



Key Vocabulary				
	Definition			
rocks	rocks are made up of grains that are packed			
	together			
mineral	Minerals are solid chemical substances that occur			
	naturally – examples include diamond, quartz,			
	gypsum. Each grain that makes up the rock is made			
	from a mineral.			
permeable	Allowing water to pass through it			
petrologist	Someone who studies rocks			
magma	Liquid rock inside a volcano			
lava	Liquid rock that flows out of a volcano. Fresh lava			
	ranges from 1300 to 2200 degrees Fahrenheit (700			
	to 1200 degrees centigrade) in temperature and			
	glows red hot to white hot when it flows.			
Molten rock	A rock that has been reduced to liquid through			
	heating.			
fossils	the remains or impression of a prehistoric plant or			
	animal embedded in rock			
soil	Soil is a mixture of tiny particles of rocks, organic			
	matter from animals and plants, as well as air and			
	water			

Activities that you could do at home:

- Make 3D models of different types of rocks using papier-mâché.
- Research fossils and create a fact file or leaflet about fossils and how they are formed.

Key Knowledge	
Soil	Layers of soil
Half of soil is air and water. The water is in the soil and the air is in the gaps between the soil.	~
Things you might find in soil: sand, small stones, bits of leaf, and insect wing, root, ants.	- top soil sub soil
Contained within the soil are millions of micro-organisms which help break down the matter and make the soil healthy and full of life.	base rock

Man made Key Knowledge				
	Key knowledge			
Man made	sedimentary	igneous	metamorphic	
rocks are often used for buildings and structures. Examples: Concrete and bricks	Tend to be grainy in texture and may contain fossils e.g. sandstone and limestone	Tend to have interlocking grains giving the rock a crystalline appearance e.g. granite	Often has a crystalline appearance e.g. marble	
	Formed from the fragments of other rocks that have been weathered, eroded and transported, by water, ice or wind and finally deposited (settled) as sediments in water or dunes	Formed by the solidification of molten rock or magma	After its original formation this rock has been altered in structure and composition by heat, and chemically active fluids.	