## **RELIGIOUS EDUCATION DIRECTORY 2023**

### YEAR FOUR BRANCH ONE: CREATION AND COVENANT



CCC Links	Knowledge lens content
Abraham YCfK 157	Hear
(footnote) YC 8	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts:
CCC 59, 72,	<ul> <li>The story of Abraham, focusing an the following key texts:</li> </ul>
1080, 2570-2572 Covenant	The call of Abram (Gen 12:1-5)
CCC 762, 839	<ul> <li>The Abrahamic covenant (Gen 15:1–6)</li> <li>Abraham and Sarah (Gen 18:1–15)</li> </ul>
Canon of Scripture	Abraham and Isaac (Gen 221-18)
CCC 120	<ul> <li>(Optional) The stary of Joseph, focusing on the following key texts<sup>363</sup></li> <li>Gen: 37:2-35, 41:1-42, 44:1-17, 33-34, 45:1-5, 16-20</li> </ul>
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know some facts about:
	<ul> <li>The historical, cultural, and religious context out of which Abraham was called.</li> <li>The importance of understanding historical context to appreciate the literal sense of</li> </ul>
	biblical stories.
Abraham YCfk 157	Believe
(footnote) CCC 762, 839	By the end of this unit of study, students will know that the Church teaches that
Theological virtues YC 305-309	<ul> <li>God's covenant with Abraham is the foundation of the faith of the people of the Old and New Testaments: Judaism and Christianity</li> </ul>
CCC 1814-1816, 1840-1841	<ul> <li>Faith is believing in God, trusting what God reveals, and following God's loving purpose to live a good life.</li> </ul>
Prayer YC 471 CCC 2570-2572	<ul> <li>Through living out virtues of faith, hope, and love (sametimes referred to as charity), Christians are drawn into a closer relationship with the Holy Trinity.</li> </ul>
Agnus Dei	Abraham is a model of how to pray.
YC 214 CCC 1354-1355	Celebrate
Characteristics of Christian	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
prayer YC 493 CCC 2662	<ul> <li>Age-appropriate extracts from prayers of faith in God from the Catholic tradition. (For example, Ps 40:1, the St Therese prayer, 'May today there be peace within', St John Henry</li> </ul>
Theological	Newman's 'Mission of my Life', Bl Charles de Foucauld's 'Prayer of Abandonment'.)
lirtues C 305-309	Live
CCC 1814-1816, 1840-1841	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
	The virtues of faith, hope, and love.
	<ul> <li>The life and work of a person who was an example of faith made active in love, e.g., the intervention of Cardinal Manning in the London dockworker's strike.</li> </ul>

Key vocabulary	
covenant	forgiveness
Abraham	virtue
Sarah	faith
Isaac	hope
Joseph	love

Expected outcomes	
	Understand
R	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to:
U4.1.1.	Show some understanding of the historical context of Abraham (and Joseph) and the cultural and religious context out of which he was called. (RVE)
U4.12.	Retell the story of Abraham, ensuring it is accurate in sequence and detail and shows an understanding of the term 'covenant'.
U4.1.3.	Show an understanding of the story of Abraham and Isaac (Genesis 22:1-18), recognising the importance of historical context in explaining the meaning of this story then and now.
U4.1.4.	Recognise that God's covenant with Abraham is the foundation of the faith of the people of the Old and New Testaments: Judaism and Christianity.
U4.1.5.	Show some understanding of how the decisions of Abraham (and Joseph) were informed by their faith, hope, and love in God.
U4.1.6.	Make links between prayers that show trust in God and the virtues of faith, hope, and love.
	Discern
$\bigtriangledown$	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about what they have studied, for example, through:
D4.1.1	Describing and explaining the virtues: faith, hope, and love making links between these virtues of and the life of a person who was an example of faith made active in love (e.g., the intervention of Cardinal Manning in the Landon dockworker's strike in 1889).
D412	Explaining why they think Abraham is seen as a model of prayer.
	Respond
S	During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by:
R4.1.1.	Considering how their own lives and the lives of their communities could be transformed by the virtues of faith, hope, and love. (RVE)
R4.1.2.	Reflecting on how the virtues of faith, hope and love help them to be a good neighbour. (RVE)
R4.1.3.	Reflecting on the challenges and blessings Abraham (and Joseph) experienced and how their faith played a part in how they reacted.

# YEAR FOUR BRANCH TWO: PROPHECY AND PROMISE

CCC Links	Knowledge lens content
Canon of Scripture YC 14 CCC	Hear
120	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts:
Elijah CCC 522, 718 John the Baptist CCC 523- 524, 717-720 Isajah	<ul> <li>The miracle of the flour and the oil (1 Kings 17:7-14)</li> <li>Elijah's encounter with God: the journey 1 Kings 19:4-8, The meeting: 1 Kings 19:9-15</li> <li>The preaching of John the Baptist (Matt 31-12 and Mk 1:1-8)</li> <li>Isaiah 40:3 (contained within the gospel accounts)</li> <li>The ancestry of Jesus (Matt 1:1-17)</li> </ul>
CCC 522	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know some facts about:
Prophets CCC 522 John the Baptist CCC 523-	<ul> <li>The importance of understanding historical context to appreciate the literal sense of biblical stories.</li> <li>What is meant by 'prophecy'.</li> </ul>
524, 717-720	Believe
Christ the King YC 186 CCC 524, 1171	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know that the Church teaches that
Creed YC 29 CCC 195,668 Advent CCC 524	<ul> <li>For Christians, the prophets awaken an expectation of the coming of the Messiah in people's hearts.</li> <li>John the Baptist is sent to prepare the way for Jesus.</li> <li>In the Advent liturgies, Christians pray for the second coming of Jesus alongside preparing</li> </ul>
000 624	<ul> <li>for Christmas.</li> <li>Advent is a time of preparation for Jesus' incamation at Christmas and for the second coming as King of the Universe.</li> </ul>
	Celebrate
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
	<ul> <li>The Feast of Christ the King.</li> <li>The Jesse tree.</li> <li>'He will come again in glory' fram the Nicene Creed.</li> </ul>
	Live
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
	<ul> <li>How Christians prepare for the coming of Christ during Advent.</li> <li>How Christians use the Jesse tree during Advent, identifying its meaning and representation in art around the world, connecting to God's plan for salvation.</li> <li>How some artists have depicted Jesus Christ as King.</li> </ul>

Key vocabulary
Advent
prophet
Elijah
John the Baptist
Jesse tree
Christ the King

Expected outcomes	
A	Understand By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able tα
U4.2.1.	Describe what a prophet is drawing on Elijah and John the Baptist as examples.
U4.2.2	Show some understanding of the cultural and religious context of Elijah's time and why people needed to be reminded of God's covenant.
U4.23.	Compare the description of John the Baptist in Mark and Matthew's accounts and describe the beliefs about John the Baptist the gospel writers show.
U4.2.4.	Make links with the words of Isaiah, the preaching of John the Baptist, and the season of Advent.
U4.2.5.	Know that the feast of Christ the King marks the end of the Church's year and describe what is celebrated.
U4.2.6.	Makes links with the ancestry of Jesus and the Jesse tree.
$\bigcirc$	Discern By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about what they have studied, for example, through:
D421.	Responding to a variety of artistic ways in which the Jesse tree is portrayed. Suggest reasons for the artist's choices and give reasons for their personal preference.
D422	Talking about the type of king they think Jesus would be and give reasons for their answers.
D4.2.3.	Responding to a variety of artistic ways in Christ the King partrayed. Suggest reasons for the artist's choices, give reasons for their personal preference and compare their ideas with others.
~	Respond During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by:
R4.2.1.	Reflecting on how Elijah and John the Baptist's words speak to people today.
R4.2.2	Reflecting on what it means to be a good leader and talk to others about their ideas. (RVE)

# YEAR FOUR BRANCH THREE: GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

CCC Links	Knowledge lens content
St Peter CCC 153, 440,	Hear
442 Miracles	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts:
YCfK 25 YC	<ul> <li>Peter's mother-in-law and casting out devils (Matt 8:14-17)</li> </ul>
90-91 CCC 547-550	<ul> <li>Cure of the warman with a haemonthage. The official's daughter raised to life (Matt 9:18-26) or Cure of two blind men and cure of a demoniac (Matt 9:27-34)</li> </ul>
John the Baptist	<ul> <li>The Baptist's question (Matt 11:1–15)</li> </ul>
CCC 718	<ul> <li>Jesus walks on the water and, with him, Peter (Matt 14:22–33)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Peter's profession of faith (Matt 16:13–26)</li> </ul>
Incarnation YCfK 23-26	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know some facts about
CCC 461-464 Messiah/	<ul> <li>The importance of understanding historical context and cultural values at the time of the gospels.</li> </ul>
Christ YCfK 24, YC 73 CCC 436-440,	Believe
453 Care of the sick	By the end of this unit of study, students will know that the Church teaches that
YC 241 OCC 1503-1505	<ul> <li>Jesus is the Messiah/Christ but in a way that subverted the expectations of those of his own day. Jesus comes as a suffering servant, not a triumphant king.</li> </ul>
Creed YC 26 CCC	<ul> <li>Jesus is fully God and fully human. We call this belief the incarnation.</li> </ul>
185-186, 192-197 Sacrament of	<ul> <li>Jesus reveals the kind of messiah he is by showing that God's Kingdom includes those who are excluded by society.</li> </ul>
Reconciliation YCfX 63, 83, 85 YC 224, 231-233 CCC 1450-1460, 1490-1492, 1494	<ul> <li>Jesus showed compassionate healing in mind and body through his ministry and continues to do so through His Body, the Church, especially in the sacraments, such as the Sacrament of Recanciliation and the Anointing of the Sick.</li> </ul>
Anointing of the Sick	Celebrate
YCfK 88-9TYC 244	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
Advent	<ul> <li>Why Catholics pray the Creed at Mass.</li> </ul>
OCC 524	<ul> <li>How Catholics experience God's forgiveness in the Sacrament of Reconciliation and through it are reconciled with their community and how the Anointing of the Sick brings God's strength to help those who are sick.</li> </ul>
	Live
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
	<ul> <li>Haw the work of a person or organisation who has been inspired by Jesus, work with those marginalised by societal attitudes to illness (e.g., St Francis Leprosy Guild, St Damien of Molokai, Ruth Pfau, Catholics for AIDS prevention and Support (CAPS), Sr Julie Driscoll and the House of Ruth).</li> </ul>

Key vocabulary
Messiah
Christ
incarnation
kingdom
Sacrament of the Sick
Nicene Creed
marginalised

Expected outcomes	
A	Understand By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to:
U4.31	Show understanding of why some people gave Jesus the title 'Christ' (the anointed one) by making links with the Scripture studied.
U4.3.2.	Make links between Jesus' speech to John the Baptist's followers and signs that he is the Messiah.
U4.3.3.	Show understanding of the belief that Jesus reveals the kind of messiah he is by showing that God's Kingdom includes those who are excluded by society, making relevant links to the Scripture studied.
U4.3.4.	Using some religious vocabulary, describe the Sacrament of Reconciliation and the Sacrament of the Sick.
U4.3.5.	Make relevant links between the belief in that Jesus is the Messiah and the Nicene Creed (specifically Articles 2-4) and suggest why Catholics say this prayer.
U4.3.6.	Describe the work of a person or organisation who has been inspired by Jesus to work with those marginalised by societal attitudes to illness making links with the virtues of faith, hope, and love. (RVE)
$\sim$	Discern
$\checkmark$	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about what they have studied, for example, through
D4.3.1.	Thinking about and discussing answers to Jesus' question, 'Who do you say I am?', consider the response of Peter and the response of Christians today.
D4.3.2.	Considering the claim 'The miracles that Jesus worked were signs that the Kingdom of God was beginning. They expressed his love for humankind and reaffirmed his mission' (YOUCAT 91), expressing a point of view, supported by relevant reasons, in response to this statement.
	Respond
2	During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by:
R4.3.1	Reflecting on those that society excludes today and consider how they could show love for these people as Jesus did. (RVE)
R4.3.2.	Considering how Jesus serves others and discussing how Christians can follow this example today. What could this mean for their lives and the lives of their local communities? (RVE)

## YEAR FOUR BRANCH FOUR: DESERT TO GARDEN

CCC Links	Knowledge lens content
Prodigal son CCC 1439	Hear
Judgement of the Nations CCC 1038 Peter CCC 1851	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts: • The lost son (the prodigal) and the dutiful son (Lk 15:11-32) • The Judgement of the Nations (sheep and goats) (Matt 25:31-46) • The events of Holy Week from the gospel of Matthew
Holy Week CCC 1169	Entry into Jerusalem (Matt 21:1-11), Judas' betrayal (Matt 26:14), the Passover and Peter's denial faretold (Matt 26:17-35) Jesus prays (Matt 26:36-46) the betrayal and arrest of Jesus (Matt 26:47-56), Peter's denials (Matt 26:69-75), Plate questions Jesus (Matt 27:11-14), the Crucifixion (Matt 27:32-44), the death of Jesus (Matt 27:45-56) and the Burial of Jesus (Matt 27:57-61)*
	*Pupils should have an overview of the events of Holy Week. Please see teachers notes for additional information.
Forgiveness YCfK p94 YC	Believe
524 CCC 277, 1439, 2838	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know that the Church teaches that
Virtues YC 306-309 CCC 1840- 1841, 1844	<ul> <li>God loves everyone. He can and wants to forgive people's sins.</li> <li>When people love God, they want to help others as the virtues of faith, hope, and love have their foundations in God who is love.</li> </ul>
Lent & repentance YC 230 CCC 1438	<ul> <li>Lent is a time for Christians to make a new start by loving God with their whole heart and expressing this love through good works.</li> </ul>
Acts of	Celebrate
mercy YC 450-451 CCC 2447	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:
Holy Week CCC 1169	<ul> <li>The works of mercy show Christians how to treat other people.</li> <li>That Lent is a time to live out the works of mercy (for example, by praying for someone who is sad, practising patience, fasting, or giving time or money to those in need).</li> </ul>

 Holy Week begins on Palm Sunday and marks the annual celebration of Jesus' passion, death, and resurrection.

#### Live

By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know.

- The corporal and spiritual acts of mercy.
- How the life and work of a person or organisation (historical or contemporary) lives out the works of mercy and/ar the love for those oppressed by poverty (e.g., St Damien of Molokai, Ruth Pfau, National Justice and Peace Network, CAFOD).

Key vocabulary	
Lent	
Holy Week parable	
parable	
sin	
forgiveness	
mercy	

Expected outcomes		
A	Understand By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to:	
U4.4.1.	Retell, with increasing detail, the parable of the prodigal son, and make simple connections with Christian beliefs about God's mercy and forgiveness.	
U4.4.2.	Make simple connections with the Judgement of Nations parable and the Christian belief that helping others is part of loving God.	
U4.4.3.	Correctly sequence the events of Holy Week, describing some of the different reactions to Jesus during the events of Holy Week and how they speak to Christians today.	
U4.4.4.	Retell the story of St Peter during Holy Week.	
U4.4.5.	Correctly use developing specialist vocabulary to name and describe the corporal works of mercy, making links with the Judgements of the Nations parable.	
U4.4.6.	Make simple connections between belonging to the Church and living out the 'Works of Mercy' in support of those in need (for example, giving alms in Lent or praying for someone who is sad).	

$\sim$	Discern
$\checkmark$	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about what they have studied, for example, through:
D4.4.1.	Considering why St Peter might have turned away from Jesus and how that made him feel making connections with when they have let people down or broken a promise.
D4.4.2.	Expressing a point of view about the difference between the people who are like sheep and the people who are like goats in the Judgement of Nations.
D4.4.3.	Making connections between being a Christian and choosing to live out the 'Works of Mercy'. (RVE)
5	Respond
	During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by:
R4.4.1.	Reflecting on how the life and work of a person or organisation (historical or contemporary) lives out the works of mercy and/or the love for those oppressed by poverty and the inspiration they offer for their life. (RVE)
R4.4.2.	Reflecting on what it is they need to change about themselves during Lent to be better people and discuss how focusing on one of the acts of mercy could help with this, for example, caring for the most vulnerable in their communities. (RVE)
R4.4.3.	Considering how their own lives and the future of the communities to which they belong could be transformed by what they have learned about forgiveness. (RVE)

## YEAR FOUR BRANCH FIVE: TO THE ENDS OF THE EARTH

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CCC	Knowledge lens content			Expected outcomes
Links	-			Understand
St Peter CCC 765,881	Hear		R	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able $\ensuremath{t\alpha}$
Creed YCfK 13 YC 26, 28	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will hear the following key texts:			
CCC 194	The empty tomb (Jn 201–10)		U4.5.1.	Make links between Jn 20:1-10 and Peter's declaration of faith in Matt 16:13-20 and/or between Peter's three denials of Jesus and Jesus' three requests of Peter (Jn 21:15-17).
The Pope YCfK 51 YC	<ul> <li>The appearance on the shore of Tiberius (Jn 2l:1–19)</li> </ul>			
141, CCC 880-882	The Apostles' Creed		U4.5.2	Find connections between Jesus' words to Peter as the rock (Matt 16:18), John's account of Peter,
Apostle &	Believe			and the role of the Pope as Peter's successor.
apostolic			U4.5.3.	Explain the term 'a postle' and explain why the Church is 'apostolic'.
YCfK 51, YC 137, COC 77,	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know that the Church teaches that <ul> <li>The Pope is the successor to Peter.</li> </ul>		U4.5.4.	Encounter the words of the Apostles' Creed and know that it summarises the central beliefs of
861,857	The Church is the People of God.			Christians.
Church YCfK 50, YC	The Church is apostolic.		U4.5.5.	Explain how the one, holy, Catholic, and apostolic Church is structured.
121, 123 CCC 763-769,	The work of the Church is to continue the ministry of Jesus and build the Kingdom of God.		U4.5.6.	Describe some ways in which the Church today (locally or globally) continues the work of Jesus.
774-776, 780-786	<ul> <li>Mary is the Mother of the Church and Queen of Heaven.</li> </ul>			Describe what is meant by the 'communion of saints' and recognise that the Church teaches
Mary	Celebrate		U4.5.7.	Mary has a special place within this communion as Queen of Heaven.
YC 147 CCC 964-965, 972	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:			Discern
	That the Apostles' Creed summarises Christian beliefs.		$\checkmark$	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about
	That May is the special month of Mary.			what they have studied, for example, through:
	<ul> <li>Some Marian prayers or hymns, e.g., Hail Mary, the Angelus, the Rosary, the Magnificat, Ave Maria.</li> </ul>		D4.5.1.	Saying what they wonder about Peter's feelings when he entered the tomb and when he saw Jesus by the lake.
		. Г	D4.5.2	Talking about why the Pope is described as 'the servant of the servants of God', making links with
	Live		04.02	the ministry of Jesus.
	By the end of this unit of study, pupils will know:		D4.5.3.	Saying why they like either an artistic representation of Mary or a prayer or hymn, giving reasons for their answer. Listen to the responses of others.
	<ul> <li>Some artistic depictions of the Blessed Virgin Mary as Mother of the Church or as Queen of Heaven from different times and places.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Some ways in which the Church today (locally or globally) continues the work of Jesus.</li> </ul>			Deepend
				Respond

~	Respond
	During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by:
R4.5.1.	Reflecting on the story of Peter, share their ideas and listen to the ideas of others about what his life teaches Christians today.
R4.5.2	Thinking about the examples of apostleship in the Church today and discussing how they follow the example of Jesus.
R4.5.3.	Reflecting on how Christian communities continue the work of Jesus in the community where they live. (RVE)

communion of saints

Key vocabulary Church Pope apostles apostolic Creed people of God

Mary, Mother of the Church and Queen of Heaven

### YEAR FOUR BRANCH SIX: DIALOGUE AND ENCOUNTER

Islam

Five Pillars of Islam

Common good

Shahada, Salah, Sawm, Zakat, and Hajj

CCC Links	Knowledge lens content					
St Paul CCC 639,1846	Dialogue					
LINKS St Paul CCC Dialogue						
Key vocab	ulary					
Damascus						
Liturgy						
rite						
Christian						

Understand By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to: Describe some facts about the life of St Paul and explain why he is an important figure for U4.6.1 Christians. (RVE) U4.6.2. Make links between Cor 13:1-7, 13 and the theological virtues. U4.6.3. Recount some facts about a different liturgical rite within the Catholic Church. U4.6.4. Recognise some reasons why different liturgical traditions arose in different parts of the world. Describe some ways Christians in their local area work together for the benefit of the whole U4.6.5. community (or the common good). (RVE) Describe the five pillars of Islam and why they are an important part of Islamic faith and religious U4.6.6. practice for British Muslims today. (RVE) Discern By the end of this unit of study, pupils will be able to talk and think critically and creatively about what they have studied, for example, through Looking at how a range of artists show St Paul's encounter with Jesus and discuss which one they D4.6.1. prefer, giving relevant reasons for their opinion. Exploring some examples of art or music from a different Catholic community, for example, icons D4.62 of the Coptic Church, and asking questions about what they have noticed. (RVE) Listening to the stories and experiences of others from different Christian communities in the class D463. and the wider community and asking questions about their beliefs, worship, or life. (RVE) Respond During this unit of study, pupils will be invited to respond to their learning, for example by: R4.6.1. Discussing the meaning of what they have learned for their own lives. (RVE) Talking, asking, and answering questions with others about their beliefs, experiences, and feelings, R4.6.2 recognising the ways in which this could change the way they live and the relationships in their local communities. (RVE) Reflecting on what they can learn from the stories of families from different Christian traditions or R4.6.3. who follow different liturgical traditions. (RVE)

Expected outcomes

### END OF YEAR FOUR OUTCOMES

#### Age 9 learning outcomes:

The learning outcomes below are summative and demonstrate what pupils should have covered in religious education.

#### Understand

- 1. Show some understanding of the historical, cultural, and religious context of texts.
- 2. Show some understanding of the term covenant, referencing the story of Abraham, and recognising its importance to the Abrahamic faiths.
- 3. Show some understanding of the theological virtues, reflecting on how these are shown in some of the texts studied and in the work of a Christian person or organisation.
- 4. Make links between prayers that show trust in God and the virtues of faith, hope, and love and connect with the Christian belief in the significance of showing love to others. Make connections between faith and actions.
- 5. Describe what a prophet is with examples from the Old and New Testaments.
- 6. Recognise the significance of John the Baptist, making links with the Old Testament.
- 7. Know the reasons for some feasts of the Church, linking scripture and liturgical feasts or seasons.
- 8. Show understanding of why some people gave Jesus the title 'Christ' (the anointed one) and the Messiah by making links with the scripture studied.
- Using some religious vocabulary, describe the Sacrament of Reconciliation and the Sacrament
  of the Sick and simply explain how they offer Catholics Jesus' healing help today. Make links
  with relevant scripture, such as the parable of the prodigal son.
- 10. Make relevant links between the Nicene Creed and the Apostles' Creed and the central beliefs of Christianity.
- 11. Know the story of St Peter and St Paul, describing their importance to the early Church, the Church today, and the role of Pope as Peter's successor.
- 12. Correctly sequence key events from the life of Christ recognising how they speak to and are celebrated by the Church today.
- 13. Describe the apostolic structure of the Church and its mission in the world today.
- 14. Recognise that the Church teaches that the Blessed Virgin Mary has a special place in the communion of saints.
- 15. Recount some facts about a different liturgical tradition within the Catholic Church.
- 16. Make simple links and connections between some Dharmic religious laws, beliefs, worship, and life (e.g., The role of gurus for followers of Sikhism).

**Discern**: By age 9, pupils will begin to expand critical and creative skills in religious education by thinking imaginatively about the implications of faith in Christ and actions. They will express preference supported by reasons when asked to choose between different aspects of study, such as works of art or musical expression and discuss their reasons with others. They will ask and answer questions about belief in Christ and what the Kingdom of God means to them. They will consider their personal experiences drawing on learning about other cultures, communities, and traditions. They may express their creative or critical reflections through different mediums, such as writing, poetry, art, music, or dance.

**Respond:** By age 9, pupils will be invited to make connections between religious personal experiences and expressions of religious beliefs. They will have opportunities to reflect on personal learning, sharing thoughts and ideas and valuing the views and opinions of others. Pupils will spend reflective time wondering about what they have studied and thinking about positive changes they could make in their own lives, in the life of their local community, and the wider world. Pupils will be invited to respond through individual or collective prayer, singing or music, making simple connections with Christian traditions locally and globally.