Carmel College Curriculum Implementation – KS 4 Long term plan Subject: **French** 

	Year 10	Year 11
Autumn half term 1+2 Sequential knowledge and skills	Home & Local Area – GCSE (Unit 5)	My Studies – GCSE (Unit 9 and 10)
	VOCABULARY	VOCABULARY
	(see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)	(see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)
	<ul> <li>To describe your home/town/region   To express opinions about your home/town/region and justify them   To say what there is/isn't in your town and what we can/can't do there   To say what you do/did/are going to do in your town   To say what your home/town/region used to be like To say what your ideal home/town/region would be like To say what problems there are in your home/town/region To say what we could/should do to improve your town</li> <li>GRAMMAR Agreement and position of adjectives   Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas de)   Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas de)   Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas de)   Modal verb "pouvoir" (present)   Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas de)   Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Describing your school and subjects U</li> <li>Describing a day in school U</li> <li>Describing school life in different countries</li> <li>Comparing school life in France and Great Britain</li> <li>Talking about school rules and uniform U</li> <li>Talking about your ideal school</li> <li>GRAMMAR</li> <li>Using de after quantities</li> <li>Revision of using the perfect tense of regular -er verbs U</li> <li>Emphatic pronouns</li> <li>Adverbs of time and place U</li> <li>Revision of the perfect tense of -ir and -re verbs U</li> <li>Revision of the perfect tense of irregular verbs U</li> <li>Revision of the perfect tense with être</li> <li>Using the comparative of adverbs</li> <li>Superlative adverbs</li> <li>Revision of using pouvoir, vouloir and devoir U</li> <li>Revision of the conditional U</li> <li>Time phrases U</li> </ul> PHONICS <ul> <li>Pronunciation rules.</li> <li>How accents affect pronunciation</li> <li>-oi, -au, -ais, -ez</li> <li>Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.</li> </ul>
	PHONICS – some potential pitfalls	<ul> <li>Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Rez-de-chaussée</li> <li>Bruit / bruyant</li> <li>Douillet</li> <li>Trop de</li> <li>Embouteillage</li> <li>Choix / chose</li> <li>Avoir besoin de</li> </ul>	different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.  PHONICS – some potential pitfalls
Autumn assessment	Summative Assessment made up of some or all the following:  GCSE PAST PAPER PRACTICE  VOCABULARY  listening comprehension, reading comprehension, translation into English, translation into TL.  GRAMMAR  Testing of adjectives, verbs / tenses, gender of articles, prepared writing  PHONICS	Summative Assessment made up of some or all the following:  GCSE PAST PAPER PRACTICE  VOCABULARY  listening comprehension, reading comprehension, translation into TL.  GRAMMAR  Testing of adjectives, verbs / tenses, gender of articles, prepared writing  PHONICS
Autumn half term 2 Sequential knowledge and skills	Home & Local Area – GCSE (Unit 5) (CONTINUED)  VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)  To describe your home/town/region U To express opinions about your home/town/region and justify them U To say what there is/isn't in your town and what we can/can't do there U To say what you do/did/are going to do in your town U To say what your home/town/region used to be like To say what your ideal home/town/region would be like To say what problems there are in your home/town/region To say what we could/should do to improve your town  GRAMMAR	Transcription, prepared speaking, identifying sounds and silent letters.  Education Post-16 – GCSE (Unit 11 and 12)  VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)  Talking about future studies U Talking about future options Discussing university and apprenticeships  GRAMMAR Using the pronouns ce qui and ce que U Using intensifiers Revision of si clauses in the present tense Si clauses with the future tense Using quand clauses with the future tense Two-verb structures U  PHONICS

	<ul> <li>Agreement and position of adjectives U</li> <li>Negative sentences followed by de (il n'y a pas de) U</li> <li>Modal verb "pouvoir" (present) U</li> <li>Past, present and future of regular verbs U</li> <li>Imperfect ("avoir" and "être")</li> <li>Conditional ("avoir", "être", "pouvoir", "devoir")</li> <li>PHONICS         <ul> <li>Pronunciation rules.</li> <li>How accents affect pronunciation</li> <li>a / é-er-es-ez-et / an-am-en-em / oi / gn / ez</li> <li>Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.</li> <li>Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.</li> </ul> </li> <li>PHONICS - some potential pitfalls         <ul> <li>Rez-de-chaussée</li> <li>Bruit / bruyant</li> <li>Douillet</li> <li>Trop de</li> <li>Embouteillage</li> <li>Choix / chose</li> <li>Avoir besoin de</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pronunciation rules.</li> <li>How accents affect pronunciation</li> <li>-oi, -au, -ais, -ez</li> <li>Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.</li> <li>Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.</li> <li>PHONICS – some potential pitfalls</li> <li>Les renseignmenets</li> <li>Ancient</li> <li>Décevant</li> <li>Un stage</li> <li>Les horaires</li> </ul>
Continuous assessment	Formative Assessment made up of the following: Key writing tasks (2 per half term) Knowledge organiser (1 per half term) Key homework tasks practicing vocabulary, grammar and phonics (at least 2 per half term)	GCSE MOCK EXAM — November This will consist of a full GCSE exam (reading, writing, speaking and listening) conducted under exam conditions.
Spring half term 3 Sequential knowledge and skills	Social issues – GCSE (Unit 6)  VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)  Talking about charities Describing charity work Understanding the importance of charities Comparing past with present U My school day U	Career Choices and Ambition – GCSE (Unit 11 and 12)  VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)   Talking about job preferences and part-time work Discussing how to get a job Talking about the advantages and disadvantages of jobs  GRAMMAR

Spring assessment	<ul> <li>Le tabagisme</li> <li>Caritative</li> <li>Perdre du poids</li> </ul> Summative Assessment made up of some or all the following: GCSE PAST PAPER PRACTICE VOCABULARY	Summative Assessment made up of some or all the following:  GCSE PAST PAPER PRACTICE  VOCABULARY
	PHONICS  O Pronunciation rules. O How accents affect pronunciation O ueil / é-er-es-ez-et / an-am-en-em / oi / -ais / gn / è ℧  Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them. O Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.  PHONICS − some potential pitfalls O J'aimerais O Accueillir O Soigner O Pauvre / la pauvreté	PHONICS  Pronunciation rules.  How accents affect pronunciation  ueil / é-er-es-ez-et / an-am-en-em / oi / -ais / gn / é  Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.  Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.  PHONICS – some potential pitfalls  Céréales, déjeuner, dîner  Augmentation  Coiffeur / coiffeuse  Mécanicien  Magasin  Les clients
	<ul> <li>GRAMMAR</li> <li>Indefinite pronouns</li> <li>The conditional of vouloir and aimer ♥</li> <li>En + present participle</li> <li>Vouloir que + subjunctive</li> <li>Using ce que</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Using verbs of liking and disliking U</li> <li>Using verbs of liking and disliking in the conditional U</li> <li>The passive voice in the present tense</li> <li>Revision of comparatives and superlatives U</li> <li>Avoiding the passive</li> <li>Recognising the passive in the past and the future</li> </ul>

listening comprehension, reading comprehension, translation into English, translation into TL.

### **GRAMMAR**

Testing of adjectives, verbs / tenses, gender of articles, prepared writing

listening comprehension, reading comprehension, translation into English, translation into TL.

## **GRAMMAR**

Testing of adjectives, verbs / tenses, gender of articles, prepared writing

	PHONICS	PHONICS
	Transcription, prepared speaking, identifying sounds and silent letters.	Transcription, prepared speaking, identifying sounds and silent letters.
Spring half term 4 Sequential knowledge and skills	Global issues– GCSE (Unit 7)	GCSE Revision
	VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)	Spring half term 4 and Summer half term 5 will be used for exam preparation and revision of topics.
	<ul> <li>Discussing social issues</li> <li>Discussing inequality</li> <li>Discussing poverty in the world</li> </ul>	Me, my family and friends (Unit 1) + Technology in everyday life (Unit 2)
		VOCABULARY
	GRAMMAR	(see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)
	<ul> <li>The imperative (vous form) </li> <li>The imperative (tu form)</li> <li>Verbs of possibility </li> <li>Permettre de + infinitive</li> <li>The subjunctive</li> <li>Present-tense forms of the subjunctive</li> <li>PHONICS         <ul> <li>Pronunciation rules.</li> <li>How accents affect pronunciation</li> <li>a / é-er-es-ez-et / an-am-en-em / oi / -ment / gn / è </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To talk about yourself and your family </li> <li>To say who you get on/argue with in your family and why </li> <li>To describe your friends and family members</li> <li>To discuss different types of families </li> <li>Talking about personal relationships</li> <li>Talking about future relationships</li> <li>Discussing future relationship choices</li> <li>Answering unprepared questions</li> <li>Talking about communicating online</li> <li>Talking about the uses of social media </li> <li>Advantages and disadvantages of mobile technology</li> <li>Discussing the uses of mobile technology</li> <li>Discussing pros and cons of social media</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.</li> <li>Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.</li> </ul> PHONICS – some potential pitfalls	<ul> <li>Discussing the benefits and dangers of mobile technology</li> <li>GRAMMAR</li> <li>Present tense of irregular verbs ("Avoir" and "Etre") </li> <li>Possessive pronouns (all)</li> <li>Reflexive pronouns (present) </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>L'environnement</li> <li>Inquiétant</li> <li>Organisation caritative</li> <li>Réchauffement</li> <li>Réduire</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Direct object pronouns</li> <li>Comparative and Superlative U</li> <li>The immediate future and the future tense U</li> <li>Direct and indirect object pronouns</li> <li>The future tense U</li> <li>The present tense of common irregular verbs</li> <li>Using grâce à</li> <li>Aller, faire and other common irregular verbs U</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>The pronouns moi, toi, lui and elle</li> <li>The present tense of regular -ir and -re verbs </li> <li>Using on </li> <li>PHONICS</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Pronunciation rules.</li> <li>How accents affect pronunciation</li> <li>a / é-er-es-ez-et / an-am-en-em / oi / -ment / gn / è </li> <li>Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.</li> <li>Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.</li> </ul>
		PHONICS – some potential pitfalls
Continuous assessment	Formative Assessment made up of the following: Key writing tasks (2 per half term) Knowledge organiser (1 per half term) Key homework tasks practicing vocabulary, grammar and phonics (at least 2 per half term)	Formative Assessment made up of the following: Key writing tasks (2 per half term) Knowledge organiser (1 per half term) Key homework tasks practicing vocabulary, grammar and phonics (at least 2 per half term)
Summer half term 5 Sequential knowledge and skills	Travel and Tourism— GCSE (Unit 8)  VOCABULARY (see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)	Freetime activities (Unit 3) + Customs and festivals (unit 4)  VOCABULARY
	<ul> <li>Describing holiday destinations  </li> <li>Talking about holiday preferences  </li> <li>Describing holidays in detail  </li> <li>Talking about holiday activities  </li> <li>Talking about visiting different places in France  </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)</li> <li>Talking about television, music and films U</li> <li>Talking about leisure activities / food U</li> <li>Discussing world food and eating habits</li> <li>Talking about celebrations</li> </ul>

• Talking about visiting French towns and cities **U** 

### **GRAMMAR**

- Using prepositions for countries and modes of transport
- Using negatives
- Sequencing words and phrases
- Depuis + the present tense
- The pronoun *y*
- Revision of the perfect tense with avoir 5
- Revision of the perfect tense with être
- Revision of the imperfect tense of –er verbs
- Revision of the imperfect tense of avoir, être and faire
- Using three-time frames : past, present and future
- Revision of the imperfect tense
- Revision of using the imperfect and perfect tenses together
- Après avoir / être + past participle
- *Venir de* + infinitive. **U**

### **PHONICS**

- Pronunciation rules.
- How accents affect pronunciation é è
- Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.
- Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.

## **PHONICS** – some potential pitfalls

- Loger
- Trop de
- Heureusement / malheureusement
- Plusieurs

### Talking about festivals

Describing international festivals

#### **GRAMMAR**

- Quantities
- Adverbs of frequency
- Verb + infinitive
- The pronoun en
- Demonstrative pronouns (celui / celle)
- Revision of the perfect tense with être
- The rules of agreement in the perfect tense
- Using common expressions in the imperfect tense
- The imperfect tense of common verbs
- Deciding between the perfect and imperfect tenses

### **PHONICS**

- Pronunciation rules.
- How accents affect pronunciation é è
- Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.
- Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.

## PHONICS – some potential pitfalls

- feuilleton
- avoir peur
- o jeu télévisé
- o végétarien
- o defile
- o muguet
- o rire
- se déguiser

#### Continuous assessment

### Formative Assessment made up of the following:

Key writing tasks (2 per half term)
Knowledge organiser (1 per half term)

Key homework tasks practicing **vocabulary**, **grammar** and **phonics** (at least 2 per half term)

### Formative Assessment made up of the following:

Key writing tasks (2 per half term)

Knowledge organiser (1 per half term)

Key homework tasks practicing vocabulary, grammar and phonics (at least 2 per half term)writing, translation into TL.

Summer half term 6
Sequential knowledge and skills

# Travel and Tourism— GCSE (Unit 8) (CONTINUED)

## **VOCABULARY**

(see GCSE vocab booklet for exact words)

- Describing holiday destinations
- Talking about holiday preferences **U**
- Describing holidays in detail **U**
- Talking about holiday activities **U**
- Talking about visiting different places in France **U**
- Talking about visiting French towns and cities **U**

#### **GRAMMAR**

- Using prepositions for countries and modes of transport  ${\circlearrowleft}$
- Using negatives
- Sequencing words and phrases
- Depuis + the present tense
- The pronoun *y*
- Revision of the perfect tense with avoir **U**
- Revision of the perfect tense with être  $\circlearrowleft$
- Revision of the imperfect tense of –er verbs **U**
- Revision of the imperfect tense of avoir, être and faire
- Using three-time frames : past, present and future
- Revision of the imperfect tense
- Revision of using the imperfect and perfect tenses together
- Après avoir / être + past participle
- *Venir de* + infinitive. **U**

#### **PHONICS**

- Pronunciation rules.
- How accents affect pronunciation é è
- Letters will be underlined to show students that we don't pronounce them.
- Some words / parts of words will be displayed in a different colour to show students that they are pronounced differently from expected.

PHONICS – some potential pitfalls

N/A

	<ul> <li>Loger</li> <li>Trop de</li> <li>Heureusement / malheureusement</li> <li>Plusieurs</li> </ul>	
Summer Exam	Summative Assessment made up of some or all the following:  GCSE PAST PAPER PRACTICE This will consist of a part of a GCSE exam (reading, writing, speaking and listening) conducted under exam conditions.	FINAL GCSE EXAM