>v</b>		~		
To know that organised and personal religious beliefs change and develop over time.						~	~	<b>~</b>		
To know that there are historical links and connections between religions.	Substantive knowledge - Beliefs		~			~	•	~		
To know that sacrifice means giving up something valued for the sake of something else.					<b>✓</b>	~				~
To know that holy means divine, sacred or connected to God.				V	<b>~</b>		~	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	
To know that there is evidence that Jesus was a real person and that people have different beliefs about his significance.						V			V	~

Year 4		Respect- ful R&W	Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts sacred?	Just how importa nt are our beliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the best-sell ing book of all time?	Does the language of scripture matter?	Additi celebration (option Christmas	n lessons
To know that the way scriptures are treated and used reflects beliefs about their meaning and origin.				<b>V</b>	•		~	<b>v</b>		
To know that rituals and practices can be based on religious and cultural roots and that often these are interconnected.					•			~		~
To know that the ways scriptures are read and used changes over time.	Substantive knowledge - Practices			~			~	<b>~</b>		
To know that people with similar worldviews may practice in different ways due to historical events.							~	~		
To know that practices change over time.							~	~		
To know that stories and scriptures give insights about how to live.			~	~		~				
To know that religious texts contain different types of writings.	Substantive			<b>~</b>		•	~	<b>✓</b>		
To know why the Christian Bible has a significant role in public life in many countries, including the UK.	knowledge - Wisdom and					•	~	•		
To know that religious scriptures come from a range of sources and origins.	morality			~		<b>V</b>	~	~		
To know that religious scriptures are written in different languages and this can affect interpretation.				~			~	~		

Year 4	Respect- ful R&W		Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts sacred?	makesimportansomet are ourtextsbeliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the best-sell ing book	Does the language of scripture matter?	Additi celebratio (optic	n <b>l</b> essons
							of all time?		<u>Christma</u> <u>s</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that being part of a community with similar beliefs is important to some people.					~			~		<b>v</b>
To know that the history of religion affects how people see their own and others' communities.	Substantive		<b>~</b>					<b>~</b>		
To know that language used during worship and prayer is important for some people when connecting with the community.	knowledge - Community and							<b>V</b>		
To know that for some people outward expressions of belief are important for a sense of belonging.	belonging				<b>✓</b>					<b>/</b>
To know that disagreement and change happens in communities.						~	V	<b>~</b>		
Asking questions about what others think and do and how they show their beliefs.		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>		~
Considering how different sources of information can help answer specific questions.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>		
Exploring scripture and stories to understand how different people might interpret them.				<b>/</b>		<b>V</b>			<b>✓</b>	
Discussing how various sources provide different pieces of information.				<b>/</b>			V			
Considering how the same story may be told in different cultures or times.	Disciplinary knowledge					<b>V</b>				
Comparing and contrasting stories or teachings from different religions to identify common themes.	Mowieuge		<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>				
Recognising underlying themes in stories, such as kindness or forgiveness.			V			<b>V</b>				
Recognising some common religious symbols, such as light, water and fire, and considering what they represent beyond the literal.										
Exploring how language may have special religious meaning and convey beliefs and teachings.				<b>~</b>				<b>✓</b>	wayay kanoyy	

Year 4		Respect- ful R&W	Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts	Just how importan t are our beliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the	Does the language of scripture matter?	Additi celebratio (optic	n lessons
Teal 4				<u>sacred?</u>			best-sell ing book of all time?		<u>Christma</u> <u>S</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Exploring similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews.		V	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		<b>/</b>
Using different sources of evidence to build ideas about a concept.			V	V	<b>V</b>	~	V	~		
Discussing the meaning of historical and modern events and practices.				<b>V</b>				~		<b>V</b>
Reflecting on how others might see the world and how they can show respect for viewpoints different to their own.		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	~	~	~	<b>v</b>	<b>V</b>	~
Justifying their ideas and opinions using evidence from current and prior learning.			V	V	<b>V</b>	~	V	~	<b>V</b>	
Explaining links between religious and non-religious practices and their significance.				V	<b>V</b>			~		/
Recognise similarities in concepts and beliefs even when practices and expressions differ.	Disciplinary		V		<b>V</b>			~		/
Exploring how beliefs can impact people's lives and actions, including personal and community practices.	knowledge		V	V	V	V		~	V	/
Commenting on links with prior learning when encountering new content.		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~	<b>v</b>
Drawing on knowledge to respond thoughtfully to big questions.		<b>✓</b>	~	<b>V</b>	V	~	V	<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>
Developing the ability to use empathy to identify and understand the feelings of others.		V	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	V					
Beginning to discuss their own and others' spiritual experiences and beliefs.		<b>V</b>	~		~	~		V		
Showing respect when hearing about other people's peliefs.		<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>
Explaining their learning taking into account different perspectives and evidence.		<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>		
Expressing thoughts, ideas and opinions clearly in a variety of ways.		~	<b>✓</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	V	~

Year 4		Respect- ful R&W	Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts sacred?	Just how important are our beliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the best-selli ng book of all	Does the language of scripture matter?	Additi celebratio (optic	n lessons
							time?		Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know the importance of asking questions respectfully.		<b>~</b>								
To know that questioning can help to explore big questions.			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>				
To know different sources of evidence can provide different insights into beliefs and practices.				•			<b>✓</b>			
To know some reasons for similarities and differences within and between religions and worldviews	Disciplinary knowledge	<b>V</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>		
To know our ideas about sources and stories are influenced by the time and culture in which we live, and by our personal experiences.				<b>v</b>	~	<b>~</b>				
To know sources can be interpreted differently depending on a person's worldview.				<b>v</b>	~	<b>✓</b>			~	
To know that it is important to express factual information about different worldviews, rather than opinion.				•				<b>~</b>		

Year 4		Respect- ful R&W	Are all religions equal?	What makes some texts	Just how important are our beliefs?	Who was Jesus really?	Why is the Bible the best-selling book of all	Does the language of scriptur	Additi celebratio (optic	n lessons
				sacred?			time?	<u>e</u> <u>matter?</u>	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Discussing their own views about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth.		~			~			~		
Presenting different views thoughtfully and creatively, using evidence from learning.		~	~	<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	~	~	~	~
Asking open questions and suggesting responses.		~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>	~	~		
Discussing their own and others' ideas about deciding what is right and wrong.		~	~			<b>V</b>				
Suggesting ideas about the right ways to treat others, including own opinions and ideas from learning.			~			<b>v</b>				
Thinking about their own ideas about God in light of their learning, experiences and discussions.	Personal knowledge				~	<b>V</b>	~	~		
To know that what they believe influences how they think about new content.		V		~		~	V			
To know they have an individual perspective.		V			~	<b>~</b>				
To know what stereotypes are and why they should be challenged.		~						~		
To know that their own thoughts, ideas and opinions may be influenced by what they learn.						<b>~</b>				

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Year 4	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Sikh</b> worldview:
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	<ul> <li>Believe Jesus to be a radical Jewish leader at the time he lived.</li> <li>Believe that God made a covenant with the Jewish people.</li> <li>Believe that the prophets told of a messiah but that Jesus was not the messiah.</li> <li>Believe the Torah should be written and read in Biblical Hebrew, translations are used but not considered to be fully accurate.</li> <li>Study the Torah from childhood and learn to recite it.</li> <li>Take part in a Bar/Bat Mitzvah ceremony.</li> <li>Choose to eat a kosher. diet.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe God wants to have a relationship with humans and this can be achieved through Jesus.</li> <li>Believe Jesus was resurrected (raised from the dead) after his crucifixion.</li> <li>Believe Jesus fulfilled prophecies from the Old Testament.</li> <li>Celebrate Easter remembering Jesus' death and resurrection.</li> <li>May choose to fast during Lent.</li> <li>Take part in a confirmation ceremony as a young person.</li> <li>Use the different types of writings (parables, letters, psalms, gospels and recounts) as an explanation of their faith and a central feature of their life.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that as the Qur'an was originally written in Classical Arabic that is the more accurate language to read it in.</li> <li>Study the Qur'an from childhood and learn to recite it.</li> <li>Feel that they are part of a worldwide religious community (ummah).</li> <li>Fast and give Zakat during Ramadan.</li> <li>Choose to eat a halal diet.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that their religion goes beyond time and space and is therefore eternal.</li> <li>Read from a variety of scriptures including what is sometimes referred to as the revealed and the remembered truths.</li> <li>Take part in a Upanayana ceremony.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in one God who is all-important and that the religion you follow does not matter</li> <li>Believe in one God, known by many names, who created the world.</li> <li>Believe that commitmenting to trying to love God and do what he wants are more important to some than ceremonies, rituals and practices.</li> <li>Treat the Guru Granth Sahib in special ways to show respect.</li> <li>Wear five articles of faith and the dastar as physical representations of their beliefs.</li> <li>Believe the Guru Granth Sahib to be the final Guru, in written rather than human form.</li> <li>Believe the Guru Granth Sahib was compiled by</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Believe that the Bible is a collection of books told orally and then written by different people at different times.</li> <li>Read different</li> </ul>	To know that some people who follow the <b>Bahá'í</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Buddhist</b> worldview:	one of the Gurus in Gurmukhi and includes teaching from Hindu and Muslim scholars. • Seek guidance and
		translations of the Bible to help them understand its meaning.  Read the stories Jesus told (parables) for wisdom on how to live.  Believe that Jesus' teachings were radical in the historical and geographical context he was living in.	<ul> <li>Believe that all religions are ways to understand and describe the same God.</li> <li>Believe that there is one God.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe the teachings of Siddhattha Gotama (known as the Buddha).</li> <li>Use the Buddhist canon for guidance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>inspiration from the Guru Granth Sahib.</li> <li>May wish to join or be initiated into the Khalsa through the Amrit Sanskar ceremony.</li> </ul>

		Respec tful R&W	Why do people have to	Why doesn't Christian	What happen s when	What happens when	Who should get to be	Why are some places in	Additional o	
Year 5			stand up for what they believe in?	ity always look the same?	<u>we die?</u> (Part 1)	we die? (Part 2)	<u>in</u> charge?	the world significan t to believers?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know the meaning of atheist, agnostic and theist.		<b>V</b>			V	<b>/</b>				
To know that people have different beliefs about what happens when we die.					~	<b>✓</b>				<b>~</b>
To know that some people believe in God, who may judge their actions when they die.	-				V	<b>✓</b>				
To know that some people believe in life after death and others may believe death is the end of our life in any form.					•	<b>~</b>				<b>V</b>
To know and use correctly the following vocabulary in relation to death: afterlife, reincarnation, soul, judgement, eternity, heaven and hell.					•	<b>~</b>				
To know that many people who are not religious believe in some form of afterlife.					<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>				
To know that in the UK religious beliefs are a protected characteristic.	Substantive knowledge -		<b>V</b>							
To know that in some times and places people did not or do not have religious freedom.	Beliefs		<b>✓</b>							
To know that throughout history and in modern times people have had to protest or fight for religious freedom.	_		<b>~</b>							
To know some of the ways that history, geography and leadership influence people's worldviews.	_			V			<b>✓</b>	V		
To know that leadership and authority can impact people's worldviews.	-		<b>✓</b>	V			<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>		
To know that worldviews impact the process of choosing leadership and authority.			<b>✓</b>				<b>V</b>			
To know that some people believe leaders are anointed (chosen by God).							<b>V</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	
To know that some people believe they will be reincarnated in a different form after death.						<b>✓</b>				

		Respec tful R&W	Why do people have to stand up	Why doesn't Christian ity	What happens when we die?	What happens when we die?	Who should get to be in	Why are some places in the world	Additi celebratio (optic	n lessons
Year 5			for what they believe in?	always look the same?	(Part 1)	(Part 2)	charge?	significant to believers?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
To know that funeral practices often reflect beliefs about life after death.					~	<b>~</b>				
To know that funerals can be important to help people grieve.					<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>				
To know that some festivals commemorate times when religious freedom has been fought for (e.g. Bonfire night).	Substantive knowledge -		<b>✓</b>							
To begin to consider reasons for some people taking part in religious practices including belief, culture, tradition and obligation.	Practices				<b>v</b>	<b>V</b>		V		
To begin to consider some of the ways practices are influenced by culture, tradition, geography, leadership and history.					<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		<b>V</b>		
To know that ideas about the afterlife come from many sources.					<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				<b>V</b>
To know that beliefs about life after death can affect how people choose to live their lives.					<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>				~
To know that within and between religious and non-religious groups people may disagree about challenging issues.			~		~	<b>✓</b>				
To know that people are inspired and led by others from within and outside their community.	Substantive knowledge -		<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>			<b>✓</b>			
To begin to understand that scripture can be interpreted in different ways.	Wisdom and morality			<b>~</b>			<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>
To know that there are different ways to decide who becomes a leader or authority (democracy, bloodline) and these are not always agreed on.							•			
To know that wisdom means thinking sensibly and taking into account knowledge and experience.							V			
To know that guidance means advice, information or rules given by someone in authority.		/a -!	la and large	edge by unit			<b>✓</b>	VADA	vw.xapowprnn	

Year 5		Respect ful R&W	Why do people have to stand up for what they believe in?	Why doesn't Christia nity always look the same?	What happens when we die? (Part 1)	What happens when we die? (Part 2)	Who should get to be in charge ?	Why are some places in the world significant to believers?	Addit celebratio (optio	n lessons
To know that funerals can be important times for communities to support one another.					<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>				
To know that communities sometimes fight or protest for the rights of themselves or others.	Substantive		~							
To know that the community or group someone is part of shapes their sense of belonging.	knowledge - Community			•				<b>~</b>		
To know that religious communities usually have a leader who carries out certain duties with or on behalf of the community.	and belonging				•	~	~			
To know that some places are of particular significance due to historical, cultural and geographical reasons.	-	<b>V</b>					<b>~</b>	~		
Asking challenging questions and reflecting on the origins of their questions.		<b>✓</b>	V	V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Identifying key information from a broad range of sources independently.		<b>✓</b>	~	V	V	<b>✓</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	
Explaining why interpretations of scripture and stories vary among different people.				V			V	<b>V</b>		~
Synthesising information from different sources to suggest ideas about beliefs.	Disciplinary knowledge			V	V	<b>✓</b>	~	<b>~</b>	V	~
Recognising how the historical and cultural context of stories can influence their meaning.			~	~			~	V		
Considering the intention of the storyteller and the impact of the story.				~	<b>~</b>					
Reflecting on how stories are interpreted differently by different audiences and why.				~		~				~

Van F		Respectf ul R&W	Why do people have to stand up	Why doesn't Christia nity	What happens when we die?	What happens when we die?	Who should get to be in	Why are some places in the world	Additi celebratio (optic	n lessons
Year 5			for what they believe in?	always look the same?	(Part 1)	<u>(Part 2)</u>	<u>charge</u> ?	significan t to believers?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
Recognising further symbols and their representations within and across religions.				<b>V</b>		V		V		~
Analysing symbolic language and recognising how different religions use language to express similar concepts (e.g. the afterlife).					~	~		•	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Interpreting expressions of the same concept (for example, the afterlife) within and between religions and worldviews.					~	~		<b>✓</b>		
Analysing events and issues and how these might impact people's lives.			~		~	~	~	V		<b>/</b>
Considering representation in sources and how this might affect their usefulness.					Со	vered in <u>Year</u>	<u>6</u>	'		
Responding thoughtfully to and reflecting on beliefs, experiences, values and practices.			~	~	V	~	~	V	V	<b>/</b>
Forming conclusions based on a range of sources.	Disciplinary knowledge		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>		
Making connections between religious and non-religious traditions, beliefs and practices.				~	V	V	~	<b>V</b>		
Appreciating the value of diversity within religions and worldviews.		V	V	V	V	V	~	V		
Analysing how beliefs and values shape behaviours and relationships in different contexts.		V	V	V	V	V	~	V		~
Identifying increasingly subtle links with prior learning when encountering new content.			V	V	V	V	~	V	V	~
Debating challenging issues with reference to learning and respect for content being debated.			~				~	~		
Using examples from their learning alongside their personal worldview to answer big questions.		V	~	~	~	~	~	~		~

Year 5		Respect ful R&W	Why do people have to stand	Why doesn't Christia nity always	What happens when we die? (Part 1)	What happens when we die? (Part 2)	Who should get to be in charge	Why are some places in the world significant to	Addit celebratic (optic	n lessons
real 3			up for what they believe in?	look the same?			?	<u>believers?</u>	<u>Christma</u> <u>S</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Explaining their own and others' spiritual experiences and beliefs.		V		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>		
Considering the thoughts, feelings, experiences, beliefs and values of others.		V	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Presenting arguments, conclusions and perspectives with supporting evidence.		V	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	~		
Presenting their own ideas and opinions creatively, considering the benefits of different forms of communication.			~	•	•	•	~	~		~
To know that some answers to questions can change over time and reflect on why this might be the case.		~	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	~	~		
To know a person's perspective influences how they interpret sources of evidence.	Disciplinary			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~		
To know it is necessary to use a variety of sources to achieve a well-rounded representation of beliefs and practices.	knowledge	<b>~</b>		<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	~		
To know the same concept (for example, equality) can be expressed in different ways.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~		
To know there is value in different interpretations of a source and that no one interpretation is correct.				<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~		
To know some evidence has limitations.		<b>V</b>								
To know that using neutral language, such as 'I notice' or 'I see that' is essential to discuss observations without conveying judgement or bias.		V	~		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	~			
To know it is important to use respectful language when challenging others' ideas (for example, 'I think,' 'I'd like to say') but a person's beliefs should never be challenged.		<b>V</b>	~		<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	~			

		Respect ful R&W	Why do people have to stand up	Why doesn't Christia	What happens when we die?	What happens when we die?	Who should get to be in	Why are some places in the world	Additional lessons (	
Year 5			for what they believe in?	nity always look the same?	(Part 1)	(Part 2)	charg e?	significant to believers?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Making links and comparisons between their own and others' views about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth.		V	•		•	•				
Using creativity to present their own and others' ideas, explaining their choices.			~	<b>~</b>		<b>V</b>		<b>✓</b>		
Asking and exploring questions from different perspectives, including their own.		V	<b>V</b>	V	V	V	~	<b>✓</b>		
Discussing ideas about how their own or another person's worldview influences their responses to ethical issues.					<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~			
Expressing ideas about fairness, honesty, love, forgiveness, truth and peace.			<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>				~
Engaging in times of thoughtfulness and reflection and making links between own and others' experiences.	Personal knowledge		~	~	~	~		~	<b>✓</b>	
Expressing their own thoughts about the existence and nature of God.		<b>V</b>		~	~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>	
To know that their beliefs can affect how they interpret evidence and content.					~	~	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	
To know that different perspectives can lead to different interpretations.		~		~	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>		
To know when bias is present and that it should always be challenged.			V							
To know that their worldview can change and evolve in response to their learning and experiences.		~	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	~	~				

Year 5	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Sikh</b> worldview:
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	<ul> <li>Believe our actions and purpose in life might be more important than what happens when we die.</li> <li>Believe that their actions will be judged by God.</li> <li>Believe resurrection of the physical body or the soul might happen at some point after life.</li> <li>Believe the covenant between God and the Jewish people in the Torah to be central to their worldview.</li> <li>Prefer burial over cremation linking to their beliefs about resurrection.</li> <li>Treat a body in special ways after death showing their beliefs about resurrection.</li> <li>Read the Tenak to help them understand and respond to death.</li> <li>Consider the destruction of the first and second temple to be significant to their religion.</li> <li>Feel they are part of a worldwide community which started in Israel and spread across the world.</li> <li>Believe Israel and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in the Trinity (Father, Son and Holy Spirit).</li> <li>Believe God sent the Holy Spirit to be with people and that this spirit helps and guides them</li> <li>Believe that after death, a person's soul will either spend eternity with God or separated from God.</li> <li>Believe that their actions will be judged by God after death.</li> <li>Believe that sins can be forgiven.</li> <li>Include songs, Bible readings, prayers and liturgy in a funeral service at a church.</li> <li>Worship and pray in different ways depending on which denomination they belong to.</li> <li>Express their worldview in a way which reflects their culture.</li> <li>Celebrate Pentecost as when God sent the Holy Spirit to Earth and as the start of the Christian church.</li> <li>Interpret some teachings of the Bible differently or put emphasis on different aspects of key teaching depending on their denomination.</li> <li>Use passages from the Bible to help them understand and respond to death.</li> <li>Belong to a particular denomination of the Christian</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that they will be resurrected and judged by Allah after death on the day of judgement.</li> <li>Believe that depending on their actions during their life, their soul may enter Jannah or Jahannam.</li> <li>Believe that Allah is forgiving and compassionate so some bad actions may be forgiven.</li> <li>Treat a body in special ways after death showing to reflect their beliefs and values.</li> <li>Use passages from the Qur'an to help them understand and respond to death.</li> <li>Are part of either the Sunni or Shi'a group who disagree on who would succeed Muhammad.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in reincarnation as their soul being born into another body(samsara).</li> <li>Aim to escape samsara and reach moksha (spiritual freedom) through good karma.</li> <li>Treat a body in special ways after death, including symbolic actions.</li> <li>Use passages from the Bhagavad Gita to help them understand and respond to death.</li> <li>Consider social status or sections of society to help them understand different roles in a community.</li> <li>Are committed to complete at least one pilgrimage in their lifetime, possibly to the River Ganges.</li> <li>Believe the River Ganges to be significant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe in reincarnation.</li> <li>Celebrate Bandi Chhor Divas (commonly known as Diwali) remembering the story of Guru Hargobind.</li> <li>Follow the examples of the Gurus when thinking about standing up for their beliefs.</li> <li>Believe that the succession of Gurus was passed on to those who were spiritually liberated from birth and therefore able to continue Guru Nanak's message.</li> <li>Use fire for cremation after death with family being involved in the funeral process.</li> <li>Scatter a person's ashes on body of water.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Believe Israel and Jerusalem to be a significant place.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>church.</li> <li>Relate to their community in different ways depending on the context they live in.</li> <li>Have different buildings, artwork</li> </ul>		To know that some people who follow the <b>Buddhist</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Humanist</b> worldview:
		<ul> <li>and dress based on culture,</li> <li>tradition and context.</li> <li>Hold the same key beliefs but may interpret and express them differently depending on their denomination.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Believe in reincarnation.</li> <li>Read the story of Kisagotami to help them understand and respond to death.</li> <li>Go on a pilgrimage or retreat to places of significance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe that there is no life after death.</li> <li>Recognise that things we have done in life can have an impact after our death (e.g. work, children, memories).</li> </ul>

Veer		Respect- ful R&W	Why does religion look	Why does religion look	Why is it better to be there in	Why is there suffering (Part 1)	Why is there suffering? (Part 2)	What place does religion	Additional co lessons (o	
Year 6			different around the world? (Part 1)	different around the world? (Part 2)	<u>person?</u>			have in our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know the meaning of omnipotent (all powerful), omniscient (all knowing) and omnipresent (everywhere at all times).		V	~		<b>✓</b>					
To know some of the ways that culture, history, geography and tradition influence people's worldviews.			~	~	~			V	~	<b>~</b>
To know that some places are valued by certain people due to things that have happened there.	Substantive			~	~			V		~
To know that people from the same organised worldview often hold the same key beliefs but may interpret and express them differently.	knowledge - Beliefs		•	~				<b>V</b>	~	~
To know that free will means a belief that humans are able to make their own choices and determine their own fate.						V	<b>~</b>			
To know that beliefs about the nature of God may impact people's ideas about and responses to suffering.						V	V			
To know that some people may use religious practises (e.g prayer, worship,) to help them in times of suffering.						V	V			
To know that a pilgrimage is a journey to a place of religious significance.					~					~
To know that pilgrimages are an important part of some people's life.	Substantive knowledge - Practices				V					~
To know that pilgrimage helps some people to feel close to God.	- Tractices				~					~
To know that visiting a place of personal, religious, cultural or historical significance can have a special meaning for many people.			illa and Irna		•				www kanownr	~

Year 6		Respect -ful R&W	Why does religion look differen	Why does religion look differen	Why is it better to be there in	Why is there suffering ? (Part 1)	Why is there suffering? (Part 2)	What place does religion have in	Additional o	
real o			t around the world? (Part 1)	t around the world? (Part 2)	person?			our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that there are many reasons for some people taking part in religious practices including belief, culture, tradition.	Substantive knowledge -		•	~	~			•		<b>✓</b>
To know some of the ways practices are influenced by culture, tradition, geography and history.	Practices		~	<b>✓</b>	~				<b>V</b>	~
To know that within and between religious and non-religious groups teaching about challenging issues can be contradictory and controversial.						•	~			
To know that writings from long ago can give people insight into modern day issues.						~	~			
To know that ideas and beliefs about suffering come from many sources.						~	~			
To know that some people use stories about how others became close to God to guide them in achieving the same aim.	Substantive knowledge - Wisdom and morality		~		~					
To know that cultural, historical and geographical context can affect how scripture is interpreted.			~	~						
To know that people disagree on whether ancient writings are still relevant to modern life.			~							
To know that the same guidance or scripture can be interpreted differently by people.			•	<b>~</b>	~	•				

		Respect- ful R&W	Why does religion look different	Why does religion look	Why is it better to be	Why is there suffering (Part 1)	Why is there suffering? (Part 2)	What place does religion	Additional o	
Year 6			around the world? (Part 1)	different around the world? (Part 2)	there in person?	<u>. (Fait 1)</u>	<u>(Faitz)</u>	have in our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that people respond in different ways when they see people in their community suffering.						<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
To know that shared challenge can bring people closer together.					•		<b>V</b>			V
To know experiencing a pilgrimage together can help some people feel a sense of community and belonging.					<b>✓</b>					V
To know that some people may find religious spaces special even if they are not part of that religion.	Substantive				~			<b>✓</b>		
To know that some people often feel significant connection to a building or place.	knowledge - Community				~			<b>✓</b>		V
To know that, for some, the people in a particular space are more important than the place itself.	and belonging				~					
To know that some practices might demonstrate belonging to a particular community.			~	<b>~</b>	~		<b>V</b>		<b>✓</b>	V
To know that shared practices can be important to give some people a feeling of belonging.			~	<b>V</b>	~				<b>✓</b>	V
To know that particular places can be significant to their religion based on scripture and historical events.			<b>~</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>✓</b>					~

Year 6		Respect-f ul R&W	Why does religion look different	Why does religion look different	Why is it better to be there in person?	Why is there suffering?(Part 1)	Why is there suffering? (Part 2)	What place does religion have in	Additional co lessons (o	
icai o			around the world? (Part 1)	around the world? (Part 2)				our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Asking challenging questions and reflecting on the origins of their questions.		V	<b>~</b>	•	~	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>v</b>		
Identifying key information from a broad range of sources independently.		V	<b>V</b>	•	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
Explaining why interpretations of scripture and stories vary among different people.			<b>V</b>	~	<b>v</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			
Synthesising information from different sources to suggest ideas about beliefs.			V	<b>V</b>	V	V	V	V	V	
Recognising how the historical and cultural context of stories can influence their meaning.	Disciplinary knowledge		V			V				
Considering the intention of the storyteller and the impact of the story.	Kilowieuge				V	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>			
Reflecting on how stories are interpreted differently by different audiences and why.			<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	V	<b>V</b>				
Recognising further symbols and their representations within and across religions.			<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	V		V			<b>~</b>
Analysing symbolic language and recognising how different religions use language to express similar concepts (e.g. the afterlife).				~	~	<b>~</b>	•			<b>~</b>
Interpreting expressions of the same concept (for example, the afterlife) within and between religions and worldviews.			<b>✓</b>	•	•	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>		V	<b>V</b>

		Respect- ful R&W	Why does religion look	Why does religion look	Why is it better to be there	Why is there suffering? (Part 1)	Why is there suffering? (Part 2)	What place does religion	Additional ce lessons (o <sub>l</sub>	
Year 6			different around the world? (Part 1)	different around the world? (Part 2)	<u>in</u> person?	<u> </u>	<u>: (Part 2)</u>	have in our world today?	Christmas	<u>Easter</u>
Analysing events and issues and how these might impact people's lives.			~	~	~	~	~	~		<b>'</b>
Considering representation in sources and how this might affect their usefulness.								~		
Responding thoughtfully to and reflecting on beliefs, experiences, values and practices.			V	~	~	V	<b>✓</b>	~	V	<b>'</b>
Forming conclusions based on a range of sources.			V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>
Making connections between religious and non-religious traditions, beliefs and practices.			<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		<b>V</b>	
Appreciating the value of diversity within religions and worldviews.		V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>/</b>
Analysing how beliefs and values shape behaviours and relationships in different contexts.		V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>
Identifying increasingly subtle links with prior learning when encountering new content.	Disciplinary knowledge		<b>V</b>	V	V	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>
Debating challenging issues with reference to learning and respect for content being debated.			<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Using examples from their learning alongside their personal worldview to answer big questions.		V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	V	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>
Explaining their own and others' spiritual experiences and beliefs.		V	~	~	~	~	~			<b>'</b>
Considering the thoughts, feelings, experiences, beliefs and values of others.		V	V	~	~	V	~	V	V	~
Presenting arguments, conclusions and perspectives with supporting evidence.		V	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	V			<b>~</b>	V	<b>✓</b>
Presenting their own ideas and opinions creatively, considering the benefits of different forms of communication.			•		•	•	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	•	~

		Respect- ful R&W	Why does religion look	Why does religion look	Why is it better	Why is there suffering	Why is there suffering	What place does	Additional ce lessons (op	
Year 6			different around the world? (Part 1)	different around the world? (Part 2)	to be there in person ?	? (Part 1)	<u>? (Part 2)</u>	religion have in our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
To know that some answers to questions can change over time and reflect on why this might be the case.		~	<b>v</b>	~				~	<b>v</b>	
To know a person's perspective influences how they interpret sources of evidence.			V			~				
To know it is necessary to use a variety of sources to achieve a well-rounded representation of beliefs and practices.		V	<b>✓</b>	~					<b>✓</b>	~
To know the same concept (for example, equality) can be expressed in different ways.	Disciplinary		V	~	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	•		•	~
To know there is value in different interpretations of a source and that no one interpretation is correct.	knowledge		<b>V</b>	•						
To know some evidence has limitations.		~		•				~	<b>V</b>	
To know that using neutral language, such as 'I notice' or 'I see that', is essential to discuss observations without conveying judgement or bias.				~				•		
To know that I can challenge others' ideas using respectful language (for example, 'I think,' 'I'd like to say') but I should not attempt to challenge their beliefs.				•				V		

		Respect- ful R&W	Why does religion	Why does religion	Why is it better to be there	Why is there suffering	Why is there suffering	What place does	Additional ce lessons (o	
Year 6			look different around the world? (Part 1)	look different around the world? (Part 2)	<u>in</u> person?	? (Part 1)	? (Part 2)	religion have in our world today?	<u>Christmas</u>	<u>Easter</u>
Making links and comparisons between their own and others' views about belonging, meaning, purpose and truth.			•	•		•	•	•		
Using creativity to present their own and others' ideas, explaining their choices.		<b>~</b>			<b>~</b>			•	~	~
Asking and exploring questions from different perspectives, including their own.			~	~	~	~	~	~	V	
Discussing ideas about how their own or another person's worldview influences their responses to ethical issues.						•	•	<b>~</b>		
Expressing ideas about fairness, honesty, love, forgiveness, truth and peace.						~	~	~		
Engaging in times of thoughtfulness and reflection and making links between own and others' experiences.	Personal knowledge		•	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	•	•	~		
Expressing their own thoughts about the existence and nature of God.					•	~	~	~		
To know that their beliefs can affect how they interpret evidence and content.			<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>		
To know that different perspectives can lead to different interpretations.		<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>		<b>~</b>	
To know when bias is present and that it should always be challenged.			<b>~</b>							
To know that their worldview can change and evolve in response to their learning and experiences.		~	•	~	~	•	<b>~</b>			

Year 6	To know that some people who follow the <b>Jewish</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Christian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Muslim</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Hindu</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Sikh</b> worldview:
Worldview - related knowledge from the units	<ul> <li>Believe that human beings have free will.</li> <li>Reflect on stories from scripture to help them understand and respond to suffering.</li> <li>Have different perceptions of the mitzvot and practice accordingly.</li> <li>Eat certain dishes depending on their origins.</li> <li>Dress in certain ways which show symbolism and belonging.</li> <li>Practice differently depending on their interpretation of scripture (Orthodox or Reform).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Believe the original sin was committed by the first humans and that this changed the relationship between God and humans (the fall).</li> <li>Believe that human beings have free will.</li> <li>Read the Bible to help them understand and respond to suffering.</li> <li>Pray in various ways to ask God for help at times of suffering.</li> <li>Believe Jerusalem to be a significant place.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are committed to completing Hajj (pilgrimage) at least once in their lifetime.</li> <li>Practice differently depending on the branch they are part of.</li> <li>Go on Hajj as one of The Five Pillars.</li> <li>Travel as part of a large group to join over two million members of the Muslim community at Hajj.</li> <li>Wear special clothing during Hajj.</li> <li>Dress in certain ways which show symbolism and belonging.</li> <li>Believe that human beings have free will and may struggle to make right choices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Worship deities based on their connection to a specific place or area.</li> <li>May be influenced to worship particular deities by family, culture, tradition and location.</li> </ul>	Believe that everything that happens is according to God's will (Hukam).
	To know that some people who follow the <b>Zoroastrian</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Shinto</b> worldview:	To know that some people who follow the <b>Buddhist</b> worldview:		To know that some people who follow the <b>Humanist</b> worldview:
	<ul> <li>Believe there is a constant battle between good and evil both spiritually and morally.</li> <li>Believe that human beings have free will.</li> </ul>	Believe in spirits, gods or deities (kami) and may visit shrines to seek guidance, blessings and comfort from kami and give offerings.	<ul> <li>Believe all human life contains suffering and that by following the Noble Eightfold Path they may be released from suffering.</li> <li>Read the story of Kisagotami to help them understand and respond to suffering.</li> <li>Practise differently according to the form they follow.</li> <li>Describe themselves as following a particular Buddhist form.</li> </ul>		Believe suffering to be caused either by human nature or the randomness of nature.