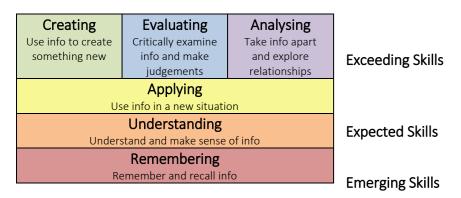
## Eastry C of E Primary School Medium Term Plan: KS1 and KS2



Topic: Are all predators wicked or simply misunderstood? Term: 3

Hooks: Sandwich observatory visit to discuss food chains and habitats.

Texts: Fiction: The Hodgeheg – Dick King-Smith

Non-fiction – Should there be zoos? A persuasive text – Tony Stead



<u>Area of</u>	Skill/ Small steps	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Learning		Wb 03.01.23 (4 days)	Wb 9.01.23	Wb 16.01.23	Wb 23.01.23	Wb 30.01.23	Wb 06.02.23
Learning	Different VIPER skills taught in conjunction with class reader and texts linking to our topic.	Wb 03.01.23 (4 days) The Hodgeheg LQ: Can you make predictions about a text? (P) LQ: Can you answer retrieval questions? (R) LQ: Can you recall events in a story? (S, R) LQ: Can you sequence events? (S)	Wb 9.01.23 The Hodgeheg LQ. Can you use a dictionary to write definitions for new vocabulary? (V) LQ. Can you use new vocabulary in context? (V) LQ: Can you answer retrieval questions? (R) LQ: Can you use inference to answer questions? (I, R) LQ: Can you infer information about a character? (I)	Wb 16.01.23The HodgehegLQ: Can you summarise the text? (S)LQ: Can you retrieve a quote from the text? (R)LQ; Can you explain what has happened in a text? (E)LQ: Can you predict what may happen next in the textLQ. Can you explain why a character acts in a particular way? (I,E)	Wb 23.01.23 Should there be zoos? LQ: Can you explain the genre of the text? (E) LQ: Can you locate information? (R) LQ: Can you infer information to answer questions? (I) LQ. Can you explain the layout of the text? (E) LQ: Can you summarise text? (S)	Wb 30.01.23Should there be zoos?LQ: Can you identify persuasive vocabulary? (R, V)LQ: Can you use a thesaurus to up-level text? (V)LQ: Can you summarise your opinion? (S)LQ: Can you explain your opinion? (E, S)LQ. Can you explain another person's viewpoint? (E)	Wb 06.02.23Should there be zoos?LQ: Can you evaluate an author's choice of words? (E, V)LQ: Can you retrieve information? (R)LQ; Can you use inference to retrieve? (I, R)LQ. Can you compose questions for your partner? (V, R)LQ: Can you answer your partner's questions? (R, I)

Writing	- Plan writing by:	Genre: Creative writing –	Genre: Creative writing -	Genre: Character analysis	Genre: persuasion	Genre: persuasion	Genre: persuasion
English: Non-	-identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using	setting	setting				
chronological	other similar writing as models for their own			LQ: Can you describe the	LQ: Do you think zoos	LQ: Can you generate	LQ: Can you create a plan
report,	<ul> <li>noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> </ul>	LQ: Can you draw a	LQ: Can you use fronted	character of Max?	should exist?	arguments for zoos to	for a persuasive letter?
fictional	Draft and write by:	scene?	adverbials accurately?			exist?	
writing,	- selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary,			LQ: Can you use ambitious	LQ: Can you identify		LQ: Can you write
persuasive	understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning	LQ: Can you identify	LQ: Can you use	expanded noun phrases for	features of a persuasive	LQ: Can you justify your	persuasive features?
texts	Evaluate and edit by:						persuasive reatures:
	-assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing	descriptive language?	prepositional phrases as	physical features?	letter?	arguments?	
	-Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors		sentence openers?				LQ: Can you use
		LQ: Can you suggest		LQ: Can you use inference	LQ: Can you find and	LQ: Can you use cohesive	persuasive language in a
		improvements to a	LQ: Can you plan your	to identify personality	annotate features of a	devices to link	letter?
		description?	creative writing?	traits?	persuasive letter?	paragraphs?	
							LQ: Can you edit using a
		LQ: Can you innovate a	LQ: Can you rewrite a	LQ: Can you compare	LQ: Can you identify	LQ: Can you identify and	checklist?
		setting?	story opening?	fictional characters?	arguments for zoos to	use emotive language?	
					exist?		LQ: Can you present your
			LQ: Can you complete	LQ: Can you write a		LQ: Can you choose a side	work to others?
			your story opening?	character description?	LQ: Can you support your	of an argument?	
			,, - p	https://fliphtml5.com /hfsua/uugg/basic	arguments with evidence?		
GPS	The grammatical difference between <b>plural</b> and	Spelling knowledge:	Spelling knowledge:	Spelling knowledge:	Spelling knowledge:	Spelling knowledge:	Spelling knowledge:
010	possessive –s		opening knowledge.		opening knowledge.	opening knowledge.	opening knowledge.
	Standard English forms for verb inflections	common exception	words with endings	the g sound spelt gu-	homophones and other	The suffix –ly	Revisit other spellings
	instead of local spoken forms [for example, we were instead of we was, or I did instead of I	words:	sounding like /ʒə/ or		words that are often		
	done]		/tʃə/ (spelt –sure and –		confused	Spelling words:	Spelling words:
	Noun phrases expanded by the addition of	Spelling words:	ture)	Spelling words:		basically, frantically,	Through assessment
	modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition	February, forward,		Spennig words.	Spelling words:	dramatically	in ough assessment
	phrases (e.g. the teacher expanded to: the strict maths teacher with curly hair)		Spelling words:	guide, guitar, guard,	scene/seen, male/mail,	uramatically	
	Fronted adverbials [for example, <u>later that day</u> , l	forwards, heart, library,		guidebook, guest,	scene/seen, male/mail,	teach: definitely,	
	heard the bad news.]	caught, naughty, strange,	mixture, adventure,	guardian, guarantee, guess	ball/bawl	infinitely,	century
	Use of paragraphs to organise ideas around a	promise	capture, feature,				centre
	theme		moisture, nature,			LQ: Can you identify	centre
	Appropriate choice of <b>pronoun</b> or <b>noun</b> within and across <b>sentences</b> to aid <b>cohesion</b> and avoid		picture, vulture		10. Convey use fronted	conjunctions?	
	repetition	LQ: Can you identify		LQ: Can you use	LQ: Can you use fronted		
	Use of inverted commas and other punctuation	word types?		apostrophes for	adverbials?		LQ: Can identify word
	to indicate direct speech [for example, a comma after the reporting clause; end punctuation		LQ: Can you use	possession?	LQ: Can you use fronted	LQ: Can you use	types?
	within inverted commas: <i>The conductor shouted</i> ,	LQ: Can you identify	apostrophes for	LQ: Can you use	adverbials?	conjunctions?	
	"Sit down!"]	word types?	contraction?	apostrophes for			LQ: Can you use word
	Apostrophes to mark plural possession [for						types?
	example, the girl's name, the girls' names] Use of commas after <b>fronted adverbials</b>		LQ: Can you use	possession?			
			apostrophes for				
	determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun		contraction?				
	adverbial						
		1	1	I	1	I	1

Matha	W.R. Small Steps Progression– Spring Block 1	Multiplication and	Multiplication and	Multiplication and division	Multiplication and	Longth and parimeter	Longth and parimeter
Maths	(multiplication and division B)	Multiplication and	Multiplication and	Multiplication and division	Multiplication and	Length and perimeter	Length and perimeter
Maths: White	factor pairs	<u>division</u>	division		Division	1. Company and a minutest	
Rose Scheme	use factor pairs			1. Can you multiply a 3-		1. Can you use equivalent	
	<ul> <li>multiply by 10</li> <li>multiply by 100</li> </ul>	LQ: Can you identify	1. LQ: Can you explore	digit number by a 1-digit	1. Can you complete	lengths of km and m?	1. Can you find missing
	<ul> <li>divide by 10</li> </ul>	factor pairs?	what happens when you	number?	correspondence		lengths in rectilinear
	divide by 100		divide by 10?		problems?	2. Can you calculate	shapes? (s)
	related fact – multiplication and division			2. Can you multiply a 2 / 3-		perimeter on a grid?	
	<ul> <li>informal written methods for multiplication</li> </ul>	LQ: Can you use factor		digit number by a 1-digit	2. Can you use efficient		2. Can you calculate
	<ul><li>multiplication</li><li>multiply a 2-digit number by a 1-digit</li></ul>	pairs?	2. LQ: Can you explore	number? (E)	multiplication methods?	3. Can you calculate the	perimeter of rectilinear
	number		what happens when you			perimeter of a rectangle?	shapes?
	• multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit	LQ: Can you explore what	divide by 100?	3. Can you divide a 2-digit	3. Can you assess your		
	number	happens when you		number by a 1-digit	learning on	4. Can you calculate the	3. Can you calculate
	<ul> <li>divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number (1)</li> </ul>			number (1)?	multiplication?	perimeter of rectilinear	perimeters of regular
	<ul> <li>divide a 2 digit number by a 1-digit</li> </ul>	multiply by 10?	3. Can you identify			shapes?	polygons?
	number (2)		related multiplication	4. Can you divide a 2-digit	4. Can you measure in		
	divide a 3-digit number by a 1-digit	LQ: Can you explore what	and division facts?	number by a 1-digit	kilometres?	5. Can you find missing	4. Can you calculate
	number     correspondence problems	happens when you		number? (2)		lengths in rectilinear	perimeters of polygons?
	efficient multiplication	multiply by 100?	4. Can you use informal		5. Can you identify	shapes? (p)	
				5. Can you divide a 3-digit	equivalent lengths of km		5. Can you consolidate
	W.R. Small Steps Progression- Spring Block 2 (length		multiplication methods?	number by a 1-digit	and m?		your learning?
	and perimeter)			number?			your learning:
	measure in kilometres and metres		5. Can you multiply a 2-				
	<ul> <li>equivalent lengths (kilometres and</li> </ul>		digit number by a 1-digit				
	metres)		number?				
	perimeter on a grid		number				
	<ul> <li>perimeter of a rectangle</li> <li>perimeter of rectilinear shapes</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>permeter of rectificar shapes</li> <li>find missing lengths in rectilinear shapes</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>calculate perimeter of rectilinear shapes</li> </ul>						
	perimeters of regular polygons						
	perimeter of polygons Living things and their habitats						
Science	I can recognise that living things can be	Digging deeper: Are trees		Digging deeper: Can cows	Digging deeper: Can all	Digging deeper: Do	Digging deeper: Is there
Living things	grouped in a variety of ways	and humans the same	location unique?	and humans be classified	living things be one	insects have one body?	only one way to classify?
and their	<ul> <li>I can explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a</li> </ul>	thing?		together?	species?		
habitats;	variety of living things in their local and	LQ: How do you know	LQ: Can you identify	LQ: How are living things	LQ: Can you use a	LQ: Can you use your	LQ: Can you demonstrate
classifying	<ul> <li>wider environment</li> <li>I can recognise that environments can</li> </ul>	something is living?	living things in our	classified?	branching diagram to	knowledge of	your understanding?
living things	change and that this can sometimes pose		locality?		classify?	classification?	
00	dangers to living things						
	Skills – asking questions           • Raising Questions. They should be given						
	a range of scientific experiences to enable						
	them to raise their own questions about the world around them.						
	Choosing a suitable scientific enquiry.						
	They should start to make their own decisions about the most appropriate						
	type of scientific enquiry they might use						
	to answer questions						
	Skills – monitoring and recording     Sorting and classifying. Talk about the						
	criteria for grouping, sorting and						
	<ul> <li>classifying and use simple keys.</li> <li>Secondary sources. They should</li> </ul>						
	recognise when and how secondary						
	sources might help them to answer questions that cannot be answered						
	through practical investigations.						
	Skills – concluding						
	Analysing data. They should make     decisions as to how to analyse the data.						
	They should begin to look for patterns						
	and decide what data to collect to						

RE What kind of world did Jesus want?	<ul> <li>identify them. With help, pupils should look for changes, patterns, similarities and differences in their data in order to draw simple conclusions and answer questions. With support, they should identify new questions arising from the data, making predictions for new values within or beyond the data they have collected.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus challenges everyone about how to live — he sets the example for loving God and your neighbour, putting others first.</li> <li>Jesus shows love and forgiveness to unlikely people.</li> <li>Christians try to be like Jesus — they want to know him better and better.</li> <li>Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots of ways, from church worship to social justice.</li> <li>Skills - expected</li> <li>Describe some ways</li> <li>Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses</li> <li>Suggest why</li> <li>Identify how</li> <li>Make connections between stories</li> <li>Give examples of how and suggest reasons why</li> <li>Discuss their own and others ideas</li> <li>Explore and suggest ideas</li> <li>Link up some questions and answers</li> <li>Skills - exceeding</li> <li>Identify some similarities and differences</li> <li>Discuss and present their own ideas about why</li> <li>Express their own understanding</li> <li>Present their own ideas about attitudes</li> <li>Make between key concepts and the big story of the Bible</li> <li>Consider and evaluate</li> <li>Suggest how and why</li> <li>Express ideas</li> </ul>	LQ: What did Jesus ask his disciples to do?	LQ: What qualities did a disciple possess?	LQ: What kind of world did Jesus want? Why?	LQ: How do churches show the world Jesus wanted?	LQ: How did the teaching of Jesus affect the way Christians live their daily lives?	LQ: Can you explain your ideal world?		
Computing Computing: Safety starter: Copywrite and ownership. Computer technology: Understanding how hardware can control computers.	<ul> <li><u>Computer science</u> <ul> <li>Can I make use of user inputs and outputs such as 'print to screen'?</li> <li>Can I recognise the main component parts of hardware which allow computers to join and form a network?</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>Digital literacy</u> <ul> <li>Can I explore key concepts relating to online safety using concept mapping such as 2Connect?</li> <li>Can I help others to understand the importance of online safety?</li> <li>Do I know a range of ways of reporting inappropriate content and contact?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	LQ: Can you explain the different parts of a computer? Safety Starter: When searching on the internet for content to use, I can explain why I need to consider who owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it. (Demonstrate ways of recognising who might own online content.)	LQ: What hardware is used for inputs? Safety Starter: When searching on the internet for content to use, I can explain why I need to consider who owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it. (Explain what reuse is.)	LQ: Can you recall different parts of a computer? Safety Starter: When searching on the internet for content to use, I can explain why I need to consider who owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it. (Give examples of when they are/are not permitted to reuse online content.)	LQ: What hardware is used for outputs? Safety Starter: I can give some simple examples of content which I must not use without permission from the owner, e.g. videos, music, images. (Demonstrate ways of recognising who might own online content.)	LQ: What hardware is used for storage? Safety Starter: I can give some simple examples of content which I must not use without permission from the owner, e.g. videos, music, images. (Explain what reuse is.)	LQ: What have you learned about hardware? Safety Starter: I can give some simple examples of content which I must not use without permission from the owner, e.g. videos, music, images. (Give examples of when they are/are not permitted to reuse online content.)		
History		Geography focus							

	Location knowledge						
Geography	Name and locate counties and cities of the United	LQ: What / where is our	LQ: How is our	LQ: What has made the	LQ: What is climate	LQ: What impact has	LQ: Can we make a
Locate world's	Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying	environment?	environment different /	changes in the	change?	climate change had on	positive impact on our
countries,	human and physical characteristics, key		similar to others?	environment?		living things?	<mark>environment?</mark>
focussing on	topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and						
physical and	understand how some of these aspects have					droughts / floods	
human	changed over time						
changes to the	Geographical skills and framework use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and						
environment	present the human and physical features in the local						
	area using a range of methods, including sketch						
At	<ul> <li>maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.</li> <li>I know how to show facial expressions</li> </ul>						
Art	and body language in sketches and	LQ: Who was Charles	LQ: Can you use	LQ: Can you use Darwin's	LQ: Can you use shading	LQ: Can you create a	LQ: Can you create a
Improve	<ul><li>painting.</li><li>I know how to use line, tone, shape and</li></ul>	Darwin? What art did he	Darwin's techniques for	techniques for your own	to create perspective?	perspective drawing of an	perspective drawing of an
mastery	colour to represent figures and forms in	create?	your own drawing?	drawing?		animal enclosure?	animal enclosure?
techniques –	<ul> <li>novement</li> <li>I experiment with the skills used by other</li> </ul>						
sketching	artists						
using line,	<ul> <li>Create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and</li> </ul>						
tone and	revisit ideas						
shade.	<ul> <li>Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting</li> </ul>						
	and sculpture with a range of materials						
	KS2 expectation • Develop their techniques, including their						
	control and their use of materials, with						
	creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of						
	art, craft and design.						
	Create sketch books to record their     characteristic and use them to review and						
	observations and use them to review and revisit ideas						
	Improve their mastery of art and design     techniques including description						
	techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials						
<b>D T</b>	[for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]						
D.T				Art I	Focus		
P.E	Vary skills, actions and ideas in a way	LQ: Can you develop	LQ: Can you develop	LQ: Can you develop	LQ: Can you develop	LQ: Can you develop	LQ: Can you develop
Basketball	which suits the game.	, ,	intercepting skills?	challenging skills?	footwork skills?	shooting skills?	tactical awareness in
Dasketball	<ul> <li>Shows confidence in ball skills in various ways and can link them together.</li> </ul>	passing skills?					
	• Uses skills with coordination and control.						game situations?
	<ul> <li>Takes part in competition with a strong understanding of tactics.</li> </ul>						
	Works well in a group to develop various						
	<ul><li>games.</li><li>Compares and comments on skills using</li></ul>						
	technical vocabulary.						
	Can make suggestions on how to differentiate games.						
	Apply basic skills for attacking and						
	<ul><li>defending.</li><li>Uses running, jumping, throwing and</li></ul>						
	catching in isolation and combination and						
DE	transfer skills into game situations.     By end of KS2 Work with confidence in						
PE	water Explore skills, actions and ideas			Swin	nming		
Swimming	including holding breath underwater Uses a range of strokes; front crawl,			0	0		
	backstroke, breaststroke Performs safe						
	self-rescue in different water-based situations Swims competently and						
	proficiently with confidence at least 25m						
	Improves control and co-ordination in water Evaluates own swimming noting						
	future improvements Chooses						
	appropriate strokes and equipment based on time and distance.						

PHSE	Knowledge	LQ: Can you explain some	LQ: Can you accept that	LQ: Can you reflect on	LQ: Can you make plans	LQ: Can ye
PSHE/SRE:	Know what their own hopes and dreams		sometimes dreams			
	<ul> <li>are</li> <li>Know that hopes and dreams don't</li> </ul>	of your hopes and		positive and happy	after disappointments?	needed to
Jigsaw	always come true	dreams?	don't come true?	experiences?		
Scheme	<ul> <li>Know that reflecting on positive and happy experiences can help them to</li> </ul>					
Dreams and	counteract disappointment					
Goals	Know how to make a new plan and set					
	new goals even if they have been disappointed					
	Know how to work out the steps they					
	need to take to achieve a goal					
	<ul> <li>Know how to work as part of a successful group. Know how to share in the success</li> </ul>					
	of a group					
	Social and emotional skills     Can talk about their hopes and dreams					
	and the feelings associated with these					
	Can identify the feeling of					
	<ul><li>disappointment</li><li>Can identify a time when they have felt</li></ul>					
	disappointed					
	Be able to cope with disappointment					
	<ul> <li>Help others to cope with disappointment</li> <li>Can identify what resilience is</li> </ul>					
	Have a positive attitude					
	Enjoy being part of a group challenge					
	<ul> <li>Can share their success with others</li> <li>Can store feelings of success (in their</li> </ul>					
	internal treasure chest) to be used at					
	another time					
French	Skills     Name and recognise up to 10 vegetables	LQ: Can I name some	LQ: Can I name further	LQ: Can I say how much /	LQ: Can I recognise how	LQ: Can I
French:	in French.	vegetables in French?	vegetables in French?	many vegetables I would	many / much vegetables	conjunctio
Vegetables Les	<ul> <li>Attempt to spell some of these nouns (including the correct article)</li> </ul>			like?	someone is asking for?	a list of ve
Legumes	Learn simple vocabulary to facilitate a					would like
U U	role play about buying vegetables from a					
	<ul><li>market stall.</li><li>Say if they would like one kilo or a half</li></ul>					
	Vocabulary					
	Les légumes					
	<ul><li>Les épinards</li><li>Les oignons</li></ul>					
	Les carottes					
	Les aubergines					
	Les courgettes     Les tomates					
	Les haricots verts *					
	Les petits pois					
	<ul><li>Les champignons</li><li>Les pommes de terre</li></ul>					
	• Un kilo de / d' *					
	Un kilo de carottes					
	<ul><li>Un kilo de champignons</li><li>Un kilo de courgettes</li></ul>					
	Un kilo de pommes de terre					
	Un kilo de petits pois					
	<ul> <li>Un kilo de tomates</li> <li>Un kilo de haricots verts</li> </ul>					
	Un kilo d'épinards					
	Un kilo d'oignons					
	<ul> <li>Un kilo d'aubergines</li> <li>Je voudrais = I would like</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Un demi kilo de / d'</li> </ul>					
	• S'il vous plait					
	• Et					1

you identify steps to achieve a goal?	LQ: Can you identify your contribution to a group's success?
I use the ion 'et' to create vegetables I ke?	LQ: Can I consolidate my learning and complete an assessment grid to show my understanding this term?

Musia	Talk about the music and how it makes				LO. Con Lliston and			
Music	them feel.	LQ: Can I appraise a	LQ: Can I improvise	LQ: Can we improve our	LQ: Can I Listen and	LQ: Can I improvise using	LQ: Can I perform my	
Improvisation	Listen carefully and respectfully to other	song?	using 2,3 or more notes	improvisation using 2 or 3	respond using musical	a set of given notes, to old	improvisation to Old Joe	
	people's thoughts about the music.		-		answers to old Joe Clark?		Clark?	
	<ul> <li>When you talk try to use musical words.</li> </ul>		on the glockenspiel or	more notes?	answers to old joe Clark?	Joe Clark	Clarke	
	Know and be able to talk about:		recorder?					
	- How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together							
	<ul> <li>Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Rhythm: the long and short patterns over</li> </ul>							
	the pulse							
	Know the difference between pulse and							
	rhythm							
	Pitch: High and low sounds that create							
	melodies							
	How to keep the internal pulse							
	• To know and be able to talk about:							
	- The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone).							
	- Other instruments they might play or be played in a							
	band or orchestra or by their friends.							
	To treat instruments carefully and with							
	respect.							
	<ul> <li>Play/improvise parts on a tuned</li> </ul>							
	instrument							
	<ul> <li>To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song.</li> </ul>							
Learning				Tania: Lagal habitata	and changes in climate			
Learning		Topic: Local habitats and changes in climate						
Environment	in							
corridor		Science: Animals and their habitats						
displays		RE: What kind of world did Jesus want?						

## <u>INSPIRE DAYS –</u>

- Sandwich observatory
- 4<sup>th</sup> February Inspire Day NSPCC number day
- 8<sup>th</sup> February Internet Safety Day