

Year 6 National Curriculum Objectives				
Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term		
Locational knowledge	Locational knowledge	Locational knowledge		
Name and locate counties and cities	Locate the world's countries, using	Identify the position and significance		
of the United Kingdom, geographical	maps to focus on Europe (including	of latitude, longitude, Equator,		
regions and their identifying human	the location of Russia) and <u>North and</u>	Northern Hemisphere, Southern		
and physical characteristics, key	<u>South America</u> , <u>concentrating on</u>	Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer		
topographical features (including hills,	their environmental regions, key	and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic		
mountains, coasts and rivers) <u>, and</u>	physical and human characteristics,	Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian		
land-use patterns; and understand	countries, and major cities	and time zones (including day and		
how some of these aspects have	[Linked to study of Africa and the	night).		
changed over time.	slave trade]	[Recapped from Y6 Spring Term]		
[Linked to a historical study of				
Skelmersdale and how the town has	Locational knowledge	Geographical skills and fieldwork		
developed/ changed]	Identify the position and significance	<u>Use fieldwork to observe, measure,</u>		
	of latitude, longitude, Equator,	record and present the human and		
Human and Physical Geography	Northern Hemisphere, Southern	physical features in the local area		
Describe and understand key aspects	Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer	using a range of methods, including		
of: human geography, including:	and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic	sketch maps, <u>plans and graphs, and</u>		
types of settlement and land use,	Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian	digital technologies.		
economic activity including trade	and time zones (including day and	Human and physical accaraphy		
links, and the distribution of natural	night).			
resources including energy, food, minerals and water.	[Linked to African/ Slave Trade topic]	Describe and understand key aspects		
[Linked to a historical study of	Human and Physical Geography	of: physical geography, including:		
Skelmersdale and how the town has	Describe and understand key aspects	<u>climate zones</u> , biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains,		
developed/ changed]				
developed/ changed]	types of settlement and <u>land use</u> ,	volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.		



Geographical skills and fieldwork	economic activity including trade	
Use fieldwork to observe, measure,	links, and the distribution of natural	
record and present the human and	<u>resources</u> including energy, <u>food,</u>	
physical features in the local area	minerals and water.	
using a range of methods, including	[Linked to slave trade and coastal	
sketch maps <u>, plans and graphs, and</u>	studies]	
digital technologies.	-	
[Linked to a historical study of	Locational knowledge	
Skelmersdale and how the town has	Name and locate counties and cities	
developed/ changed]	of the United Kingdom, geographical	
	regions and their identifying human	
	and physical characteristics, key	
	topographical features (including hills,	
	mountains, <u>coasts</u> and rivers), and	
	land-use patterns; and understand	
	how some of these aspects have	
	<u>changed over time.</u>	
	[Linked to African/ Slave Trade topic]	
	Geographical skills and fieldwork	
	Use maps, atlases, globes and	
	digital/computer mapping to locate	
	countries and describe features	
	studied. [Linked to study of Africa and	
	the slave trade]	
	Use the eight points of a compass,	
	four and six-figure grid references,	
	symbols and key (including the use of	



Ordnange Sunvey mansh te build their							
	Ordnance Survey maps) to build their						
	knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.						
	and the wider world.						
Year 6 Key Skills							
<u>Mapping skills</u>	<u>Mapping skills</u>	<u>Mapping skills</u>					
Choose the most appropriate	Use six figure coordinates.	Use latitude/longitude in a globe or					
map/globe for a specific purpose.		atlas.					
	Use latitude/longitude in a globe or	[Recapped from Y6 Spring term]					
Relate different maps to each other	atlas.						
and to aerial photos.							
Interpret and use thematic maps.	Communication skills	Fieldwork skills					
	Develop their views and attitudes to	Observe, measure and record					
Identify, describe and interpret relief	critically evaluate responses to local	human and physical features using a					
features on OS maps.	geographical issues or events in the	range of methods including sketch					
	news e.g. for/against arguments	maps, cameras and other digital					
Create sketch maps using symbols	relating to the proposed wind farm.	technologies.					
and a key.	[Recapped from Y6 Autumn term]						
		Interpret data collected and present					
line a wider range of OS averabele		the information in a variety of ways					
Use a wider range of OS symbols		including charts and graphs.					
including 1:50K symbols.		incloaing chans and graphs.					
Know that different scale OS maps		Enquiry & Investigations skills					
use some different symbols.		Make predictions and test simple					
		hypotheses about people and					
Use models and maps to discuss land		places.					
shape i.e. contours and slopes.							



Use the scale bar on maps.		Communication skills Use more precise geographical	
Read and compare map scales.		language relating to the physical and	
		human processes detailed in the PoS	
Enquiry & Investigations skills		e.g. tundra, coniferous/deciduous	
Ask and answer questions that are		forest when learning about biomes.	
more causal e.g. Why is that			
happening in that place? Could it		Communicate geographical	
happen here? What happened in		information in a variety of ways	
the past to cause that? How is it likely		including through maps, diagrams,	
change in the future?		numerical and quantitative skills and	
Communication skills		writing at increasing length.	
Develop their views and attitudes to			
critically evaluate responses to local		Collect and present data	
geographical issues or events in the		electronically.	
news e.g. for/against arguments			
relating to the proposed wind farm.		Use and interpret live data.	
Communicate geographical		Use wider range of labels and	
information in a variety of ways		Use wider range of labels and measuring tools on digital maps.	
including through maps, diagrams,		measoning tools on aight maps.	
numerical and quantitative skills and writing at increasing length.			
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Year 6 Curriculum Enrichment Opportunities			
	Year 6 will visit Crosby beach, Formby	Year 6 will visit the Liverpool Anglican	
	woods and sand dunes. [Linked to a	Cathedral, Catholic Cathedral and	
	coastal study]	key streets. [Linked to the slave trade]	

Geography Curriculum Map & Skills Progression



Year 6 Vocabulary						
Agriculture	Elevation	Coast	Longitude	Longitude	Temperate	
Skjalmar's Dale	Sparse	Berm	Latitude	Latitude	Mediterranean	
Hamlet	Dense	Revetment	Hemisphere	Hemisphere	Arid	
Coal mine	Town	Deposition	Tropic of Cancer	Tropic of Cancer	Tropical	
Industry	Village	Erosion	Tropic of Capricorn	Tropic of Capricorn	Polar	
Urban	Upholland	Vegetation	Arctic	Arctic	tundra	
Rural	Tanhouse	Rivers	Antarctic	Antarctic		
Colliery	Digmoor	Industry	Prime/Greenwich	Prime/Greenwich		
Pimbo	Parbold	Attractions	Meridian	Meridian		