## Whole School Curriculum Overview

This is an overview of the areas of Mathematics that each year group studies. We try to cover each area of the curriculum at least twice across the year. On the following pages there is an overview of when we cover each area of the Maths Curriculum within each year group and a break-down of the curriculum objectives for each year group. These plans are guidelines for teachers - the weeks may change slightly depending on school events, such as assemblies and performances, and will depend upon the pace of children's learning within a class or Maths group.

| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number: Place Value | Number: Place Value | Number: Place Value | Number: Place Value | Number: Place Value | Number: Place Value |
| Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction | Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction | Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction | Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction | Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction | Number: Addition and <br> Subtraction |
| Number: Fractions | Number: Fractions | Number: Fractions | Number: Fractions, <br> Decimals | Number: Fractions, <br>  <br> percentages | Number: Fractions, <br>  <br> percentages |
| Number: Multiplication <br> and Division | Number: Multiplication <br> and Division | Number: Multiplication <br> and Division | Number: Multiplication <br> and Division | Number: Multiplication <br> and Division | Number: Multiplication <br> and Division |
|  |  | Measurement |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| money) | Measurement <br>  <br> money) | Measurement <br> (including time, money <br> \& perimeter) | Measurement <br> (including time, money, <br> area \& perimeter) | Measurement <br> (including area, <br>  <br> converting units) | Measurement <br> (including area, <br>  <br> converting units) |
| Geometry: shape | Geometry: shape | Geometry: shape | Geometry: shape | Geometry: shape | Geometry: shape <br> Number: Ratio |
|  <br> direction |  <br> direction |  |  <br> direction |  <br> direction |  <br> direction |
|  | Statistics | Statistics | Statistics | Statistics |  |

Year 1 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 들 <br> $\frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\frac{3}{2}$ | Number: Place Value (within 10) |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10) |  |  |  | Number: Place Value (within 20) |  | Number: Fractions |  |  |  |
|  | Number: and Subtr (within 20) | dition ion | Number: (within 50) | ace Value |  |  | Number and Subt | dition ion |  | Measure <br> Weight a | nt: <br> Volume |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\llcorner }{c} \\ & \frac{1}{E} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Division | tiplicati |  | Number: <br> Fractions |  |  | Number (within | ce value |  |  |  | 두 <br> .0 <br> 우 <br> -0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |

## Number and Place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
- read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words


## Addition and subtraction

read, write and interpret mathematical
statements involving addition ( + ), subtraction ( - ) and equals (=) signs

- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 , including zero
solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=-9$


## Multiplication and division

solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher

## Fractions

recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

## Measurement

compare, describe and solve practical problems for:

- lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]
- mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
- capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
- time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
measure and begin to record the following:
- lengths and heights
- mass/weight
- capacity and volume
- time (hours, minutes, seconds)
recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
- recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times

Geometry - properties of shapes
recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:

- 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
- 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]
Geometry - position and direction
- describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns

Year 2 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ㄷ $\frac{E}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ | Number: Place Value |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  | Number: <br> Place <br> Value | Number: Fractions |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{\varrho}{\circ}$ | Number: and Subtr | dition ion | Geometr of shape | Poperties | $$ |  | Number: <br> Multiplica <br> Division | on and |  |  |  | 둔 .0 0.0 0 0 0 0 |
|  | Number: <br> Multiplica <br> Division | n and |  |  | $$ |  |  |  | Problem solving | Investiga |  |  |

## Year 2 NC Objectives

## Number and Place value

- count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward and backward
recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs
- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words
use place value and number facts to solve problems


## Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data


## Measurement

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels
- compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =
- recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money
- solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change
compare and sequence intervals of time
- tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
- know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day
solve problems with addition and subtraction:
- using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures
- applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods
recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:
- a two-digit number and ones
- a two-digit number and tens
- two two-digit numbers
- adding three one-digit numbers
show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems


## Multiplication and division

recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2 , 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication $(\times)$, division $(\div)$ and equals (=) signs
show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot
solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts

## Fractions

recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$.

Geometry - properties of shapes
identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces
identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]
compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects

## Geometry - position and direction

order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise)

Year 3 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 들 $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ | Number: Place Value |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  | Measurement: <br> Length and Perimeter |  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  |  | $C$ .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| $\frac{\text { e }}{\frac{\text { n }}{0}}$ | Number: <br> Place <br> Value | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  | Number: Fractions |  | $$ | Measure and Cap | nt: Mass <br> y |  |
|  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  | Number: Fractions |  |  | Measurement: Time |  |  |  | Measure <br> Capacity, <br> Perimete | nt: Mass, ngth, |  |

## Year 3 NC Objectives

## Number and Place value

- count from 0 in multiples of 4,8,50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a threedigit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000
identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words
solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas


## Statistics

- interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables


## Measurement

measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity (l/ml) measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12hour and 24-hour clocks
estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]

## Addition and subtraction

 add and subtract numbers mentally including: a three-digit number and ones; a three-digit number and tens; a threedigit number and hundreds add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtractionestimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction

## Multiplication and division

recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables
write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for twodigit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects

## Fractions

count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $5 / 7+1 / 7=6 / 7$ ]
compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
solve problems that involve all of the above

## Geometry - properties of shapes

draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines

Year 4 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 들 $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{1}$ | Number: Place Value |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  |  |  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  |  |  | ㄷ <br> .0 <br> 10 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
| $\frac{\text { bo }}{\text { ® }}$ | Number: <br> Place Value | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  |  | Number: Fractions |  |  |  |  |  |  | ㄷ <br> .0 <br> 10 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
|  | Number: Multiplication and Division |  |  | Number: Decimals |  |  |  | Geometry: properties of shapes |  |  | U 4 4 0 0 0 |  |

## Year 4 NC Objectives

## Number and Place value

count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000
find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) order and compare numbers beyond 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000 solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value

## Addition and subtraction

add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Multiplication and division
recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$
use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers

- recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a onedigit number using formal written layout solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects

Statistics
interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs

Fractions
recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten
solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
add and subtract fractions with the same denominator recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4,1 / 2,3 / 4$ find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places

## Measurement

- Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]
measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence
read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12-and 24-hour clocks solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days


## Geometry - properties of shape

compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry

## Geometry - position and direction

## describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant

describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon

Year 5 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\stackrel{C}{E}}{\frac{1}{2}}$ | Number: Place Value |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction |  | Statistics | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division |  | Geometry: properties of shapes |  |  |  |
| $\frac{.5}{\frac{1}{n}}$ | Number: Multiplication and Division |  |  | Measurement: Converting Units |  | Number: Fractions |  |  | Number: Decimals and Percentages |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\vdots}{\text { E }} \\ & \frac{1}{E} \\ & \frac{\square}{5} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Fractions, Decimals and Percentages |  |  |  |  | Statistics | Measures <br> : Volume | Geometry: properties of shapes |  |  |  |  |

## Year 5 NC Objectives

Number and Place value
read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to $1,000,000$
interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero
round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10,100 , 1000, 10000 and 100000
solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.

## Addition and subtraction

add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits,
including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
Statistics
solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables

Multiplication and division identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recal prime numbers up to 19
multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts

- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.

Fractions
compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and conver from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, $2 / 5+4 / 5=$ $6 / 5=11 / 5]$
add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100 ]
recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
solve problems involving number up to three decimal places recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 21 / 4$
$1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 .

## Geometry - properties of shapes

identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from
onvert between different units of metric measu
understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres ( m 2 ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] solve problems involving converting between units of time
use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling

2-D representations
know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o) identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360o); angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total 1800) other multiples of 90o
use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

## Year 6 - Yearly Overview

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{E}{2} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & \frac{2}{2} \end{aligned}$ | Number: Place Value |  | Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication \& Division |  |  |  | Number: Fractions, Decimals \& Percentages |  |  |  | Statistics |  |
|  | Number: Fractions, Decimals \& Percentages |  | Number: Ratio |  |  |  | Number: Algebra |  |  |  | Statistics | 등 <br> 으 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{d} \\ & \frac{\varepsilon}{E} \\ & \stackrel{y}{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication \& Division |  | SATs revision |  | Problem solving |  |  | Investigations |  |  |  |  |

## Year 6 NC Objectives

Number and Place value
read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit
round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above

## Ratio and Proportion

solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison
solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

## Algebra

use simple formulae
generate and describe linear number sequence
express missing number problems algebraically
find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

## The Four operations

multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting emainders according to the context
perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
dentify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions
use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1
add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ ]
divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$ ] associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375 ] for a simple fraction [for example 3/8]
identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy
recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

## Statistics

interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
calculate and interpret the mean as an average

## Measurement

solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate
use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
convert between miles and kilometres
recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( cm 3 ) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units [for example, mm3 and km 3 ]

## Geometry - properties of shapes

draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles

## Geometry - position and direction

describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

