RSE and Health Education Programme 2022-23



Department for Education

Secretary of State Foreword

Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.

This is why the Government have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England and Relationships and Sex Education compulsory in all secondary schools, as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools.

Our guiding principles have been that all of the compulsory subject content must be age appropriate and developmentally appropriate. It must be taught sensitively and inclusively, with respect to the backgrounds and beliefs of pupils and parents while always with the aim of providing pupils with the knowledge they need of the law.

We are clear that parents and carers are the prime educators for children on many of these matters. Schools complement and reinforce this role and have told us that they see building on what pupils learn at home as an important part of delivering a good education. We agree with this principle and congratulate the many schools delivering outstanding provision to support the personal development and pastoral needs of their pupils.

At secondary, teaching will build on the knowledge acquired at primary and develop further pupils' understanding of health, with an increased focus on risk areas such as drugs and alcohol, as well as introducing knowledge about intimate relationships and sex. Teaching about mental wellbeing is central to these subjects, especially as a priority for parents is their children's happiness. We know that children and young people are increasingly experiencing challenges, and that young people are at particular risk of feeling lonely. The new subject content will give them the knowledge and capability to take care of themselves and receive support if problems arise.

All of this content should support the wider work of schools in helping to foster pupil wellbeing and develop resilience and character that we know are fundamental to pupils being happy, successful and productive members of society. Central to this is pupils' ability to believe that they can achieve goals, both academic and personal; to stick to tasks that will help them achieve those goals, even when the reward may be distant or uncertain; and to recover from knocks and challenging periods in their lives. This should be complemented by development of personal attributes including kindness, integrity, generosity, and honesty.

We know that many schools will choose to teach the compulsory content within a wider programme of Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education or similar. Schools are encouraged to continue to do so, if this is right for them, and build on established, high quality programmes. These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others', wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society.

Contents of This Document

In order to fulfil its statutory obligations as outlined by the Department for Education, the following documents have been written and/or collated by Congleton High School.

Please note that due to the Coronavirus, it may be necessary to make changes to when/how content is delivered.

Pages 4-9

RSE and Health Education Policy

Pages 10-14

RSE and Health Education Curriculum Overview

Pages 15-22

Mapping Document that shows when each topic will be delivered to ensure it is most relevant and age appropriate.

Page 23

Overview of content for STOP sessions.

There are 5 STOP sessions (approx. 3 hours each) that are on the school calendar for 2022/23. During this time, normal lessons are replaced by the delivery of content shown in the mapping document.

Pages 24-34

Appendix from the PSHE associations SOW to map each of objectives that are taught in the stop days. Used in conjunction with the overview of content for the STOP sessions.

This document should be read in conjunction with the following statutory guidance:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/908013/Relationships_Education_Relationships_and_Sex_Education_RSE_and_Health_Education.pdf

The Learning Alliance Congleton High School RSE and Health Education Policy 2022-23



Statement of intent

At Congleton High School, we understand the importance of educating students about relationships, sex, their health and well-being. This in turn will help her all children to make responsible and well-informed decisions in their lives.

The teaching of RSE and Health Education can help to prepare students for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. It allows us to promote the spiritual, moral, social, cultural, mental and physical development of students at school and in the wider society.

We have an obligation to provide students with high-quality, evidence based and age-appropriate teaching of these subjects.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Equality Act 2010
- DfE (2020) 'Keeping Children Safe in Education'
- DfE (2019) 'Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education'
- DfE (2015) 'National curriculum in England: science programmes of study'
- The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England)
 Regulations 2019 [To be implemented from September 2020]
- Children and Social Work Act 2017
- This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:
- Behavioural Policy
- SEN Policy
- E-safety Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy

2. Roles and responsibilities

The Local Governing Body is responsible for:

- Ensuring all students make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes.
- Ensuring the RSE and Health Education curriculum is well-led, effectively managed and wellplanned.
- Ensuring that teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all students with SEND.

- Providing clear information to parents on the subject content and the right to request that their child is withdrawn.
- Ensuring RSE and Health Education is resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures the school can fulfil its legal obligations.

The Headteacher is responsible for:

- The overall implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring all staff are suitably prepared to deliver the subjects.
- Reviewing all requests to withdraw students from non-statutory elements of the RSE and health education curriculum.
- · Reviewing this policy on an annual basis.

The Guidance Team Leader is responsible for:

- Overseeing the delivery of RSE and health education.
- Ensuring the curriculum is age-appropriate and of high-quality.
- Monitoring the learning and teaching of RSE and Health Education, providing support to staff where necessary.
- Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the curriculum.
- Ensuring the school meets its statutory requirements in relation to RSE and Health Education.

Tutors are responsible for:

- Acting in accordance with, and promoting, this policy
- Delivering RSE and Health Education in a sensitive way and that is of a high-quality and appropriate for each year group.
- Ensuring they do not express personal views or beliefs when delivering the curriculum.
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE and Health Education.
- Liaising with the SENCO about identifying and responding to the individual needs of students with SEN.
- Liaising with the Guidance Team Leader about key topics, resources and support for individual students.
- Reporting any safeguarding concerns or disclosures that students may make as a result of the subject content to the DSL.
- Responding appropriately to students whose parents have requested to withdraw them from the non-statutory components of RSE.

The SENCO is responsible for:

- Advising teaching staff how best to identify and support students' individual needs.
- Advising staff on the use of TAs in order to meet students' individual needs.

3. Organisation of the RSE and health education curriculum

- For the purpose of this policy, "Relationships and Sex Education" is defined as teaching students about developing healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, and helping them to understand human sexuality and to respect themselves and others.
- For the purpose of this policy, "Health Education" is defined as teaching students about how they
 can make good decisions about their own health and wellbeing, and how physical health and
 mental wellbeing are interlinked.
- The majority of the RSE and Health Education curriculum will be delivered through Tutor led Guidance lessons, with statutory elements taught via the science curriculum.
- The curriculum has been developed in line with the DfE's statutory 'Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education' guidance.
- The school will consider the context of the wider local community when developing the curriculum to ensure it is reflective of issues in the local area.
- The school will consider the religious background of all students when planning teaching, to ensure all topics included are appropriately handled.
- The RSE and health education curriculum is informed by topical issues in the school and wider community, to ensure it is tailored to students' needs.

4. Delivery of the curriculum

- The majority of the RSE and Health Education content will be delivered through the PSHE curriculum within Guidance STOP days. Form tutor time will be used for the delivery of some wellbeing aspects of the curriculum.
- The curriculum will proactively address issues in a timely way in line with current evidence on student's physical, emotional and sexual development.
- RSE and Health Education will be delivered in a non-judgemental, age-appropriate, factual and inclusive way that allows students to ask questions in a safe environment.
- Teaching of the curriculum reflects requirements set out in law, particularly in the Equality Act 2010, so that students understand what the law does and does not allow, and the wider legal implications of the decisions they make.
- The school will integrate LGBTQ+ content into the RSE curriculum and it will be approached in a sensitive, age-appropriate and factual way.
- Inappropriate images, videos, etc. will not be used, and resources will be selected with sensitivity given to the age and cultural background of students.
- Students will be prevented from accessing inappropriate materials on the internet when using such to assist with their learning. The prevention measures taken to ensure this are outlined in the school's E-safety Policy, and Acceptable Use Agreement.
- Teachers will ensure that students' views are listened to and will encourage them to ask questions and engage in discussion. Teachers will answer questions sensitively and honestly.
- Teachers will focus heavily on the importance of marriage and healthy relationships when teaching RSE, though sensitivity will always be given as to not stigmatise students on the basis of their home circumstances.
- Teachers will ensure they challenge the perceived views of students and thereby developing mutual respect for those different to themselves.
- In teaching the curriculum, teachers will be aware that students may raise topics such as selfharm and suicide. When talking about these topics in lessons, teachers will be aware of the risks

- of encouraging these behaviours and will avoid any resources or material that appear as instructive rather than preventative.
- At all points of delivery of the curriculum, parents will be consulted, and their views will be valued. What will be taught and how, will be planned in conjunction with parents.

5. Curriculum links

- The school seeks opportunities to draw links between RSE and Health Education and other curriculum subjects wherever possible to enhance students' learning.
- RSE and Health Education will be specifically linked to the following subjects:
 - **Science** students are taught about the main external parts of the body and changes to the human body as it grows, including puberty.
 - **ICT and computing** students are taught about how they can keep themselves safe online and the different risks that they may face online as they get older.
 - PE students can develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities, are
 physically active for sustained periods of time, engage in competitive sport and lead healthy,
 active lives.
 - **RE** students will have the opportunity to learn about different cultures and religions and differing views around relationships.

6. Working with parents

- The school understands that parents' role in the development of their children's understanding about relationships and health is vital.
- The school understands that the teaching of some aspects of the curriculum may be of concern to parents.
- If parents have concerns regarding RSE and health education, they may submit these via email to enquiries@congletonhigh.com. or contact the school on 01260-730123.

7. Working with external agencies

- External experts may be invited to assist from time-to-time with the delivery of the RSE and Health Education curriculum but will be expected to comply with the provisions of this policy.
- The school will check the visitor/visiting organisation's credentials of all external agencies.
- The school will ensure the teaching delivered by the external experts fits with the planned curriculum and provisions of this policy.
- The school will discuss with the visitor the details of how they intend to deliver their sessions and ensure the content is age-appropriate and accessible for all students.
- The school will request copies of the materials and lesson plans the visitor will use, to ensure it meets the full range of students' needs.
- The school and the visitor will agree on how confidentiality will work in any lesson and that the
 visitor understands how safeguarding reports must be dealt with in line with the school's Child
 Protection and Safeguarding Policy.
- The school will use visitors to enhance teaching by an appropriate member of teaching staff, not to replace teaching by those staff.

8. Withdrawal from lessons

- Parents have the right to request that their child is withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory RSE.
- Parents do not have a right to withdraw their child from the relationships or health elements of the programmes.
- Requests to withdraw a child from sex education will be made in writing to the Headteacher.
- Before granting a withdrawal request, the Headteacher will discuss the request with the parents
 and, as appropriate, the child, to ensure their wishes are understood and to clarify the nature and
 purpose of the curriculum.
- Following discussions with parents, the school will respect the parents' request to withdraw their child up to and until three terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive RSE rather than be withdrawn, the school will make arrangements to provide the child with RSE.
- Pupils who are withdrawn from RSE will receive appropriate, purposeful education during the full period of withdrawal.
- For requests concerning the withdrawal of a student with SEN, the headteacher may take the students' specific needs into account when making their decision.

9. Equality and accessibility

- The school will comply with the relevant requirements of the Equality Act 2010 and will ensure the curriculum does not discriminate against students because of their:
- Age
- Sex
- Race
- Disability
- Religion or belief
- Gender reassignment
- Pregnancy or maternity
- Marriage or civil partnership
- Sexual orientation
- The school will consider the backgrounds, gender, age range and needs of its students and determine whether it is necessary to put in place additional support for students with the above protected characteristics.
- The school understands that students with SEN are entitled to learn about RSE and Health Education, and the curriculum will be designed to be inclusive of all students.
- The school is aware that some students are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEN – teachers will understand that they may need to liaise with the SENCO and be more explicit and adapt their planning or work to appropriately deliver the curriculum to students with SEN.
- Where there is a need to tailor content and teaching to meet the needs of students at different developmental stages, the school will ensure the teaching remains sensitive, age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate and is delivered with reference to the law.

- The school will take steps to foster healthy and respectful peer-to-peer communication and behaviour between boys and girls, and provide an environment which challenges perceived limits on students based on their gender or any other characteristic.
- The school will be actively aware of everyday issues such as sexism, misogyny, homophobia and gender stereotypes and take positive action to build a culture within which these are not tolerated.
 Any occurrences of such issues will be identified and tackled promptly.
- The school will make clear that sexual violence and sexual harassment are not acceptable and will not be tolerated.

10. Safeguarding and confidentiality

- All students will be taught about keeping themselves safe, including online, as part of a broad and balanced curriculum.
- Teachers will understand that some aspects of RSE may lead to a student raising a safeguarding concern, e.g. disclosing that they are being abused, and that if a disclosure is made, the DSL will be alerted immediately.
- Students will be made aware of how to raise their concerns or make a report, and how their report will be handled this includes the process for when they have a concern about a peer.

Monitoring and review

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Approved at Education & Welfare Committee: 18th January 2023

Review Date: Spring term 2024

The Learning Alliance Congleton High School RSE and Health Education Curriculum Overview



RSE subject overview

RSE will continue to develop students' knowledge on the topics taught at a primary level, in addition to the content outlined in this section.

Families

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family, life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- That there are different types of committed, stable relationships.
- How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children.
- What marriage is, including their legal status, e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting.
- Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into.
- The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships.
- The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising children, including the characteristics of successful parenting.

Students will also know how to:

- Determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy.
- Judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe, and recognise this in others' relationships.
- How to seek help or advice if needed, including reporting concerns about others.

Respectful relationships, including friendships

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships in all contexts (including online), including trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships.
- Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- How stereotypes, particularly those based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage, e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour.
- That in school and wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs.
- About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities
 of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to seek help.
- The types of behaviour in relationships that can be criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control.
- What constitutes sexual harassment and violence and why these are always unacceptable.
- The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality, with reference to the protected characteristics defined in the Equality Act 2010, and that everyone is unique and equal.

Online and media

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, and that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts.
- About online risks, including that material shared with another person has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online.
- Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which they receive.
- What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.
- The impact of viewing harmful content.
- That sharing and viewing indecent images of children is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties, including jail.
- How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online.

Being safe

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships.
- How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn – this includes online.

Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.
- That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively and negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.
- The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for both men and women.
- The range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.
- That they have a choice to delay sex or enjoy intimacy without sex.
- The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, their effectiveness and options available.
- The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage.
- That there are choices in relation to pregnancy, with legally and medically accurate, impartial information on all options.
- How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs) are transmitted, how risk can be reduced.
- About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment.
- How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour.
- How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment.

RSE programmes of study

The school will determine an age-appropriate, developmental curriculum which meets the needs of young people and includes the statutory content outlined above

Health Education subject overview

The physical health and mental wellbeing curriculum will continue to develop students' knowledge on the topics taught at a primary level, in addition to the content outlined in this section.

Mental wellbeing

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- How to talk about their emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary.
- That happiness is linked to being connected to others.
- How to recognise the early signs of mental wellbeing concerns.
- Common types of mental ill health, e.g. anxiety and depression.
- How to critically evaluate when something they do or are involved in has a positive or negative
 effect on their own or others' mental health.
- The benefits and importance of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation and voluntary and service-based activities on mental wellbeing and happiness.

Internet safety and harms

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- The similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including the impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others online, over-reliance on online relationships, the risks related to online gambling, how information is targeted at them and how to be a discerning consumer of information online.
- How to identify harmful behaviours online, including bullying, abuse or harassment, and how to report, or find support, if they have been affected by those behaviours.

Physical health and fitness

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- The positive associations between physical activity and promotion of mental wellbeing.
- The characteristics and evidence of what constitutes a healthy lifestyle.
- About the science relating to blood, organ and stem cell donation.

Healthy eating

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

• How to maintain healthy eating and the links between a poor diet and health risks, including tooth decay and cancer.

Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- The facts about legal and illegal drugs and their associated risks, including the link between drug use and serious mental health conditions.
- The law relating to the supply and possession of illegal substances.
- The physical and psychological risks associated with alcohol consumption and what constitutes low risk alcohol consumption in adulthood.
- The physical and psychological consequences of addition, including alcohol dependency.
- Awareness of the dangers of drugs which are prescribed but still present serious health risks.
- The facts about the harms from smoking tobacco, the benefits of quitting and how to access the support to do so.

Health and prevention

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

 About personal hygiene, germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread, treatment and prevention of infection, and about antibiotics.

- About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including healthy
 eating and regular check-ups at the dentist.
- The benefits for young adults of regular self-examination and screening.
- The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.
- The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and how a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.

Basic first aid

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- Basic treatments for common injuries.
- Life-saving skills, including how to administer CPR.
- The purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed.

Changing adolescent body

By the end of secondary school, students will know:

- Key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body and menstrual wellbeing.
- The main changes which take place in males and females, and the implications for emotional and physical health.

Health education programmes of study

The school will determine an age-appropriate, developmental curriculum which meets the needs of young people and includes the statutory content outlined above.

Mapping Document to ensure that content is age appropriate and relevant

Key

- H- Health and Wellbeing
- R- Relationship and Sex Education
- L Living in the wider world

Full details about the key can be found in the extract at Appendix 1 from the PSHE Association Programme of Study for PSHE Education

	Year 7			Year 8			Year 9		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT
H1									
H2									
Н3									
H4									
H5									
Н6									
H7									
Н8									
Н9									
H10									
H11									
H12									
H13									
H14			PE			PE			PE
			RE			RE			RE
H15									
H16			PE			PE			PE
H17			PE			PE			PE
			Food			Food			Food
			Tech			Tech			Tech
H18			PE			PE			PE
			Food			Food			Food
			Tech			Tech			Tech
H19						Science			
H20			DT			DT			DT
						Science			Science
H21									
H22									
H23									
H24									
H25									

H26					
H27					
H28					
H29					
H30					
H31					
H32					
H33					
H34		Science			
H35					
H36					

	Year 10			Year 11		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT
H1						
H2						
Н3						
H4						
H5						
Н6						
H7						
Н8						
Н9						
H10						
H11			PE			PE
			DT			DT
H12						
H13						
H14						
H15			Science			Science
H16						
H17						
H18						
H19						
H20						
H21						
H22						
H23			RE			RE
H24						
H25						
H26						
H27						
H28						
H29						
H30						
H31						
H32						
H33						

	Year 7			Year 8			Year 9		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT
R1			RE			RE			RE
R2			ICT			DRAMA			
R3			RE			RE			RE
R4									
R5						RE			
R6			RE			RE			RE
R7									
R8									
R9									
R10									
R11									
R12									
R13									
R14									
R15									
R16									
R17		Assemblies							
R18									
R19									
R20									
R21									
R22									
R23									
R24									
R25									
R26									
R27									
R28									
R29									
R30									
R31									
R32									
R33									
R34									
R35									
R36									
R37									
R38									
R39									
R40									
R41									
R42									
R43									
R44									
R45									
R46									

R47					
				OPTIONS	

	Year 10			Year 11		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT
R1						
R2						
R3						
R4						
R5			HSC			HSC
			RE			RE
R6						
R7						
R8						
R9						
R10						
R11						
R12						
R13						
R14						
R15						
R16						
R17						
R18						
R19						
R20						
R21						
R22						
R23						
R24						
R25						
R26						
R27						
R28						
R29						
R30			RE			RE
R31			RE			RE
R32			RE			RE
R33			RE			RE
R34			RE			RE
R35						
R36						
R37			RE			RE
R38			SOC.SCI			SOC.SCI

	Year 7			Year 8			Year 9		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT
L1			DT/ICT						
L2			DT/ICT						
L3									
L4			ICT/DT						
L5			ICT/DT						
L6									
L7									
L8									
L9									
L10									
L11									
L12									
L13									
L14									
L15									
L16									
L17									
L18									
L19									
L20			ICT			ICT			ICT
L21			ICT			ICT			ICT
L22			ICT			ICT			ICT
L23		Assemblies			Assemblies				
L24		Assemblies			Assemblies				
L25		Assemblies			Assemblies				
L26		Assemblies			Assemblies				
L27		Assemblies			Assemblies				

	Year 10			Year 11		
	STOP	FORM	SUBJECT		FORM	SUBJECT
L1			DT			DT
			ICT			ICT
			HSC CDev			HSC CDev
			(Reflective			(Reflective
			Practice)			Practice)
			Careers			Careers
			Assemblies			Assemblies
L2			DT			DT
			ICT			ICT
			HSC CDev			HSC CDev
			(Reflective			(Reflective
			Practice)			Practice)
L3			DT			DT
			ICT			ICT
			HSC CDev			HSC CDev
			(Reflective			(Reflective
			Practice)			Practice)
L4			DT			DT
			Art			Art
			Social			Social
			Sciences			Sciences
			English			English
			Open			Open
			Evenings			Evenings
			Taster			Taster
			lessons			lessons
			Visits to /			Visits to /
			from			from
			employers			employers
L5			RE			RE
			DT/ICT			DT/ICT
			MFL			MFL
L6			Assemblies			Assemblies
LU			Displays			Displays
L7			Assemblies			Assemblies
"			Displays			Displays
L8			Assemblies			Assemblies
LO			Displays			Displays
L9			Displays			Displays
			Art			Art
L10						
111			HSC / C Dev			HSC / C Dev
L11						
L12			DT			DT
L13			DT			DT
			ICT			ICT
			Social			Social
			Sciences			Sciences
			Science			Science
L14			HSC / C Dev			HSC / C Dev

L15	GCSE RE	GCSE RE
L16	Maths (in	Maths (in
	part)	part)
L17	Business	Business
L18	Maths (in	Maths (in
	part)	part)
	DT (in part)	DT (in part)
	RE (in part)	RE (in part)
	Social	Social
	Sciences	Sciences
	(Business)	(Business)
L19		
L20		
L21		
L22	Social	Social
	Sciences (in	Sciences (in
	part)	part)
	Drama (in	Drama (in
	part)	part)
L23	Re Stop	Re Stop
	Days	Days
	ICT (Y 7)	ICT (Y 7)
L24	Science (in	Science (in
	part)	part)
	RE Stop	RE Stop
	Days	Days
L25	Social	Social
	Sciences (in	Sciences (in
	part in	part in
	safeguarding	safeguarding
	units)	units)
L26	DT (in part)	DT (in part)
	Business (in	Business (in
	part)	part)
L27	Science (in	Science (in
	part)	part)
	Business (in	Business (in
	part)	part)
L28	RE (Years 10	RE (Years 10
	and 11)	and 11)
	RE Stop	RE Stop
120	Days	Days
L29	RE (Years 10	RE (Years 10
	and 11)	and 11)
	RE Stop	RE Stop
	Days	Days
	Social	Social
	Sciences	Sciences

STOP morning dates	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Tuesday 11 th Oct P1-3	Health and wellbeing: transition and safety	Relationships: discrimination	Health and wellbeing: peer influence	Health and wellbeing: mental health	Health and wellbeing: building for the future
	H1 H2 H30 H33 R13 L1 L2	RESPECT ME antibullying BOOKED R39-43 R3 R4	H24 H25 H27 H28 H29 R1 R20 R37 R2 R44-47	H2 H5-10	H2 H3 H4 H8 H12 L22
Monday 12 th Dec P3-5	Living in the WW: developing skills and aspirations R15 R39 L1 L4 L5 L9 L10 12	Living in the WW: community and careers R39 R41 L3 L8-12	Living in the WW: setting goals L2 L3 L6-14	Living in the WW: financial decision making H25 R38 L16-20 L25	Relationships: communication in relationships RESPECT ME abuse BOOKED H26-29 R16 R17 R21 R23 R32
Wed 1st Feb P1-3	Relationships: diversity R3 R38-41	Health and wellbeing: drugs and alcohol H23-29 H31 H5 R42 R44	Relationships: respectful relationships <u>RESPECT ME</u> <u>relationships and sex</u> <u>BOOKED</u> H2 R1 R6 R19 R21-23 R35 R36	H + W: exploring influence H19-21 R20 R35-37	Living in the WW: Next steps H1 L1-4 L6-8 L11 L12 L21
Tuesday 21 st Mar P3-5	H + W: health and puberty H5 H13-18 H20 H22 H34	H + W: emotional wellbeing H3 H4 H6-12 L24	H + W: healthy lifestyle H3 H14-19 H21	Relationships: healthy relationships RESPECT ME positive relationships and sexting BOOKED R1-3 R6-8 R14 R15 R18 R19 R22 R28-31	H + W: independence H3-4 H11 H13-18 H22-24
Tuesday 4 th July P1-3	Relationships: building relationships RESPECT ME self esteem BOOKED H1 R2 R9 R11 R13-15 R24	Relationships: identity and relationships H3 H30 H32 R17 R19 L20- 27	Relationships: respectful R7 R8 R11 R12 R18 R24 R26-34 L21 H35-36	Relationships: addressing extremism and radicalisation R5 R6 R9 R10 R14 R28-31 R34 L24 L26 -29	

APPENDIX 1

CORE THEME 1: HEALTH AND WELLBEING

KS3 Learning opportunities in Health and Wellbei	KS3 Learning	opportunities	in Health	and Wellbein
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Students learn...

KS4 Learning opportunities in Health and Wellbeing

Students learn...

Self-concept

- **H1.** how we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing
- **H2.** to understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)
- **H3.** the impact that media and social media can have on how people think about themselves and express themselves, including regarding body image, physical and mental health
- **H4.** simple strategies to help build resilience to negative opinions, judgements and comments
- **H5.** to recognise and manage internal and external influences on decisions which affect health and wellbeing

- **H1.** to accurately assess their areas of strength and development, and where appropriate, act upon feedback
- **H2.** how self-confidence self-esteem, and mental health are affected positively and negatively by internal and external influences and ways of managing this
- **H3.** how different media portray idealised and artificial body shapes; how this influences body satisfaction and body image and how to critically appraise what they see and manage feelings about this
- **H4.** strategies to develop assertiveness and build resilience to peer and other influences that affect both how they think about themselves and their health and wellbeing

Mental health and emotional wellbeing

- **H6.** how to identify and articulate a range of emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary
- **H7.** the characteristics of mental and emotional health and strategies for managing these
- **H8.** the link between language and mental health stigma and develop strategies to challenge stigma, myths and misconceptions associated with help-seeking and mental health concerns
- **H9.** strategies to understand and build resilience, as well as how to respond to disappointments and setbacks

H10. a range of healthy coping strategies and ways to promote wellbeing and boost mood, including physical activity, participation and the value of positive relationships in providing support

- **H5.** the characteristics of mental and emotional health; to develop empathy and understanding about how daily actions can affect people's mental health
- **H6.** about change and its impact on mental health and wellbeing and to recognise the need for emotional support during life changes and/or difficult experiences
- **H7.** a broad range of strategies cognitive and practical for promoting their own emotional wellbeing, for avoiding negative thinking and for ways of managing mental health concerns
- **H8.** to recognise warning signs of common mental and emotional health concerns (including stress, anxiety and depression), what might trigger them and what help or treatment is available

- **H11.** the causes and triggers for unhealthy coping strategies, such as self-harm and eating disorders, and the need to seek help for themselves or others as soon as possible [NB It is important to avoid teaching methods and resources that provide instruction on ways of self-harming, restricting food/inducing vomiting, hiding behaviour from others etc., or that might provide inspiration for pupils who are more vulnerable (e.g. personal accounts of weight change).]
- H12. how to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need
- **H9.** the importance of and ways to pre-empt common triggers and respond to warning signs of unhealthy coping strategies, such as self-harm and eating disorders in themselves and others [NB It is important to avoid teaching methods and resources that provide instruction on ways of self-harming, restricting food/inducing vomiting, hiding behaviour from others etc., or that might provide inspiration for pupils who are more vulnerable (e.g. personal accounts of weight change).]
- **H10.** how to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; to explore and analyse ethical issues when peers need help; strategies and skills to provide basic support and identify and access the most appropriate sources of help

Healthy lifestyles

- **H13.** the importance of, and strategies for, maintaining a balance between school, work, leisure, exercise, and online activities
- **H14.** the benefits of physical activity and exercise for physical and mental health and wellbeing
- H15. the importance of sleep and strategies to maintain good quality sleep
- **H16.** to recognise and manage what influences their choices about physical activity
- **H17.** the role of a balanced diet as part of a healthy lifestyle and the impact of unhealthy food choices
- **H18.** what might influence decisions about eating a balanced diet and strategies to manage eating choices
- **H19.** the importance of taking increased responsibility for their own physical health including dental check-ups, sun safety and self-examination (especially testicular self-examination in late KS3); the purpose of vaccinations offered during adolescence for individuals and society.

Health-related decisions

- H11. to make informed lifestyle choices regarding sleep, diet and exercise
- H12. the benefits of having a balanced approach to spending time online
- **H13.** to identify, evaluate and independently access reliable sources of information, advice and support for all aspects of physical and mental health
- **H14.** about the health services available to people; strategies to become a confident user of the NHS and other health services; to overcome potential concerns or barriers to seeking help
- **H15.** the purpose of blood, organ and stem cell donation for individuals and society¹
- **H16.** how to take increased personal responsibility for maintaining and monitoring health including cancer prevention, screening and self-examination
- **H17.** to assess and manage risks associated with cosmetic and aesthetic procedures, including tattooing, piercings and the use of sunbeds
- **H18.** the ways in which industries and advertising can influence health and harmful behaviours

H20. strategies for maintaining personal hygiene, including oral health, and prevention of infectionH21. how to access health services when appropriate			
H22. the risks and myths associated with female genital mutilation (FGM), its status as a criminal act and strategies to safely access support for themselves or others who may be at risk, or who have already been subject to FGM			
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco			
H23. the positive and negative uses of drugs in society including the safe use of prescribed and over the counter medicines; responsible use of antibiotics H24. to evaluate myths, misconceptions, social norms and cultural values relating	19. the consequences of substance use and misuse for the mental and physical ealth and wellbeing of individuals and their families, and the wider consequences or communities 20. wider risks of illegal substance use for individuals, including for personal		
to drug, alcohol and tobacco use H25. strategies to manage a range of influences on drug, alcohol and tobacco use, including peers	safety, career, relationships and future lifestyle		
H26. information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use	H21. to identify, manage and seek help for unhealthy behaviours, habits and		
H27. the personal and social risks and consequences of substance use and misuse including occasional use	addictions including smoking cessation		
H28. the law relating to the supply, use and misuse of legal and illegal substances			
H29. about the concepts of dependence and addiction including awareness of help to overcome addictions			

Managing risk and personal safety

- **H30.** how to identify risk and manage personal safety in increasingly independent situations, including online
- **H31.** ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety
- **H22.** ways to identify risk and manage personal safety in new social settings, workplaces, and environments, including online
- **H23.** strategies for identifying risky and emergency situations, including online; ways to manage these and get appropriate help, including where there may be legal consequences (e.g. drugs and alcohol, violent crime and gangs)

| 24

 H32. the risks associated with gambling and recognise that chance-based transactions can carry similar risks; strategies for managing peer and other influences relating to gambling H33. how to get help in an emergency and perform basic first aid, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of defibrillators 	H24. to increase confidence in performing emergency first aid and life-saving skills, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of defibrillators H25. to understand and build resilience to thinking errors associated with gambling (e.g. 'gambler's fallacy') the range of gambling-related harms, and how to access support for themselves or others Sexual health and fertility		
Puberty and sexual health			
 H34. strategies to manage the physical and mental changes that are a typical part of growing up, including puberty and menstrual wellbeing H35. about the purpose, importance and different forms of contraception; how and where to access contraception and advice (see also Relationships) 	 H26. the different types of intimacy — including online — and their potential emotional and physical consequences (both positive and negative) H27. about specific STIs, their treatment and how to reduce the risk of transmission H28. how to respond if someone has, or may have, an STI (including ways to access sexual health services) H29. to overcome barriers, (including embarrassment, myths and misconceptions) about sexual health and the use of sexual health services H30. about healthy pregnancy and how lifestyle choices affect a developing foetus H31. that fertility can vary in all people, changes over time (including menopause) and can be affected by STIs and other lifestyle factors 		
H36. that certain infections can be spread through sexual activity and that barrier contraceptives offer some protection against certain sexually transmitted infections (STIs)	 H32. about the possibility of miscarriage and support available to people who are not able to conceive or maintain a pregnancy H33. about choices and support available in the event of an unplanned pregnancy, and how to access appropriate help and advice 		

CORE THEME 2: RELATIONSHIPS

CORE THEME 2: RELATIONSHIPS			
KS3 Learning opportunities in Relationships and Sex Education	KS4 Learning opportunities in Relationships and Sex Education		
Students learn	Students learn		
Positive re	elationships		
 R1. about different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them R2. indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online R3. about the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender identity, age and sexual orientation R4. the difference between biological sex, gender identity and sexual orientation R5. to recognise that sexual attraction and sexuality are diverse R6. that marriage is a legal, social and emotional commitment that should be entered into freely, and never forced upon someone through threat or coercion R7. how the media portrays relationships and the potential impact of this on people's expectations of relationships R8. that the portrayal of sex in the media and social media (including pornography) can affect people's expectations of relationships and sex 	R1. the characteristics and benefits of strong, positive relationships, including mutual support, trust, respect and equality R2. the role of pleasure in intimate relationships, including orgasms R3. to respond appropriately to indicators of unhealthy relationships, including seeking help where necessary R4. the importance of stable, committed relationships, including the rights and protections provided within legally recognised marriages and civil partnerships and the legal status of other long-term relationships R5. the legal rights, responsibilities and protections provided by the Equality Act 2010 R6. about diversity in romantic and sexual attraction and developing sexuality, including sources of support and reassurance and how to access them R7. strategies to access reliable, accurate and appropriate advice and support with relationships, and to assist others to access it when needed R8. to understand the potential impact of the portrayal of sex in pornography and other media, including on sexual attitudes, expectations and behaviours		
Relations	hip values		
R9. to clarify and develop personal values in friendships, love and sexual	R0 to recognise clarify and if necessary challenge their own values and		

- **R9.** to clarify and develop personal values in friendships, love and sexual relationships
- **R10.** the importance of trust in relationships and the behaviours that can undermine or build trust
- **R11.** to evaluate expectations about gender roles, behaviour and intimacy within romantic relationships
- **R9.** to recognise, clarify and if necessary, challenge their own values and understand how their values influence their decisions, goals and behaviours
- **R10.** to understand a variety of faith and cultural practices and beliefs concerning relationships and sexual activity; to respect the role these might play in relationship values

R12. that everyone has the choice to delay sex, or to enjoy intimacy without sex	
Forming and maintainin	g respectful relationships
R13. how to safely and responsibly form, maintain and manage positive relationships, including onlineR14. the qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety	R11. strategies to manage the strong emotions associated with the different stages of relationships
of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online) R15. to further develop and rehearse the skills of team working	R12. to safely and responsibly manage changes in personal relationships including the ending of relationships
R16. to further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromiseR17. strategies to identify and reduce risk from people online that they do not already know; when and how to access help	R13. ways to manage grief about changing relationships including the impact of separation, divorce and bereavement; sources of support and how to access them
R18. to manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)	R14. the opportunities and potential risks of establishing and conducting relationships online, and strategies to manage the risks
R19. to develop conflict management skills and strategies to reconcile after disagreements	R15. the legal and ethical responsibilities people have in relation to online aspects
R20. to manage the influence of drugs and alcohol on decision-making within relationships and social situations	of relationships
R21. how to manage the breakdown of a relationship (including its digital legacy), loss and change in relationships	R16. to recognise unwanted attention (such as harassment and stalking including online), ways to respond and how to seek help
R22. the effects of change, including loss, separation, divorce and bereavement.	

R23. the services available to support healthy relationships and manage unhealthy relationships, and how to access them

strategies for managing these and accessing support

R17. ways to access information and support for relationships including those experiencing difficulties

Consent

R24. that consent is freely given; that being pressurised, manipulated or coerced to agree to something is not giving consent, and how to seek help in such circumstances

R18. about the concept of consent in maturing relationships

- **R25.** about the law relating to sexual consent
- **R26.** how to seek, give, not give and withdraw consent (in all contexts, including online)
- **R27.** that the seeker of consent is legally and morally responsible for ensuring that consent has been given; that if consent is not given or is withdrawn, that decision should always be respected
- R28. to gauge readiness for sexual intimacy
- R29. the impact of sharing sexual images of others without consent
- **R30.** how to manage any request or pressure to share an image of themselves or others, and how to get help
- **R31.** that intimate relationships should be pleasurable

- **R19.** about the impact of attitudes towards sexual assault and to challenge victim-blaming, including when abuse occurs online
- **R20.** to recognise the impact of drugs and alcohol on choices and sexual behaviour
- **R21.** the skills to assess their readiness for sex, including sexual activity online, as an individual and within a couple
- **R22.** to evaluate different motivations and contexts in which sexual images are shared, and possible legal, emotional and social consequences

Contraception and parenthood

- **R32.** the communication and negotiation skills necessary for contraceptive use in healthy relationships (see also 'Health')
- **R33.** the risks related to unprotected sex
- **R34.** the consequences of unintended pregnancy, sources of support and the options available
- R35. the roles and responsibilities of parents, carers and children in families
- **R36.** the nature and importance of stable, long-term relationships (including marriage and civil partnerships) for family life and bringing up children

- **R23.** how to choose and access appropriate contraception (including emergency contraception) and negotiate contraception use with a partner
- **R24.** the physical and emotional responses people may have to unintended pregnancy; the different options available; whom to talk to for accurate, impartial advice and support
- **R25.** the importance of parenting skills and qualities for family life, the implications of young parenthood and services that offer support for new parents and families
- R26. the reasons why people choose to adopt/foster children
- **R27.** about the current legal position on abortion and the range of beliefs and opinions about it

Bullying, abuse and discrimination

- **R37.** the characteristics of abusive behaviours, such as grooming, sexual harassment, sexual and emotional abuse, violence and exploitation; to recognise warning signs, including online; how to report abusive behaviours or access support for themselves or others
- **R28.** to recognise when others are using manipulation, persuasion or coercion and how to respond

- **R38.** to recognise bullying, and its impact, in all its forms; the skills and strategies to manage being targeted or witnessing others being bullied
- **R39.** the impact of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination on individuals and relationships
- **R40.** about the unacceptability of prejudice-based language and behaviour, offline and online, including sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, racism, ableism and faith-based prejudice
- **R41.** the need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online

- **R29.** the law relating to abuse in relationships, including coercive control and online harassment
- **R30.** to recognise when a relationship is abusive and strategies to manage this
- **R31.** the skills and strategies to respond to exploitation, bullying, harassment and control in relationships
- **R32.** about the challenges associated with getting help in domestic abuse situations of all kinds; the importance of doing so; sources of appropriate advice and support, and how to access them
- **R33.** The law relating to 'honour'-based violence and forced marriage; the consequences for individuals and wider society and ways to access support
- R34. strategies to challenge all forms of prejudice and discrimination

Social influences

- **R42.** to recognise peer influence and to develop strategies for managing it, including online
- **R43.** the role peers can play in supporting one another to resist pressure and influence, challenge harmful social norms and access appropriate support
- **R44.** that the need for peer approval can generate feelings of pressure and lead to increased risk-taking; strategies to manage this
- **R45.** about the factors that contribute to young people joining gangs; the social, legal and physical consequences of gang behaviours
- **R46.** strategies to manage pressure to join a gang, exit strategies and how to access appropriate support
- **R47.** motivations, misconceptions and consequences of carrying weapons and strategies for managing pressure to carry a weapon

- **R35.** to evaluate ways in which their behaviours may influence their peers, positively and negatively, including online, and in situations involving weapons or gangs
- R36. skills to support younger peers when in positions of influence
- **R37.** to recognise situations where they are being adversely influenced, or are at risk, due to being part of a particular group or gang; strategies to access appropriate help
- **R38.** factors which contribute to young people becoming involved in serious organised crime, including cybercrime

CORE THEME 3: LIVING IN THE WIDER WORLD

L12. about different work roles and career pathways, including clarifying their own

and work

early aspirations

KS3 Learning opportunities in Living in the Wider World	KS4 Learning opportunities in Living in the Wider World		
Students learn	Students learn		
Learni	ng skills		
L1. study, organisational, research and presentation skills	L1. to evaluate and further develop their study and employability skills		
L2. to review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop themL3. to set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals	L2. to evaluate their own personal strengths and areas for development and use this to inform goal setting		
L4. the skills and attributes that employer's value			
L5. the skills and qualities required to engage in enterprise	L3. how their strengths, interests, skills and qualities are changing and how these relate to future career choices and employability		
L6. the importance and benefits of being a lifelong learner	, , ,		
Choices ar	nd pathways		
L7. about the options available to them at the end of key stage 3, sources of information, advice and support, and the skills to manage this decision-making process	L4. about the range of opportunities available to them for career progression, including in education, training and employment		
L8. about routes into work, training and other vocational and academic opportunities, and progression routes	L5. about the need to challenge stereotypes about particular career pathways, maintain high aspirations for their future and embrace new opportunities		
L9. the benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life			
L10. to recognise and challenge stereotypes and family or cultural expectations that may limit aspirations	L6. about the information, advice and guidance available to them on next steps and careers; how to access appropriate support and opportunities		
Work an	nd career		
L11. different types and patterns of work, including employment, self-employment and voluntary work; that everyone has a different pathway through life, education	L7. about the labour market, local, national and international employment opportunities		

L8. about employment sectors and types, and changing patterns of employment

	experience that are available	
	L10. to develop their career identity, including values in relation to work, and how to maximise their chances when applying for education or employment opportunities	
	L11. the benefits and challenges of cultivating career opportunities online	
	L12. strategies to manage their online presence and its impact on career opportunities	
Employment rights and responsibilities		
L13. about young people's employment rights and responsibilities	L13. the skills and attributes to manage rights and responsibilities at work including health and safety procedures	
L14. to manage emotions in relation to future employment	L14. about confidentiality in the workplace, when it should be kept and when it might need to be broken	
	L15. about the unacceptability and illegality of discrimination and harassment in the workplace, and how to challenge it	
Financia	l choices	
L15. to assess and manage risk in relation to financial decisions that young people might make	L16. how to effectively budget, including the benefits of saving L17. how to effectively make financial decisions, including recognising the	
L16. about values and attitudes relating to finance, including debt	opportunities and challenges involved in taking financial risks	
	L18. to recognise and manage the range of influences on their financial decisions	
L17. to manage emotions in relation to money	L19. to access appropriate support for financial decision-making and for concerns relating to money, gambling, and consumer rights	
L18. to evaluate social and moral dilemmas about the use of money, including the influence of advertising and peers on financial decisions	L20. the skills to challenge or seek support for financial exploitation in different contexts including online	
L19. to recognise financial exploitation in different contexts e.g. drug and money mules, online scams	L21. to evaluate the financial advantages, disadvantages and risks of different models of contractual terms, including self-employment full-time, part-time and zero-hours contracts	

L9. to research, secure and take full advantage of any opportunities for work

- **L20.** that features of the internet can amplify risks and opportunities, e.g. speed and scale of information sharing, blurred public and private boundaries and a perception of anonymity
- **L21.** to establish personal values and clear boundaries around aspects of life that they want to remain private; strategies to safely manage personal information and images online, including on social media
- **L22.** the benefits and positive use of social media, including how it can offer opportunities to engage with a wide variety of views on different issues
- **L23.** to recognise the importance of seeking a variety of perspectives on issues and ways of assessing the evidence which supports those views
- **L24.** to understand how the way people present themselves online can have positive and negative impacts on them
- **L25.** to make informed decisions about whether different media and digital content are appropriate to view and develop the skills to act on them
- **L26.** that on any issue there will be a range of viewpoints; to recognise the potential influence of extreme views on people's attitudes and behaviours
- **L27.** to respond appropriately when things go wrong online, including confidently accessing support, reporting to authorities and platforms

- L22. that there are positive and safe ways to create and share content online and the opportunities this offers
- **L23.** strategies for protecting and enhancing their personal and professional reputation online
- **L24.** that social media may disproportionately feature exaggerated or inaccurate information about situations, or extreme viewpoints; to recognise why and how this may influence opinions and perceptions of people and events
- **L25.** how personal data is generated, collected and shared, including by individuals, and the consequences of this
- **L26.** how data may be used with the aim of influencing decisions, including targeted advertising and other forms of personalisation online; strategies to manage this
- L27. strategies to critically assess bias, reliability and accuracy in digital content
- **L28.** to assess the causes and personal consequences of extremism and intolerance in all their forms
- **L29.** to recognise the shared responsibility to challenge extreme viewpoints that incite violence or hate and ways to respond to anything that causes anxiety or concern