

Egypt

What you've learnt already

- The River Nile is in Egypt
- Egypt is near the Equator in Africa
- The reasons why people live/d near rivers.
- Knowledge of the Great Sphinx, Valley of the Kings and Pyramids of Giza

Choices

- Land-use and respect for the environment, in particular the ancient landmarks
- Advantages and disadvantages of being located by the river

Key Vocabulary

Transcontinental	An area of land extending across two or more continents
Delta	A wide muddy or sandy area where the rivers meet the sea. The river slows down and drops all the sediment it was carrying.
Sandstorm	Strong wind in sandy areas, which lift the sand from the ground and push it around
Cyclone	A powerful spinning storm that contains strong winds and rain that swirl around a calm eye, or centre
Humidity	The amount of water vapour in the air
Vegetation	The plant life of a place
Migration	The movement of people from one place to another
Bazaar	A market place
Nomadic	A person who moves from place to place, not settling anywhere
Irrigation	The artificial watering of land

Maps



Lesson Sequence

L1	Locate and describe Egypt
L2	Explain why landmarks are located along the River Nile
L3	Compare my local area to an area in Egypt

Human Features

- Settlements
- Land-use
- Economy
- Trade links

Physical Features

- Climate
- Rivers
- Canals
- Deserts
- Hills
- mountains

Egypt

What is a delta?	What does vegetation mean?	What is a bazaar?	Name three famous landmarks that you would find in Egypt.
Which continent is Egypt part of?	What does migration mean?	Explain irrigation.	What is a settlement?
Explain what a cyclone is.	What is the climate like in Egypt?	What are the advantages/ disadvantages of living near a river?	What does transcontinental mean?
Why are lots of landmarks close to the River Nile?	How is Egypt similar /different to where we live?	If a person is nomadic, what is their life like?	Tell me about trade and economy in Egypt.

One Point

Two Points

Three Points

Four Points