Eastry C of E Primary School Medium Term Plan: KS1 and KS2

Creating Evaluating Analysing Use info to create Critically examine Take info apart something new info and make and explore judgements relationships Applying Use info in a new situation Understanding Understand and make sense of info Remembering Remember and recall info

Exceeding Skills

Expected Skills

Emerging Skills

Topic: Scrumdidlyumptious!

Term: 4 Year 3

Hooks: Chocolate! Following recipes. Design and make a chocolate and packaging. Design and make a sandwich. Visit to a restaurant? Bake off for charity/Dragon's Den

Texts: Charlie and the Chocolate Factory Roald Dahl Poetry (Michael Rosen Chocolate Cake)

INSPIRE Day – Comic Relief, World Book Day, NSPCC Numbers Day

Area of	Skill/ Small steps	Week 1 / lesson 1	Week 2/ lesson 2	Week 3/ lesson 3	Week 4/ lesson 4	Week 5/ lesson 5	Week 6/ lesson 6	Week 7/lesson 7
<u>Learning</u>								
Reading	listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read discussing words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination recognising some different forms of poetry drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence predicting what might happen from details stated and implied identifying main ideas drawn from more than 1 paragraph and summarising these	LQ – Can I make predictions and links with other texts? LQ – Can I listen to parts of a story with sustained concentration and retell what I have heard? LQ – Can I answer questions about the main character based in chapter 1? LQ- Can I find evidence from the story to support my ideas?	LQ – Can I summarise a chapter read? LQ – Can I read with expression, taking notice of punctuation? LQ – Can I develop and predict my own ideas based on what I have read (design my own chocolate factory?)? LQ- Can I find evidence from the story to support my answers?	(Chapter 5 – Wonka Golden ticket notice) LQ – Can I explain why the author has chosen specific words and phrases? LQ – Can I choose words and phrases that I think support the author's ideas? LQ – Can I identify words used to describe characters in a story? LQ- Can I answer questions by retrieving information from what I have read?	LQ – Can I use adjectives to describe how I would feel from the point of view of a character? LQ – Can I make predictions based on what I have read? LQ – Can I identify punctuation in a text and explain their purpose? LQ – Can I read with fluency and expression, taking notice of punctuation?	LQ – Can I identify words that are used to describe characters? (Ch 14) LQ – Can I identify direct speech in a text? LQ – Can I read direct speech with expression? LQ – Can I retrieve information from a text to answer questions?	LQ – Can I infer information to answer questions about a text? LQ – Can I read with fluency and expression, taking notice of punctuation? LQ – Can I review a book that I have read?	
	identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning							
	retrieve and record information from non-fiction							

GPS	Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word Place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals. Choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition.	LQ – Can I spell words with the suffix –ing, -er and -ed? LQ – Can I spell words with the suffix –ly?	LQ – Can I spell words with the suffixful and - less?	LQ – Can I spell words with the suffix –ous?	LQ – Can I spell words with the suffix –tion, –sion, –ssion, –cian? LQ – Can I use apostrophes for possession?	LQ – Can I use the possessive apostrophe accurately in both regular and irregular plurals?		
	use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them	LQ – Can I spell words with the suffix –ation?						
Writing	Plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar discussing and recording ideas Draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures organising paragraphs around a theme in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences proofread for spelling and punctuation errors extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause	LQ – Can I expand and develop my ideas using a thesaurus? LQ – Can I use a range of descriptive language to describe a character from a story?	LQ – Can I perform a poem? LQ – Can I expand and develop my ideas based around a theme? LQ – Can I record rhyming words and couplets? LQ – Can I write a rhyming poem based on a theme?	LQ- Can I expand my vocabulary by using a thesaurus? LQ – Can I identify the features of persuasive writing? LQ – Can I develop my own ideas using my imagination?	LQ- Can I plan a persuasive advert? LQ - Can I write a persuasive advert? LQ - Can I present and persuade my audience, choosing appropriate language and techniques? LQ- Can I write a formal invitation?	LQ – Can I plan a story based on what I have read? LQ – Can I re-write a part of a story read by following my plan? LQ – Can I edit and improve writing?	LQ – How is an informal letter written? LQ – Can I plan an informal letter? LQ – Can I write an informal letter? LQ – Can I edit and improve my writing through proof -reading and checking?	
	using fronted adverbials							

Measure length in Compare leng			LQ – Can I measure length using cm	LQ – Can I find equivalent	LQ – Can I measure the	LQ – Can I recognise equal	LQ – Can I recognise a	1	
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displays or presentations of results	Science	including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. Monitoring and recording setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays	LQ – Can I explain how living things obtain food and why animals, including humans, need the right type of nutrients? LQ – How much of each type of food	LQ – What should be included in a healthy meal? LQ – Can I sort animals	LQ – Can I identify and name the bones of the	LQ – Can I identify and explain the three main functions of a	LQ – Can I investigate and record how our muscles		

RE	Why do Christians call the day that Jesus dies, 'Good' Friday? SALVATION Can I suggest what the texts about the entry into Jerusalem and death and resurrection of Jesus might mean? Can I give examples of what the texts studied mean to some Christians mark the Easter events in the Church communities? Can I describe how Christians show their beliefs about Palm Sunday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday in worship? Can I make links between some of the stories and teachings in the Bible and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own about the God in Christianity?	LQ – What do I know about how Christians display beliefs about Holy week?	LQ – What is salvation?	LQ – How do Christians feel about the Holy week stories in the bible?	LQ – What do Christians do to remember the events written in the Gospels about Holy week?	LQ – How do Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection?	LQ- Can I suggest ways in which the texts about the entry to Jerusalem and the death and resurrection of Jesus might mean?	
Computing	I can use communication tools such as 2Email respectfully and use good	LQ – What are the different methods of communication?	LQ – Can I open and respond to an email?	LQ – Can I learn how to use email safely?	LQ – Can I learn how to use email safely?	LQ – Can I add an attachment to an email?	LQ – Can I explore a simulated email	
	etiquette. I can report unacceptable content and contact online in more than one way to a trusted adult. I understand the importance of keeping	LQ – Can I explain how to search for information about others online? E-SAFETY	LQ – Can I write an email to someone using an address book? LQ – Can I explain how to search for information	LQ - Can I give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online. I can explain the need to be careful before sharing	LQ - Can I give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online. I can explain the need to be careful before sharing anything	LQ – Can I explain who someone can ask if they are unsure about putting something online? E- SAFETY	scenario? LQ – Can I explain who someone can ask if they are unsure about putting something online? E-SAFETY	
	safe online and behaving respectfully.		about others online? E- SAFETY	anything personal? E- SAFETY	personal? E-SAFETY			
	I can create purposeful (appropriate) content and attach this to emails.							
	I can identify different ways that the internet can be used for communication.							
	I can use email such as 2Email to respond to others appropriately and attach files.							
	E-Safety Online reputation							
	I can use a search engine to find information about me and my family							
	I can use " " to narrow my search							
	I understand that I should check the images, news and video results as well as the regular search results							
	I understand what 'personal' information is							
	I know that I must always ask before I share information about others online							
	I can name 3 different places or people that I can go to if I am unsure if information is safe to share							
History		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Geography	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Can I practise using maps, atlases and globes to locate countries and describe features studied – becoming more confident using each? Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water Can I describe some aspects of human geography?	LQ- Where does chocolate come from?	LQ- What is fair trade?	LQ – Where does our fruit come from? LQ – Can I make a healthy fruit kebab using fruit from around the world?	LQ- Which of our foods are grown in Britain and what is seasonality?	LQ – Which foods are grown and produced locally?	
	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities						
	Can I get more confident at locating countries in Europe, North America and South America on a map? Name and locate counties and cities of						
	the United Kingdom Can I get more confident locating the cities of the UK?						
Art	record and explore ideas from first hand observations, experience and	LQ – Can I complete an observational drawing from a different perspective?					
	imagination and ideas for different purposes						
	question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select						
	ideas for use in their work, recording and annotating in sketchbooks.						
	think critically about their art and design work.						
	draw for a sustained periods of time.						
	use a sketchbook to collect and develop ideas from a range of sources						
	experiment with marks and lines with a wide range of implements e.g. charcoal, chalk, pencil, crayon, pens etc.						

	experiment with different grades of	T			1		I	
	pencil to achieve varied tone							
	pensi to domere ranca tone							
	create texture and pattern in drawing							
	with a range of implements.							
D.T	select tools and equipment suitable for	LQ – Can I evaluate various types of	LQ – Can I evaluate	LQ – Can I follow my design	LQ – Can I follow a design to	LQ – Can I design and make	LQ – Can I evaluate and	
2	the task	bread?	various types of sandwich	to make a healthy	make my own chocolate?	my own packaging?	present my work?	
	explain their choice of tools and		fillings?	sandwich?				
	equipment in relation to the skills and							
	techniques they will be using select materials and components		LQ – Can I design a	LQ- Can I evaluate my				
	suitable for the task		healthy sandwich?	product?				
	Suitable for the task							
	describe the purpose of their products							
	indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to intended users							
	gather information about needs and							
	wants of particular individuals and							
	groups							
	develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas							
	use triese to inform their ideas							
	share and clarify ideas through							
	discussion							
	model their ideas using prototypes and							
	pattern pieces							
	use annotated sketches, cross-sectional							
	drawings and exploded diagrams to							
	develop and communicate their ideas							
	use computer-aided design to develop							
	and communicate their ideas							
	generate realistic ideas, focusing on the needs of the user							
	fileeds of the user							
	make design decisions that take account							
	of the availability of resources							
	,							
	that food is grown (such as tomatoes,							
	wheat and potatoes), reared (such as							
	pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught							
	(such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the							
	wider world							
	how to propage and each a variational							
	how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and							
	hygienically including, where							
	appropriate, the use of a heat source							
	how to use a range of techniques such							
	as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating,							
	mixing, spreading, kneading and baking							
	that a healthy diet is made up from a							
	variety and balance of different food	1	L	l .	1	1		

	and drink, as depicted in The Eatwell Plate							
	that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body							
	identify the strengths and areas for development in their ideas and products							
	consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work							
	refer to their design criteria as they design and make							
	use their design criteria to evaluate their completed products							
	how well products work to achieve their purposes							
	how well products meet user needs and wants							
P.E	Swimming:	Swimming coaches	Swimming coaches	Swimming coaches	Swimming coaches	Swimming coaches	Swimming coaches	
	Develop confidence in water and enter and exit safely.							
	Explore skills, actions and ideas including holding breath underwater.	Badminton coaches	Badminton coaches	Badminton coaches	Badminton coaches	Badminton coaches	Badminton coaches	
	Learn a range of strokes; front crawl,							
	backstroke, breaststroke. Performs safe self-rescue in different							
	water-based situations							
	Swims competently and proficiently with confidence at least 25m (by end of ks2). Improves control and co-ordination in							
	water Evaluates own swimming noting future							
	improvements Chooses appropriate strokes and							
	equipment based on time and distance.							
	Games Understands tactics and composition by							
	starting to vary in responses. Vary skills and actions that suit the							
	game.							
	Use skills with coordination and control. Works well in a group to develop various							
	games. Beginning to understand how to							
	compete with each other in a controlled							
	manner. Understand movement into or closing							
DI 107	down others' space.	IO Do Lundovator d base accessive	IO Contains and the	IO Contidentifithing	LQ – Do I understand that	IO De Lundt II		
PHSE	Healthy Me	LQ – Do I understand how exercise affects my body and why my heart	LQ – Can I give my opinion about drugs?	LQ - Can I identify things, people and places that I	medicines and some	LQ – Do I understand how important it is to take care		
	Caring friendships	and lungs are such important organs		need to keep safe from and	household substances can be	of my body?		
	(R7) how important friendships are in	for my body?		do I know who to go to for help?	harmful if not used correctly?			
	making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends			'				
	(R8) the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness,							
	merading mataarrespect, tratilialiess,	<u>l</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l		1	1

trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness,						
generosity, trust, sharing interests and						
experiences and support with problems						
and difficulties						
und unitedities						
(R9) that healthy friendships are positive						
and welcoming towards others, and do						
not make others feel lonely or excluded						
(R10) that most friendships have ups						
and downs, and that these can often be						
worked through so that the friendship is						
repaired or even strengthened, and that						
resorting to violence is never right						
(R11) how to recognise who to trust and						
who not to trust, how to judge when a						
friendship is making them feel unhappy						
or uncomfortable, managing conflict,						
how to manage these situations and						
how to seek help or advice from others,						
if needed.						
5 (1) (1)						
Respectful relationships						
(R12) the importance of respecting						
others, even when they are very						
different from them (for example,						
physically, in character, personality or						
backgrounds), or make different choices						
or have different preferences or beliefs						
or mane amerem presentation of sentence						
/						
(R13) practical steps they can take in a						
range of different contexts to improve						
or support respectful relationships						
or support respectful relationships						
(R14) the conventions of courtesy and						
<u>manners</u>						
(R15) the importance of self-respect and						
how this links to their own happiness						
HOW THIS HIRS TO THEIL OMIT HAPPHILESS						
(R16) that in school and in wider society						
they can expect to be treated with						
respect by others, and that in turn they						
should show due respect to others,						
including those in positions of authority						
(R19) the importance of permission						
seeking and giving in relationships with						
friends, peers and adults.						
Online relationships						
(R20) that people sometimes behave						
differently online, including by						
pretending to be someone they are not						
and the state of t						
	1	l .	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	

(R21) that the same principles apply t)					
online relationships as to face-to-face	I I					
relationships, including the important	I I					
of respect for others online including	=					
when we are anonymous						
(
(R22) the rules and principles for						
keeping safe online, how to recognise						
risks, harmful content and contact, ar	<u>d</u>					
how to report them						
(R23) how to critically consider their						
online friendships and sources of						
information including awareness of th	e					
risks associated with people they have						
	·					
never met						
(524)						
(R24) how information and data is						
shared and used online.						
Being safe						
(R25) what sorts of boundaries are						
appropriate in friendships with peers						
and others (including in a digital conto	ext)					
	_					
(R26) about the concept of privacy an	ı l					
the implications of it for both children	I I					
and adults; including that it is not alw						
	<u>\lambda</u>					
right to keep secrets if they relate to						
being safe						
(R27) that each person's body belong	I I					
to them, and the differences between	I I					
appropriate and inappropriate or uns	<u>ife</u>					
physical, and other, contact						
(R28) how to respond safely and						
appropriately to adults they may						
encounter (in all contexts, including						
online) whom they do not know						
(D20) beaute mass with and many						
(R29) how to recognise and report						
feelings of being unsafe or feeling bac						
about any adult						
(R30) how to ask for advice or help fo						
themselves or others, and to keep try	ng					
until they are heard						
(R31) how to report concerns or abus	١, ١					
and the vocabulary and confidence	-					
needed to do so						
lieeded to do so						
(D22) where to get advice a a family						
(R32) where to get advice e.g. family,						
school and/or other sources.						
Physical Health and Well-Being – By e	<u>ıd</u>					
of primary, pupils should know:						
		L	I	•	•	

Mental well-being				
(H1) that mental well-being is a normal				
part of daily life, in the same way as				
physical health				
(H2) that there is a normal range of				
emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness,				
anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and				
scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different				
experiences and situations				
<u>experiences una situations</u>				
(H3) how to recognise and talk about				
their emotions, including having a varied				
vocabulary of words to use when talking				
about their own and others' feelings				
(H4) how to judge whether what they				
are feeling and how they are behaving is				
appropriate and proportionate				
(1)				
(H5) the benefits of physical exercise,				
time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on				
mental well-being and happiness				
mental wen being and happiness				
(H6) simple self-care techniques,				
including the importance of rest, time				
spent with friends and family and the				
benefits of hobbies and interests				
(H7) isolation and loneliness can affect				
children and that it is very important for				
children to discuss their feelings with an				
adult and seek support				
(H8) that bullying (including				
cyberbullying) has a negative and often				
lasting impact on mental well-being				
(H9) where and how to seek support				
(including recognising the triggers for				
seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are				
worried about their own or someone				
else's mental well-being or ability to				
control their emotions (including issues				
arising online)				
(140):::				
(H10) it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many				
people who do, the problems can be				
resolved if the right support is made				
available, especially if accessed early				
enough.				
Internet safety and harms				

	(H11) that for most people the internet					
<u>i</u>	is an integral part of life and has many					
ŀ	<u>benefits</u>					
_						
((H12) about the benefits of rationing					
	time spent online, the risks of excessive					
	time spent on electronic devices and the					
	impact of positive and negative content					
<u>c</u>	online on their own and others' mental					
ī	and physical well-being					
_	-					
	(H17) where and how to report concerns					
	and get support with issues online.					
2	and get support with issues offine.					
	Dhusiaal baalth and fitoasa					
<u> </u>	Physical health and fitness					
	(U140) the characteristics and					
	(H18) the characteristics and mental and					
Ţ	physical benefits of an active lifestyle					
((H19) the importance of building regular					
٤	exercise into daily and weekly routines					
	and how to achieve this; for example,					
	walking or cycling to school, a daily					
	active mile or other forms of regular,					
<u>y</u>	vigorous exercise					
((H20) the risks associated with an					
<u>i</u>	inactive lifestyle (including obesity)					
((H21) how and when to seek support					
	including which adults to speak to in					
	school if they are worried about their					
<u> </u>	<u>health.</u>					
<u> </u>	Healthy eating					
1	(H22) what constitutes a healthy diet					
((including understanding calories and					
	other nutritional content)					
<u>-</u>	outer national contents					
,	(H23) the principles of planning and					
ſ	preparing a range of healthy meals					
	(H24) the characteristics of a poor diet					
<u> </u>	and risks associated with unhealthy					
	eating (including, for example, obesity					
	and tooth decay) and other behaviours					
	(e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or					
<u> </u>	<u>health).</u>					
Ţ	Drugs, alcohol					
((H25) the facts about legal and illegal					
	harmful substances and associated risks,					
			1			
		l l	l ·			
<u>i</u>	including smoking, alcohol use and drug-					
<u>i</u>						
<u>i</u>	including smoking, alcohol use and drug-					

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	Health and prevention (H26) how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body							
	(H28) the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn							
	(H30) about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing							
	(H31) the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.							
	Basic first aid							
	(H32) how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary							
	(H33) concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.							
	Healthy eating							
	(H22) what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content)							
	(H23) the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals							
	(H24) the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy							
	eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).							
French	Recognise some familiar words in written form.	LQ – Can I begin to sing a nursery	LQ – Can I sing a nursery	LQ – Can I sing a nursery	LQ – Can I explore the	LQ – Can I explore the	LQ – Can I explore the	
	Read aloud some familiar sounds, phonemes and words. Repeat accurately using the correct pronunciation and copy French accent.	rhyme in French?	rhyme from memory in French?	rhyme from memory in French?	patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes?	patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes?	patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes?	
	Communicate using single words, phrases and short sentences. Accurately copy some familiar, simple words and phrases. Identify specific sounds, phonemes and							
	words. Listen carefully and respond.							

	Understand that nouns can be masculine							
	or feminine.							
Music	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: • Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot	LQ – Can I describe what I hear, naming some instruments?	LQ – Can I listen to a piece of music and explain how it makes me feel?	LQ – Can I play an instrument in time with others?	LQ – Can I play an instrument in time with others?	LQ – Can I improvise?	LQ – Can I perform a song?	
	When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them							
	To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five							
	To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake							
	Improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform.							
	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them.							
	• To know the style of the five songs.							
	To choose one song and be able to talk about:							
	O Its lyrics: what the song is about							
	o Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they							
	are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)							
	o Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.)							
	O Name some of the instruments they heard in the song							
	To confidently identify and move to the pulse.							
	To think about what the words of a song mean.							
	To take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel.							
	Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.							
	To choose one song and be able to talk about:							

O Its lyrics: what the song is about				
O Any musical dimensions featured in the				
o Any musical dimensions featured in the				
song, and where they are used (texture,				
dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)				
O Identify the main sections of the song				
(introduction, verse, chorus etc.)				
o Name some of the instruments they				
heard in the song				
Know how to find and demonstrate the				
pulse.				
Know the difference between pulse				
and rhythm.				
and mythm.				
Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch				
l				
work together to create a song.				
Know that every piece of music has a				
pulse/steady beat.				
Know the difference between a				
musical question and an answer.				
To treat instruments carefully and with				
respect.				
• Play any one, or all of four,				
differentiated parts on a tuned				
instrument – a one-note, simple or				
medium part or the melody of the song)				
from memory or using notation.				
To rehearse and perform their part				
within the context of the Unit song.				
To listen to and follow musical				
instructions from a leader.				
Ta lineau and he abbe to the first line				
To know and be able to talk about:				
Performing is sharing music with other				
people, an audience				
people, an audience				
A performance doesn't have to be a				
drama! It can be to one person or to				
each other				
Eacil Other				
You need to know and have planned				
everything that will be performed				
everything that will be performed				
You must sing or rap the words clearly				
and play with confidence				
and play with confidence				
A performance can be a special				
occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know				
including of people you don't know	I	İ	į	İ

	It is planned and different for each occasion							
	It involves communicating feelings,							
	thoughts and ideas about the song/music							
	To choose what to perform and create a programme.							
	To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.							
	To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or							
	sit.							
	To record the performance and say							
	how they were feeling, what they were							
	pleased with what they would change							
	and why.							
Learning	Charlie and the chocolate factory focus	Charlie and the chocolate factory	Charlie and the chocolate	Charlie and the chocolate	Charlie and the chocolate	Charlie and the chocolate	Charlie and the	
Environmer	on topic board.	focus on topic board.	factory focus on topic	factory focus on topic	factory focus on topic board.	factory focus on topic	chocolate factory focus	
in corridor	Healthy eating focus on Science board	Healthy eating focus on Science board	board.	board.	Healthy eating focus on	board.	on topic board.	
	(nutrition pyramid).	(nutrition pyramid).	Healthy eating focus on	Healthy eating focus on	Science board (nutrition	Healthy eating focus on	Healthy eating focus on	
displays	(Mathaer pyramia)	(manifest pyramia).	Science board (nutrition	Science board (nutrition	pyramid).	Science board (nutrition	Science board (nutrition	
	Why do Christians call the day that Jesus	Why do Christians call the day that	pyramid).	pyramid).	, ,	pyramid).	pyramid).	
	dies, 'Good' Friday? SALVATION - RE	Jesus dies, 'Good' Friday? SALVATION			Why do Christians call the day			
		- RE	Why do Christians call the	Why do Christians call the	that Jesus dies, 'Good' Friday?	Why do Christians call the	Why do Christians call	
			day that Jesus dies,	day that Jesus dies, 'Good'	SALVATION - RE	day that Jesus dies, 'Good'	the day that Jesus dies,	
			'Good' Friday? SALVATION - RE	Friday? SALVATION - RE		Friday? SALVATION - RE	'Good' Friday? SALVATION - RE	
			JALVATION - ILL				JALVATION - ILL	