English worksheet	Maths video and worksheet	Reading Plus	TTRS		ession An activity from choices below	
throughout the year as u	we bring this strange ac	•				
<u>Tomb Raider- History- An</u> A massive part of why we find out the legacy of time by. The ancient Egyptians legacies that we still use t include: bowling, alphabets writing, maths, wigs, recor surgery, door locks, tooth glass. Using this list, pla legacies into the Diamond below. Remember the one most important goes at the least at the bottom. Expla picked what you have for least important ancient Eg	learn history is to We es and eras gone bas left amazing Red today. These usin s, paper and You rded medicine, (re paste and also dra tice 9 of these scie Nine on the sheet our you feel is the the top and the ain why you have the most and	<u>mb Raider- Science- Light</u> e did lots of investigations sed on light and dark. cap you knowledge of light ng the <u>BBC Bitesize website</u> . ur task is to draw a diagram member to use straight lines awn with a ruler for a entific diagram) to show how o eyes detect light.	<u>Tomb Raider- DT- lever</u> A lever is something that pivot and that a linkage of levers that are conner pivots. Using the instructions of below, create your own so crocodile. Can you adapt create your own version mechanism with levers a	t turns on a R is a system s cted by a n the pages snapping the plan to of a	Recap your know system using th and then comple worksheets bel	Science- Digestion wledge of the digestive the <u>BBC Bitesize website</u> ete the CPG Science ow. Mouth Corophagus Stomach Exerct Stomach Rectum
<ul> <li>least important ancient Egyptian legacies.</li> <li>Let it Flow- Geography- Rivers</li> <li>Looking at the recap of the journey of a river on the pages below, decide which part of the river (upper course, middle course or lower course) would be: <ul> <li>The most dangerous</li> <li>The easiest to build on</li> <li>The most expensive land (explain why)</li> <li>The most beautiful to visit</li> <li>The best for fishermen</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Let it Flow - Science - States of Matter During your home learning time, you have been studying solids, liquids and gases. Now it is time for a full science investigation. You will need a measuring jug, a stopwatch (phone/tablet will have one), a kettle. Each time use the same kettle, the same measuring jug, water from the same cold tap, same liquid (always water- not sometimes water and sometimes cola). You aim is to find out if the amount of water changes the amount of time it takes to boil. So do you predict that the higher the volume of water, the longer the time it will take to boil? Or do you think the higher the volume of water, the shorter the time it will take to boil? Make your predictions and then complete the investigation changing only the volume of water each time. Remember to do this with an adult.			Let it Flow - Art- Impressionism Also during your home learning, you have looked at impressionism focusing on Claude Monet. Recap your learning using <u>this website</u> . Create your own piece of impressionism art based on anything that has inspired you or helped you during our school closures.	

## Lower Key Stage 2 Home Learning- w/c 20.07.2020

Websites mentioned above:

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z27kng8 BBC Bitesize lesson on the digestive system.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zbssgk7 BBC Bitesize lesson on light.

https://www.tate.org.uk/kids/explore/what-is/impressionism Impressionism information from the Tate Kids website



## D.T.- linkages and levers

Follow the instructions to make a waving hand as a moving mechanism.



## <u>Science-Digestive system</u>



- Food enters the digestive system at the <u>mouth</u>, which contains the <u>teeth</u> and the <u>tongue</u>. Food travels down the <u>oesophagus</u> to the <u>stomach</u>, <u>small intestine</u> and <u>large intestine</u>.
- Put the parts of the digestive system below in the **order** that food reaches them. Write your answers on the numbered lines. (Number 1 is where the food reaches **first**.)



Which two parts of the digestive system are found in the mouth? Circle) the correct ones.





One of the body parts listed above is not part of the digestive system. Put a cross (X) through it.

- Cross out the words in bold that are wrong to complete the sentences below.
  - The role of the digestive system is to take in air / food.
  - It needs to be broken down / lightly grilled before it can be absorbed
  - and used by the body.
  - The first place the food will reach is the mouth / stomach where the
  - teeth / oesophagus can chew the food to break it up into larger / smaller pieces.

 Draw lines to match the parts of the digestive system on the left with their functions on the right.



 Put arrows in the boxes on the picture on the right to show the direction that food moves through the digestive system.

> Draw an arrow pointing to the part of the body where food is absorbed into the blood. Label this part A.

> > Saying something is <u>absorbed</u> is another way of saying something is <u>taken in</u>



"Function" is just a fancy word

for job The function of

 Why is it important for food to be broken down in the digestive system? Choose the correct answer and write it on the dotted lines below.

The food needs to be in small pieces so that it can be taken into the body and bloodstream.

Food tastes better when it is broken down into little pieces.

The food won't fit through the oesophagus unless it is in tiny pieces.

7. See if you can find all the parts of the digestive system in the word search below.





 Label the parts of the digestive system shown below. Write the correct name on the dotted line.



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9. Where is food absorbed into the bloodstream?

10. Where is water absorbed into the body?

 Fill in the gaps below to complete the sentences about the digestive system. Use the words from the mouth on the right.



break it down.

Taken from CGP's Year Four Science Workout: Teeth, Digestion & Food Chains (S4B22). See the full range of KS2 Science Workouts at cgobooks.co.uk.

## Geography- Rivers.

### Recap:



#### Upper course

Precipitation runs off the land to form the source of the river

High land and steep slope

The river flows rapidly over rocks

Waterfalls are formed

#### Middle course

The land becomes flatter

Tributaries join the main river

Meanders form

The outside of the meander has faster flowing, deep water. Erosion occurs

The inside of the meander has slow flowing water, shallow water, deposition occurs.

Oxbow lakes

#### Lower course

The land is very flat

Estuary

Deposition

Mud and debris is washed away at high tide

The sea

## Science- States of Matter

Complete this science investigation at home to find out if greater volumes of water takes longer to boil \*\*In order for the kettle to cool down between tests, either add cold water to it or leave it for a lengthy amount of time\*\*

## MY HOME LEARNING SCIENCE INVESTIGATION

## <u> Aim</u>

I am trying to find out if greater volumes of water takes longer to boil <u>Prediction</u>

I predict that the kettle will take \_\_\_\_\_\_ (longer/less time) to boil when there is

\_\_\_\_\_ (more/less) water in it because \_\_\_\_\_

<u>Method</u>

Fair Test

I will keep these things the same:

- •
- •
- •
- •

I will change the \_\_\_\_\_.

# <u>Results table</u>

Volume of water (	)					]
Time to boil (	)					
onclusion was	(right	·/wrong) b	ecause the	2		
think this was beca	use					