## Year 4 Mathematics - End of Year Expectations

Place value

## Addition and

 subtractionMultiplication and division

Fractions

Decimals

Area

Time

Geometry - Shape

Geometry - Position and Direction

Statistics

- The pupil can demonstrate an understanding of:
- Negative numbers (E.g. what is 4 more than -6 , what is the next number in this sequence? $12,7,2, \ldots$ ?)
- Place value up to 9,999 (E.g. what is the value of the digit 5 in the number 6542)
- Decimals up to 2 decimal places (E.g. find the difference between 0.6 and 0.73)
- The pupil can solve addition and subtraction problems with up to 4 digits using a formal written method (E.g. $7912 \mathrm{~cm}+329 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ $+242=$ $1105,654+3125=561+$ $\qquad$
- The pupil can use estimation and inverse to check answers (E.g. estimate $4512+1221=$ $\qquad$ as $4500+1200=5700$, and check $6751-2134=$ 4617 by completing the addition calculation $4617+2134=6751$ )
- The pupil can recall the multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ (E.g. $7 \times \ldots=84,99 \div \ldots=9$ )
- The pupil can solve problems involving multiplying 2-and 3-digit numbers by a single digit using formal written layout and can recognise and use factor pairs (E.g. $7 \times 312=$ $\qquad$ $6 \times 3 \times 0 \times 1 \times 9=$ $\qquad$ How many factor pairs can you think of for the number 24?)
- The pupil can solve problems around fractions including adding and subtracting fractions with the same denominator and recognising families of common equivalent fractions (E.g. $2 / 7+5 / 7=1 / 7+\ldots, 3 / 8$ of $24=\ldots, 2 / 7+\ldots=1$; John has $2 / 5$ of a bar and Amy $3 / 10$. Who has the most? Why?)
- The pupil can recognise decimal equivalents of tenths, hundredths (E.g. $0.4=\ldots+2 / 10 ; £ 2.45+123$ pence +81 pence $=\ldots$ )
- The pupil can find the effect of dividing 1- or 2-digit numbers by 10 and 100 (E.g. $7 \div 10=$ $\qquad$ $\div 100=0.13$ )
- The pupil can calculate the area and perimeter of rectilinear shapes and convert between different units of measure (E.g. 3 hours $=180$ minutes, 6780 meters $=6 \mathrm{~km} 780$ meters)
- The pupil can solve problems involving reading, writing and converting time between analogue and digital 12-and 24-hour clocks (E.g. A digital clocks reads 18:30. What is the time? Show it on a clock face.)
- The pupil can compare and classify geometric shapes (E.g. classify isosceles, equilateral and scalene triangles)
- The pupil can identify and compare different angles (acute and obtuse) and identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes
- Describe movements and positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
- Interpret and present discrete and continuous data and solve problems using information provided in a range of graphs (line graphs, bar charts)

