| Year 8 | AUTUMN |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Ratio and Scale | Multiplicative Scale | Multiplying <br> and <br> dividing <br> fractions | Working in the Cartesian plane | Representing Data | Probability |
| Declarative <br> What should they know? <br> What key <br> facts/concepts/knowledg know? | Change freely between related standard units [for example time, length, area, volume/capacity, mass] <br> Use ratio <br> notation, including reduction to simplest form <br> Divide a given quantity into two or more parts. | Use compound units such as speed, unit pricing and density to solve problems <br> Solve problems involving direct and inverse proportion, including graphical and algebraic representations. Examples may include: Recipe problems Best buy problems - Exchange rates | Use a variety of representations to multiply and divide fractions including fractions. improper Understanding of the reciprocal and its uses | Move freely between <br> numerical <br> algebraic, <br> graphical and diagrammatic <br> representations. <br> Make <br> connections <br> between number <br> relationships and <br> their algebraic <br> and graphical representations <br> Recognise, sketch <br> and produce <br> graphs of linear <br> functions in the Cartesian plane. | Construct and interpret appropriate tables charts and diagrams including frequency tables, bar pictograms. <br> Describe mathematical relationships for bivariate data. | Record, describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes of simple probability involving randomness, fairness, equally and unequally likely outcomes, using appropriate language and the 0-1 probability scale. <br> Generate theoretical sample spaces for single or combined events. |


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| Procedural <br> What should they be able to do? <br> What things should all students be able to do? | Understand that <br> a relationship between two quantities can be expressed as a ratio or a fraction. <br> Understand ratio and its link to multiplication <br> Write a ratio <br> Simplify ratios <br> Calculate the circumference of a circle | Use scale factors, linking to ratio, solve simple direct proportion problems <br> Convert between currencies, including using graphs <br> Draw and interpret scale diagrams and maps | Multiply and divide fractions by integers <br> Multiply and divide fractions by fractions <br> Understand and use reciprocals <br> Use diagrams to represent fractions | Plot and interpret straight line graphs <br> Understand and use equations of a straight line, including lines parallel to the axes <br> Model situations by translating them into expressions, formulae and graphs <br> Substitute numerical values into formulae and expressions. | Draw and interpret scatter graphs <br> Understand correlation <br> Draw and use lines of best fit <br> Understand grouped, ungrouped, discrete and continuous data <br> Design and use one and two way tables | List outcomes using sample space diagrams for one and two events <br> Find probabilities using tables and Venn diagrams |
| Disciplinary <br> Literacy <br> (Tier 3 Vocab) | Ratio, proportion, parts, directly proportional. | Scale factor, exchange rates, inverse proportion, proportion, parts, directly proportional. | Integer, improper fraction, mixed numbers, reciprocal, increase, decrease | Scale, axis, coordinate, increase, decrease, gradient. | Line of best fit, outlier, extrapolate, negative, positive, strong, weak correlation. | Outcomes, sample space, bivariate data, theoretical, experimental. |


| Assessment | $1 \times$ Ratio \& Scale <br> Assessment | $1 \times$ Multiplicative Change <br> Assessment | $1 \times$ Multiplying and <br> Dividing Fractions <br> Assessment | $1 \times$ Working in <br> the Cartesian <br> Plane | $1 \times$ Representing Data | $1 \times$ Autumn Progress <br> Test |
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| Year 8 | SPRING |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Brackets, Equations and Inequalities | Sequences | Indices | Fractions and Percentages | Standard <br> Index <br> Form | Number <br> Sense |
| Declarative <br> What should they know? <br> What key <br> facts/concepts/knowledge know? | Substitute numerical values into formulae and expressions, including scientific formulae <br> Use a variety of representations to simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions <br> Use a variety of methods to solve linear equations in one variable | Explore sequences using the nth term | Use a variety of methods to write/simplify involving indic invore | Develop understanding of fractions, decimals and percentages <br> Evaluate percentages increases and decreases Use multipliers to solve percentage problems Percentage increase, decrease and origina value problems and simple | Understand how to solve problems with standard form | Use a variety of methods to olve numerical problems |


|  | (including all forms that require rearrangement), including those with brackets and fractions. <br> Understand and use inequalities |  |  | interest in financial mathematics. |  |  |
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| Procedural <br> What should they be able to do? <br> What things should all students be able to do? | Expand, and factorise into single brackets <br> Form and use expressions, formulae and identities <br> Form and solve equations and inequalities with and without brackets <br> Distinguish between equations, expressions, formulae and identities <br> Expand products of two or more binomials. <br> Understand and use the vocabulary of inequalities. | Generate sequences from a rule <br> Generate sequences using more complex rules, e.g. with brackets, squared terms, both in words and algebraically <br> Calculate the nth term of a sequence | Form expressions <br> Use indices <br> Understand and use addition and subtraction rules <br> Simplify expressions involving sums, products and powers, including the laws of indices. | Define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred'. <br> Interpret diagrams as percentages and vice versa. <br> Find a percentage of an amount with or without a calculator. <br> Interpret percentages as a fraction or decimal. <br> Compare two quantities using percentages, and work with percentages greater than $100 \%$. <br> Express one number as a percentage of another | Convert between numbers in ordinary and standard form <br> Calculate with numbers given in standard form, with and without a calculator | Develop mental strategies <br> Convert between metric measures and units <br> Estimate, including rounding to a given number of decimal places <br> Use the order of operations |


| Disciplinary | Expressions, equations, <br> formulae, substitute, <br> factorise, binomial, <br> indices, inequalities, <br> rearrange <br> formulae/change the <br> subject <br> (Tier 3 Vocab) | Percentage, reverse <br> percentages, multiplier, <br> simple finance |  |  |  |
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| AsSESSment | $1 \times$ Brackets, equations <br> and inequalities <br> assessment |  <br> Indices Assessment | $1 \times$ Indices <br> Assessment | $1 \times$ Fractions and <br> Percentages Assessment | $1 \times$ Standard Form <br> Assessment |


| Year 8 | SUMMER |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Angles in <br> parallel | Area of <br> trapezia <br> and circles | Line of <br> symmetry | The Handling <br> Data Cycle | Measure of <br> location and <br> dispersion |


|  | lines and polygons |  | and reflection |  |  |
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| Declarative <br> What should they know? <br> What key facts/concepts/knowledge do we want all students to know? | Apply the properties if angles at a point, angles on a straight line and vertically opposite angles. <br> Understand and use the relationship between parallel lines and alternate and corresponding angles. <br> Derive and use the sum of the angles in a triangle and use it to deduce the angle sum in any polygon. <br> Use standard conventions for labelling sides and angles. | Derive and apply formulae to calculate and solve problems involving perimeter and area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezia and circles. | Describe, sketch and draw using conventional terms and notations, point, parallel lines, perpendicular lines, right angles, regular polygons, and other polygons that reflectively and rotationally symmetric. <br> Identify properties of and describe the results of reflections applied to given figures. | Describe, interpret and compare data. <br> Construct and interpret appropriate tables, charts and diagrams. | Describe, interpret and compare observed through appropriate measures of central tendency, such as the mean, mode, median and spread (range and outliers). |
| Procedural <br> What should they be able to do? <br> What things should all students be able to do? | - Review Year 7 angles rules <br> - Identify angles in parallel lines <br> - Revisit geometric notation | - Review area of shapes covered in Year 7 <br> - Calculate the area of a trapezium | - Recognise line symmetry in polygons and other shapes | - Understand and use primary and secondary sources of data <br> - Collect data, including questionnaires | - Revisit the median and mean, including finding the total given the mean <br> - Find the mean of grouped data |


|  | - Work angles in special quadrilaterals <br> - Find and use the sum of the interior angles of a polygon <br> - Prove simple geometric facts | - Calculate the area of a circle and the areas of parts of a circle <br> - Use significant figures <br> - Calculate the area of compound shapes | - Reflect shapes in horizontal, vertical and diagonal lines | - Interpret and construct statistical diagrams, including multiple bar charts <br> - Identify misleading graphs | - Work out the mode and modal class <br> - Choose the appropriate average <br> - Comparing distributions using measures |
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| Disciplinary <br> Literacy <br> (Tier 3 Vocab) | Isosceles, parallel, alternate, corresponding, co-interior, vertically opposite. | Area, trapezium, isosceles, compound shape, circle, arc, sector, radius, diameter. | Perpendicular, parallel, polygon, rotational symmetry, reflection, order of symmetry. | Primary data, secondary data, questionnaire, random, bias. | Primary data, secondary data, discrete, continuous, frequency, grouped frequency, mean, median, mode, range, outliers. |
| Assessment | $1 \times$ Angles Assessment | $1 \times$ Area of Trapezia and Circles Assessment | 1 x Line Symmetry Assessment | $1 \times$ Statistics Assessment | $1 \times$ Summer Progress Test |

