#### **Science**

Topic: Earth and Space Year: 5 Strand: Physics

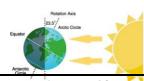
#### What should I already know?

- We have four seasons (autumn, winter, spring and summer).
- The Sun is a source of light but the Moon is not.
- Know that a shadow is caused when an object blocks light from passing through it.
- To know the history of space travel.

#### What will I know by the end of the unit?

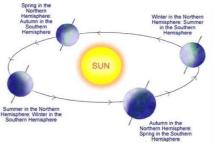
# What causes day and night?

- The Earth rotates on its axis anti-clockwise and makes a complete rotation over 24 hours (a day).
- This makes it appear as the Sun moves through the sky but the Earth's rotation causes day and night.
- Different parts of the Earth experience daylight at different times - this means that it is morning, afternoon and night in different places. This is also the reason why we have time zones.
- Because of the Earth's tilt, the poles experience 24 hours of sunlight in the summer, and very few hours of sunlight in the winter.
- As the Earth rotates, shadows that are formed change in size and orientation.



#### Year length and the seasons

- The Earth takes 365 and a quarter days to orbit the Sun.
- Because of the extra quarter day it takes to orbit the Sun, every four years on Earth is a leap year!
- It is the Earth's tilt that causes the seasons.



#### The Moon

- The Moon **orbits** the Earth anticlockwise and takes approximately 28 days.
- The Moon spins once on its axis every time it orbits Earth. This means that we only see one side of the Moon.
- The Moon has different phases depending on where it is in its **orbit**.
- The Moon's gravity causes high and low tides.

## What is the Solar System?

- There are 8 planets in our Solar System (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune). Pluto is a dwarf planet.
- They all orbit the Sun, which is a **star**, and they all have moons.
- The first four planets are relatively small and rocky, while the four outer planets are gas giants (Jupiter and Saturn) or ice giants (Uranus and Neptune).
- There are also asteroids, meteoroids and comets in the Solar System.
- The galaxy is in the universe.

### Other Diagrams



The Sun, Earth and Moon are approximately spherical.

The Earth **orbits** the Sun.
The Moon **orbits** Earth.



When the Moon passes between the Sun and Earth, the **shadow** cast by the Moon falls on the Earth's surface and we would no longer be able to see the Sun. This is called a **solar eclipse**.

	Vocabulary		
	asteroid	a rock that <b>orbits</b> the Sun in a belt between Mars and Jupiter	
	axis	an imaginary line through the middle of something	
	comet	a bright object with a long tail that travels around the Sun	
	galaxy	an extremely large group of stars and planets. Our galaxy is called the Milky Way.	
	gravity	the force which causes things to drop to the ground	
	leap year	a year which has 366 days. The extra day is the 29th February. There is a leap year every four years	
	meteorite	a rock from outer space that has landed on Earth	
	orbit	the curved path in space that is followed by an object going round and round a planet, moon, or star	
	planet	a large, round object in space that moves around a star	
	shadow	a dark shape on a surface that is made when something stands between a light and the surface	
	Solar Syste m	the Sun and all the planets that go round it	
	sphere	an object that is round in shape like a ball	
	spin	turns quickly around a central point	
	star	a large ball of burning gas in space	
	time zones	one of the areas into which the world is divided where the time is calculated as being a particular number of hours behind or ahead of GMT (Greenwich Mean Time)	
	universe	the whole of space and all the stars, planets, and other forms of matter and energy in it	

#### Investigate!

Compare the time of day at different places on Farth

Construct shadow clocks and sundials. Keep a Moon diary over the course of a month - what do you notice?

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