

Y3/4 – What did the Romans ever do for us?

Procedural knowledge

Understand more complex historical terms e.g. BC/AD/century and place the time studied on a timeline, compare where this fits in to topics previously studied

Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event and begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.

Identify reasons for and results of people's actions.

Presents findings about past using speaking, writing, diagrams, maths, computing, drama and drawing skills

Factual and Conceptual knowledge

Who lived in Britain before the Romans invaded?

Celts lived in Britain 750 BC and 12BC. They lived in settlements like hill forts. Chiefs ruled the Celts.

Where did the Romans live?

The Romans lived in Rome, a city in the centre of Italy. They spoke a form of Latin.

What were the key events during the Roman civilisation?

Timeline			
55BC Julius Caesar attempts to invade Britain	AD 43 Romans invaded Britain	122AD Hadrian's Wall was built to prevent Scottish rebels attacking the Romans	410AD Roman rule ends in Britain

When did the Romans invade Britain?

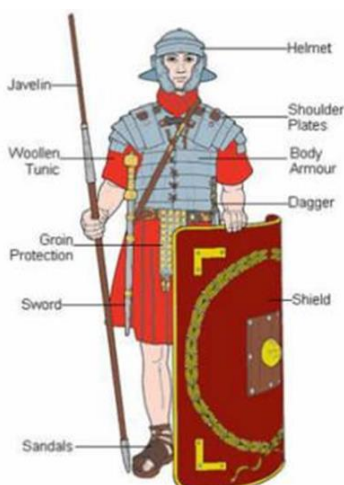
The Romans, led by Julius Caesar, first attempted to invade Britain in 55BC to conquer land, gain more slaves and to collect many precious resources including metals such as lead, tin gold and silver.

In 43AD, the Romans invaded Britain and it became part of the Roman Empire.

Map of the Roman Empire



The Roman Army pushed north up to Scotland. However, people started to rebel in other countries and the Romans had to leave. The Roman Emperor, Hadrian, built a wall to stop Scottish rebels from attacking.



Why did the Roman Empire need more soldiers?

Around 250 AD the Roman Empire became very large and they needed more soldiers. It was difficult to maintain such a big army and the Romans had problems because of this.

When and why did the Romans leave Britain?

Too many rebels attacked and by 410AD the Roman army left Britain.

What did the Romans leave behind for us?

The Romans gave us our language, the calendar, laws and the Census. They also left us straight roads, central heating, concrete and aqueducts (bridges for water).

Key Vocabulary

invade, settlement, army, Romans, shield, conquer, conquest, Celts, Empire, Gladiator, rebels, Julius Caesar,

Links

Horizontal link Italy Y3/4 A