Year 2 Australia											
Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term		Throughout the Year					
Fighting Fit!	Around the World	Fire, Fire!	Australia	Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole	Go Wild!	Throughout the Year					
Animals Including Humans		Everyday Materials Everyday Materials/Plants		Living things and their habitats		Plants					
Lesson 1 DE LO: Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival WS: Understand the concept of	Lo: Investigate the importance of hygiene WS: Identify things to	Lesson 1 DE LO: Identify different materials and their uses WS: Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers	Lesson 1 LO: Identify and compare transparent, translucent and opaque materials for their uses. WS: Use simple observable	Lesson 1 DE LO: Identify and classify objects into living, dead or never been alive WS: Identifying	Lesson 1 DE LO: Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants WS: Performing simple tests	Autumn 1 Lesson 1 DE LO: Explain the difference between seeds and bulbs WS: Identifying differences, similarities or changes related to					
'a question' Enquiry: What do humans and animals need to survive?	observe. Explain what has happened to things or events. Enquiry: Does soap really keep the germs away?	to questions Enquiry: What materials can you find on your hunt?	features to compare objects or living things Use observable features of objects to identify them. Enquiry: Which materials are transparent, translucent and opaque?	differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes Enquiry: Are the objects we found alive, dead or never been alive? School grounds	Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Enquiry: Which conditions help me grow the healthiest plant?	simple scientific ideas and processes Sort and group objects and living things in different ways and describe how they're sorted Enquiry: How could you group these bulbs and seeds?					
Lesson 2 DE LO: Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans for survival WS: Use own experiences of the world around to suggest appropriate answers to questions. Enquiry: What do humans need to survive and be healthy?	Lesson 2 LO: Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amount of different types of food and hygiene WS: Use information from secondary sources to help answer a question.	Lesson 2 LO: Identify the suitability of a material. WS: Use own experiences of the world around to suggest appropriate answers to questions	Lesson 2 DE LO: Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching WS: Predicting, observing, investigating, measuring and recording	Lesson 2 LO: Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats WS: Use observable features of objects to identify them WS: Explain which observable features have led them to classify in a particular way	Lesson 2 LO: Describe how different habitats provide the basic needs of an animal. WS: With support, answer questions with their own evidence Enquiry: Which habitat do worms prefer to live and why?	Spring 1 Lesson 2 LO: Present findings from an investigation as a tally chart WS: Begin to recognize links between observations and answers to questions. Enquiry: Do all flowers have the same number of petals? Have you ever spotted a flower you really like? Same Same Same Same Cassroom view					
Lesson 3 DE LO: Explore how important good nutrition is for humans	Lesson 3 DE LO: Notice that animals, including humans, have	Lesson 3 DE LO: To know that materials are suitable for different purposes and compare them.	Lesson 3 LO: Identify and compare the suitability of materials.	Lesson 3 DE LO: Exploring two contrasting micro-habitats.	Lesson 3 LO: Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited.	Spring 2 Lesson 3 DE LO: Design an experiment to show what plants need to grow					

WS: Independently, classify off-spring which grow into WS: Present evidence using simple prepared tables and WS: Using their observations WS: Observing closely, **WS:** Use information from WS: Asking simple questions and adults. recognising that they can be sorting rings. and ideas to suggest answers using simple equipment secondary sources to help answer answered in different ways. WS: Using their observations to questions a question. It's in the bag! Enquiry: What makes a balanced and ideas to suggest answers Enquiry: What mini-beasts to questions can you find in each of the Enquiry: How do different Performing simple tests. micro-habitats? Survey animals suit their habitat? Enquiry: Which off-spring Enquiry: What happens to my seed belongs to each adult? once I've planted it? Lesson 4 DE Lesson 4 DE Lesson 4 Lesson 4 Lesson 4 Lesson 4/5 Spring 2 LO: Order and Lesson 4 DE LO: Describe the LO: LO: Design an LO: Present DE LO: Design LO: Describe importance of explain the Understand experiment to findings healthy, balanced show what plants a suitable what plants stages of a that some from a need to grow diet human life cycle questions can need to grow survey as a be answered by testing pictogram. and stay healthy microhabitat/habitat where living **WS**: Use their observations and WS: Begin to classify and WS: Asking simple questions things could survive identify by linking observable and recognising that they can be ideas to suggest answers to WS: Predicting, observing, WS: Record own **WS:** Performing simple tests features to already known investigating and recording answered in different ways. questions measurements e.g., using WS: Use information from **Enquiry Question:** Why is a objects or things. prepared tables, pictograms, Using their observations and ideas secondary sources to help answer Enquiry: Would a paper boat healthy, balanced diet important, Performing simple tests. tally charts and block to suggest answers to questions a question. **Enquiry Question:** What are and how does it affect our float forever? graphs. the different stages of the Enquiry Question: What do bodies? Enquiry: What happens to my Enquiry Question: What seed once I've planted it? plants need to grow well, and human life cycle, and how WS: Present evidence features does a habitat need to do our bodies change as we how can we test these conditions? support the survival of different Enquiry: What mini-beasts grow? living things? can you find in each of the micro-habitats? Survey Lesson 5 DE Lesson 5 Lesson 5 DE Lesson 5 DE Lesson 4/5 DE Lesson 5 Spring 2 Lesson 5 DE LO: Investigate if LO: Describe LO: LO: Describe LO: Ask LO: Design a our diet is the life cycle of Investigate what plants diverse suitable LO: Describe the balanced and a butterfly need to grow questions to life cycle of a plant properties of and stay healthy healthy materials find out what microhabitat/habitat where living WS: Using animals eat and where they WS: Using their observations and things could survive **WS:** Gathering, recording, their observations and ideas to **WS:** Performing simple tests find food in order to survive ideas to suggest answers to **WS:** Performing simple tests: classifying and presenting data suggest answers to questions. Using their observations and (habitat suitability) auestions Set up a comparative test. **WS:** Use information from in a variety of ways to help in ideas to suggest answers to WS: Asking simple secondary sources to help answer Enquiry Question: How does a answering questions **Enquiry Question:** How questions questions and recognising Enquiry: Which material will does a butterfly change that they can be answered a question. plant change throughout its life make the best coat? in different ways. throughout its life cycle, and **Enquiry Ouestion:** What cycle, and what are the key Begin to use simple scientific language to talk about what they what are the key stages of its conditions help plants grow best, stages of its growth? Enquiry: Do animals need have found out. development? and how can we test this? each other to survive? **Australian animals** Enquiry: Do you eat a balanced and healthy diet in a week?

Have you ever been told to eat more fruit and vegetables?

Lesson 6 DE LO: Investigate if longer legs make you a faster runner WS: Begin to recognize links between observations and answers to questions. With help, begin to notice patterns and relationships. Enquiry: Do longer legs make you a faster runner?	Lesson 6 LO: Explore the life cycle of a frog WS: Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Enquiry Question: How does a frog change throughout its life cycle, and what are the key stages of its development?	Lesson 6 DE LO: Discover which materials change shape when making a road with John McAdam WS: Predicting, observing, investigating, measuring, recording Enquiry: How have materials changed over time?	Lesson 6 DE LO: Describe the life cycle of a plant WS: Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Enquiry Question: How does a plant grow and change throughout its life cycle?	Lesson 6 DE LO: Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain WS: Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Enquiry Question: How do animals get their food, and how can we show this in a simple food chain?	Lesson 6 (follow up lesson) LO: Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants WS: Performing simple tests Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Enquiry: Which conditions help me grow the healthiest plant?	Lesson 6 LO: Observe and record the growth of plants over time. WS: Performing simple tests Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Enquiry: Which conditions help me grow the healthiest plant?
Assessment – Animals Including Humans Children to create posters/leaflets – to describe the importance of exercise, good hygiene and a healthy diet on humans.		Assessment – Everyday Materials Test from Developing Experts		Assessment – Living Things and their Habitats Test from Developing Experts		Assessment – Plants Test from Developing Experts