

# Governors Monitoring Overview and Protocols

Learn Achieve

Respect

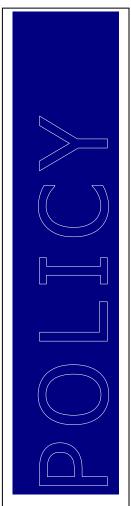
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### **DOCUMENT STATUS**

Version	Date	Action		
1	February 2016	New Policy - protocols &		
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1	Spring 2016	Adopted by Governing Body		
2	Spring 2018	Revised policy - name change		
		and additions to policy		



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# Governors Visiting School

### Introduction

Governing Bodies have a statutory duty to promote high standards of educational achievement at their school and they must monitor the school performance to that end. Governors cannot do this unless they know the school well. One way in which Governors can acquire up to date knowledge is to make periodic visits to the school, in addition to attending governor's meetings and school functions.

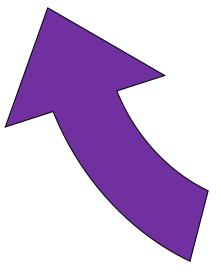
There are two types of "Governor visit" the formal and informal. The informal visits may involve Governors offering to help run a stall at a major fundraising event, attending the Christmas Carol Concert or taking part in a school visit. All these are valuable at earning the good will of the staff, as well as helping to establish good working relationships with the staff and pupils. However, they should not be regarded as an alternative to the formal visit.

The cycle of formal visits should be identified termly and they will usually relate to the priorities identified on the School Improvement Plan. The formal visit should usually last a whole or half a day, in which individual Governors act as the representative at the Governing Body, with the expectation that they will subsequently report back. Some formal visits may be allocated to specific Governors with designated responsibilities, for example Special Educational Needs, Premises, English and Maths.

# The Monitoring Cycle

Data Analysis is
undertaken - ASP and
IDSR for end of key stage
and also internal class and
cohort monitoring is
undertaken in ISPP
meetings - this information
informs the emerging
School Priorities in the
SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT
PLAN

Monitoring is undertaken in
the forms of:
ISPP Meetings
Learning Walks
Book Scrutiny
Lesson Observations
Data Analysis
Pupil Voice
External Reviews
Governor Monitoring
Appraisal



The outcomes from monitoring are then fed into the school self-evaluation - SES.
The monitoring also informs required CPD and support for staff.
Monitoring informs developments to the school improvement plan /specific subject plans.

# The Rational for Governors Visiting School

- To enable Governors to fulfil their statutory duties and responsibilities
- To enable Governors to be better informed at Governors' Meetings and to be able to make an informed contribution to the strategic work of the school
- To gain a better understanding of particular areas of school provision
- To understand more about the deployment of school resources
- To be better informed about the implementation of the school's policies
- To get to know staff better
- To talk to the staff and pupils about their experiences in school
- To listen to the voice of the child
- To be able to demonstrate that the Governing Body of the school take their responsibilities seriously

It is worth remembering that "Governors are not there as inspectors or to pass judgements on the work of individual teachers and much will depend upon the sensitivity of the governors to the feelings of the teaching staff about being observed." (A Guide for Governors)

# Pupil's Expectations

Pupils were interviewed in order to gain their perception of the value of governor's visits to school. The children view the visits as a positive way to improve the school. They believe there are a number of ways in which governors can become more involved in the life and work of the school for example:

- Vision Team meetings
- School Council Meetings
- Visits to talk to children about their learning
- Visits to school to help the children with their work
- Visits to the classrooms
- Assemblies
- Lunchtimes to share a meal
- Performances/activities/celebrations

The children thought governors needed to be mindful of the following when they made their visits. Governors:

- Need to understand how the school works for example changes that are made
- Needed to respect confidentiality
- Need to celebrate good work
- Need to listen seriously to what children say about the school and try to do something to improve the school

### Preparing to Visit

Governors, who are planning on making a visit to school, whether it is formal or informal, need to have made prior arrangements with the Headteacher /DHT.

They need to be clear about the purpose of the visit and what they will be focussing on. The length of the visit will be agreed beforehand, and any additional information that may be useful will have been circulated beforehand.

It is important that everyone involved in the visit is prepared for it, and that all teachers are aware of the purpose. The Headteacher/DHT will approach the teachers concerned before the visit takes place.

# Follow up to the Visit

At the end of their time in school the Headteacher/DHT will try to meet with Governors to discuss the visit.

All formal visits should be reported back to the full Governing Body using the report visit card. When reporting back it is important to remember that Governor visit should relate to their responsibilities as governors. It is the Head Teacher's job to manage the school, in accordance with the aims and objectives and policies approved by the Governing Body. To judge the quality of teaching and learning in the school requires specialist skill, and Governors are not in a position to make those judgments based on short occasional visits. When Governors use visits to gain information to help in them in their role, they do so as observers and not as inspectors.

The report should be written. A <u>brief</u> written report serves better than an oral report in that it helps to clarify the issues for discussion or suggestions for further action. However, as a written report, like other papers from the Governing Body, it is open to public inspection, <u>it should avoid naming individuals</u>. It should not be tabled at the meeting, but given to the Clerk in time for distribution with the agenda. The report should also be discussed with the Head teacher and the Chair of Governors in advance of the meeting.

### Governors' Lesson Observations

Although not all the visits by Governors will involve lesson observations, a great deal of time will be spent in classrooms. As well as watching the teaching and learning that takes place, there will also be the opportunity to move around and talk to the pupils about their work, as well as the look at the classroom environment i.e. displays, resources, books labelled equipment etc. At the end of the lesson, time will be arranged for the Governor and teacher to talk about the lesson and address any questions.

When carrying out lesson observations it is important that all Governors are aware that there are children with special needs in every classroom and teachers use a variety of appropriate strategies for dealing with the behaviour.

# Monitoring the Effectiveness of Governor Visits

All Governors are accountable to the Governing Body for the formal visit that the individual has made on their behalf. The visit will always contribute to the relationship between the Governing Body and the staff. Reflecting on a visit can make subsequent visits for effective. Governors should always ask themselves:

- Were the objectives for the visit clear?
- Were they realised and if not why not?
- What if anything could have been done to make the visit more useful?
- Did you require any additional information to enable you to place the visit in context?

All Governors are welcome to visit the school, in the belief that they will help to keep the Governing Body better informed about the work of the staff, pupils, and parents. It is our intention that this policy should support the development of a good working relationship with the Governing Body and the staff, so that we all work together on planning how best to support the aims and objectives of the school.

# Protocol for Visiting Governors

### Before the Visit

Governors will each identify a particular area of responsibility or interest which will be the focus of their visits, for example:

- A Strategic School Improvement Plan Priority
- Safeguarding
- Special Educational Needs
- Curriculum areas including Literacy and Numeracy
- Premises and Health and Safety

Governors will always make arrangements for the visit, with both the Headteacher /DHT and the teachers/staff involved.

### Aims of the Visit

The main aims of the visit will be:

- To gain a deeper understanding of their responsibilities as a governor
- To get to know the staff and develop a supportive relationship
- To get to know the school and to get to know the children
- To focus on their particular area of responsibility or on an agreed aspect of the strategic school development plan

### During the Visit

- Governors will respect confidentiality at all times but will also have due regard for safeguarding policy and procedures
- Governors will remember that they are not visiting the school in an inspectoral role
- Governors will comply with and observe any school rules and/or routines

### After the visit

- Governors will thank the relevant school staff
- Governors will discus their school visit with the Headteacher
- Governors will respect rules of confidentiality at all times
- Governors will complete the relevant Proforma for their visit
- Governors will circulate and present the report to other members of the Governing Body at their next full meeting

Ratified by governors o	n	
Chair of Governors		Date
Head Teacher		Date

	R	ecord of Vi	<u>isit Impact Repor</u>	<u>t</u>	
Name of governor					
Date and time of vis	sit				
Involving:					
Focus of the visit	Monitorir	ng to be unde	rtaken.		Date
Governor					
Involvement					
What is going well?			Evidence base		
la. ie gemig wein			21.301.00 5.00		
Impact of actions			Next steps denti	fied.	
Signed:					
Headteacher					
Staff involved					
Governor					

# Aid Memoir for Governors - A Learning Walk Check List

Checklist for a Learning Walk				
Focus	Example	Observation	Next Steps	
Learning	Are:			
Environment	Targets displayed?			
	Key learning Objectives			
	evident?			
	Success criteria on display?			
	Aid memoirs for learning in			
	place?			
	Labels used to encourage			
	independence?			
	Working walls in use and are			
	children adding to them?			
	Learning walls in place?			
	Clear areas demarcated?			
	Different subjects displayed			
	etc?			
	Room set out for easy			
	access?			
	Rooms attractive, tidy and			
	well resourced?			
	Are high expectations			
	tangible?			
Who is doing the	Do all pupils get the			
talking?	opportunity to get actively			
	involved?			
Is there	Can the pupils work together			
opportunity for	in pairs, groups etc?			
interaction?	Do they know how to work			
	together?			
	Do they work together			
	effectively displaying			
	effective behaviours for			
	learning?			
Is the setting	Are pupils sitting in groups?			
appropriate for	Working in pairs?			
that style of	Can they all see what is going			
lesson?	on?			
Are all pupils on task?	Are they engaged and			
luske	actively involved in the task and learning?			
	Can they work independently			
	without constantly asking			
	their teacher for help?			
	men reacher for help?			

Checklist for a Learning Walk				
Focus	Example	Observation	Next Steps	
Do the pupils Know what they are learning as opposed to what they are doing?	Can they say what they are learning and why?			
Is there differentiation?	Can all pupils access the lesson at their level?			
Questioning	Does the teacher use questions that challenge all pupils? What kinds of questions are being used? Are they open ended? Is any time given for reflection?			
Modelling and Demonstrating	Do the pupils know what the aim of the lesson is - the final picture? Does the teacher demonstrate how to get there in clear easy steps?			
Problem-solving	Are the pupils given opportunities that challenge their thinking? Can they work together to develop solutions?			
Planning	Does the lesson follow the planning? Are layered targets evident in the teaching? Does the teacher audit previous learning? Is there a plenary - a time at the end of the lesson to share the outcomes and what has been achieved?			
Deployment of teaching support - within class teaching	Are support staff clear of their role - understand the planning - fully involved in the learning taking place? Do they only work with SEN children?			

Checklist for a Learning Walk			
Focus	Example	Observation	Next Steps
	Do teaching assistants		
	support and promote positive		
	behavior in the classroom?		
	Is the TA adding value to the		
	learning and work of the		
	pupils and teacher?		
Assessment	Who is working with the		
	target group and what are		
	they focussing on?		
	Are the children on task?		
	Are the pupils involved in		
	their own assessments?		
	Do children know what they		
	have to do next to reach the		
	next level?		
Feedback and	Are the children's books		
Academic	marked and up to date?		
Guidance	Are they marked using the		
	school policy?		
	Are children responding to		
	the teachers marking - MAD		
	TIME ?		
	Do the children understand		
	the marking policy and how it		
	can help them improve their		
	learning?		
ICT	Are the children and the		
	teacher making effective use		
	of ICT?		
Progress	Can the children demonstrate		
	that they know more by the		
	end of the lesson than they		
	did at the beginning?		
Enjoyment	Do the children enjoy the		
	lesson?		
	Is the teacher/TA enjoying		
	the lesson?		
Behaviour	Are the children well		
	behaved?		
	Is any inappropriate		
	behaviour dealt with quickly		
	and positively?		