	Broughton Primary School — Geography Rolling Programme — KS2			
	Cycle I	Cycle 2	Cycle 3	Cycle 4
	Would you like to live in the desert?	Who lives in Antarctica?	What was life like in the Alps?	Are all settlements the same?
	Locate the world's countries, using maps to	• Locate the world's countries, using maps to	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on	• Locate the world's countries, using maps
	focus on Europe (including the location of	focus on Europe (including the location of	Europe (including the location of Russia) and North	to focus on Europe (including the
	Russia) and North and South America,	Russia) and North and South America,	and South America, concentrating on their	location of Russia) and North and South
	concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics,	concentrating on their environmental	environmental regions, key physical and human	America, concentrating on their
	countries, and major cities.	regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.	characteristics, countries, and major cities.	environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and
	 Identify the position and significance of 	 Identify the position and significance of 	 Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying 	ma jor cities.
	latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern	latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern	human and physical characteristics, key	Name and locate counties and cities of
	Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the	Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the	topographical features (including hills, mountains,	the United Kingdom, geographical regions
	Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic	Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic	coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and	and their identifying human and
	and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich	and Antarctic Circle, the	understand how some of these aspects have changed	physical characteristics, key topographical
	Meridian and time zones (including day and	Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones	over time.	features (including hills, mountains,
	night).	(including day and night).	 Identify the position and significance of latitude, 	coasts and rivers), and land-use
	 Understand geographical similarities and 	 Describe and understand key aspects of: 	longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern	patterns; and understand how some of
	differences through the study of human	Physical geography, including: climate	Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn,	these aspects have changed over time.
	and physical geography of a region of the	zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers,	Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich	 Understand geographical similarities and
	United Kingdom, a region in a European	mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes,	Meridian and time zones (including day and night).	differences through the study of human
	country, and a region within North or South	and the water cycle.	Understand geographical similarities and differences	and physical geography of a region of
	America.	 Describe and understand key aspects of: 	through the study of human and physical geography	the United Kingdom, a region in a
	Describe and understand key aspects of:	Human geography, including: types of	of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a	European country, and a region within
1	Physical geography, including: climate zones,	settlement and land use, economic activity	European country, and a region within North or	North or South America.
Jrii	biomes and vegetation belts, rivers,	including trade links, and the distribution	South America.	Describe and understand key aspects of:
	mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and	of natural resources including energy,	Describe and understand key aspects of: Physical	Human geography, including: types of
	the water cycle.	food, minerals and water.	geography, including: climate zones, biomes and	settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the
	Describe and understand key aspects of: Human assarably including types of	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate	vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and	distribution of natural resources
	Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity	digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.	earthquakes, and the water cycle.	including energy, food, minerals and
	including trade links, and the distribution of	 Use the eight points of a compass, four 	 Describe and understand key aspects of: Human geography, including: types of settlement and land 	water.
	natural resources including energy, food,	 Ose the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols 	geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the	Use maps, atlases, globes and
	minerals and water.	and key (including the use of Ordnance	distribution of natural resources including energy,	digital/computer mapping to locate
	Use maps, atlases, globes and	Survey maps) to build their knowledge of	food, minerals and water.	countries and describe features studied.
	digital/computer mapping to locate countries	the United Kingdom and the wider world.	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer	Use the eight points of a compass, four
	and describe features studied.	 Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record 	mapping to locate countries and describe features	and six-figure grid references, symbols
	 Use the eight points of a compass, four and 	and present the human and physical	studied.	and key (including the use of Ordnance
	six-figure grid references, symbols and key	features in the local area using a range	Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-	Survey maps) to build their knowledge of
	(including the use of Ordnance Survey	of methods, including sketch maps, plans	figure grid references, symbols and key (including	the United Kingdom and the wider
	maps) to build their knowledge of the United	and graphs, and digital technologies.	the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their	world.
	Kingdom and the wider world		knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider	 Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record
			world.	and present the human and physical
			Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and	features in the local area using a range
			present the human and physical features in the	of methods, including sketch maps, plans
			local area using a range of methods, including	and graphs, and digital technologies.
			sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital	
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	Why does population change?	Why do people live near volcanoes?	What are rivers and how are they used?	Why are rainforests important to us?
	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North 	 Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the
	Russia) and North and South America,	Russia) and North and South America,	and South America, concentrating on their	location of Russia) and North and South
	concentrating on their environmental regions,	concentrating on their environmental	environmental regions, key physical and human	America, concentrating on their
	key physical and human characteristics,	regions, key physical and human	characteristics, countries, and major cities.	environmental regions, key physical and
	countries, and major cities.	characteristics, countries, and major cities.	Name and locate counties and cities of the United	human characteristics, countries, and
	 Name and locate counties and cities of the 	 Understand geographical similarities and 	Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying	ma jor cities.
	United Kingdom, geographical regions and	differences through the study of human	human and physical characteristics, key	 Identify the position and significance of
	their identifying human and physical	and physical geography of a region of the	topographical features (including hills, mountains,	latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern
	characteristics, key topographical features	United Kingdom, a region in a European	coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and	Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the
	(including hills, mountains, coasts and	country, and a region within North or	understand how some of these aspects have changed	Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic
	rivers), and land-use patterns; and	South America.	over time.	and Antarctic Circle, the
	understand how some of these aspects have	Describe and understand key aspects of:	Describe and understand key aspects of: Physical	Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time
	changed over time.	Physical geography, including: climate	geography, including: climate zones, biomes and	zones (including day and night).
	Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of houses.	zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers,	vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and	Describe and understand key aspects of: Describe and understand key aspects of: Output Describe and understand key aspects of: Output Describe and understand key aspects of:
t 2	differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the	mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.	earthquakes, and the water cycle.	Physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers,
Unit	ana prysicai geograpny of a region of ine United Kingdom, a region in a European	Describe and understand key aspects of:	Describe and understand key aspects of: Human geography including types of settlement and land	mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes,
_	country, and a region within North or South	 Describe and understand key aspects of: Human geography, including: types of 	geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the	and the water cycle.
	America.	settlement and land use, economic activity	distribution of natural resources including energy,	Describe and understand key aspects of:
	Describe and understand key aspects of:	including trade links, and the distribution	food, minerals and water.	Human geography, including: types of
	Human geography, including: types of	of natural resources including energy,	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer	settlement and land use, economic
	settlement and land use, economic activity	food, minerals and water.	mapping to locate countries and describe features	activity including trade links, and the
	including trade links, and the distribution of	Use maps, atlases, globes and	studied.	distribution of natural resources
	natural resources including energy, food,	digital/computer mapping to locate	Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-	including energy, food, minerals and
	minerals and water.	countries and describe features studied.	figure grid references, symbols and key (including	water.
	Use maps, atlases, globes and	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record	the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their	Use maps, atlases, globes and
	digital/computer mapping to locate countries	and present the human and physical	knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider	digital/computer mapping to locate
	and describe features studied.	features in the local area using a range	world.	countries and describe features studied.
	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical	of methods, including sketch maps, plans	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical
	and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of	and graphs, and digital technologies.	present the human and physical features in the	and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range
	methods, including sketch maps, plans and		local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital	of methods, including sketch maps, plans
	graphs, and digital technologies.		sketch maps, plans and grapns, and digital technologies.	and graphs, and digital technologies.
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