

Primary School School Food Policy

Learn

Achieve

Respect

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DOCUMENT STATUS

Version	Date	Action
1	January 2016	New Document adopted by Full Governing Body
2	Spring 2016	Updated and adopted by Full Governing Body



WHOLE SCHOOL FOOD POLICY

INTRODUCTION

This model policy has been produced to provide schools with a template that can be adapted and customised for each school.

It is a requirement of the National Healthy School Programme Healthy Eating Theme that the school has a Whole school Food Policy - developed through wide consultation, implemented, monitored and evaluated for impact. It is also essential that schools are aware of recent changes in School Food brought about by the School Food Plan including the new Food based standards for school food.

The policy has been formulated following consultation with pupils and staff to develop healthy eating and drinking activities that benefit pupils, staff, parents and others associated with the school. The policy and future amendments to the policy will be communicated clearly and consistently to pupils, staff and parents. It will continue to be developed in consultation with pupils and parents as the school works towards its aim of achieving Healthy School Status. It is recognised that the implementation of this policy will require a change to some of the current practices associated with food policy and provision at the school. Full implementation of this policy should be achieved by April 2016 and it should be reviewed by the Governing Body before the end of the next academic year.

Rationale

Chapelford Village Primary School recognises the importance of a healthy diet and the significance connection between a healthy diet and a pupil's ability to learn effectively and achieve high standards at school. It is important that Chapelford Village Primary School considers all elements of work to ensure that awareness of healthy eating is promoted to all members of the school community and also the role the school can play to promote family health. Through effective leadership, the school ethos and curriculum, all school staff can bring together elements of the school day to create an environment which supports sustainable healthy eating habits as part of a healthy lifestyle.

The policy was formulated through consultation between members of staff, governors, parents, and pupils.

The principles of this policy incorporate those outlined in the School Food Plan <u>http://www.schoolfoodplan.com/</u> The nutritional principles of this policy are based on the 'eatwell plate' <u>http://www.nhs.uk/Livewell/Goodfood/Pages/eatwell-plate.aspx</u> and the School Food Standards <u>http://www.schoolfoodplan.com/standards/</u>

FOOD POLICY AIMS

The main aims of our school food policy are:-

- To ensure that all aspects of food and nutrition in school promote the health and wellbeing of the whole school community.
- To ensure that all members of the school community are able to make informed choices and are aware of the importance of healthy food, where food comes from and the need to support sustainable food and farming practices.

- To enable pupils to make healthy food choices through the provision of information and development of appropriate skills including food preparation.
- To ensure that the mandatory food based standards are implemented.
- To ensure that the school follows the principles laid out in the School Food Plan, encourages the take up of school meals.
- To take a whole school approach to healthy eating to ensure that messages taught in the curriculum are echoed and reinforced by the type of food and drink provided in school.

1. School Food Plan

The School Food Plan <u>http://www.schoolfoodplan.com/</u> is an agreed plan published in July 2013 with the support of the Secretary of State for Education and of the diverse organisations who can support head teachers to improve the quality and take-up of school food and put the kitchen at the heart of school life. The plan outlines how schools should improve their attitude to school food by:-

- Adopting a 'whole-school approach': integrating food into the life of the school: treating the dining hall as the hub of the school, where children and teachers eat together; lunch as part of the school day; the cooks as important staff members; and food as part of a rounded education
- The head teacher leading the change
- Concentrating on the things children care about: good food, attractive environment, social life, price and brand
- Encourage take up of school meals to improve school food economics and in particular encourage take up of the new Universal Free School Meals for all KS1 from September 2016

2. EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES

In healthy eating, as in all other areas of the curriculum we recognise the value of the individual and strive to provide equal access of opportunity for all.

3. CURRICULUM

Food and nutrition is taught at an appropriate level throughout each key stage Cooking and nutrition was brought in as a compulsory part of the national curriculum from September 2014. Schemes of work at all key stages reflect the whole school approach to healthy eating and incorporate the DFE statutory guidelines :-

<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-curriculum-in-england-design-and-technology-programmes-of-study/national-curriculum-in-england-design-and-technology-programmes-of-study</u>

This is addressed through:

• Teaching methods

Effective teaching requires pupils to develop their understanding of healthy eating issues and appropriate skills and attitudes to assist them in making informed decisions. Schemes of work at all key stages reflect the whole school approach to healthy eating.

• Cooking and nutrition

As part of their work with food, pupils are taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to

feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life. All Pupils are taught the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet, to prepare simple dishes and understand where food comes from. Older pupils are taught about seasonality and a range of cooking techniques.

• Cross Curricular

The school recognises that food has a great potential for cross curricular work and is incorporated in teaching of a variety of subjects in addition to science and PSHCE.

• Staff training

School staff including teachers, TA's and lunch time supervisors have a key role in influencing pupils' knowledge, skills and attitudes about food and healthy eating, so it is important that they are familiar with healthy eating guidelines. To facilitate this staff will receive copies of the policy and updates will be shared as we receive them. Support and advice materials will be on display in communal areas of the school as reference.

• Visitors in the classroom

This school values the contribution made by outside agencies including the school nurse in supporting class teachers. It is the responsibility of the school to ensure that the contributions made by visitors to the classroom reflect our own philosophy and approach to the subject. The status of visitors to the school is always checked ensuring that the content of the visitor's talk is suitable for the ages of the pupils. The school's code of practice for visiting speakers is adopted.

Resources

Resources used to deliver healthy eating are current and up to date and all staff are consistent in the resources used throughout the curriculum. These reflect the 'eatwell plate' where appropriate.

4. FOOD AND DRINK PROVISIONTHROUGHOUT THE SCHOOL DAY

• Food Standards

National Nutritional Standards for school Lunches became compulsory in 2009. As a result of the School Food Plan, the standards have been reviewed and new Food Standards for school lunches will come in to force in January 2015. Together with the existing standards they cover all food sold or served in schools: breakfast, lunch and after-school meals; and tuck, vending, mid-morning break and after-school clubs. <u>http://www.schoolfoodplan.com/standards/</u>. Checklists for monitoring your provision are available from the Children's Food Trust <u>http://www.childrensfoodtrust.org.uk/</u>

• Breakfast

Breakfast is an important meal that should provide 25% of a child's energy requirement and contribute significantly to their vitamin and mineral requirements.

The school operates a breakfast club that provides a nutritious meal for pupils before the school day and complies with the food-based standards.

The breakfast menu includes: fruit juice and water. a selection of fruits, brown toast, low sugar cereals, pancakes or brioche may be served as a treat occasionally.

Lunch

Food prepared by the school catering team meets the National Nutritional Standards for School Lunches.

• Universal Free School Meals

From September 2014, all children in reception, year 1 and year 2 in state-funded schools in England have been eligible for free school lunches. The School fully supports this initiative, encouraging children to have their free school meal. Research shows that a school lunch is nutritionally superior to most packed lunches and can lead to improved behaviour attainment.

• Fruit Scheme (KS1 only)

The School is part of the National Fruit and Vegetable Scheme. Children eat their fruit as part of circle time and area assisted with chopping/ washing as appropriate

• Milk

The new Food Standards require that milk must be available for drinking at least once per day during school hours. This standard is not met by providing milk at breakfast of after school clubs. This standard is fulfilled by providing milk at break and lunchtimes.

Snacks

The school understands that snacks can be an important part of the diet of young people and can contribute positively towards a balanced diet.

The school only permits fruit based snacks at break times

The school discourages the consumption of snacks high in fat and sugar at break-time. Advice on this standard is available from the Children's Food Trust

http://www.childrensfoodtrust.org.uk/schools/the-standards/revised-standards/other-thanlunch

• USE OF FOOD AS A REWARD

The school does not encourage the regular eating of sweets or other foods high in sugar or fat, especially as a reward for good behaviour or academic or other achievements. Other methods of positive reinforcement are used in school such as; verbal praise, house points, dojos and stickers.

• DRINKING WATER

Drinking water should be available to all pupils, everyday, and free of charge.

The school provides Water Coolers in the foyer of each Phase.

5. FOOD AND DRINK BROUGHT INTO SCHOOL

• PACKED LUNCHES

Packed lunches prepared by the school caterers adhere to the Government Food Lunch Standards.

The school encourages parents and carers to provide children with packed lunches that complement these standards. This is achieved by promoting healthy packed lunch options using the principles of the 'eatwell plate'.

Further advice including a guide to producing a packed lunch policy can be found on the children's food trust website:http://www.childrensfoodtrust.org.uk/schools/packed-lunches/packed-lunch-policy

Packed lunches should include: • at least one portion of fruit and one portion of vegetables every day. • meat, fish, eggs, or a non-dairy protein (e.g. lentils, kidney beans, chickpeas, houmous, peanut butter, falafel) every day. • oily fish, such as salmon, at least once every three weeks. • a starchy food such as any type of bread (white or wholegrain rolls, pitta bread or

wraps), pasta, rice, couscous, noodles, potatoes or another cereal every day. • a dairy food such as milk, cheese, yoghurt, fromage frais or custard every day. • a drink of water, fruit juice or smoothie (maximum portion 150 mls), semi-skimmed, 1% fat or skimmed milk, yoghurt or another milk drink.

Packed lunches can occasionally include: • Meat products such as sausage rolls, individual pies, corned meat and sausages. • Cakes and biscuits, but encourage your child to eat these as part of a meal.

Packed lunches should not include: • salty snacks such as crisps - instead include nuts, seeds, vegetables and fruit with no added salt, sugar or fat. • confectionery such as chocolate bars, chocolate-coated biscuits, cereal bars, processed fruit bars and sweets. • sugary soft drinks, such as squash and fizzy drinks (even if labelled as 'sugar-free', 'no-added sugar' or 'reduced sugar' as these drinks can contribute to tooth decay and provide little nutritional value).

6. SPECIAL DIETARY REQUIREMENTS

• Cultural and religious diets

Many people follow diets related to their culture or religious beliefs and the school will make every effort to provide meals for all children. The school needs to have a robust procedure in place for both parents to inform the school of a special diet and for identifying children to ensure that every child receives the correct meal particularly as many of these children are very young and eating school meals for the first time.

For further guidance on Special Diets please access <u>http://www.childrensfoodtrust.org.uk/schoolfoodplan/uifsm/special-diets/catering-for-</u><u>religious-diets</u>

• Medical Diets

Individual care plans are created for pupils with medical dietary needs/requirements. These document symptoms and adverse reactions and actions to be taken in an emergency. They should be drawn up with reference to Supporting Children with Medical Needs Policy.

7. FOOD SAFETY

Appropriate food safety precautions are taken when food is prepared or stored. These vary depending on the food on offer and include: ensuring that adequate storage and washing facilities are available; that food handlers undergo appropriate food hygiene training; and that suitable equipment and protective clothing are available. Any food safety hazards are identified and controlled. We consult our local Environmental Health Department about legal requirements.

8. THE FOOD AND EATING ENVIRONMENT

The Dining Hall should be an environment where children can enjoy their lunch whist socialising with other children from throughout the school. The noise should be controlled and behaviour monitored. Teachers are encouraged to join the children for lunch in the hall. Please refer to http://whatworkswell.schoolfoodplan.com/ for examples of what has worked well in other schools

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Parents are invited to an annual review of the healthy eating policy and to contribute to a healthy eating approach where appropriate.

Staff are required to read the policy and ensure this is implemented throughout the school. It will be reviewed when new initiatives come in and updates accordingly. Monitoring will take place of snacks, packed lunches and of provision in this area.