CASTLE NEWNHAM

Performing Arts

DRAMA-MUSIC-DANCE-FILM

Curriculum Map & Long Term Plans: Music

Topic 1	Topic 2	Торіс 3	Topic 4
Beat, Rhythm, Pulse 1 (EG)	Beat, Rhythm, Pulse 2 (EG)	Singing and Performing (JAS)	Singing and Performing (JAS)
 Lesson 1 - Conducting WALT: Understand what pulse means, feel it in the music and conduct along Key questions - What is the pulse of your body? Lesson 2 - Rhythm Grids WALT - Understand what a Rhythm Grid is and how it relates to the pulse Key questions - What is pulse in music? How do we count the pulse? Lesson 3 - We will Rock you WALT - Use understanding of the pulse to be able to stomp and clap along to We Will Rock You Key questions - What is a rhythm grid? How do we count a rhythm grid? Lesson 4 - The Greatest Showman WALT - Use our knowledge of rhythm grids to follow and stomp and clap along to part of The Greatest Showman https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VId Onhk-jwo 	Lesson 1 - Rhythm Cafe WALT: Use words to be able to read and clap simple rhythm notation Key Vocabulary or Key Questions : What is pulse? What is a syllable? What is a syllable? What is a rhythm grid? Lesson 2 - Rhythm percussion WALT: Use percussion instruments to follow and play basic rhythm notation Key Vocabulary or Key Questions : Tea Coffee Coca-cola Pulse Lesson 3 - WALT: Follow a moving score to play a specific instrument at the correct time Key Vocabulary or Key Questions : How do we know when to play? What can help us play at the right time? Tea	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Let's Jam' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/1125-lets-jam/ WALT: Learn to sing Let's Jam and identify new instruments Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? What does the music sound like? Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'The Rockpool rock' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/543-the-rockpool-rock/ WALT: Learn to sing the Rockpool Rock WALT: Learn to perform the Rockpool Rock with actions Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? What does the music sound like? What does the music sound like? Where do we need to take a breath to make sure we don't run out?	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Let's go fly a kite' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/425-lets-go-fly-a-kite/ WALT: Learn to sing Let's go Fly a Kite WALT: Learn to perform Let's go Fly a Kite with actions Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? What does the music sound like? How do we stand to make sure we sing our best? Where do we need to take a breath to make sure we don't run out? Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'Monster Mash' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/384-monster-mash/ WALT: Learn to sing Monster Mash WALT: Learn to perform Monster Mash with actions Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? What does the music sound like? How can we change the way we sing to help represent different characters?

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Key questions -	Coffee		
How do we know when to do which	Coca-cola		
actions when reading a rhythm grid?	Pulse	Lesson 5 and 6	
		Learn and perform 'Down by the Bay	Lesson 5 and 6
Lesson 5 -The Greatest Showman 2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6M	https://www.singup.org/song-	Learn and perform 'True Colors'
WALT - Use our knowledge of rhythm	NLgJRXtGw&list=PL2mHraZxoflx-X-	bank/song/542-down-by-the-bay/	https://www.singup.org/song-
		bannyoong/onz down by the bay/	
grids to follow and stomp and clap	l6jdM-oKMRO0T_p9MI&index=3	WALT: Learn to sing the Down by the	bank/song/793-true-colors/
along to all of The Greatest Showman		Bay	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1H		WALT: Learn to sing True Colours
Key questions -	b5_TK6Uks&list=PL2mHraZxofIx-X-	WALT: Learn to perform Down by the	WALT: Learn to perform True Colours
How can we make sure we are all in	l6jdM-oKMRO0T_p9MI&index=1	Bay with actions	with actions
time with each other?			
	Lesson 4 - Composing with words	Key Questions -	Key Questions -
Lesson 6 - Can't stop the feeling	<i>WALT:</i> Use words to help us write our	What instruments can you hear?	What instruments can you hear?
WALT - Use our knowledge of rhythm	own piece of rhythmic percussion	What does the music sound like?	What does the music sound like?
		Where do we need to take a breath to	
grids to follow and stomp and clap	music	make sure we don't run out?	How do we stand to make sure the air
along Can't stop the feeling whilst		How do we need to stand to make	moves the best?
attempting to sing the chorus	Key Vocabulary or		Where should we take some of our
	Key Questions :	sure we sing our best?	breaths in this song?
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=92	How can we make sure that we can		What emotion would you use to
gf8dAlhUw	play our composition nicely?	Additional song if needed:	describe this song? How can we
	How can we make our composition	Learn and perform 'Dancer in the ring'	change our volume to fit that emotion?
Key Questions -	more interesting?	https://www.singup.org/song-	
How do we start a performance?	Tea	bank/song/422-dancer-in-the-ring/	No additional song - if more lessons
now do we start a performance :	Coffee		are in the cycle, recommend spending
Lessen 7 Llust Can't Mait to be	Coca-cola		
Lesson 7 - I Just Can't Wait to be			longer on each song.
King	Pulse		
WALT - Use our knowledge of rhythm	Volume		
grids to follow and stomp and clap	Louder		
along I Just Can't Wait to be King	Quieter		
whilst attempting to sing the words.			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Lesson 5 - Composing and		
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kq	practising		
of84 WR1s	WALT: Continue developing a		
	composition with a second section		
	Kaussaabulans/Kau Ouratianas		
	Key vocabulary/Key Questions:		
	How can we make our composition		
	more interesting?		
	Can we change the way we play the		

	instruments we have? Tea Coffee Coca-cola Pulse Volume Louder Higher Lower Long Short Lesson 6 - Practice and perform WALT: Perform a composition in front of the rest of the class Key vocabulary/Key questions: How should we behave when we are performing or watching a performance? Tea, Coffee, Coca-cola, Pulse, Volume, Louder , Higher, Lower, Long Short		
 Progression aims: Keep a steady pulse with some accuracy, (e.g. through tapping, clapping, marching, playing) Follow simple instructions of how and when to play Copy back simple rhythms National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods understand and explore how music is created, produced 	 Progression aims: Clap/play syllables of words Play and explore a variety of classroom instruments Play and control long and short, loud and soft and high and low sounds National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods understand and explore how music is created, produced 	 Progression aims: Enjoy singing with others Sing in unison with a small range of notes Make physical movements that represent sounds (e.g. move like a snake, an elephant, grow like a tree in response to music) Respond to changes in tempo and dynamics (loud /soft) through movement e.g. marching, big/small gestures 	 Sing with a steady pulse Identify at least 3 instruments by name and sound

 and communicated, including through: dynamics, tempo, and appropriate musical notations. experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music 	 and communicated, including through: dynamics, tempo, and appropriate musical notations. Play untuned instruments musically Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music 	 National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, texture, timbre use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes 	 National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, texture, timbre use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
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Topic 1	Topic 2	Торіс 3	Topic 4
Musicianship project: Glockenspiel	Musicianship project: Glockenspiel	Singing and Performing	Singing and Performing
Lesson 1		Lesson 1 and 2	Lesson 1 and 2
Twinkle Twinkle Little Star	Lesson 1	Learn and perform 'Any dream will do'	Learn and perform 'Unstoppable'
WALT: Understand what the Glockenspiel	Graphic scores	https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/478-any-dream-will-do/	https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/1091-unstoppable/
is and how to follow a score to play a song	WALT: Understand and follow a graphic	bank/song/478-any-dream-will-do/	bank/song/1091-unstoppable/
	score	WALT: Learn to sing Any Dream Will	WALT: Learn to sing Unstoppable
Key Questions:		Do	5 11
Why are the chime bars different sizes? How do we stay on time with each other?	Key Questions: What does graphic mean?	WALT: Learn to perform Any Dream	
now do we stay on time with each other?	What does score mean?	Will Do with actions	Key Questions -
Lesson 2	How can we represent images through	Key Questions	What instruments can you hear?
Learn a <u>song</u> in pairs	sound?	Key Questions - What instruments can you hear?	How would you describe the music? Where might you hear this music?
	Lesson 2	What does the music sound like?	What message do you think the words
WALT: Follow music to play a piece in	Composing using 3 notes - Rhythm	Where might you hear this music?	are trying to say?
pairs		Is there any change in sections?	
Key Questions:	WALT: Write a piece of music using 3		
How can you make sure you and your	notes		Lesson 3 and 4
partner keep in time?	Key Questions:	Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'in every way'	Learn and perform 'walking on sunshine'
How can we make a performance more	What might composing mean?	https://www.singup.org/song-	https://www.singup.org/song-
interesting?	What can we do to change the sound on a chime bar?	bank/song/1073-in-every-way/	bank/song/394-walking-on-sunshine/
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3YG GcVdgjDE - Hot Cross Buns	What does rhythm mean?	WALT: Learn to sing In every Way	WALT: Learn to sing Walking on
Gevagine - Hot cross Buils	Lesson 3	WALT: Learn to perform In every way	Sunshine
	Making graphic scores	with actions	WALT: Learn to perform Walking on
Lesson 3			Sunshine and perform it with actions
Soundscapes	WALT: Create a graphic score based on		Kay Quastiana
WALT: Understand what a soundscape is	our 3 note composition	Key Questions	Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? HOw
and start developing ideas for our own	Key Questions:	Key Questions - What instruments can you hear?	many?
Key Overtiener	What is a Graphic score?	How would you describe the music?	How would you describe the music?
Key Questions: What does soundscape mean?	How can we change a graphic to change the sound?	Where might you hear this music?	Where might you hear this music?
What emotions can a soundscape give	What is rhythm? How can we change it?	Is there any change in sections? What	Is there more than one section?
you?		has changed?	Where does it change?

How can we represent places through			
sound?	Lesson 4		Lesson 5 and 6
	Developing compositions	Lesson 5 and 6	Learn and perform 'rockstar'
		Learn and perform 'Dance to your	https://www.singup.org/song-
Lesson 4	WALT: Using our graphic score to help,	daddy'	bank/song/795-rockstar/
Creating a soundscape	develop our current composition by adding	https://www.singup.org/song-	<u>v</u>
	percussion	bank/song/424-dance-to-your-daddy/	WALT: Learn to sing Rockstar
WALT: To start developing a group	Kay Overtiener	barny song/+2+ dance to your daday/	WALT: Learn to perform Rockstar and
soundscape based on the beach, starting	Key Questions: What is a percussion instrument?	WALT: Learn to sing Dance to your	perform it with actions
with pitched percussion	How can we use two instruments at the		
Key Questions:	same time?	Daddy	Key Questions
What sounds are we used to hearing at the	What is pitch?	WALT: Learn to perform Dance to	Key Questions -
beach?		your Daddy with actions	What instruments can you hear? How many?
How can we represent the beach sounds	Lesson 5	Key Questions -	How would you describe the music?
on a glockenspiel?	Developing graphic score	What instruments can you hear?How	Where might you hear this music?
How can we write music to represent our	WALT: Recap our composition from last	many are there	Who might perform this music?
soundscape? What is a melody?	week and add to our graphic score so that	How does the music make you feel?	Is there more than one section?
What is rhythm?	it represents our new composition	Where might you play this music?	Where does it change?
	in represents our new composition	Is there any change in sections?	What about the music helps us know
Lesson 5	Key Questions:	Where? What changes?	that you are singing about a Rockstar?
Developing our soundscapes	How can we represent different	Where? What changes?	
	instruments in a graphic score?		
WALT: Using unpitched percussion,	How would you show different sections on	No additional song - if more lessons	No additional cong. if mars lossons
develop your soundscapes to include new	a graphic score?	are in the cycle, recommend spending	No additional song - if more lessons
sounds	How would someone else know what to	longer on each song.	are in the cycle, recommend spending
	play when they look at your graphic score?		longer on each song.
Key Questions:			
How can we use unpitched percussion to	Lesson 6		
develop our music?	Performance		
What can we do to change the sound on			
unpitched percussion?	WALT: Perform your piece of music to the		
What is rhythm?	class whilst following your graphic score		
How can we represent our new music on			
our written music?	Key Questions:		
	What is Pulse?		
Lesson 6	What is Rhythm?		
Group performances	How do we stay in time with each other? What went well about others'		
WALT: Perform our soundscapes to the rest of the class	performances? What could be improved?		
Key Questions:			
What is rhythm?			

What is pulse? Prompt questions: What went well?Even better if? I really liked it when This bit sounded good because I think it could be developed by			
 Progression aims: Keep a steady pulse Play simple rhythms from traditional notation /graphic notation Demonstrate the difference between pulse and rhythm Play a simple melody solo or in a group Interpret simple graphic score Improvise freely using 3 given notes Create and play a simple graphic score on a theme Identify classroom instruments and describe their timbre 	 Progression aims: Show awareness and blend with others when performing Play a simple melody solo or in a group Play an accompaniment part (e.g. drone, repeating rhythmic part) Create a soundscape or story - include, pitch, tempo and a start / ending Clap back a different simple rhythm Create a simple rhythmic passage Identify the difference between pitched and unpitched instruments National curriculum links: 	 Progression aims: Sing loudly and softly with control Sing back simple melodic idea Sing broadly in tune Show (through movement) and describe how elements change (e.g. music gets faster or louder) National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose 	 Progression aims: Sing with expression and communicate context of song Join in with actions and story-telling and invent relevant actions Begin to show and awareness of different genres (e.g. Where might we hear this music? Lullaby, party, festival) Identify where elements change (e.g. music gets faster or louder) National curriculum links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including

 perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through: dynamics, tempo, timbre, duration, pitch and appropriate musical notations. Play tuned instruments musically Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music 	 of historical periods understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through: dynamics, tempo, timbre, duration, pitch and appropriate musical notations. Play tuned instruments musically Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music 	 music on their own and with others understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, texture, timbre use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes 	 the works of the great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, texture, timbre use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
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Topic 1	Topic 2	Торіс 3	Topic 4
Musicianship project: Glockenspiel (EG)	Music Technology	Singing and Performing	Singing and Performing
Lesson 1 Twinkle Twinkle Little Star	Lesson 1	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'How far i'll go'	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'can't stop the feeling'
WALT: Understand what the Glockenspiel is and how to follow a score to play a song	WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create graphic scores	https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/899-how-far-ill-go/	https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/846-cant-stop-the-feeling/
Key Questions: Why are the chime bars different sizes? How do we stay on time with each other?	Key Questions: What is a graphic score? What does the word sequence mean?	WALT: Learn to sing How Far I'll go WALT: Learn to perform How Far I'll go	WALT: Learn to sing Can't stop the Feeling WALT: Learn to perform Can't stop the feeling in 2 parts
Lesson 2 Learn a <u>song i</u> n pairs	Lesson 2	Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many?	Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How

Performing Arts: Music Curriculum

WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create a How would you describe the music? manv? WALT: Follow music to play a piece in melody on the melody maker Where might you hear this music? What style of music do you think this pairs Is there more than one section? is? Kev Questions: Where does it change? Where might you hear this music? Kev Questions: What is a melodv? Is there more than one section? How can you make sure you and your How many words can you spell with the Lesson 3 and 4 Where does it change? How? first 7 letters of the alphabet? partner keep in time? Learn and perform 'Shine' How can we make a performance more What is tempo? https://www.singup.org/song-Lesson 3 and 4 interestina? bank/song/535-shine/ Learn and perform 'see you again' Lesson 3 https://www.singup.org/song-Lesson 3 bank/song/880-see-you-again/ Soundscapes WALT: Learn to sing Shine WALT: Learn to perform Shine WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create WALT: Understand what a soundscape is WALT: Learn to sing See you Again different rhythms with varying layers and start developing ideas for our own WALT: Learn to perform See you Key Questions -Again in 2 parts What instruments can you hear? How Kev Questions: Key Questions: What is rhvthm? manv? What does soundscape mean? Key Questions -What is texture? What emotions can a soundscape give How would you describe the music? What instruments can you hear? How What is tempo? Where might you hear this music? you? many? How can we represent places through Is there more than one section? What style of music do you think this sound? Lesson 4 Where does it change? is? How should we start and end every Where might you hear this music? WALT: To begin developing a song using performance? What new style of singing are we song maker by copying and mirroring a Lesson 4 usina? sequence Lesson 5 and 6 Creating a soundscape What can we do to make sure we Learn and perform 'Big Sing Up Key Questions: portrav the correct emotion of the Mambo' WALT: To start developing a group sona? soundscape based on the beach, starting https://www.singup.org/song-What is a melodv? with pitched percussion bank/song/579-big-sing-up-mambo/ What is instrumentation? Lesson 5 and 6 How many beats are in a bar? Learn and perform 'wanna be like you' Key Questions: WALT: Learn to sing Big Sing up What sounds are we used to hearing at the https://www.singup.org/song-Mambo beach? bank/song/207-i-wanna-be-like-you/ Lesson 5 WALT: Learn to perform Big Sing up How can we represent the beach sounds Mambo on a glockenspiel? WALT: Learn to sing Wanna be Like WALT: Write a song, starting with the How can we write music represent our You melody, using song maker Key Questions soundscape? WALT: Learn to perform Wanna be What instruments can you hear? How What is a melody? Key Questions: like You in 2 parts What is rhvthm? manv? What style of music do you think this What is a melody? Key Questions -Lesson 5 is? What is a rhythm? Developing our soundscapes What instruments can you hear? How Where might you hear this music? What is a bar in music? manv?

 WALT: Using unpitched percussion, develop your scoundscapes to include new sounds Key Questions: How can we use unpitched percussion to develop our music? What can we do to change the sound on unpitched percussion? What is rhythm? How can we represent our new music on our written music? Lesson 6 Group performances WALT: Perform our soundscapes to the rest of the class Key Questions: What is rhythm? What is pulse? Prompt questions: What went well?Even better if? I really liked it when This bit sounded good because I think it could be developed by 	Lesson 6 WALT: Develop a melody by adding a percussion part What is rhythm? What is a melody? What is percussion?	Is there more than one section? Where does it change? How? No additional song - if more lessons are in the cycle, recommend spending longer on each song.	What style of music do you think this is? Where might you hear this music? How would you compare this song to the previous song that we have learnt? No additional song - <i>if more lessons</i> are <i>in the cycle, recommend spending</i> <i>longer on each song.</i>
 Progression aims: Keep a steady pulse Play simple rhythms from traditional notation /graphic notation Demonstrate the difference between pulse and rhythm Play a simple melody solo or in a group Interpret simple graphic score Improvise freely using 3 given notes 	 Progression aims: National Curriculum Links: improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory develop an understanding of the history of music. 	 Progression aims: Sing with appropriate phrasing/breathing Sing with a larger range of notes Sing in two parts (e.g. a round in a large group) Identify simple genres e.g. pop, folk, classical, rap, Bhangra National Curriculum links: listen with attention to detail 	 Progression aims: Sing with clear diction Sing songs from different musical genres/ cultures (e.g. rock, folk, traditional, historical, lullaby, Africanchant, Gospel, Raga, Hymns) Identify simple structures (repeating melody, introduction, verse/chorus) Describe a single piece in terms of tempo, dynamics and mood

Торіс 1	Topic 2	Торіс 3	Topic 4
Musicianship project: recorder (JAS)	Music Technology	Singing and Performing	Singing and Performing
Lesson 1 Introduction to recorder and Spooky Spinney Story WALT: hold a recorder and blow it Key Questions:	Lesson 1 <i>WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create graphic scores</i> Key Questions: What is a graphic score? What does the word sequence mean?	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'let love shine through' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/826-let-love-shine-through/ WALT: Learn to sing Let Love Shine Through WALT: Learn to perform Let Love	Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'I can see clearly now' <u>https://www.singup.org/song-</u> <u>bank/song/108-i-can-see-clearly-now/</u> WALT: Learn to sing I can See Clearly Now focussing on diction WALT: Learn to perform I can See
What is a recorder? What sound does it make? What family of instruments does the recorder belong to? Lesson 2 WALT: play Note B on the recorder	Lesson 2 WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create a melody on the melody maker	Shine Through in 2 parts Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many? What style of music do you think this is?	Clearly in 2 parts Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many? What style of music do you think this is?
Key Questions: How do you hold a recorder? Which hand do we use to cover the holes on the recorder? What are note values?	Key Questions: What is a melody? How many words can you spell with the first 7 letters of the alphabet? What is tempo?	Where might you hear this music? How should we stand when we perform? Lesson 3 and 4	Where might you hear this music? How should we stand when we perform? How should each performance begin and end?
Lesson 3 WALT: confidently play Note B on the recorder Key Questions:	Lesson 3 WALT: Use Chrome Labs to create	Learn and perform 'happy' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/848-happy/ WALT: Learn to sing Happy	How can we make sure we sing in time with everyone singing the same part as you? How do we portray the emotion of the song in the way we sing it?
How do we play note B on the recorder? Can anyone show the class? What family of instruments does the recorder belong to? Do you need to tune the instrument? What is a quaver? Lesson 4 WALT: play Note A on the recorder	different rhythms with varying layers Key Questions: What is rhythm? What is texture? What is tempo?	WALT: Learn to perform Happy in 2 parts Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many? What style of music do you think this is? Where might you hear this music?	Lesson 3 to 6 Learn and perform 'Gospel medley' https://www.singup.org/song- bank/song/136-gospel-medley/ Additional song Learn and perform 'i've got rhythm' https://www.singup.org/song-

Key Questions: How do we play Note A on the recorder? What does our right hand do when playing the recorder? How do you breathe into a recorder? What is a minimum? Lesson 5 WALT: confidently play Note A on the recorder Key Questions: How do we play note A on the recorder? Can anyone show the class? What is crochet? Lesson 6 WALT: Perform what you know! Key Questions: How should we act when someone else is performing? What is good posture for instrument playing?	Lesson 4 WALT: To begin developing a song using song maker by copying and mirroring a sequence Key Questions: What is a melody? What is instrumentation? How many beats are in a bar? Lesson 5 WALT: Write a song, starting with the melody, using song maker Key Questions: What is a melody? What is a nelody? What is a hythm? What is a bar in music? Lesson 6 WALT: Develop a melody by adding a percussion part What is rhythm? What is rhythm? What is rhythm? What is percussion?	 How should we stand when we perform? How should each performance begin and end? Lesson 5 and 6 Learn and perform 'count on me' https://www.singup.org/song-bank/song/587-count-on-me/ WALT: Learn to sing Count on Me WALT: Learn to perform Count on Me in 2 parts Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many? What style of music do you think this is? Where might you hear this music? How should we stand when we perform? How should each performance begin and end? How can we make sure we sing in time with everyone singing the same part as you? No additional song - if more lessons are in the cycle, recommend spending longer on each song. 	bank/song/479-i-got-rhythm/ WALT: Learn to sing I've Got Rhythm focussing on diction WALT: Learn to perform I've Got Rhythm in 2 parts Key Questions - What instruments can you hear? How many? What style of music do you think this is? Where might you hear this music? How should we stand when we perform? How should each performance begin and end? How can we make sure we sing in time with everyone singing the same part as you? How do we portray the emotion of the song in the way we sing it? What areas might we focus on?
 Progression aims: Play longer and more complex rhythms Follow a conductor adapting to changes in dynamics and tempo Play a simple melody in 2 parts with 'step by step' movement 	Progression aims:	 Progression aims: Sing with even tone across the dynamic range with clear open vowels Sing with facial expression and good posture 	 Progression aims: Identify common orchestral and non-orchestral instruments by sight and sound Listen to music with simple chords

 Play showing 2 techniques on an instrument (e.g. recorder - vibrato) National Curriculum Links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression use and understand staff and other musical notations 	 National Curriculum Links: perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians 	 Show awareness and blend with others when singing Demonstrate good performance technique (entry, posture, acknowledgement of audience etc.) National curriculum links: develop an understanding of the history of music. use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence 	 Use different voices e.g. talking, whisper, squeaky and monster voice confidently Identify and describe different textures, e.g. solo, duet Observe and discuss the music of at least 3 culturally diverse musicians Describe and compare different pieces of music in terms of history, culture and purpose National curriculum links: develop an understanding of the history of music. use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence
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Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Autumn 1 Key project: Piano Lesson 1 Fingers, keyboard notes WALT: Learn the notes on the piano, and finger numbers Key Questions - What are notes? How do we find the note D on the keyboard? Why do we label our fingers	Autumn 2 Aladdin Lesson 1 Learn Friend Like Me (Vocals) Lesson 2 Learn Friend Like Me (Vocals) Lesson 3 Learn A Whole New World on the keyboard (Treble Clef)	Spring 1 Singing and Performing Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Ain't no mountain high enough' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/83-ain/ Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'Oh Happy Day' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/96-oh-happy-	Spring 2 Musicianship project: Piano Lesson 1 WALT: Draw a treble clef on the stave WALT: Play Minor scales with the right hand Lesson 2 WALT: Understand how a bass clef works and how to draw it on a stave	Singing and Performing Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Skyfall' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/770-skyfall/ Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'I won't give up' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/631-i-wont-	Composition project: Piano/ensemble Lesson 1 Introduction to Chords WALT: How to play chords on the piano Key Questions - What is a chord? What are the two main
Why do we laber our hingers using numbers? Lesson 2 Rhythm and notes WALT: Learn about note values, and sharps/flats Key Questions - What are the note values? What do we call the black keys on a piano? What is a Treble Clef?	Lesson 4 Practise: A Whole New World on they keyboard (Bass Clef) Lesson; 5 Practise A Whole New World on they keyboard (Duet) Lesson 6 Perform: A Whole New	<u>g-bank/song/96-oh-happy-</u> <u>day/</u>	WALT: <i>Play Minor scales</i> <i>with the left hand</i> Lesson 3 Introduction to 'Little Prelude' WALT: <i>How to map out the</i> <i>proper finger technique for</i> <i>Little Prelude</i> Lesson 4 Practise: Little Prelude	give-up/ Lesson 5 and 6 Learn and perform 'Hello' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/827-hello/	types of chords? Lesson 2 Chord Progressions Lesson 3 Pentatonic Improvisation Lesson 4 Writing a melody Lesson 5 Finalising and practice
Lesson 3 Learning scales WALT: Learn about scales and how to play them on the piano Key questions - Why might scales be useful? How can we play a scale	World		Lesson 5 Practice: Little Prelude Lesson 6 Perform: Little Prelude		Lesson 6 Showcase/performance

without running out of fingers? What is Pitch in music?			
Lesson 4 Mary had a Little Lamb (1 hand)			
WALT: Learning to play Mary had a little lamb			
Key Questions - Which hand should we use to play the melody? What note values are used in this song?			
Lesson 5 Mary had a Little Lamb (2 hands / duet)			
WALT: Learning to play together			
Key Questions - What do we call a performance with 2 people? How many beats are in each bar? What is a good way to keep in time with each other?			
Lesson 6 Performance assessment			
WALT: Perform in front of an audience			
Key Questions - How should we act when watching a performance?			

 Progression aims: Play a melody with 'step by step' movement, small leaps and repetition Play a piece using 2 chords or more Discuss and refine performances, deciding on appropriate tempo and dynamic Improvise with call and response ideas Show awareness of simple chord changes and harmony National Curriculum Links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure Progression Aims: Sing with a range of an octave or more Make adjustments to intonation Breathe without interrupting the musical line Sing songs in two parts that have contrasting melodies and countermelodies National Curriculum Links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure 	 Progression aims: Discuss and refine performances, deciding on appropriate tempo and dynamic Breathe without interrupting the musical line Improvise with call and response ideas National curriculum links: develop an understanding of the history of music. use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and 	 Progression aims: Play longer and more complex rhythms in different metres Show awareness of simple chord changes and harmony Experiment with taking control of tempo and dynamics in group playing understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations play and perform in solo and ensemble 	 Progression aims: Compare 2 versions of the same song/music and discuss instruments, tempo Identify a wider range of orchestral and non-orchestral instruments by name sight and sound Listen to and discuss a range of non-western styles (e.g. Chinese, Indian, African) National curriculum links: develop an understanding of the history of music. use and understand staff and other musical notations appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and 	 Progression aims: Compose a simple chord sequence Compose and notate a piece with more than one section. Include musical variations such as texture, dynamic, tempo Improvise and compose using pentatonic notes over a drone or chord pattern Compose a rap with an accompanying rhythm understand and explore how music is created produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical
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 musical notations play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression use and understand staff and other musical notations listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory 	from great composers and musicians • learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence • listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence	their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression use and understand staff and other musical notations listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	 recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory 	 play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression use and understand staff and other musical notations improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Singing and Performing: Musical Theatre Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Another day of sun' https://www.singup.org/son g-bank/song/890-another- day-of-sun/ WALT: Learn how to sing and Perform Another day of Sun Key Questions - What makes musical theatre music different from other music? What do you think is the meaning of the song? How would we perform this if we were on stage? How can we change the way we sing it to better portray the emotions?	Musicianship project: ukulele (See booklet for detailed lesson outline) Lesson 1 - Chord Diagrams WALT: Learn how to read a Chord Diagram and play a it on the Ukulele Key Questions - Can you name all the musicals we looked at in the last scheme? Which element of music means volume? Which family of instruments does the trumpet belong to? Lesson 2 - Next to Me Singing	Singing and Performing Lesson 1 and 2 Learn and perform 'Stereo Hearts' https://www.singup.org/so ng-bank/song/817-stereo- hearts/ Lesson 3 and 4 Learn and perform 'Rather be' https://www.singup.org/so ng-bank/song/622-rather- be/ Lesson 5 and 6 Learn and perform 'Video killed the radio star' https://www.singup.org/so ng-bank/song/625-video- killed-the-radio-star/	Musicianship Project: brass bandLesson 1 - The Basics WALT: Holding the instrument and making a soundKey questions:What is a Brass instrument?What is a Brass instrument?What does warming up the instrument mean?What's the difference between the Trumpet, Baritone and Trombone?Lesson 2 WALT: Playing a noteKey questions:What is a mouthpiece? How do we make a	Musicianship Project 2: ukulele Lesson 1 - Learning I Gotta feeling WALT: Sing the song 'I Gotta feeling' by the Black Eyed Peas Key questions: Can you name the instruments involved? Is there anything different you notice about the vocals? Can you tell how many beats there are in a bar in this piece of music? Lesson 2 - Learning I Gotta feeling WALT: Finish learning to sing the song 'I Gotta feeling' by the Black Eyed Peas	Singing, Songwriting and Performing Lesson 1 - What's in a song? WALT: Identify the common features of a song structurally and instrumentally and be able to play a section of a song Lesson 2 - Building a chord progression WALT: Build a triad and play a 1 IV V progression Lesson 3 - Writing Lyrics WALT: Write lyrics based on a story of our own creation

	WALT: Learn how to sing	sound?	Key questions:	Lesson 4 - Making the
Lesson 3 and 4	Next to me as a class and	How do we hold our	Can you name the	lyrics fit your music
Learn and perform 'Seasons of love'	recap on the Ukulele	instrument?	instruments involved?	WALT: Take the lyrics
https://www.singup.org/son	chords learnt last lesson	How do we warm up?	What is the effect on the	we have written and set
g-bank/song/821-seasons-			vocals?	them to a melody for our
of-love/	Key Questions -	Lesson 3	Can you remember how	songs
	What is the name for the	WALT: Tonguing a note	many beats there are in	-
WALT: Learn how to	hole in a Ukulele?		a bar in this piece of	Lesson 5 - Putting a
sing and Perform	Which element of music	Key Questions:	music?	song together
Seasons of Love in 2	means speed?	How do we create a		WALT: Develop our song
parts	Which family of	sound?	Lesson 3 - Recapping	to include more than one
parts	instruments does the	What can we do to make	Ukulele	instrument
	oboe belong to?	a note happen exactly	WALT: Recap how to	
Key Questions -		when we want to?	play the Ukulele and	Lesson 6 - Performing
	Lesson 3 - Next to me	What makes a Brass	learn the chords for I	WALT: Perform our song
What do you think is the	Chords	instrument different to	Gotta feeling	to the rest of the class
meaning of the song?	onorus	other families of	Colla reemig	
How would we perform	WALT - To recap on the	instruments?	Key Questions:	
this if we were on stage?	chords and words for		Rey Questions.	
How can we change the	Next to Me and to start		How do we read Ukulele	
way we sing it to better		Lesson 4	chord charts?	
portray the emotions?	playing the chords as a			
How do we make sure	small group	WALT: Playing a 2 note	What is a strumming	
this performance looks	Kaul	piece	pattern?	
more professional?	Key Questions-	Ke O settere	Can you remember how	
	What is a strum pattern?	Key Questions:	to play any chords?	
Lesson 5 and 6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Learn and perform 'Go the	Which family of	What note are we	Lesson 4 - Learning	
distance' https://www.singup.org/son	instruments does the	playing when no valves	Ukulele TAB	
g-bank/song/472-go-the-	Cello belong to?	are used/the slide is up?		
distance/	What is an ostinato?	How do we play the note	WALT: Read and play	
distance		B?	from Ukulele tab	
WALT: Learn how to	Lesson 4 - Group	Is B higher or lower than		
sing and Perform Go the	Practice	C?	Key Questions:	
Distance			What makes tab different	
Distantoo	WALT - Practice as an	Lesson 5	from notation?	
	ensemble and be in time	WALT: Learning another	Why are Guitar and	
Key Questions -	with each other when	note, playing another	Ukulele tab different?	
What do you think is the	playing the Ukulele	piece	What should we do with	
meaning of the song?			our right hand to be able	
How would we perform	Key questions -	Key Questions:	to play tab?	
		-		

Progression aims:	a note is? What is the name for the top of the Ukulele? Which is the highest sounding string instrument? Progression aims:	Progression aims:	Progression aims:	positive and helpful to the group? Progression aims:	Progression aims:
	WALT - To perform Next to Me as a group to the rest of the class Key questions - Which element of music			Key Questions: How can we be a good audience? How do we conduct ourselves when we are performing? How do we give	
	How do we know which fingers to use when playing a chord? What is the name for the main part of the Ukulele? Lesson 6 - Performance		we have enough air to play a piece of music? What sound do we need to make with our tongue to make sure the sound happens quickly?	Lesson 6 - Performing WALT: Perform with our group and give feedback on others	
	Key questions - What are frets on Guitars and Ukuleles?		How many beats does a crotchet last? How can we make sure	practice? How can we make sure we stay in time with each other?	
How can we change our performance to suit the different sections of the music and where does it change?	Lesson 5 - Group Practice WALT - To rehearse the chords in time and attempt adding the lyrics		Lesson 6 WALT: PLay and perform both pieces learnt Key Questions:	Key Questions: How do we make sure our performance is well rounded? What makes effective	
this if we were on stage? How can we change the way we sing it to better portray the emotions? How do we make sure this performance looks more professional?	Which 3 chords have we learnt on the Ukulele? What does tempo mean? Which family of instruments do Timpani belong to?		What valve/ position do we need for the note B? How many beats does a semibreve last? How many beats does a minim last?	Lesson 5 - Putting a performance together WALT: Create a group performance of I Gotta feeling	

 Maintain good intonation through whole song Have access to follow music using simple traditional notation Convey the meaning and the context of the song with dramatic interpretation Show an understanding of the etiquette of performance and communicate with confidence to an audience Identify structures within music (e.g. verse, chorus, intro, bridge, repeat etc.) National curriculum links: learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the 	 Sing with confidence and good communication as a soloist or in a small group Play a chord sequence Make choices about appropriate blending in an ensemble Show and understand the etiquette of performance and communicate with confidence to an audience Identify structures within music (e.g. verse, chorus, intro, bridge, repeat etc.) Critique own and others' work, offering specific comments and justifying these National curriculum links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, 	 Maintain good intonation through whole song Have access to follow music using simple traditional notation Convey the meaning and the context of the song with dramatic interpretation Show an understanding of the etiquette of performance and communicate with confidence to an audience Demonstrate an awareness of the historical development of music Identify structures within music (e.g. verse, chorus, intro, bridge, repeat etc.) National curriculum links: learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have 	 Play from more complex notations including pitch, dynamic, rhythm and expressive contexts Play more complex rhythms Discuss the differences in texture and music group (e.g. string quartet, orchestra, duet) Use appropriate musical vocabulary to describe particular characteristics (e.g. chords, staccato, forte, riff, bassline) National curriculum links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate 	 Play a chord sequence Make choices about appropriate blending in an ensemble Show and understand the etiquette of performance and communicate with confidence to an audience Improvise freely using given notes within a structure e.g. drone, 12 bar blues, beatbox Critique own and others' work, offering specific comments and justifying these National curriculum links: understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate 	 Show and understand the etiquette of performance and communicate with confidence to an audience Compose a simple chord sequence and suitable melody Compose an ostinato/riff for an accompaniment Collaborate, compose and notate a song with more than one section Critique own and others' work, offering specific comments and justifying these Play a melody with 'step by step' movement, larger leaps, repetition and appropriate phrasing/articulation National curriculum links: learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical
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	 develop an understanding of the history of music. 	from different traditions and from great composers and musicians • develop an understanding of the history of music	of the history of music.	of the history of music. • improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music	 composers and musicians develop an understanding of the history of music improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations. use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence
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Performing Arts: Music Curriculum