End of Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is orgainsed over 7 areas of learning rather than subject areas. The most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters ages ranges for three- and four-year olds and reception to match the programme of study for music are:

Communication and Language Physical Development Expressive Arts and Design

	Communication and Language	Physical Development	Expressive Arts and Design
FS1 By the end of the year children will be able to in the following areas of learning.	sing a large repertoire of songs	use large-scale movements to wave flags and streamers paint and make marks	listen with increased attention to sounds respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings remember and sing entire songs sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person 'pitch match' sing the melodic shape of familiar songs create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.
FS2 By the end of the year children will be able to in the following areas of learning.	listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound learn rhymes, poems, and songs	combine different movements with ease and fluency.	explore, use, and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills listen attentively, move to, and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.

ELG - sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs perform songs, rhymes, poems, and stories with others, (and when appropriate) try to move in time with music

Key Vocabulary End of EYFS

sing song rhymes poems move wave listen sounds loud / quiet stop hear feel play create music perform solo group high/low start bells tambourine drum beat copy idea share

End of Key Stage 1. National Curriculum Coverage. Pupils will be taught to:

- use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
- play tuned and untuned instruments musically listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
- experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music

Year 1	Listening and appreciating	Singing	Playing	Composition	Performance
	learn how they can enjoy moving to	to sing showing	treat instruments	As a class or small group	to know a performance
	music by dancing, marching, or being	awareness of melody	carefully and with	to create a simple song	is shared with other
	animals or robots/drones.	to follow instructions	respect	or rhyme.	people, called an audience
	To listen to music and say how they	on how and when	describe basic elements	learn how composition	
	feel about it create and combine		of a piece of music e.g.,	can be recorded as	perform a learnt song
	movements to music	to sing with a leader	volume, pace	images/notes	as a class with some
					accuracy
	listen to others perform and say how	to make different voice	make own sounds on	to know composing is	
	they were feeling about it	sounds make long and	percussion instrument	like writing a story with	say how they felt about
		short sounds imitate		music	their performance
	to understand what some songs are	changes in pitch - high	play percussion		
	about	and low in different	instrument with a song	to begin to understand	
		ways	they perform	that everyone can	
	to know 5 songs off by heart			compose	

	to recognise the sound of the	to find a comfortable	know the names of the		
	instruments they play in class	singing position to sing	instruments they are		
		5 songs from memory	learning to play in class.		
Key	To compose music create feelings notes	s pitch beat rhythm pulse ve	olume pace sounds loud / c	quiet long / short voice per	form audience
Vocabulary					

Year 2	Listening and	Singing	Playing	Composition	Performance
	appreciating				
	to learn how they can	follow the melody when	treat instruments	create a simple song,	to know a
	enjoy moving to music by	singing and in a performance	carefully and with	chant, or rhyme.	performance is shared
	dancing or marching	use voice to good effect	respect		with other people,
				create a simple melody	called an audience
	to learn how songs can tell	understanding the	make own sounds on	using 1 or 2 notes	
	a story or describe an idea.	importance of warming up	percussion		perform a learnt song
		first control their voice using	instruments	learn how the notes of	as a class with some
	to know 5 songs off by	long and short sounds		composition can be	control and accuracy
	heart taught across the		follow a simple piece	written down and	
	year in class and singing	use their own voice in	of written rhythmic	changed if necessary	In singing assembly
	assembly	different ways, including	notation		add their own ideas to
		using a loud or soft voice, high		to know composing is	the performance
	to know that songs have a	and low pitch	describe basic	like writing a story	
	chorus		elements of a piece of	with music	

		sing simple repeated phrases	music e.g., volume,		say how they felt
	to know that songs have a	change sounds to suit a	pace and emotion	to know everyone can	about their
	musical style	situation.		compose	performance
			describe how an		
		to find a comfortable singing	instrument has been		
		position	used e.g., follow a		
			melody		
		know that unison is when			
		everyone is singing together	learn the names of the		
			notes in their		
		to confidently sing 5 songs	instrumental part		
		from memory and in unison	either from memory or		
		including more extensive	written down		
		songs with verse and chorus			
			know the names of the		
		to know that some songs	instruments they are		
		include other ways of using	learning to play in		
		your voice eg: rapping	class.		
		(spoken word)			
Key	describe compose/composin	g chorus musical style rehearse p	oitch high / low rhythm uni	ison pulse notation melod	ly emotion posture
ocabulary	volume pace sounds control	loud / soft long / short chant rhy	me rap/rapping compose I	Perform(ance) recorder a	udience
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End of Key Stage 2. National Curriculum Coverage. Pupils should be taught to sing and play musically with increasing confidence and control. They should develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory. Pupils should be taught to:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use and understand staff and other musical notations
- appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- develop an understanding of the history of music

Year 3	By the end of the year pupils will be able to		
Listening and	to confidently identify and move to the pulse		
appreciating	to choose one song, explore the lyrics and to think about what the words of song mean		
	to take it in turn to discuss how a song makes them feel to listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about		
	music. To know 5 songs from memory and the style of music. identify the main sections of a song (introduction, verse, and		
	chorus)		
Singing	to sing 5 songs from memory with increasing accuracy in pitch		
	to have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing		
	show control in voice and pronounce the words clearly in song		
	to sing in unison and in 2 simple parts		
	to demonstrate a good singing posture		
	to follow a leader when singing		
	maintain a simple part in an ensemble		
	perform own part with increased control and accuracy when singing songs confidently in groups in a performance		

	identify the way sounds are used to accompany a song and are used to create different moods explore or select melodic sounds explore and recognise different combinations of pitch sounds To know and be able to talk about.
	Singing in a group can be called a choir leader or conductor is a person who the choir or group follow.
	Songs make you feel different things e.g., happy, sad, or energetic.
	Singing as a group or part of an ensemble can be fun but you must listen to each other.
	Why you must warm up your voice
Playing	to treat instruments carefully and with respect
	to follow a simple piece of written rhythmic notation
	to match one of the songs played on the percussion instruments.
	recognise and play 3 notes on a percussion instrument
	play a short piece of music with increasing fluency and accuracy using up to 3 different notes on a percussion instrument
Composition	explore or select melodic sounds compose a short piece of a music on a glockenspiel/or similar percussion instrument using up
(Year 3)	to 3 different notes
	to plan and create a short section of music that can be performed to match a section of chosen song.
	To be able to talk about how this was created.
	to listen to and reflect upon their developing composition and make musical decisions about the pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics
	and tempo To record their composition in a way that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphical/pictorial)
	notation)
	To know and be able to talk about.
	A composition is music created by you and recorded in a way that can be performed again to friends/audience.
	Different ways of recording compositions e.g., letter names, symbols, or audio
Performance	perform own part with increased control and accuracy when singing
	Sing songs, confidently in groups in a performance and in singing assembly.
	to communicate meaning through words and clearly articulate them

	to talk about how to sit or stand and the best place to be when performing
	to record a performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with and why
	explore on percussion instruments
	to perform to rehearse and perform their part on a percussion instrument of a chosen song
	To know and be able to talk about.
	Performance is about sharing music with other people, your audience.
	You can still perform to just one person, a couple, or many people.
	The audience could also include people you do not know.
	You need to know and rehearse everything you will perform.
	The need to sing or rap clearly and play with confidence.
	Performances are planned and different for each occasion.
	Performances involve communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas through song or music
Key Vocabulary	notes ensemble control mood loud / soft record rhyme symbols lyrics Glockenspiel Audience Change Compose perform(ance)
	Rehearse Posture chorus introduction verse pitch rhythm musical style dynamics melody tempo pace unison choir notation
	emotion leader

Year 4	By the end of the year pupils will be able to	
Listening and	to confidently identify and move to the pulse	
appreciating	to take it in turn to discuss how a song makes them feel	
	to listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about music.	
	To know five songs from memory, who wrote or sang them and the style of music.	
	to choose one song, explore the lyrics and think about what the words of song mean	
	identify the main sections of a song (introduction, verse, and chorus)	
	Name some of the instruments they have heard in a chosen song.	



	to identify the musical dimensions (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, and pitch) featured in the chosen song and where they
	have been used
Singing	to sing in unison and in simple two-parts with increasing confidence
	demonstrate a good singing posture
	to follow a leader when singing
	to explore singing solo explore and recognise different combinations of pitch sounds
	sustain a repeated melody to accompany singing in singing assembly and performances
	identify the way sounds are used to accompany song and are used to create different moods.
	maintain a simple part in an ensemble perform own part with increased control and accuracy
	to rejoin the song if 'lost'.
	To know and be able to talk about.
	Singing in a group can be called a choir.
	A leader or conductor is a person who the choir or group follow.
	Songs make you feel different things e.g., happy, sad or energetic. S
	inging as a group or part of an ensemble can be fun but you must listen to each other.
	Why you must warm up your voice.
Playing	play a short piece of music on the glockenspiel
	to perform follow a piece of written rhythmic notation of a chosen song
	recognise and play 3 notes on the glockenspiel and play a short piece of music with increasing fluency and increasing accuracy
	using 3 notes on the glockenspiel
	to rehearse and perform their part/piece of music
	to listen to and follow musical instruction from a leader
	to talk about the instruments, they learn to play in class
	to talk about instruments that they might play, others they know, a band or orchestra.
Composition (Year	explore or select melodic sounds
4)	compose a short piece of a music on a glockenspiel using up to 3 different notes with increasing complexity
	to plan and create a short section of music that can be performed and are able to talk to others about how this was created.
	to listen to and reflect upon their developing composition and make musical decisions about the pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics, and tempo.



	To record their composition in a way that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g., graphical/pictorial notation)
	To know and be able to talk about
	A composition is music created by you and recorded in a way that can be performed again to an friends/audience.
	Different ways of recording compositions e.g., letter names, symbols, or audio.
Performance	perform own part with increased control and accuracy when singing
	sing songs confidently in groups and singing assembly
	to communicate meaning through words and clearly articulate them
	to talk about how to sit or stand and the best place to be when performing
	to record a performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with and what they may change and why.
	To rehearse and perform their part on the glockenspiel or percussion instrument of their choice of a chosen song.
	To know and be able to talk about
	performance is about sharing music with other people, your audience
	you can still perform to just one person, a couple or many people. The audience could also include people you do not know you need to know and rehearse everything you will perform.
	the need to sing or rap clearly and play with confidence performances are planned and different for each occasion
	performances involve communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas through song or music
Key Vocabulary	introduction verse chorus musical style pitch dynamics rhythm melody tempo pace unison lyrics notation emotion leader choir
•	notes ensemble control mood loud / soft record rhyme symbols perform(ance) Glockenspiel audience change compose
	rehearse solo posture

Year 5	By the end of the year pupils will be able to
Listening and	think about the message of songs
appreciating	talk about how the music makes them feel
	listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about music
	choose two songs in the same style and talk about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences
	beginning to use musical terminology/ vocabulary
	know 5 songs from memory, who sang or wrote it, style of music, and begin to explore why they were written
	name some of the instruments used in songs
Singing	be aware of singing in tune, breathe well, pronounce words, and change pitch and dynamics
	begin to show control and expression in singing.
	explore different melodic patterns
	recognise and explore different combinations of pitch sound
	sing in harmony sing in a round with confidence
	experience singing solo demonstrate a good singing posture
	follow a leader when singing
	experience rapping
	sing in unison
	listen to each other and begin to be aware of how they fit into a group
	Maintain a more complex part within an ensemble
Playing	talk about different ways of writing music down e.g., staff notation, symbols.
	listen to and follow musical instructions from a musical leader
	follow a simple piece of written rhythmic notation play the guitar or percussion with the correct technique
	know, recognise, play, and read 2-3 notes and chords on the guitar
	play a short piece of music with increasing fluency and increasing accuracy on the guitar or percussion instrument
	talk about instruments that they might play, others they know, or instruments played in a band or orchestra
Composition (Year	5) explore and select different melodic patterns

	create a simple rhythm with up to 3 different chords
	record the composition that recognises the connection between sound and symbol e.g., graphic/pictorial notation
	To know and be able to talk about:
	A composition is a piece of music created by you that can be kept and played/performed again to an audience
	A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
	Notation is the connection between the sound and symbol
Performance	perform own part with increased control and accuracy
	when singing songs perform own part with increased control and accuracy
	when singing sing songs confidently in groups and singing assembly
	communicate meaning through words and clearly articulate them record a performance and say how they were feeling, what
	they were pleased with and what they may change and why. rehearse and perform their part on ukulele and percussion
	instrument of a chosen song and/or their composition
	begin to offer peer feedback to performances they have listened to, using some musical vocabulary
Key Vocabulary	introduction verse chorus musical style pitch dynamics rhythm melody tempo pace unison lyrics notation/notes emotion
•	leader choir staff/stave ensemble control mood loud / soft record rhyme symbols perform(ance) ukulele strum strings
	audience change compose chords rehearse solo posture



Year 6	By the end of the year pupils will be able to
Listening and	think about the message of songs
appreciating	talk about how the music makes them feel
	listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about music
	choose up to 4 songs and talk about their musical style, and their similarities and differences using musical
	terminology/vocabulary to explain their thoughts
	identify and move to the pulse with ease
	know 5 songs from memory, who sang or wrote it, when they were written and why
	identify the structure of songs (intro, chorus, verse)
Singing	sing in tune, breathe well, pronounce words
	sing from memory with confidence, with a strong internal pulse
	take turns to lead a group

	explore and select different melodic patterns
	recognise and explore different combinations of pitch sound
	show control and expression in singing.
	sing in unison and to sing backing vocals
	listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into a group demonstrate a good singing posture
	follow a leader when singing
	To know and be able to talk about
	How to keep the internal pulse
	How to create musical ideas for the group
	to copy or respond to How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or
	music
Playing	play the guitar / percussion instrument from memory with confidence
	play the guitar / percussion with the correct technique
	listen to and follow musical instructions from a musical leader
	talk about different ways of writing music down e.g. staff/stave notation, symbols.
	follow a short piece of written rhythmic notation including 4/5 chords recognise, play and read 4/5 notes and chords on the
	guitar / percussion play a short piece of music with increased confidence, fluency, and accuracy on the guitar / percussion
	lead a rehearsal session
Composition (Year 6)	explore and select different melodic patterns create a simple rhythm and reflect upon their developing composition and
	make musical decisions about it
	To know and be able to talk about:
	A composition is a piece of music created by you that can be kept and played/performed again to an audience
	A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure
	Notation is the connection between sound and symbol
Performance	choose what to perform and create a plan
	rehearse and perform their part on the guitar / percussion to communicate the meaning of words and clearly articulate
	them

	talk about the performing space and how to use it to its best effect record a performance and compare it to a previous performance discuss and talk 'musically' about their performance, "what went well" and "It would be better if" offer feedback to others about their performance using 'musical' vocabulary
	To know and be able to talk about
	Performing is sharing with an audience with confidence and belief
	A performance does not have to be drama, it can be one person to another
	Everything that they perform must be learned and rehearsed
	You must sing, rap clearly and play with confidence
	A performance can be a special occasion and involve and audience including of people they do not know, and it can be different for each occasion
	A performance involves communicating, ideas, thoughts, and feelings through songs/music
Key Vocabulary	introduction verse chorus musical style indicators pitch (internal)pulse dynamics rhythm melody tempo pace unison lyrics emotion leader notation/notes choir technique ensemble compose texture rehearse audience change control mood staff
	/ stave record rhyme symbols perform(ance) ukulele string strum chords reflect composition harmony solo communicate posture feedback