

Ye	ear 4 National Curriculum Objectiv	es
Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Pupils should be taught about: the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain. (Non-statutory focus) <u>'Romanisation'</u> <u>of Britain:</u> sites such as Caerwent <u>and</u> <u>the impact of technology, culture</u>		Pupils should be taught about: the achievements of the earliest civilizations – <u>an overview of where</u> <u>and when the first civilizations</u> <u>appeared.</u> [Placing the Ancient Egyptians within
and beliefs, including early Christianity.		a timeline] Pupils should: regularly address
Pupils should be taught about: a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066.		historically valid questions about <u>change and cause, similarity and</u> <u>difference,</u> and significance. [Recapped from Y4 Autumn term]
(Non-statutory) <u>A significant turning</u> point in British history, for example, the first railways or the Battle of Britain [Linking to WW2 mini theme – The Blitz]		Pupils should: <u>note connections</u> , <u>contrasts</u> and trends <u>over time.</u> [Recapped from Y4 Autumn term and progressed from Y3 Curriculum]
Pupils should: regularly address historically valid questions about <u>change and cause, similarity and</u> <u>difference, and significance.</u>		Pupils should: construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.



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Pupils should: construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information. [Recapped and progressed from Y3 Curriculum]		Pupils should: understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources. [Recapped from Y4 Autumn term and progressed from Y3 Curriculum]
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	Year 4 Key Skills	
Use specialist terms like settlement, invasion and vocabulary linked to chronology. Understanding some of the ways in which people's lives have shaped this nation.		Understanding some significant aspects of history – nature of ancient civilisations; expansion of empires; characteristic features of non- European societies; achievements and follies of mankind.
Describing how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world. [Roman legacy in Britain and local community]		Making some links between and across periods, such as the differences between clothes, food, buildings or transport.

## History Curriculum Map & Skills Progression



		Produce structured work that makes
Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of different sources and that different versions of past events may exist, giving some possible reasons for this. Using specialist dates and terms, and by placing topics studied into different periods (century, decade, <i>Roman, Egyptian, BC, AD</i> ). Making some links between and across periods, such as the differences between clothes, food, buildings or transport.		Produce structured work that makes some <u>connections</u> , <u>draws some</u> <u>contrasts</u> , frame historically-valid questions involving thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information <u>using</u> <u>appropriate dates and terms</u> . Understand some of the methods of historical enquiry, and how evidence is used to make detailed observations, finding answers to questions about the past. Use some sources to start devising historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.
	Year 4 Knowledge and Sequence	
<ul> <li>Romans, Volcanoes and Earthquakes</li> <li>Roman Empire (civilisation and culture).</li> <li>Conquering Britain (Julius Caesar and his attempt to conquer Britain (conflict with the Celts). Emperor Claudius who successfully</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Ancient Egyptians</li> <li>Locate key events within Ancient Egypt on a timeline.</li> <li>Life in Ancient Egypt (clothes, food, buildings and transport). Possible comparison with Greeks (taught in Y3).</li> </ul>

## History Curriculum Map & Skills Progression



<ul> <li>the Iceni tribe).</li> <li>Locate countries regions and eart and identify simil locality. (Geogra</li> <li>What the Roman sewage, etc.).</li> <li>Study the physica volcanoes. (Geo Roman life in Brit Black History).</li> <li>Explore argumen settlements in voo (Geography link)</li> <li>Pompeii disaster Empire.</li> </ul>	hquake zones arities in their aphy link) ns did for us (roads, al features of ography link) ain (including nts for human lcanic regions. during the Roman ink with Year 5 trip. eography link) an rule in Britain.	<ul> <li>The Pyramids of Giza, their significance and what is buried.</li> <li>Mummification.</li> <li>Tutankhamun – Howard Carter.</li> <li>Cleopatra and Mark Anthony. Link bank to the Romans, who invaded Egypt at the end of Cleopatra's reign (taught in autumn term).</li> <li>Egyptian Gods.</li> <li>Trip to Manchester Museum – Egyptians</li> </ul>
•		Year 4 Vocabulary
<b>Roman Britain</b> Tribes Emperor Amphitheatre Julius Caesar	Gunpowder Plot Day Guy Fawkes Houses of Parliament	Ancient Egypt Century Ancient Pyramid Pharaoh

## History Curriculum Map & Skills Progression



Invade/conquer	Bonfire/ effigy	River Nile
Emperor Claudius	Gunpowder	Civilisation
Queen Boudicca	King James I	Hieroglyphs
Iceni tribe	Catholic/	Tutankhamen
Aquaduct	Catholicism	Mummification
Census	Robert Catesby	Sarcophagus
Empire	John/ Christopher	
WW2 week	Wright	
Air raid	Lord Monteagle	
Blitzkrieg	Fire Marshall	
Luftwaffe	Coventry	
Birmingham	Sheffield	
industrial		