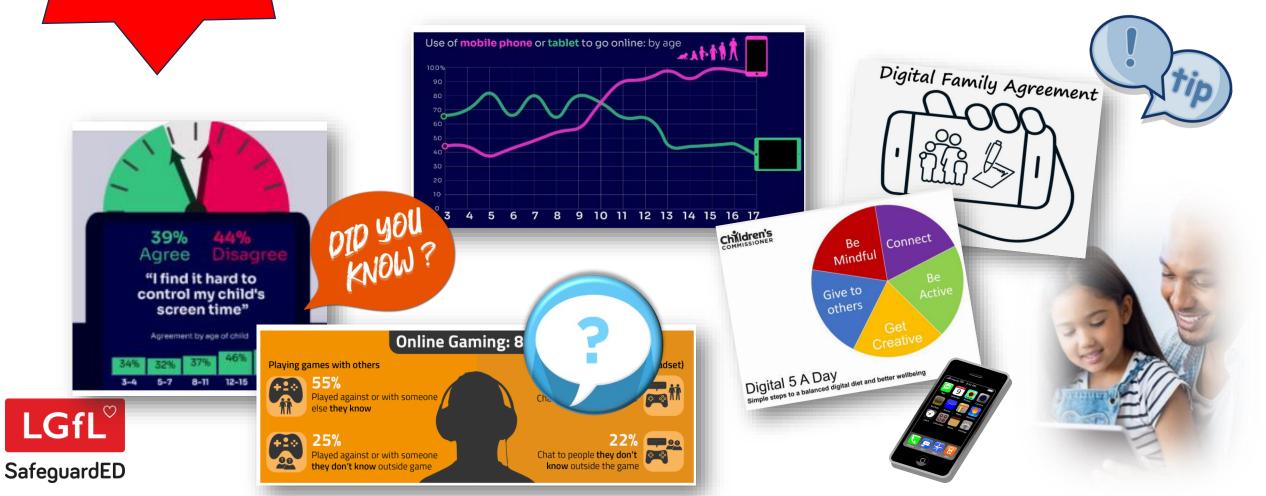
NEW for 2025

PARENT ONLINE SAFETY

A ready to use Presentation for Schools, Community Groups and Youth Centres

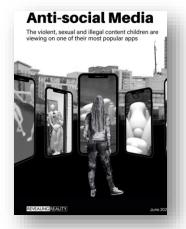


This presentation brings together:



- Key Findings from:
 - Children and parents: Media Use and Attitudes report
 - Children's Online User Ages 2025 Quantitative Research Study
 - Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025 interactive data
 - IWF Annual Data & Insights Report 2024, published April 2025
 - https://www.gambleaware.org/media/hbcp3qgd/exploring-the-lived-experience-and-views-of-gambling-among-children-and-voung-people final 0.pdf
 - NSPCC (2024) Young people's experiences of online sexual extortion or 'sextortion'
 - Internet Watch Foundation Annual Report 2023
 - Evidence on pornography's influence on harmful sexual behaviour among children Report 2023
 - Revealing-Reality Anti-social Media Report 2023
- Suggested Resources and Tips for Staff to help Parents/Carers:
 - keep up with the latest trends, apps and games
 - manage controls and settings
 - talk to children about risk













Practitioner Guidance:





When it comes to online safeguarding, we recommend:

- a drip-feed approach and incorporating online safety into other events where parents are present, rather than a single standalone session e.g. coffee mornings, parent evenings & celebration days
- encouraging your pupils to present with you why not tap into their knowledge of the latest trends, ask them to share their experiences or demonstrate how to set privacy settings and controls on devices

Before you begin:

- We would not expect you to cover ALL of these slides in a single session decide which topics to cover.
- Feel free to amend the presentation add/remove slides at your discretion to make sessions relevant.
- You may wish to use a trigger warning depending on the topics you cover see next slide.
- Ensure you are familiar and confident with the content.
- Refer to the practitioner notes in the notes section of each slide to support discussions.
- Use these Questions Prompts

on the slides to promote interaction.

Warning!









Select **REQUIRED SLIDES FROM EACH SECTION** below to build and personalise your programme:

1. CHOOSE TOPIC(S):



- Talking to Your Child (6-12)
- Device Use & Ownership (13-18)
- Supervision & Parental Controls (19-30)
- Screentime (31-35)
- Social Media & Gaming (36-50)
- Age Requirements (51-57)
- Critical Thinking (84-95)

2. <u>ADD</u> RELEVANT RISK FACTORS TIPS:



- Risks and Negative Experiences (58-77)
- Staying Safe Online and Reporting (78-83)

3. <u>PICK</u> RESOURCES

- Resources and Support (96-103)
- You may also wish to scroll through <u>parentsafe.lgfl.net</u> and showcase some of the resources here.

TALKING TO YOUR CHILD ABOUT LIFE ONLINE





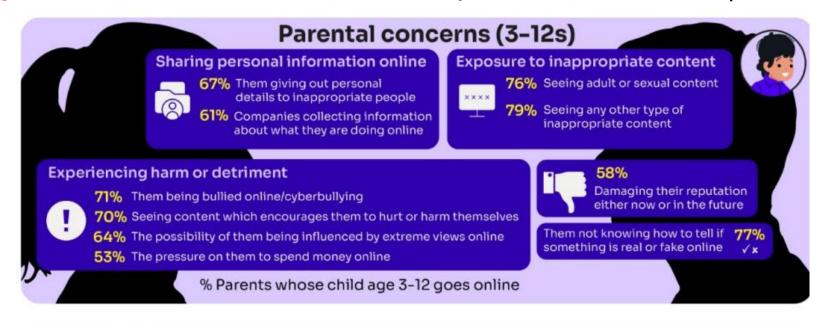
What are you most WORRIED about when your child is ONLINE?





Summary of parental concerns (3 - 17 yr-olds)

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025

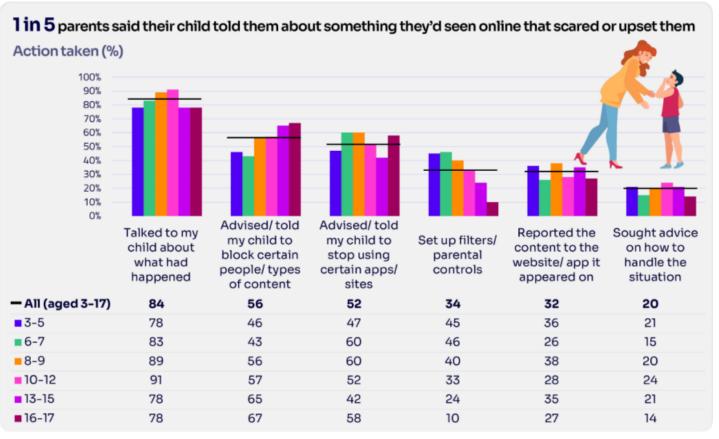








Are you CONFIDENT to TALK TO YOUR CHILD? Is your child confident to TALK TO YOU?



WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

Are there any areas you would not feel confident or comfortable to discuss?



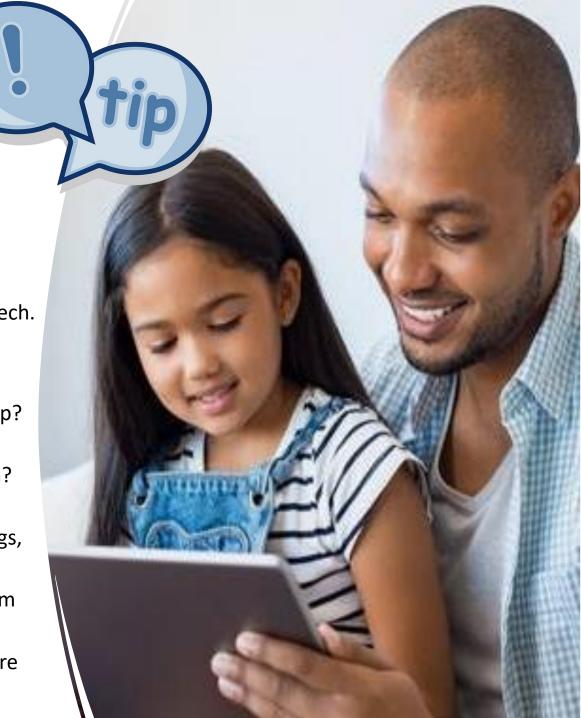
Younger children are more likely to tell a parent if they see something worrying or nasty online:

- 92% of 8-12-year-olds say that they would tell a parent
- 85% of 13-17s say that they would tell a parent



YOU don't need to be an EXPERT ... be a PARENT

- It's your choice don't let others dictate when the right time is to use tech.
- **Stay involved** make time to communicate, talk about what they are doing. What do they enjoy? What makes them laugh?
- **Don't quiz them** have regular conversations. What's their favourite app? What is the best site to learn new things from?
- Join in watch them play a game and join in. Who are they playing with?
 Do they know the other players?
- **'Show me how...'** ask their advice to help you with your privacy settings, who you should add as a friend, are there any risks?
- **Lead by example** children learn as much from watching as they do from being told not to do something, so model good behaviour
- Reassure them tell them that they won't get in trouble and that you are always there to help



PARENTSAFE

Keeping your children safe: online & beyond

This page is for parents - if you are a teacher, click here

It's never easy to know how to keep our children safe when they aren't with us, and sometimes even when are, if we don't know what's happening in their lives or on their devices! Who are they talking to, what are they doing, are they okay? Don't despair though...scroll through this page for help or click a button to go straight to a particular topics.

TOP TIPS RIGHT NOW

SAFE SETTINGS & CONTROLS

WHAT'S THAT APP?

TALKING TO CHILDREN

SCREENTIME

TOP TOPICS (porn, bullying, ...

SEX & RELATIONSHIPS

HELP & REPORTING

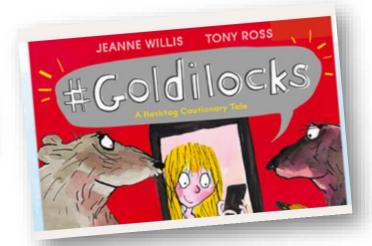


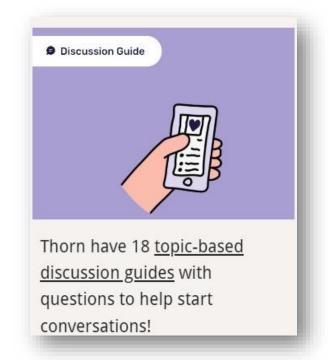
parentsafe.lgfl.net

TALKING TO CHILDREN ABOUT LIFE ONLINE

Find conversation starters, story time ideas and top tips to reinforce key safety messages at parentsafe.lgfl.net









PARENTSAFE

eping your children safe: online & beyond



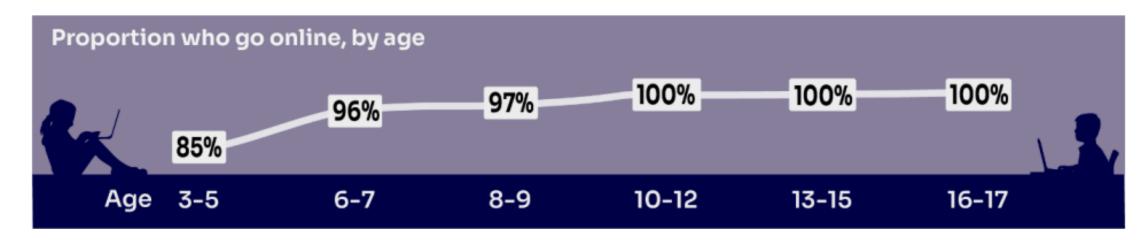


DEVICE USE AND OWNERSHIP





HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW about your child's life online?



Almost all children (96%) aged 3 – 17 went online in 2024, highlighting the centrality of the internet in their lives:

- Younger children commonly use tablets to go online
- Older children are more likely to use mobile phones



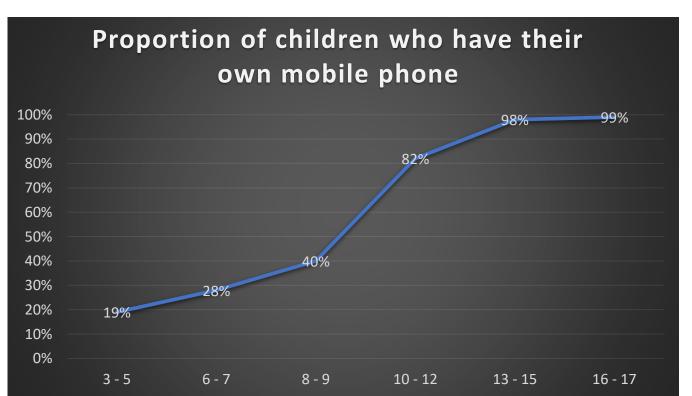
Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025



Does your child have their OWN MOBILE PHONE? If so, is it a SMART PHONE?



What AGE do you think is appropriate?





DID YOU?



SMARTPHONE or 'NON'-SMART / BRICK phone?

Internet access

Social media, apps and games

Notifications

Anytime connection

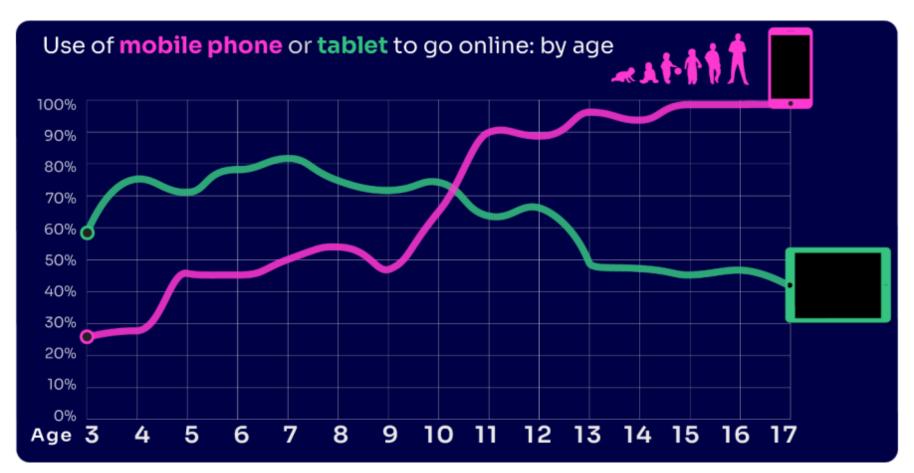
Parental controls

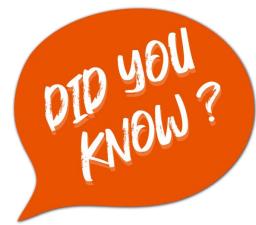
REMEMBER IT'S YOUR CHOICE

Every child and situation is unique, and you are best placed to know their needs

- NO internet access
- Some games
- Anytime phone calls and texts
- Limited parental controls







- By age 11, nine in ten children own their own mobile phone, distinct from using a family device
- This correlates with transition from primary to secondary school.





To help you with the transition of pupils from primary to secondary, why not download our **FREE Leaflet for parents:**

- understanding risk
- using tech for good
- healthy habits and tips
- when best to get a phone







Secondary school ready?

Pointers for family conversations about safety

Use and watch good tech

- Choose technology that supports learning e.g. maths, languages and BBC Bitesize.
- Enjoy quality TV as a family avoid endless shortreel videos on individual devices. For ideas see: commonsensemedia.org
- Ask your school for device recommendations.

Follow school phone policy

- Read the school's policy to support the school and reinforce the messages at home.
- Consider, does your child have the skills to manage a smart phone? Would a more basic phone be better to start with?
- Agree Home Rules for device use too such as: familyagreement.lgfl.net

Form good daily habits

- Limit gaming to the weekends school nights will be busy with homework and clubs.
- Follow minimum age restrictions on apps and games.
- Avoid mindless scrolling. Be mindful of what you digitally consume.
- Read quality books at bedtime.
- Create a study area at home without mobile devices.
- Keep phones and gaming out of bedrooms.
- Divisor alaum aladi and candiday a "irradili rolannay"



Real online harms

The NSPCC calls the internet the "Wild West," because extreme and harmful content is easily accessible on mainstream social media and contact with strangers via platforms and games is all too frequent. Children don't always understand the meaning of words nor the impact of viewing/hearing extreme content. They get excited by new friendship groups and often struggle to self-regulate on these highly addictive apps, which nudge children to share photos, videos and location. Schools have behaviour policies which include expectations of online behaviour. Children who reuse rude words they've heard online or share inappropriate content could face serious consequences.

Be involved and set security passcodes on children's devices. Consider limiting access to this 'junk food' type tech.

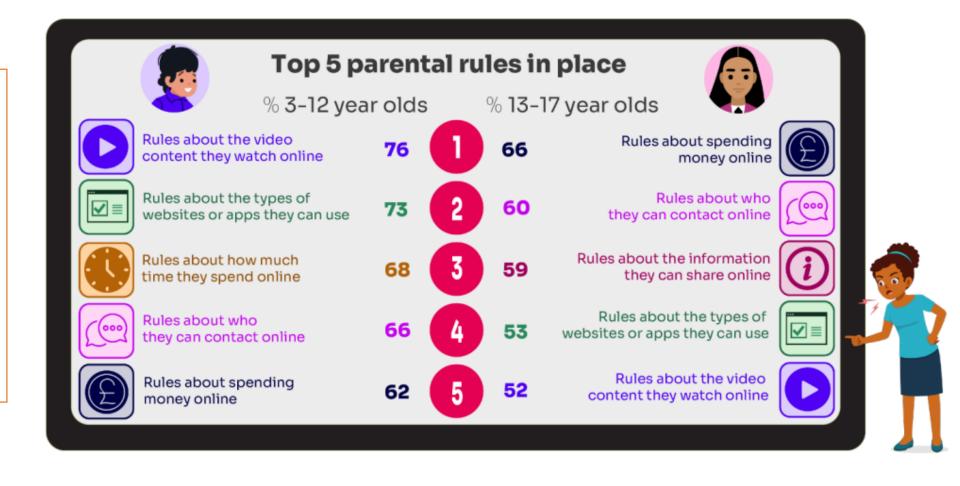
SUPERVISION AND PARENTAL CONTROLS





What RULES do YOU SET about being online? What do you do that WORKS?

While parental concerns in some areas have increased considerably, their enforcement of rules appears to be diminishing, partly due to parents' resignation about their ability to intervene in their children's online lives.

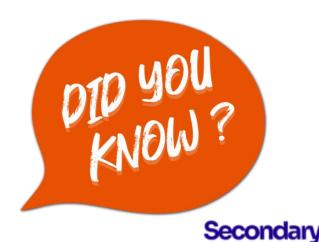






Do you RESTRICT their MOBILE PHONE USE?

If so, have you found it **CHALLENGING**?



Primary

93% have restrictions at home

74% when in bed at night time

65% when having meals

61% when doing homework

39% when spending time with family

81% have restrictions at home

55% when having meals

54% when in bed at night time

36% when doing homework

33% when spending time with family





Why not have a family agreement to:

- **clarify** what is allowed...or not
- establish ground rules like no phones at the table or in the bedroom at night-time
- agree shared expectations to reduce arguments and keep everyone safe & healthy





Download it at parentsafe.lgfl.net/digital-family-agreement

Digital Family Agreement





ΔΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛ ΔΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛ

Whv? I will:

Check with mum before getting a new app or game or buying an add-on so she can check it's safe

Set up privacy and safety settings on any apps and sites I use and show them to dad, so he doesn't worry

Check with mum or dad before going live and explain what I can do to avoid any risks

Not post or share any personal information, e.g. mobile, address, to stay private and safe

Put my phone down when we're eating together or mum or dad want to talk, as it's respectful

Turn off notifications when I'm doing

homework and at bed time, to help concentrate and sleep

Come off my devices an hour

before bedtime to unwind and Sleep well

If there are any issues: We will talk about it calmly and respectfully I may have to show you more about what I am doing on devices, or other consequences Parent/carer will: Why?

Put our devices down when you want to talk to me/us so we can model good behaviour

Keep our mobiles away for important family time, e.g. breakfast and dinner so we can have quality time and talk

Trust you to manage your screen time sensibly as we agreed, and only say something if I/we are worried, to help you stay safe and healthy

Ask permission before sharing any photos of you, to respect your privacy

If I'm worried by anything:

I can tell mumor dad and they won't judge me

I cantalk to Ms Patel at school

I can contact Childline or The Mix SHARENTING!







Today's date: 24th March Date we will review this:

24th May

Download me again and find more



SafeguardED

What's wrong with **SHARENTING?**

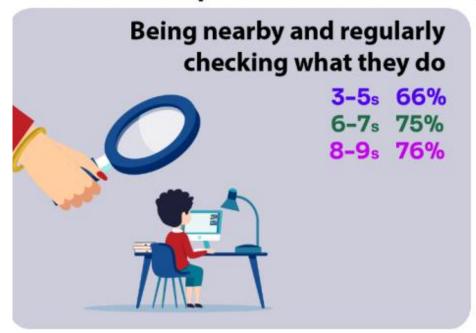
(when parents share photos of their children online)

- Identity theft
- Permanence of digital content
- Losing control of images
- Exposure to child predators
- Creates their children's digital footprints before they are old enough to consent to it



Do you SUPERVISE your child's online activity? HOW?

Main online supervision method used (% of parents who's children go online)









Have you set up parental CONTROLS/PRIVACY SETTINGS for ALL DEVICES and NETWORKS?

- Controls need to be set up on both the broadband connection
 AND each individual device
- These do not come as standard so it's worth checking

They are important because they allow you to:

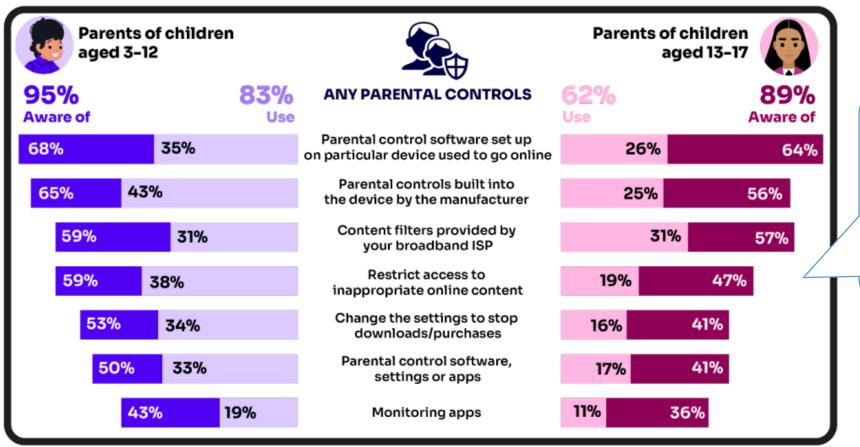
- Block and filter upsetting or inappropriate content or sites
- Plan what time and how long your child can go online for







Are you AWARE of these PARENTAL CONTROL TOOLS? Which ones have YOU USED?

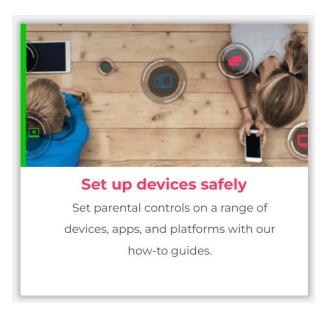


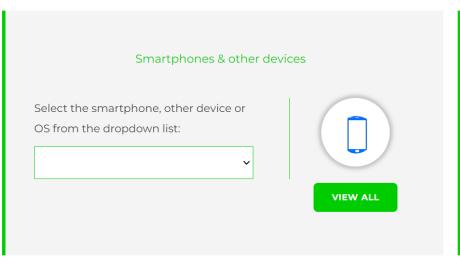
'I prefer to supervise my child's online use by talking to them about setting rules' (39%)

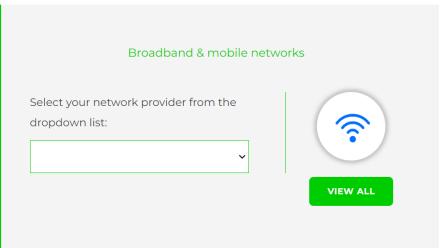


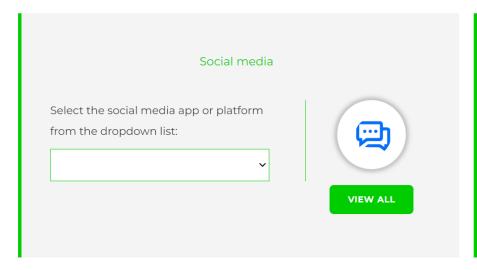
Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025

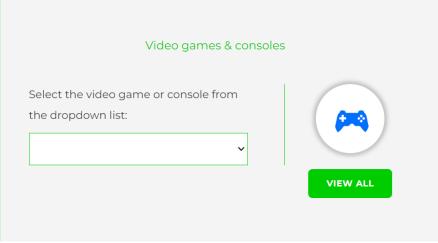
Visit <u>internetmatters.org/parental-controls</u> to find out how to set controls on devices:



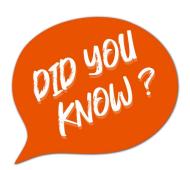












Parental control apps like <u>Google Family Link</u>, <u>Screen Time</u> and <u>Microsoft Family</u> can let you set limits across devices, apps and platforms

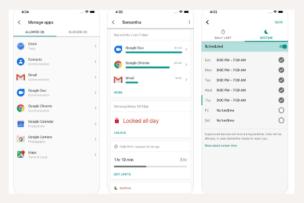
SAFE SETTINGS, CONTROLS & MONITORING

Apple, Android and Microsoft have tools to help you control what younger children can use and how long for. Click the images below for details. Once they are older and have your trust, the same tools can help avoid arguments and help them learn to self-regulate (how long have they really been on insta today? have they put down the phone at all in the last week?).



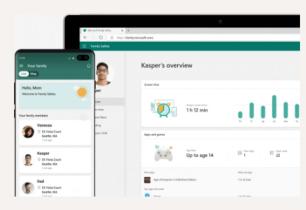
Apple Screen Time

Great for both parental controls and teen self-regulation



Google Family Link

<u>Digital Wellbeing</u> is the next step for the older ones after Family Link



Microsoft Family Safety

There are no self-regulation features for older teens, but Family Safety is great for the younger ones



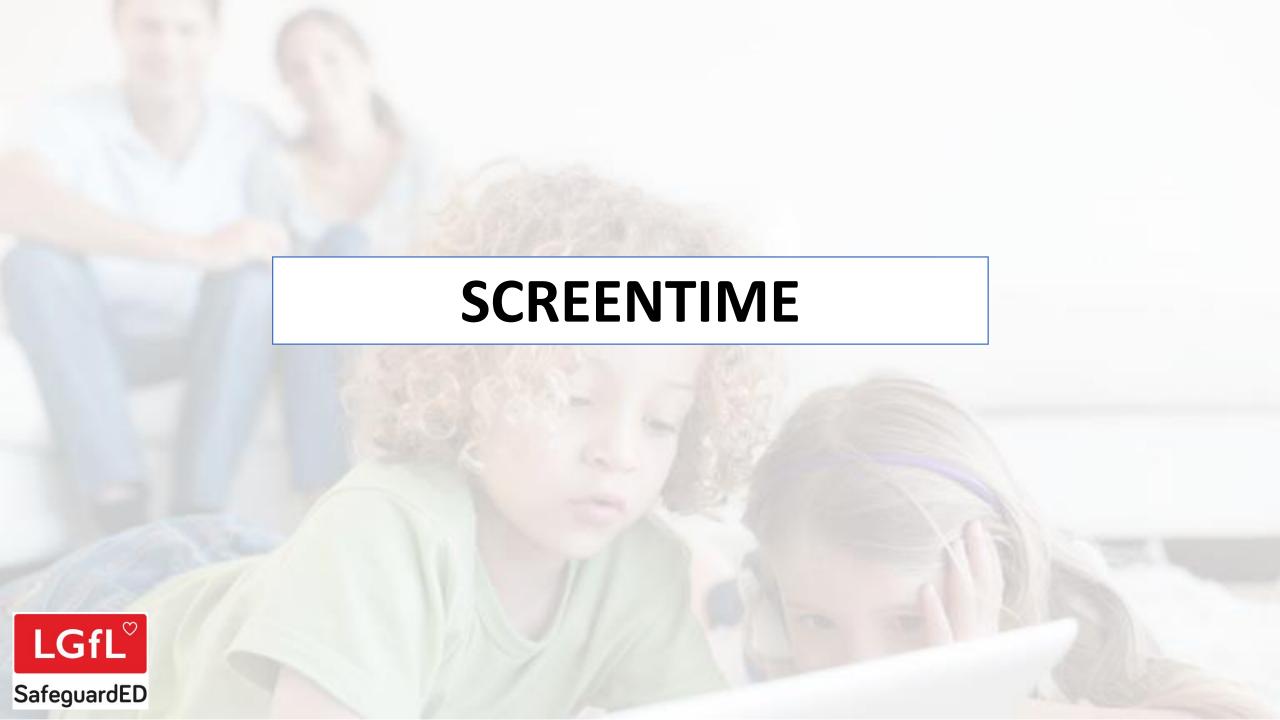
Visit parentsafe.lgfl.net/ for additional advice and tips on settings and controls for all devices

REMEMBER

 As children get older, restrictions and controls you use will change, but only at a pace you feel is appropriate for your child, not pressure from your child "because everyone else is allowed"

Content filters are never 100%
 effective, at some point your child
 may come across inappropriate or
 upsetting content, so make time to
 talk regularly



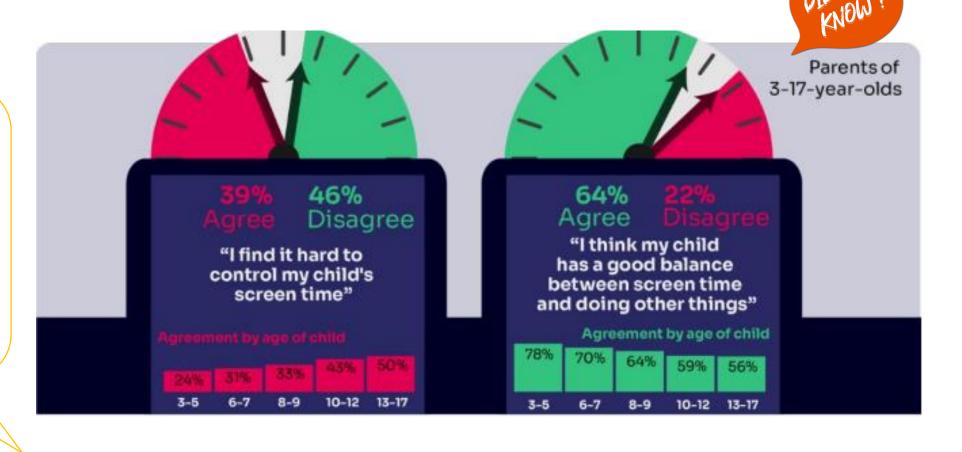




WORRIED about their **SCREENTIME**? How do you **MANAGE** this?

Know HOW LONG YOUR CHILD SPENDS online daily?

"I've been told is that when I get off my screen, I'm less fun to be around. ..And like I can also feel angrier for like no reason."





- Children spent an average 3 hours 5 minutes per day accessing the internet via smartphones/tablets/computers
 - Four in ten (39%) parents of children aged 3-17 report finding it hard to control their child's screentime



Visit parentsafe.lgfl.net/ for advice and tips to manage screentime

SCREENTIME

Lots of parents worry about it, but we don't think you should worry about screentime - it's not **how long** they are online but **what and when they are doing** that counts (and the same goes for grown-ups, like in the Will Ferrell video above). You can use the control settings near the top of this page to regulate screen time in general and on specific apps, but beyond that we recommend you follow the Children's Commissioner's 'Digital 5 A Day' and help your children to aim for each of the targets in this pie chart ¬



The UK Chief Medical Officers agree - check out their version of what counts.

UK Chief Medical Officers' advice for parents and carers on Children and Young People's screen and social media use

chnology can be a wonderful thing but too much time sitting down or using mobile devices can get in the way of important healthy activities. Here are some flos for balancing screen use with healthy living.

Sleep matters

very important. Leave phones outside the bedroom when it is bedfine.



Sharing sensibly

Talk about sharing photos and information online or how photos and words are sometimes manipulated. Parents and carers should never assume that childre are happy for their photos to be shared. For everyor



Education matters

Make sure you and your children are aware of, and abide by, their school's policy on screen time.



Keep moving!

Everyone should take a break after a couple of hour sitting or lying down using a screen. It's good to get



Safety when out and about

Advise children to put their screens away while crossing the road or doing an activity that needs their full attention.



Talking help

Talk with children about using screens and what they are watching. A change in behaviour can be a sign they are distressed — make sure they know they can always speak to you or another responsible adult if they feel uncomfortable with screen or social mediature.



Family time together

you can enjoy face-to-face conversation, with adults giving their full attention to children.



Use helpful phone features

Some devices and platforms have special features try using these leadures to keep track of how much time you (and with their permission, your children) spend (poking at screens or or social media.







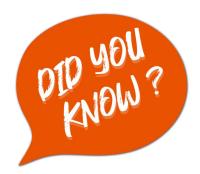
How does your child feel about YOUR SCREENTIME vs THEIRS?



MAKES YOU THINK...

Talk to your child about their device use, but remember yours, too





52% of 8-11s feel that their parents' screentime is too high

33% of 8-17s feel that their own screentime is too high

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025





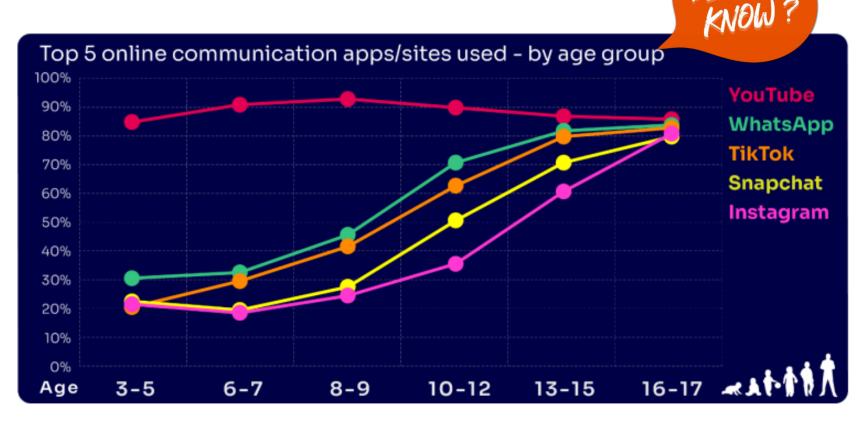
SOCIAL MEDIA AND GAMING





Are you FAMILIAR WITH THE APPS and GAMES your child is on?

YouTube is the most popular, but the appeal of many social media platforms varies by age



- The two most popular apps for 3 7 yr-olds are
 WhatsApp (2 in 10) and
 Snapchat (3 in 10)
- The proportion of 8-9s with an **Instagram** profile increased from 8% in 2023 to 14% in 2024
- 13-17s are most likely to have profiles on **WhatsApp**
- (62%), **Snapchat** (62%) or **TikTok** (61%)





KNOW WHAT THEY DO on social media?

Eight in ten (81%) of all children aged 8-17 use at least one social media app/site for following friends, people and organisations, reading, liking or sharing content

TikTok was the most favoured platform to message and communicate with friends.

QC18. Still thinking about social media and messaging apps and sites - like Snapchat, Instagram, WhatsApp and TikTok... Which, if any, of these things do you ever do on social media or messaging apps or sites? % of respondents 54% 22% 20% 12% Follow activists and Follow or interact with political Write my own posts about None of these Don't know Search out, share or discuss Send supportive messages to campaigners who talk about parties or campaign groups e.g. news stories with others on friends if they are having a hard causes I care about Black Lives Matter, the Green causes I care about these apps and sites



Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025



WHY DOES THIS MATTER?

Young people can **get around age restrictions** on apps and websites,
increasing the risk of them coming to
harm online

Addictive algorithms can make it harder to take a break and maintain a healthy balance between time on and offline



Algorithms can also **target content** similar to what you've already selected/liked/shared



This can prevent you from finding new ideas and perspectives, create misinformation and reinforce stereotypes

What might they NOT BE TELLING YOU?



Nearly six in ten (56%) 8-17s use **multiple profiles** on at least one social media platform:

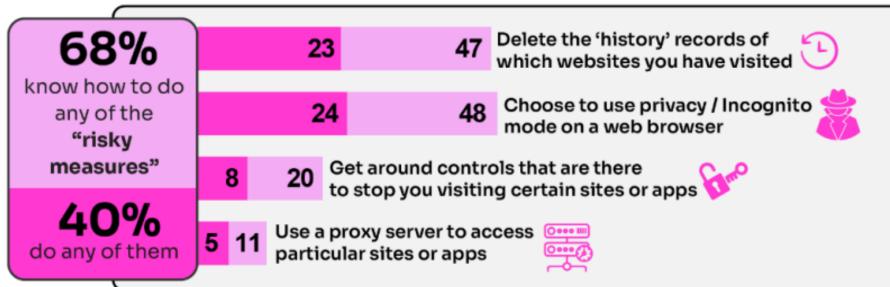
(23%) said it was because one account was just for parents/family to see

15% said one account was for the 'real me' and another contained edited/filtered posts or photos





WHY is this 'RISKY'?





40% had engaged in 'risky' behaviour!





What about WHATSAPP?

Do you know the minimum age to use this? What are the risks?



to contact somebody on WhatsApp, all you need is their phone number, which could expose you to unwanted messages or calls

Inappropriate content

messages are end-to-end encrypted which means that the content cannot be monitored. This means that your child could see or hear harmful or upsetting content e.g. pornography or violence.

Location sharing Cyberbullying **Oversharing**

live location feature means that your child could reveal their current location to others children could be bullied, feel left out or deliberately excluded or removed from groups

privacy features, such as disappearing and 'view once' messages, might mean that your child feels safe to reveal private or risky information or images. However, there is always

a risk that this could be copied and shared









Find ratings and reviews for parents on apps, games and social media at commonsensemedia.org

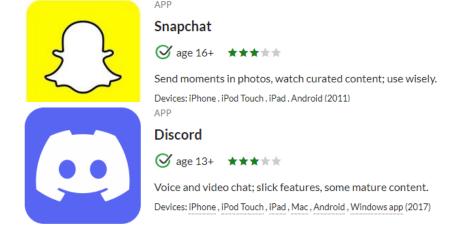


		Parent Tips and FAQs	Celebrating Cor	
By Topic		By Platfori	m	
Screen Time		TikTok		
Learning		Snapchat		
Social Media		Minecraft		
Cellphones Roblox				
Online Safety	/	Fortnite		
Identity and C	Identity and Community		Discord	
More		More		
	Screen Time Learning Social Media Cellphones Online Safety	Screen Time Learning Social Media Cellphones Online Safety Identity and Community	Screen Time TikTok Learning Snapchat Social Media Minecraft Cellphones Roblox Online Safety Fortnite Identity and Community Discord	



 LGfL°

SafeguardED





See full review



Do you know the DIFFERENCE between an 'ONLINE' FRIEND and a real one? How does this differ from your CHILD'S VIEW?

- Are you familiar with who they are in contact with whilst playing games?
- Have you asked about the chat facility?
- Do you know the content and age restrictions for these games?





Visit gaming.lgfl.net for advice and activities

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025

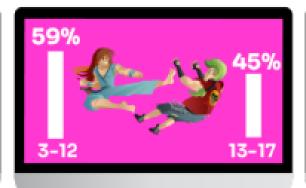


What are YOU most WORRIED about?

Parental concerns about gaming (% of parents of children who game)









The content of the games like violence, bad language, disturbing content, etc

Pressure to make in-game purchases, e.g. access to upgrades, skins, loot-boxes, in-game currency, etc

The possibility of them being bullied by other players

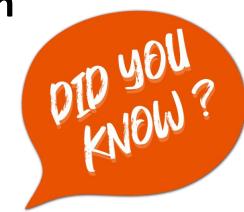
The possibility of them talking to strangers while gaming (within the game or via chat)



Gamble Aware

Research finds children's online spaces "saturated" with gambling-like content and advertising:

"They make it look like a game, it does not look like gambling."



Risks are not understood by children due to the blurred lines between gambling and gambling-like activity such as loot boxes



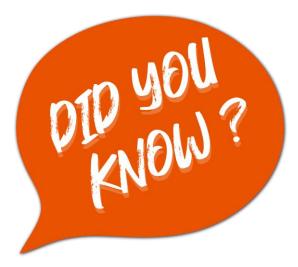
Do you **DISCUSS THIS** when you talk about **MONEY** to your children and how gambling is made to **LOOK ATTRACTIVE** and likely that you would **WIN**?

How can **YOU GET INVOLVED?**

- ASK what type of games your child enjoys are they age-appropriate
- PLAY games together keep the tech in shared spaces rather than bedrooms
- TALK about who they are playing with what information are they sharing?
- EXPLAIN what is/isn't appropriate to share, e.g. personal details to identify them/location
- AGREE how they will spend their money online
- DISCUSS what they would do if they were bullied online, and what steps to take
- DECIDE how long is appropriate to play in one session how many sessions a da

PEGI helps parents to make informed decisions when buying video games:

- The age rating confirms that the game content is appropriate for players of certain age
- It considers the age suitability of a game, not the level of difficulty







AGE REQUIREMENTS LGfL[♡] SafeguardED



Are YOU aware of the MINIMUM AGE REQUIREMENT for social media?

83% of parents of 3-17s are aware of a minimum age requirement to have a profile on social media apps

BUT ONLY

33% of parents knew the correct age requirement (13 yrs)

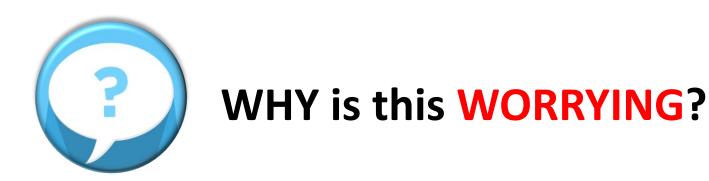
More than a third (37%) say they would allow their child to have a profile on sites or apps before they had reached the minimum age.



Find ratings and reviews for parents on apps, games and social media at www.commonsensemedia.org

What about YOUNG PEOPLE?

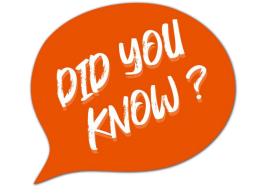
- Three quarters (75%) of children are aware of minimum age requirements
- A third (33%) of 8-17 yr-olds admit to giving a fake age online to access a new app/site
- Up to a quarter had changed their date of birth on their profile since initially setting it up
- 25% of 8-12 yr-olds were more likely to change it on Snapchat













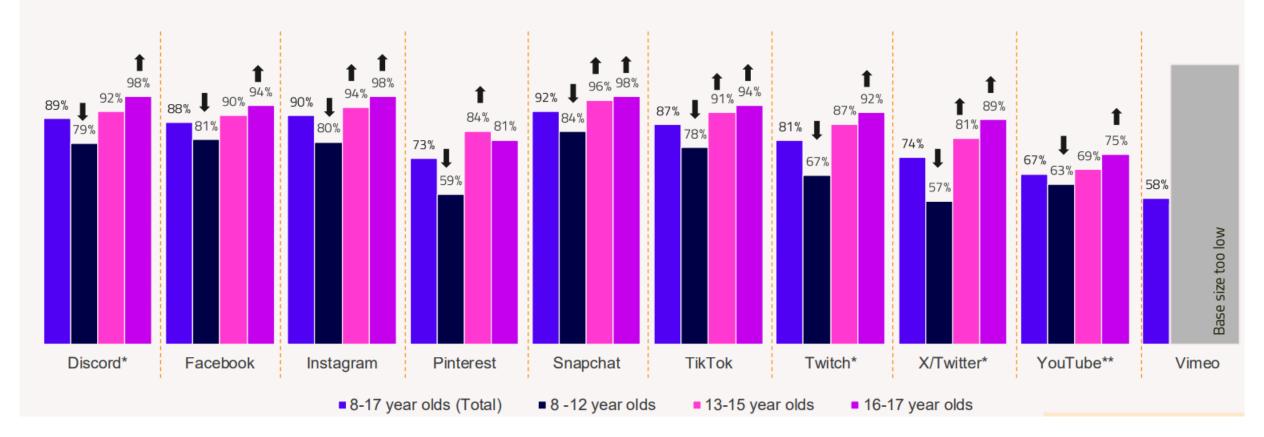
- YouTube/YouTube Kids (44%)
- WhatsApp (23%)
- TikTok (23%)
- The proportion of 8-9s with an Instagram profile increased from 8% in 2023 to 14% in 2024



Despite there being a minimum age requirement of 13 for using most social media apps, over half of 3-12-year olds (55%) were reported as using at least one social media app or site, an increase on last year, when 51% of these children did so.

The majority of online service users (e.g., social media) in each age group have their own profile on at least one online service, with the likelihood of having a profile generally increasing with age. This pattern has remained consistent with Jan/Feb 2024 (W2).

Proportion of **children 8-17** who use each online service that have their own profile – by age group of child (Wave 4):



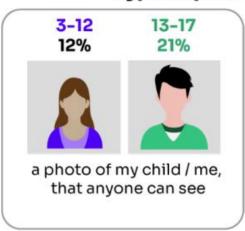


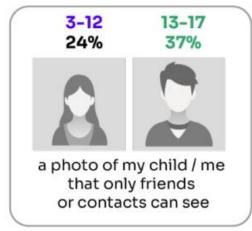


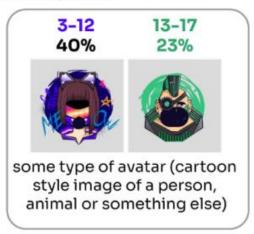
Do you know what they **SHARE?**

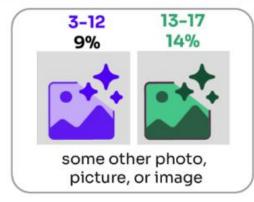
16% of children who have a social media profile include a photo of themselves which anyone can see

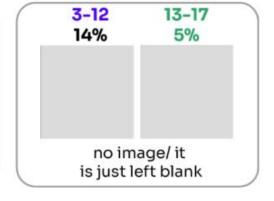
Type of profile picture used (among those with a profile)









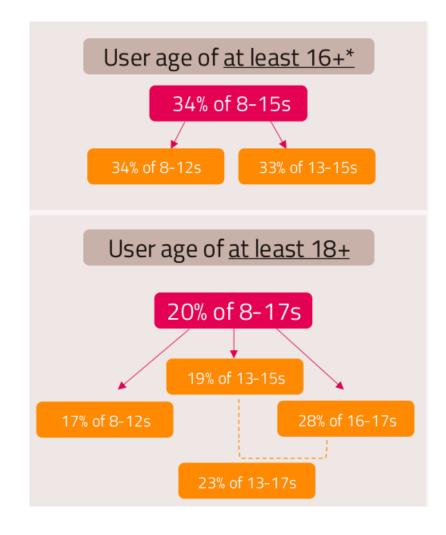






Why does this MATTER?

- Young people can get around age restrictions on apps and websites, increasing the risk of them coming to harm online
- To understand the extent to which children are bypassing age checks, Ofcom researched how many children have online profiles that make them appear older than they actually are.

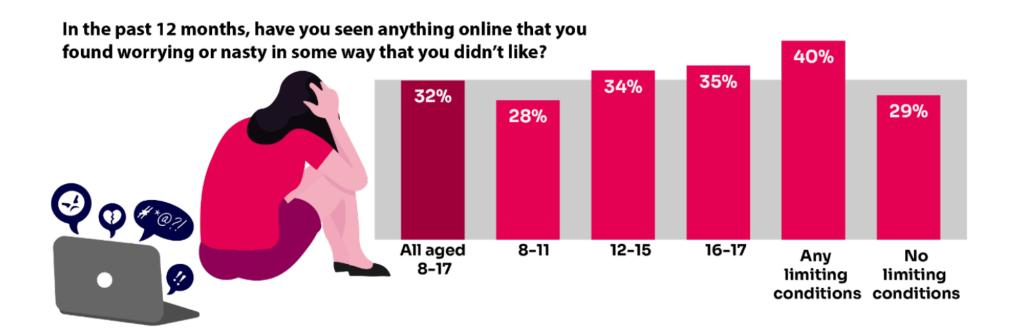




RISKS AND NEGATIVE EXPERIENCES



Summary of children's negative experiences



BUT Only 20% of parents report their child telling them about this in the same time frame.



Source: Children and parents: Media use and attitudes report

So what are the RISKS?

content: being exposed to **illegal**, inappropriate, or **harmful** content, for example: **pornography**, **fake** news, **racism**, **misogyny**, **self-harm**, **suicide**, **anti-Semitism**, **radicalisation**, and **extremism**.

CONTACT: being subjected to harmful online **interaction** with other users; for example: peer to **peer pressure**, commercial **advertising** and **adults posing as childre**n or young adults with the intention to **groom** or **exploit** them for **sexual**, **criminal**, **financial** or other purposes

conduct: online **behaviour** that increases the likelihood of, or **causes**, **harm**; sharing and receiving **explicit images** (e.g. **nudes** and semi-nudes and/or **pornography** and online **bullying**

commerce: risks such as online **gambling**, **inappropriate advertising**, **phishing** and or **financial scams**



PARENTSAFE

Keeping your children safe: online & beyond

TOP TOPICS (porn, bullying, extremism, fake news...) ©

We have selected our top two or three resources to help parents on six key themes, which we think are important to all families. Take a look and see what you think - even if you think it may not apply to you.

Body Safe

Accessing Pornography

Bullying

Extremism & Radicalisation

Gangs & County Lines

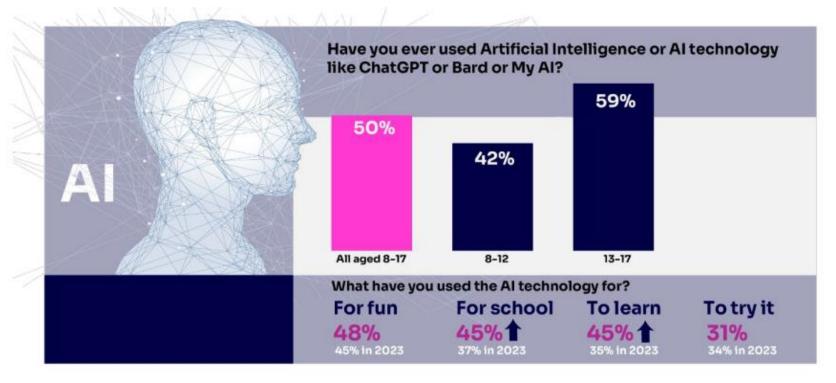
Fake News & Hoaxes



Current issues that schools are dealing with right now Include:



Half of children say they use artificial intelligence (AI) tools



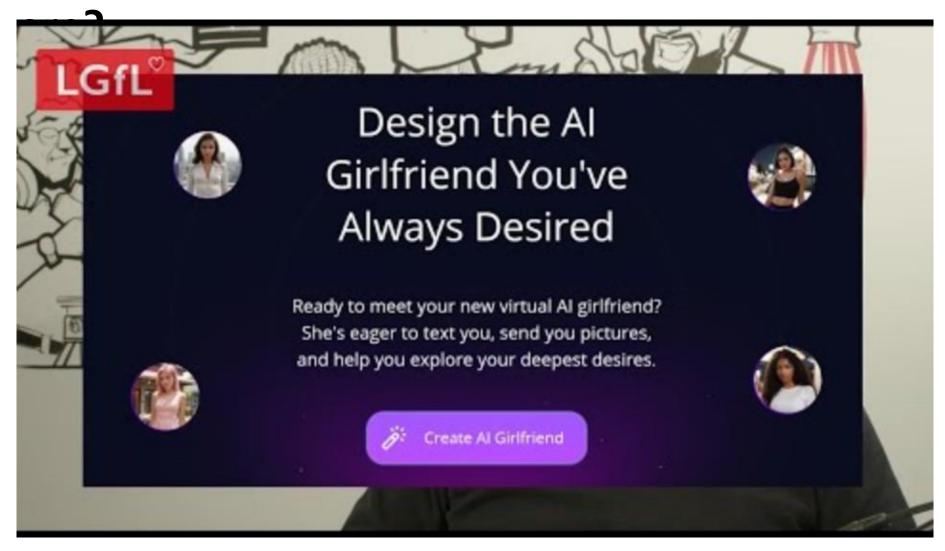




Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025



Generative AI – what do you think the risks are?





Generative AI – find out how nudify apps might impact young people or why a teenager might make friends with a chatbot





WeProtect

Financially Motivated Sexual Extortion – 'SEXTORTION'

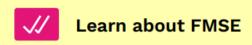
"I recently got tricked into sending nudes to whom I thought was a girl, but I now know to be a grown man. They threatened to post my nudes on socials unless I paid them. At first, they wanted £20 so I sent it to them. Then they came back asking for £30, £50, sometimes more."

Boy aged 16, Childline

"I sent nudes to this boy on Snapchat. I thought I could trust him, but I was wrong cos he saved the images to his camera roll. Now he's threatening to post them to my friends and family unless I do stuff on FaceTime. I don't know how to handle this, I've never been so anxious in my life."

Girl aged 15, Childline





✓// Talk with your child about FMSE

Know how to support your child and where to report if they become a victim of FMSE

What does FMSE look like?

If your child has been approached by an offender, they may tell you that they have been:

- contacted by an online account they do not know but appears to be another child or young person
- quickly engaged in a sexually explicit conversation. This may include the offender sharing indecent content first
- pressured into taking nude or semi-nude photos or videos. Or, they may have been blackmailed with images that have been digitally manipulated or Al-generated
- blackmailed into sending money or meeting another financial demand, such as buying a pre-paid gift card

Financially Motivated Sexual Extortion (FMSE): advice for parents and carers

How to talk to your child and access support if they need help





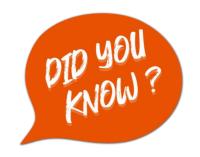
Parents and carers template letter

Dear parent/guardian,

All schools in the UK have recently been sent information from the National Crime Agency, raising awareness of the recent rise in reporting of financially motivated sexual extortion (a type of online blackmail often known in the media as 'sextortion'). Children and young people worldwide are being targeted.



Livestreaming



Sixteen per cent of children livestream their own videos

- 3-9 year-olds (1 in 10)
- 10-12 year-olds (2 10)

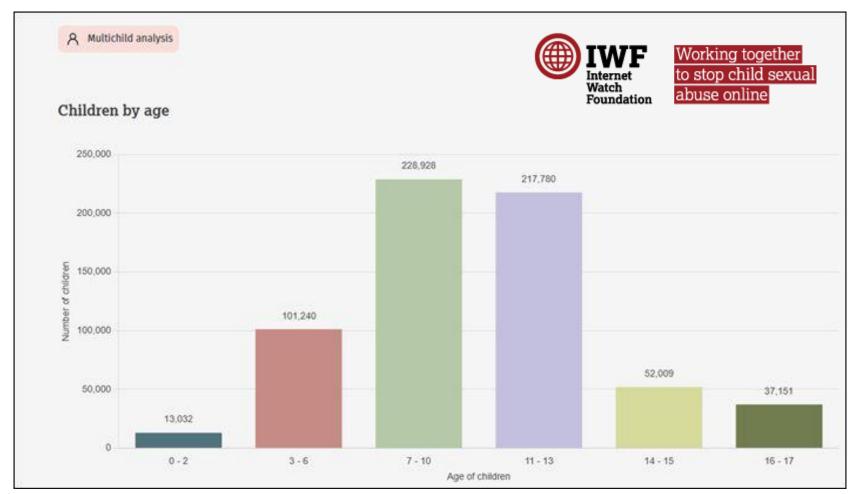


Why does this MATTER?



There were more 7-10-year-olds in child sexual abuse material (CSAM) images found by IWF than 11-13s in 2024

It can also affect younger children







Being safer while live streaming



- Talk to them about what they are sharing
- Use devices in **public spaces** e.g. lounge not bedroom
- Check privacy and safety settings on the app/site
- Be wary of requests to chat in private
- Know Support and Reporting functions



So, what can YOU do?





undressed.lgfl.net

Sharing Nudes / Semi-Nudes

Older girls (aged 16-18) were more likely than boys to have ever been exposed to potentially uncomfortable or unwanted types of contact:

DID YOU?

Asked to share naked/half-dressed pictures of themselves 24%

Receiving pictures or videos of naked / half-dressed people

32%



Source: Children and parents: Media use and attitudes report

Early in the year: Taylor (13) received messages from people she did not know that **included nude images or inappropriate messages.**

"I'd probably get one or two messages a month. They want [to add you on Snapchat] because on Snapchat, you can send pictures that you can't get away with on Instagram." End of year: She had taken steps to reduce this happening by no longer adding people on Snapchat after they had messaged her on Instagram or using Snapchat's Quick Add feature to talk to strangers.

"It [receiving an inappropriate message from a stranger] hasn't happened in a long time.

Maybe once in the last year...

It doesn't happen much anymore because I don't really talk to people I don't know any more."

One 15-year-old* who contacted Childline said:

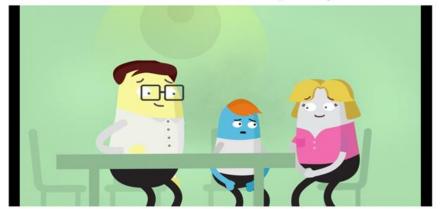
NSPCC Targeting of Girls Online Report

"I've been sent lots of inappropriate images online recently, like pictures of naked people that I don't want to see. At first I thought they were coming from just one person, so I blocked them. But then I realised the stuff was coming from loads of random people I don't know. I'm going to try and disable ways people can add me, so hopefully I'll stop getting this stuff."

Children and parents: Media use and attitudes report

So, what can YOU do?

Nude Selfies: Understanding Why



Nude Selfies: When should I be worried?



Nude Selfies: Talking to your child



Nude Selfies: Where to get help





<u>youtu.be/XjV0lKYpakk?si=6ONdtZJRjfB6bSRj</u> – what parents and carers need to know <u>youtu.be/E5LA2nKHVZ0?si=gU3_jXFF51TU3vTq</u> – when should you be worried?

Pornography

Average age children first view pornography is 13

Substantial proportions viewed it at a much younger age – 27% by age 11 and 10% by the age of 9

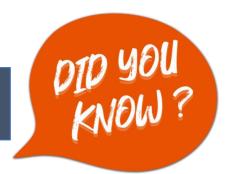
Unbearable pressure to view hardcore pornography even if they do not want to

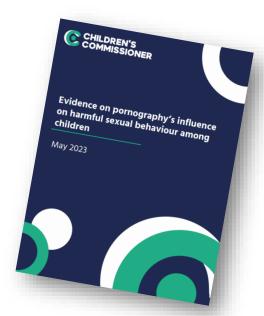
Degrading acts and violence against women

Think it is reflective of real life or healthy relationships

Pornography sites are not the only way, or even the most popular way, that young people access online porn

Wide prevalence of on social media platforms such as Twitter, Snapchat and Instagram





Would you know how to talk to your child about pornography?

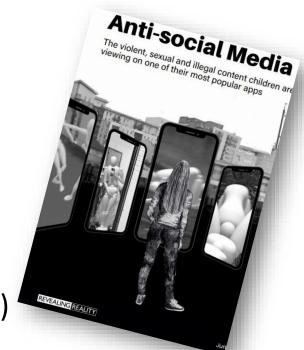


Source:

https://www.childrenscommissioner.gov.uk/resource/pornography-and-harmful-sexual-behaviour/

Snapchat: 'It's our evening news...'

- Disturbing, graphic and illegal content:
 - Fights / beatings / stabbings / raids
 - Sexual assaults, sex acts involving children, CSAM
 - Sale of weapons and drugs online
 (Some see this type of content several times a day, daily)



- Wouldn't consider reporting seen what happens to a 'grass'
- While other children use Snapchat's built-in filters to add funny effects to their selfies, the filter these children experience is the normalisation of humiliation, aggression, violence and crime



UK Reporting Helplines and Services for Children and Young People

Call 101 or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm to your child





NCA

Young people can report concerns about child sexual abuse and exploitation to NCA



Nude image of you online? We can help take it down.

Report Remove

A free tool that allows children to report nude or sexual images and videos of themselves that they think might have been shared online



ChildLine

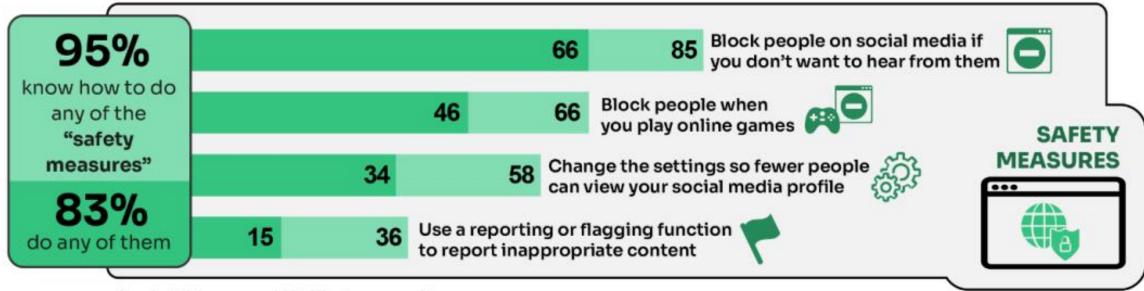
A free, private and confidential service where CYP can talk about anything to a trained counsellor, online or on the phone



STAYING SAFE ONLINE AND REPORTING



What do YOUNG PEOPLE do to STAY SAFE ONLINE?



% of children aged 13-17 who go online

Only 15% had used a reporting or flagging function

(36% were aware of these functions)

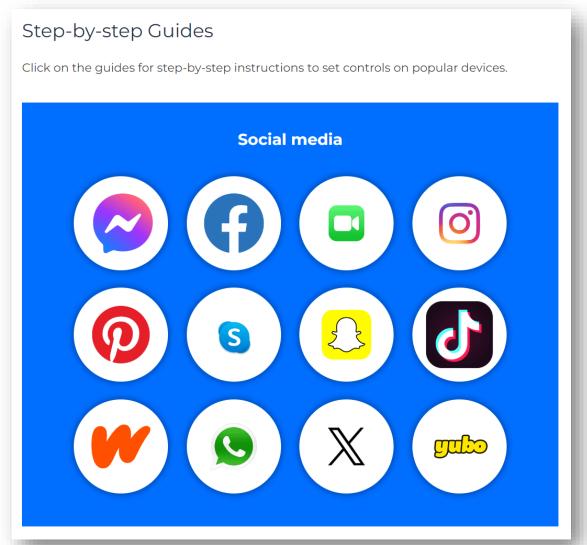


Go to <u>reporting.lgfl.net</u> to find out how to remove content from social media and where to report bullying, racial hatred, terrorism, sexual abuse and more

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025

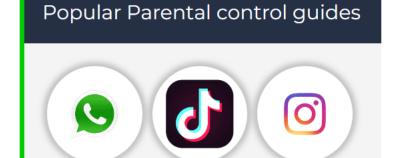


Do YOU know HOW TO REPORT to apps / sites?



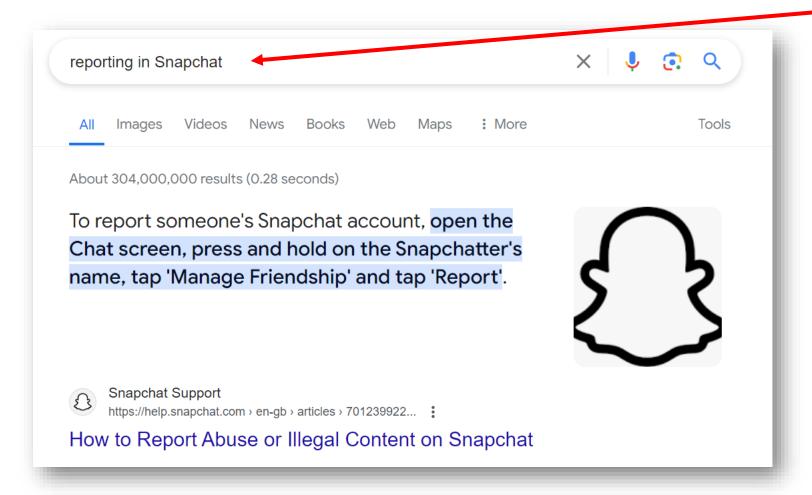
Internet Matters has helpful guides for social media apps and sites at

<u>internetmatters.org/parental-controls/social-media</u>



Search our step by step guide





A simple **Google search** with the site name, **e.g.** 'reporting in **Snapchat'** will bring up the steps to take and signpost to the reporting page



Remember!

- ✓ Before signing up to any app/site, check that your child meets the minimum age requirement for the platform to understand the risks
- ✓ Remind your child to be cautious about accepting friend requests a real friend is someone they/you know in real life, not a 'friend' they met gaming or in a chat room. Encourage them to ask you for advice if they are unsure.
- ✓ Stress the importance of **not sharing personal information** with online 'friends'
- √ Keep passwords confidential
- ✓ Check their privacy settings, emphasising the importance of not sharing personal information with strangers, and emphasising the confidentiality of passwords are all important steps
- ✓ You can report any content, e.g. a post, image or harmful, misleading or damaging comment
- ✓ Remember that **reporting doesn't guarantee immediate** removal, as platforms assess reported content based on their respective rules and policies

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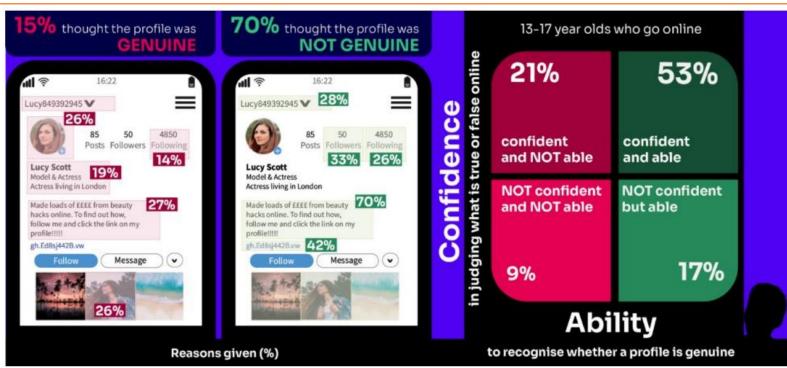




Does your child TRUST everything they see online?

For young teenagers (12-15s), although TikTok continues to be their most-used single source for news, their most trustworthy source for news is their family.

Sixteen and seventeen-year-olds are less sure of their ability to distinguish the real from the fake online than they were last year







Try our Critical Thinking Quiz at believe.lgfl.net

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2025

32% of 8-17s had seen something they found worrying or nasty online in the past 12 months

59% of parents were concerned about them being influenced by extremist content



- recognise extremist behaviour and content on social media/apps/games
- understand actions likely to attract police investigation
- get help
- report concerns

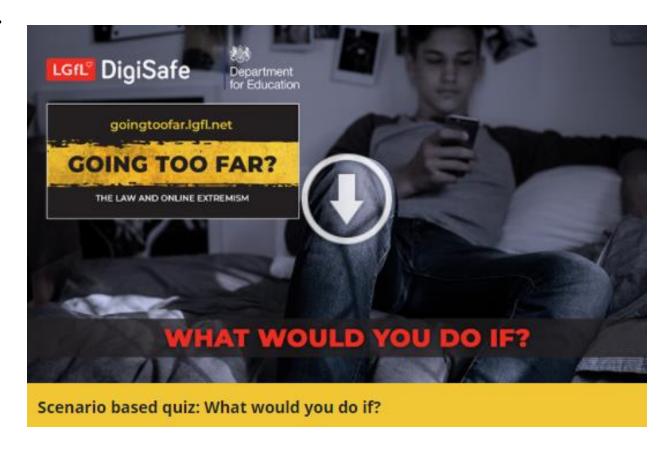


Are they aware of the implications their actions could have?

Could they be breaking the law?
Or putting themselves or others at risk?

Visit goingtoofar.lgfl.net to find out more.

Let's take this quiz together at takingastand.lgfl.net







1. You notice lately there are lots of posts from a group appearing on your page which are offensive and racist.

What can you do about it?







- Nothing, just ignore them
- Report them directly via the site's report button
- Select the option to unfollow or stop seeing posts from this group







2. Your class are all talking about this funny meme. It's making fun of people from another country, and some of the comments are really rude.

There are lots of 'likes'.

How could you respond?



- 'Like' it after all it can't do any harm
- Join in the comments so you can also be part of the group
- Share it
- Report it directly to the site as racism
- Talk to a trusted adult for advice





3. This pop star tweets a post showing how she's lost weight by taking these diet pills- she says the first 100 people can get it half price.

What could you do?







- Buy them straight away
- Think about her motives she might be being paid to advertise it
- Check the reviews
- Discuss with a parent/carer before buying anything online
- Do your research and to find out more about this subject





9. An influencer you came across shared a link where you can meet new friends and chat anonymously without worrying about getting in trouble with the law.

What could you do?







- Join the chat, after all it's anonymous so it can't do any harm
- Invite one of your friends to come along so you can both make new friends
- Check with a trusted adult at home or school



RESOURCES AND SUPPORT



Visit <u>parentsafe.lgfl.net</u> for tips and ideas to help parents:

- Manage screen time
- Set controls and settings
- Understand apps and games
- Talk to children
 about risk from
 bullying & sharing
 content, to
 extremism & gangs

parentsafe.lgfl.net



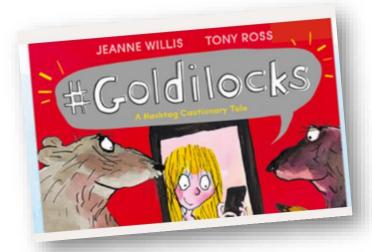




TALKING TO CHILDREN ABOUT LIFE ONLINE

Find conversation starters, story time ideas and top tips to reinforce key safety messages at parentsafe.lgfl.net









Keeping your children safe: online & beyond



DigiSafe ®

Source: Children and parents: media use and attitudes report 2024



SIX TOP TIPS

For Parents To Keep Your Children Safe Online

SafeguardED

Most parents & carers think their children and young people spend too much time on devices. DON'T FEEL BAD! Lots of it is perfectly healthy anyway. Instead, follow these tips to keep them safe, happy and healthy.

Don't worry about screen time; aim for screen quality

Scrolling through social media isn't the same as making a film or story, or video calling Grandma. Use the Children's Commissioner's 'Digital Five A Day' to plan or review each day together.



Check the safety settings are turned on

Whether it's your home internet, mobile devices, consoles, apps or games, there are lots of settings to make them safer. The key ones are - can they chat to strangers, can they video chat or 'go live', are their posts public? What about safe search and Youtube? See parentsafe.lgfl.net for more.



Get your children to show you their apps and games

You don't need to know all about the latest app or game, but if your child shows you what they are doing and with whom, you'll probably see if it's appropriate or not. Remember 18 games are not more advanced – they are harmful to children! For parent guides to apps, including recommendations for kidsafe apps and video platforms, search for Common Sense Media reviews.



Don't try to hide news about scary things in the news

If you don't talk about it, your children might read inappropriate pages, believe scare stories or simply catastrophise in their heads. Why not watch Newsround together and talk about how they feel – there is guidance from Childline to help you.





parentsafe.lgfl.net

Why not have a family agreement to:

- clarify what is allowed...or not
- establish ground rules like no phones at the table or in the bedroom at night-time
- agree shared expectations to reduce arguments and keep everyone safe & healthy



Download it at parentsafe.lgfl.net/digital-family-agreement



Digital Family Agreement





LGfL DigiSafe®

I will:

Whv?

Check with mum before getting a new app or game or buying an add-on so she can check it's safe

Set up privacy and safety settings on any apps and sites I use and show them to dad, so he doesn't worry

Check with mum or dad before going live and explain what I can do to avoid any risks

Not post or share any personal information, e.g. mobile, address, to stay private and safe

Put my phone down when we're eating together or mum or dad want to talk, as it's respectful

Turn off notifications when I'm doing

homework and at bed time, to help concentrate and sleep

Come off my devices an hour

before bedtime to unwind and Sleep well

If there are any issues: We will talk about it calmly and respectfully I may have to show you more about what I am doing on devices, or other consequences Parent/carer will:

Why?

Put our devices down when you want to talk to me/us so we can model good behaviour

Keep our mobiles away for important family time, e.g. breakfast and dinner so we can have quality time and talk

Trust you to manage your screen time sensibly as we agreed, and only say something if I/we are worried, to help you stay safe and healthy

Ask permission before sharing any photos of you, to respect your privacy

If I'm worried by anything:

I can tell mumor dad and they won't judge me I cantalk to Ms Patel at school

I can contact Childline or The Mix

Signed: Sophie Mum Dad

Today's date: 24th March

24th May Date we will review this:

Download me again and find more support for parents at parentsafe.lgfl.net



Where to get help?

INSERT SCHOOL SPECIFIC INFO HERE, SUCH AS:

- DSL NAMES AND PHOTOS
- REPORTING PROCESS
- LINK TO POLICIES

