Eastry C of E Primary School Medium Term Plan: EYFS

Creating Use info to create something new	Evaluating Critically examine info and make judgements	Analysing Take info apart and explore relationships	Exceeding Skills
Applying Use info in a new situation			Furnanta d. Chille
Understanding			Expected Skills
Understand and make sense of info			
Remembering			Emerging Skills
Remember and recall info			

Торіс	What will you find beneath the sea? (FICTION)
Term	5
Hooks/WOW:	What's in my box? (fish) linked to rainbow fish Recycling Bag of rubbish Special Shell artefact
Inspire day	Eid

<u>Area of</u>	<u>Development</u>	Week 1 and 2:	Week 3:	Week 4:	V
<u>Learning</u> (Skill, Context)	<u>Matters/ ELGS/</u> <u>Small steps</u>	COMMOTION IN THE OCEAN	SHARING A SHELL	SHARING A SHELL	RAIN
PSED	See table below	Introduce our new class value: JOY. How can we show joy? Link to baubles on the tree and re- remind children.	What does it mean to share? What should you share? Would you share your home with son stranger into your house?	Linked to What mak in a friend	
CL	See table below	Sensory Table - Under the Sea - create a scene. Blue Slime to promote discussion. Snack Time opportunities What could the word be? Join in with the story and anticipate rhyming words.	 Sensory Table/Curiosity Cube: Some kind of communication between the crab/lobster and the children - leaving letters and packages for them linking to his house. Leaving clues etc. Variety of different shells on a tray. What's the same about the shells? What's the difference? 		Bring in a Place unde Children u think it is Explore fi scales/gill

Week 5:

INBOW FISH

Week 6:

RAINBOW FISH

to sharing from the week before.

nakes a good friend? What qualities do you look for end?

n a whole fish.

nder box with hand hole.

n use senses to smell/touch fish. What do they is? What does it feel like?

e fish in water - look at gills/bones/mouth/eyes moving parts.

PD	See table below	PE: practice for sports day.		PE: practice for sports day.		PE: practice for sports day.	
		Gymnastics in the hall, expl	oring the equipment.				
Reading Writing	See table below	Book of the Week: Commot What words rhyme? RWI Guided Reading with word g writing and blending longer Funky Five - Five letters	ames - focus on red words	Book of the Week: Sharing a Shell Book talk around the story. Pick out key questions: Yes or No - interview children on their answers. EG: Would you share your home with somebody? RWI Guided Reading with word games - focus on red words writing and blending longer words. LQ: What is precious to you? What would you share with a friend?		Book of the Week: Rainbow Fish Deconstruct book in the book corner. RWI Guided Reading with word games - focus on red words writing and blending longer words. What qualities make a good friend?	
Writing		each week. Focus group with Mrs Williams. What rhymes with the first word? Writing a rhyming string.	sentence about the IT sea creature you have made? (Using LTC)	LQ. What is precious to you? What would you share with a thena?		Labelling the fish scales. Sense sentence to describe the real fish.	
Mathematics	See table below	To 20 and Beyond	To 20 and Beyond	To 20 and Beyond	First Then Now	First Then Now	First Then Now
UW	See table below	Can you find a fact about your sea creature?	Can you create your sea creature using a paint programme?	Habitats – rockpools. What different habitats do you get under the sea? Where do different creatures live? How is a rockpool different. Compare and contrast these environments.		What qualities do different people posess? What do you like about specific people? Focus on differences make us unique and special.	
EAD	See table below	What recycled materials could you use to make your sea creature? What colour will you select for your sea creature?		How will you make your lobster? (paper plate writing activity).		What pattern will you make on your fish scale? Coffee filters, add pipette water to blur the colours.	
R.E	Which stories are special and why?	What is a promise?	Can you always see your promise?	Why Should you keep your promise?	Why do Christians Trust God to Keep his Promises?	What do Christians and Jewish people learn from the Story of Joseph?	What can we learn from Old Testement Stories?
Learning Environment Indoors		 Playdoh resources for sea creatures - add googly eyes, pipe cleaners, sticks for seaweed, glitter. Book Corner to turn into Sea-Den: Add little artefacts such as shells and stones. Deconstruct the sea books and add props. Construction: set up a beach small world - add sandpaper, people, blue material, gems, and sea creatures. Add small chairs from dolls house. Blue slime and small world resources onto Curiosity Cube (Sensory). 		Add tuff tray to book corner - make some kind of rockpool and add the characters from the story. Add shells, add water beads and gems. Children to use props to immerse themselves in story. Make 'coral reef' pictures using paint and pipettes: add pipettes with watery paint to creative den.		Using wax crayons in a light colour and a blue paint wash.	
Learning Environment Outdoors		Water Tray - blue cellophane. Sand pit - add stones, shells, sand resources.		Large paper hung on washing line, pipettes, food colouring and water. Drop to create ocean picture.		Make large scale sea creatures, numbers for each leg to label. Make a submarine outside with the crates and large 3D shapes.	

Area of Learning	
PSED	40-60 Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities.
	Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group
	resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.
	40 - 60 Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy.
	Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behav or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.
	40-60 Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show ser
	positive relationships with adults and other children.
CL	Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with rel their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity.
	Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stor
	Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking a
	the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.
PD	Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. The
	pencils for writing.
	Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage a
	successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.
Reading	40-60 Continues a rhyming string
-	40-60 Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers
	Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read
Writing	40-60 Links sounds to letters and begins to know letters of the alphabet.
	40-60 Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts.
	Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They w
	themselves and others.
Mathematics	40-60 Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. Says the number that is one more than a given number. Finds one more
	then ten objects. In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. Records, using marks the
	own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations.
	Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using a
	numbers and count on to find the answer.
	40 -60 Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2-D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes. Selects a parti- length or height.
	They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them
UW	They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Children know about
0.00	objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one a
	plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and
	particular purposes.
EAD	They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Children use
	in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes.

up, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the

aviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group

ensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form

relevant comments, questions or actions. They give

ories or events. about events that have happened or are to happen in

hey handle equipment and tools effectively, including

their own basic hygiene and personal needs

ad some common irregular words.

write simple sentences which can be read by

bre or one less from a group of up to five objects, hat they can interpret and explain. Begins to identify

quantities and objects, they add two single digit

ticular named shape. Orders two or three items by

It similarities and differences in relation to places, another. They make observations of animals and nd schools. They select and use technology for

use what they have learnt about media and materials