

What is self-regulation?

Self-regulation is the ability to be able to control your own emotions and behaviour. Someone who is able to self-regulate can acknowledge how they feel, but not act on those emotions. They will also be able to calm themselves down without help.

Self-regulation for children works just the same. Children who can self-regulate are able to generate behavioural responses depending on the situation they're in. For example, a child who can self-regulate should be able to sit well in class and listen while the teacher is talking.

Children develop self-regulation skills as they grow up, but some children may need extra support. Check out the video below to learn more about self-regulation and the importance of it.

https://uk.video.search.yahoo.com/yhs/search?fr=yhs-sz-002&ei=UTF-8&hsimp=yhs-002&hspart=sz¶m1=2431906805&gdpr=1&p=self+regulation+twinkl&type=type80057-1234422026#id=1&vid=3e368afc3531bc8e62ce1afc625ba9e8&action=click

Children take a little longer to self-regulate as they're still learning to understand and control their emotions. Support and patience can help them through the process of self-regulation. Using self-regulation activities can assist children with their day-to-day feelings.

Mindfulness and Breathing Exercises

- 1. **Deep Breathing Games**: Blow bubbles or use a pinwheel to practice controlled breathing.
- 2. **Mindful Breathing**: Sit quietly and focus on taking slow, deep breaths.

Physical Activities

- 3. **Yoga for Kids**: Simple poses like tree pose, downward dog, or cat-cow to promote focus and calm.
- 4. **Dancing to Music**: Freeze dance games help with impulse control.
- 5. **Obstacle Courses**: Create a simple indoor or outdoor course that requires focus and patience to navigate.

Sensory Play

- 6. Playdough or Slime: Encourages focus and calms overstimulation.
- 7. **Sensory Bins**: Fill a box with rice, sand, or small objects for sorting and exploring.

Games for Focus and Patience

- 8. **Simon Says**: Enhances listening and impulse control.
- 9. Board Games: Games like "Jenga" or "Operation" require focus and steady hands.
- 10. Puzzles: Jigsaw puzzles help children develop patience and problem-solving skills.
- 11. Duck, duck, goose

Creative Activities

- 12. **Art and Craft Projects**: Colouring, painting, or making crafts promotes sustained attention.
- 13. **Journaling**: Encourage writing or drawing feelings and thoughts.
- 14. **Storytelling**: Ask them to make up a story or act it out with toys.

Routines and Responsibility

- 15. Chore Charts: Assign simple tasks to build responsibility and consistency.
- 16. **Daily Schedules**: Help them plan and stick to a routine.

Emotion Regulation Activities

- 17. **Feelings Chart**: Use a chart to identify and talk about emotions.
- 18. **Calm-Down Kits**: Include items like stress balls, colouring books, or noise-cancelling headphones.

Reading and Discussion

19. **Books About Emotions**: Read stories that explore emotions and discuss characters' feelings.

Relaxation Techniques

- 20. **Guided Meditations**: Use apps or videos designed for kids.
- 21. **Progressive Muscle Relaxation**: Teach them to tense and relax muscle groups.

These activities can be adapted based on the child's age and interests to keep them engaged while developing self-regulation skills.