



	Autumn	Spring	Summer
REC	Self-portraits and family portraits		Jackson Pollock
	Painting	Andy Goldsworthy	American Painting
		British Sculptor and Environmentalist	Painter
	Vocabulary (Painting) – painting, artist, collage, paint		
	Vocabulary to describe paint- Thick, thin, wet, dry, dribble,	Vocabulary (Sculpture) - Sculpture, 3D, roll kneed, squash	Printing with fruit, vegetables and sponges.
	splatter, drip.	pinch	Vocabulary (Printing) - print, printing tools, rubbings,
			pattern, texture
	Firework Printing	Artwork to Illustrate the Season	
		Finger Printing	Collage– Exploring Textures
	Drawing (throughout the year)		Vocabulary (Collage) - collage, cut out, glue, tissue, layer,
	Vocabulary (Drawing) – Drawing, pencil, crayon, mark		texture.
	making, chalk, lines.		

Year 1	Painting What are the primary and secondary colours? (Linked to progression document)	Paul Klee Male (1879-1940) German and Swiss Painter Expressionism, Cubism and Surrealism	<u>Jon Burgerman</u> Male Fine art, urban art and pop culture	Drawing How are lines and shapes used in drawing? (Linked to progression document)	Collage Mixed Media (linked to progression document) Key Learning 'Collage'	Sculpture How can recycled materials be used to create sculpture? (Linked to progression document) Key Learning ' Sculpture'
	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Painting'</li> <li>To explore primary and secondary colours.</li> <li>To represent primary and secondary colours on a colour wheel. To experiment with warm and cool colours.</li> <li>To paint from observation.</li> <li>To combine paint and collage.</li> <li>Control paint on a paint brush</li> <li>Vocabulary – names for all secondary colours, primary colours, cool colours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NC Objectives</li> <li>Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures.</li> <li>Record and explore ideas from first hand observation, experience and imagination.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NC Objectives <ul> <li>Review what they have done and say what they think and feel about it.</li> <li>Describe what they can see and express likes and dislikes.</li> <li>Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work.</li> <li>Identify what they might change in their current work.</li> <li>Ask questions about a piece of art.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Drawing'</li> <li>To explore a range of different drawing mediums to create and invent a range of lines.</li> <li>To explore how famous artists use lines and shapes to create works of art.</li> <li>To link a range of lines together to create a piece of artwork.</li> <li>To explore how shapes can be used to create a piece of artwork.</li> <li>To experiment with overlapping shapes.</li> <li>Vocabulary – drawing, observation, abstract, cartoon, tone, scale, shape, line, patterns, observation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To appreciate and discuss the work of great artists.</li> <li>To collect, sort and arrange materials according to colour, texture.</li> <li>To fold, crumple, tear and overlap materials.</li> <li>To use sketchbooks to design collage creations.</li> <li>To arrange and glue materials on to a background.</li> <li>To use a combination of materials inc. photocopied material, fabric, plastic, tissue, magazines, crepe paper.</li> <li>Vocabulary- collage, mixed media, layers, organic shapes, background</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>*Experiment with construction and joining recycled materials <ul> <li>Use joining techniques of gluing, paperclips and masking tape.</li> <li>Work with others to create a group piece of artwork using recycled materials.</li> <li>To appreciate the work of great sculpting artists.</li> <li>Communicate reasons, thoughts, observations and feelings.</li> <li>Create models using recycled materials.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vocabulary - Malleable Material, Joining Models 3D, Roll, Kneed, Squash Pinch, sculpture</li> </ul>

Year 2	Lowry, LS	Painting	Drawing	<b>Kandinsky</b>	Collage	Printing
	Male	How can paint be used to	How are landscapes	Male	Painting with paper	Styrofoam Printing (linked to
	English	create different effects?	created?	Russian	(linked to progression	progression document)
	(1887-1976)	(linked to progression	(linked to progression	Nonfigurative Art (Painting)	document)	
	Scenic Painter	document)	document)	1866-1944	Key Learning 'Collage'	
	Drawing/Painting		E. I		Key Learning Conage	
	Portraits		Explores tone using different grades of pencil,		• Understand	
	Painting Scenes of Life		pastel and chalk		that collage is	
			paster and chark	Drawing/ Painting	layering	
	NC Objectives			Symbolic Landscapes	different	
	• Explore the		NC Objectives	NC Objectives	materials and	Key Learning 'Printing'
	differences and	Key Learning 'Painting'	Review what	Ask and answer questions	sticking them	
	similarities within	• Mix primary colours	they have done	• Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their	on a	• Make a simple relief
	the work of artists,	to make secondary colours.	and say what	work.	background.	print using own ideas.
	craftspeople and		they think and	<ul><li>Identify what they might</li></ul>	• Can create a	• Know that printing ink
	designers in different	• Understand how to create texture to	feel about it.	change in their current work.	collage by	is used when printing
	times and cultures.	paint by adding	• Describe what	• To ask questions about a piece	layering	and not paint.
	• Record and explore	different materials eg	they can see and	of art.	different	• Create a repeating
	ideas from first hand observation,	sand, salt etc.	express likes and		materials and	pattern using their
	experience and	,	dislikes.		sticking them on a	printing block.
	imagination.	Vocabulary - strokes,			background.	
	iniuginution.	thickness, tint, tone, washes,			Cut a variety	Vocabulary - Printing, inks,
		blocking, application, textures	Vocabulary – Landscape,		of shapes to	block, relief, pattern, repeating, design, fabric,
			background, horizon,		complete a	design, labric,
			middle ground, foreground, observation,		composition.	
			blending		• Investigate	
			blending		creating	
					texture with	
					paper e.g.	
					scrunching and	
					screwing paper	
					up to create a	
					composition.	
					Vocabulary -	
					Composition, collage,	
					techniques scrunching,	
					layering, rolling, tearing,	
					background, foreground,	
					texture.	

Year 3	<u>Giorgio Morandi</u>	Mixed Media	Kehinde Wiley	Sculpture	Printing	Paintings
	Male	Weaving	American Portrait	How is clay and other malleable	Collagraph Printing	What are complementary
	(1890-1964)		Painter – Known for his	materials used to create 3D	(linked to progression	colours and how do artists use
	Drawing Techniques – <i>How</i> are hatching and cross-		Naturalistic Paintings of African Americans	<i>models?</i> (linked to progression	document)	them? Painting (linked to progression document)
	hatching methods used to		African Americans	document)		progression document)
	create tone in drawings?			uocumenty		
	(Linked to progression					
	document)					NC Objectives
	,		NC Objectives			• Review what they and others
	NC Objectives	TZ T	• Learn about the work of	V. L	Key Learning	have done and say what they
	• Look at the work of a range	Key Learning 'Mixed Media'	different artists' and	Key Learning '3D'	'Printing'	think and feel about it.
	of artists and craft makers and	• Create a background using a wash (using paint inks-Brusho	painting styles and look at	• Can plan, design, make and adapt models according to the	<ul> <li>Create printing blocks</li> </ul>	• Describe what they can see and
	say which pieces of art they	etc)	art for study and for	topic or theme.	using a relief method.	give an opinion about the work
	like best and why.	• Overlay their work with	pleasure.	• Can join clay with increasing	• Create repeating	of an artist.
	• To replicate some of the techniques used by notable	drawing media (pastels,	• Understand how to make sensible judgments about	control using slips.	patterns.	
	artists, craft makers and	pencils, pens etc).	their ability in order to	• Can talk about their work	• Print with two colour overlays.	
	designers.	• Choose a suitable media for	improve.	understanding how it has been	• Can design patterns of	
	• To talk about how they could	different purposes.	improve.	modeled and constructed.	increasing complexity	
	improve their work and offer	• Begin to use pastels in		• Can use a variety of techniques	and repetition.	
	advice to others.	different ways eg mixing,		and tools to create surface	• Create a repeated	Vocabulary – Colour wheel,
		hatching, blending.		patterns.	pattern using more than	primary colours, secondary
					one colour.	colours, complementary colours
	Vocabulary- Hatching / cross			Vocabulary - Clay, slip, join,		
	hatching, textures, reflection,	Vocabulary - Mixing,		tile, engrave, model, construct,		
	shades, first-hand observation,	hatching, wash, overlay, mixed		pattern, line, shape, clay tools		
	secondary source images	media, pastels, stippling,				
		blending, cross hatching			Vocabulary - Pattern,	
					repeating, shape,	
					repetition, ink, roller,	
					block, relief print.	

Year 4	Tawera Tahuri Female Mixed Media Artist covering a wide range of mediums and techniques. Mixed Media	<b>Printing</b> Rivers of the World 'The Story of Water' International Project	Collage <u>Mosaics</u> (linked to progression document)	Barbara Hepworth Female (1903-1975) English Artist and Sculptor	Drawing Techniques How are shadows and reflections created in drawings? (linked to progression document)	Painting Techniques How do you mix colours to match objects? (linked to progression document)
	Mixed Media NC Objectives • Compare the work of a range of artists and craft makers and say which pieces of art they like best and why. • Create original pieces that are influenced by the studies of notable artists and designers. • Talk about how they could improve their work and offer advice to others.	Artwork based on rivers, starting with the Blue Nile. NC Objectives • Gather and review information, references and resources related to their ideas and intentions. • Use a sketchbook for different purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas and begin to choose their own style of recording. • Explore the work of artists who use different media and identify which techniques they may have been used. Vocabulary- relief printing, positive space, negative space, pattern	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Collage'</li> <li>Experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering to create images and represent textures.</li> <li>Use collage as a means of collecting ideas and information and building a visual vocabulary.</li> <li>Vocabulary - Collage, shape, overlap, tearing, layering, background</li> </ul>	Sculpture NC Objectives • Learn about the work of different artists' and painting styles and look at art for study and for pleasure. • Understand how to make sensible judgments about their ability in order to improve.	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Drawing'</li> <li>Show increasing pencil control (eg. can draw selected detail).</li> <li>Produce a growing range of patterns and textures with a single pencil.</li> <li>Use a range of tones using a single pencil.</li> <li>Work from direct observation and imagination.</li> <li>Can solidly infill shapes using shading from light to dark.</li> </ul> Vocabulary – Drawing mediums, Shades, tone, textures, graduating tones, shading, infill, light, dark,	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Painting'</li> <li>Experiment with different effects and textures including block colour, washes and thickened paint creating textural effects.</li> <li>Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task.</li> <li>Select the correct paint for the purpose.</li> <li>Use a colour wheel to identify contrasting and complimentary colours.</li> <li>Vocabulary – Tint, tone, shade, hue, washes, block colour, effects, consistency, contrasting, complimentary, colour wheel, watercolour paint, acrylic paint, poster paint.</li> </ul>
Year 5	<u>Salvador Dali</u> Male (1904-1989)	Drawing Techniques How do architects and designers use drawing?	<u>Lisa Fittipaldi</u> (Blind Artist) Female	Printing- <i>Multi technique</i> <i>printing</i> (linked to progression document)	Painting Techniques- How do you create moods in paintings?	Collage <u>Quilling</u>

Spanish Surrealist Artist Sculpture/Buildings	(Linked to progression document)	United States Painting/Mixed Media		(Linked to progression document)	(linked to progression document)
Sculpture NC Objectives • Use correct language when talking about art, using some of the language of art, formal elements. • Compare ideas, methods and approaches to their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about it. • Fairly appraise their own work and understand how to improve it.	<ul> <li>NC Objectives</li> <li>Use sketch books to record observations and develop ideas.</li> <li>Annotate work in sketch books to explain the process involved.</li> <li>Select preferences of different artist techniques.</li> <li>Makes careful and considerate judgments about their own and others work.</li> </ul> Vocabulary – architect, architecture, design, designers, viewfinder, first-hand observation, secondary source images.	NC Objectives • Build their knowledge of how other artists' make art, including the work of other peoples and cultures, past and present. • Use evaluation to understand what they need to do to improve.	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Printing'</li> <li>Create printing blocks by simplifying a sketch book idea.</li> <li>Use relief or impressed method.</li> <li>Create prints with three overlays.</li> <li>Work into prints with a range of media e.g. Pens or paints.</li> </ul> Vocabulary - Printing block, relief, impress, overlay, ink, simplifying, media	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Painting'</li> <li>Paint with a developing ability to create form, e.g. applies shadows and highlights where appropriate.</li> <li>Control the amount of paint they need to use and/or use water so that they don't obliterate under-drawings or finer details.</li> <li>Control the amount of paint and water when painting; for blending, reducing hue and improving the translucency of colour.</li> <li>Vocabulary – Shade, highlight, control, obliterate, blending, hue, translucency, inspiration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Collage'</li> <li>Add collage to a painted, printed or drawn background.</li> <li>Use a range of media to create collages.</li> <li>Use different techniques, colours and textures when designing and making pieces of work.</li> <li>Use collage as a means of extending work from initial ideas.</li> </ul> Vocabulary - Background, foreground, middle ground, collage, techniques, texture, media, composition

Year 6	<u>Katsushika Hokusai</u> 1760-19849 Japanese Artist Painter and Printmaker Printing	Painting Techniques- <i>What is composition?</i> (linked to progression document)	Flora Wallace London-based ceramicist, specialising in functional porcelain sculptures Ceramics/Sculpture	Drawing Techniques How is detail created in drawing to make them look realistic? (Linked to progression document)	Sculpture/3D (linked to progression document)	Collage <i>Textiles</i> (linked to progression document)
	<ul> <li>NC Objectives</li> <li>Use sketch books to record observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.</li> <li>Build and apply their knowledge of how other artists' make art, including the work of other peoples and cultures, past and present.</li> <li>Use evaluation to understand what they need to do to improve and that all artists do this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Painting'</li> <li>Control the density of paint to make things appear lighter and further away or with more intense hues to bring them closer, such as when painting landscape.</li> <li>Begin to use simple perspective in their paintings/compositions.</li> <li>Can identify and mix tertiary colours.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NC Objectives</li> <li>To annotate work in sketch books to further their understanding of the art process they have followed.</li> <li>To select preferences of different artist techniques and apply some of these techniques to their own work.</li> <li>To make careful and considerate judgments about their own and others work without comparing their own work to that of others.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Drawing'</li> <li>Use a range of drawing media (pencil (including different grades of pencil), ink, biro, pastel, charcoal etc.)</li> <li>Use perspective in their drawings.</li> <li>Draw the layout of a figure in motion.</li> <li>Select different techniques for different purposes: shading, smudging,</li> <li>Confidently use language appropriate to skill and techniques.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key Learning 'Sculpture/3D'</li> <li>Shape, model and construct from observation or imagination.</li> <li>Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work.</li> <li>When painting 3D forms and models can choose the type of paint needed, preparation required and number of layers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NC Objectives</li> <li>Learn to develop oral skills when talking about art, using some of the language of art, formal elements etc.</li> <li>Compare ideas, methods and approaches to their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about it.</li> <li>To fairly appraise their own work and understand how to improve it, accepting criticism of other pupils.</li> <li>Vocabulary- batik, wax, muslin, dye, Tjanting</li> </ul>
		<b>Vocabulary</b> – Composition, tint, tone, shade, intensity, density, perspective, composition, tertiary colours.		Vocabulary – Shades, proportions, shade, enlarge, observation, media, pastel, ink, charcoal, grades of pencil, shading, layout, figure, perspective, techniques, blending.	<b>Vocabulary -</b> Shape, model, construct, observe, form, layers, sculpture, armature (skeleton).	

KS2 Gifted and Talented Children- Alison Lambert Photography/ Digital/ Textile Skills covered in other areas of the curriculum (Design Technology/ ICT)