

## THIRD SPACE LEARNING

Specialist 1-to-1 maths interventions and curriculum resources

## Rapid Reasoning

## Year 5 | Week 1

This is the first week that children will have met Rapid Reasoning in Year 5 and therefore they may find it more challenging to begin with. Depending on your class, you may wish to introduce children to the expectation of completing two questions initially, before extending to all three questions by the end of the week.

As we are at the start of Year 5, the majority of the objectives covered this week involve Year 4 content. The Year 4 objectives that are re-introduced this week focus on place value.

Year 5 objectives introduced in a reasoning context for the first time this week include:

- reading, writing, ordering and comparing numbers up to 1,000,000
- recognising the place value of each digit in a number up to 1,000,000 (extending from a four-digit number in Year 4).

Objectives from Fluent in Five that are also tested in a reasoning context this week include:

- adding and subtracting numbers mentally (using numbers up to 1,000 ).

Please note that some questions are worth two marks, and by their very nature, answers to these questions are never clear-cut. For a full breakdown of how marks would be awarded for these questions, please refer to the mark schemes provided.

We hope your class enjoys this first week of Rapid Reasoning!

Q1 Zac has 110 cubes and uses them to make 10 equal towers.

Isla has 84 cubes and uses them to make 7 equal towers.

Whose towers are tallest and by how many cubes?
$\square$
Q3 Lee uses all of these place-value arrow cards to make a number.


800000
What is Lee's number? Write your answer in words.

2 marks
Q2 Mara says, "Today is the 176th day of the year!"

It is not a leap year.
How many days are left in this year?
$\square$
mark

Q1 Zac has 110 cubes and uses them to make 10 equal towers.
Isla has 84 cubes and uses them to make 7 equal towers.

Whose towers are tallest and by how many cubes?
Isla 's towers are tallest by 1 .

2 marks
Q2 Mara says, "Today is the 176th day of the year!"
It is not a leap year.
How many days are left in this year?


1 mark

Q3 Lee uses all of these place-value arrow cards to make a number.


800000


What is Lee's number? Write your answer in words.

Eight hundred and three
thousand and fifty-eight

|  | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Q1 | Isla's towers are tallest by 1. | 1 |  |
| Q2 | 189 | 1 |  |
| Q3 | Eight hundred and three thousand and fifty-eight | 1 |  |

Q1 A transporter lorry is on a journey of 850 km to deliver some cars.

It has 264km to go.
How many kilometres has the lorry travelled already?
$\square$

Q2 Here are the populations of four different towns.

| Town | Population |
| :--- | ---: |
| Milltown | 729,051 |
| Northville | 720,915 |
| Brindon | 725,901 |
| Framley | 720,951 |

a Write the town names in order from smallest to largest population.
b How many more people live in Brindon than Northville?


Q3
Write one quadrilateral name in each part of this diagram.
parallelogram square rhombus rectangle

|  | All sides are equal | Not all sides <br> are equal |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Has right <br> angles |  |  |
| Has no <br> right angles |  |  |

1 mark

1 mark

Q1 A transporter lorry is on a journey of 850 km to deliver some cars.

It has 264 km to go.
How many kilometres has the lorry travelled already?

## 586km

Q2 Here are the populations of four different towns.

| Town | Population |
| :--- | :---: |
| Milltown | 729,051 |
| Northville | 720,915 |
| Brindon | 725,901 |
| Framley | 720,951 |

a Write the town names in order from smallest to largest population.

Northville, Framley, Brindon, Milltown

1 mark
b How many more people live in Brindon than Northville?
4,986 people

Write one quadrilateral name in each part of this diagram.
parallelogram square rhombus rectangle

|  | All sides are equal | Not all sides <br> are equal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Has right <br> angles | square | rectangle |
| Has no <br> right angles | rhombus | parallelogram |


|  | Requirement |  |  | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1 | 586km |  |  | 1 |  |
| Q2a | Northville, Framley, Brindon, Milltown |  |  | 1 |  |
| Q2b | 4,986 people |  |  | 1 |  |
| Q3 |  | All sides are equal | Not all sides are equal | 1 |  |
|  | Has right angles | square | rectangle |  |  |
|  | Has no right angles | rhombus | parallelogram |  |  |
|  | Award TWO marks for all shapes correctly placed. <br> Award ONE mark for three shapes correctly placed. |  |  |  |  |

Q1 Class 3 children have planted four sunflower seeds.

They use a table to record each plant's height.

| Plant | Height |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | 178 cm |
| B | $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ |
| C | 170 cm |
| D | 1 metre 80 centimetres |

Write the letters of the plants in order from tallest to shortest sunflower.
$\square$

Q2 Two of these numbers add together to make a total of 733 .

\section*{| 457 | 386 | 276 | 473 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}

Which two numbers are they?


Q3 This machine has two operation buttons and a screen showing the score.

## 352,맙

$+10,000$
$-100$

Write Max's new score.
$\square$

Q1 Class 3 children have planted four sunflower seeds.

They use a table to record each plant's height.

| Plant | Height |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | 178 cm |
| B | $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ |
| C | 170 cm |
| D | 1 metre 80 centimetres |

Write the letters of the plants in order from tallest to shortest sunflower.

| $\mathbf{D}$ | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Q2 Two of these numbers add together to make a total of 733 .


Which two numbers are they?


Q3 This machine has two operation buttons and a screen showing the score.

## 352,맙

$+10,000$


$$
-100
$$

Write Max's new score.

$$
381,718
$$

|  | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Q1 | D A B C | 1 |  |
| Q2 | 457 and 276 | 1 | Numbers may be given in any order. |
| Q3 | 381,718 | 1 |  |

What are examiners looking for?

Q1 Class 3 children have planted four sunflower seeds.

They use a table to record each plant's height.

| Plant | Height |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | 178 cm |
| B | $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ |
| C | 170 cm |
| D | 1 metre 80 centimetres |

Write the letters of the plants in order from tallest to shortest sunflower.

| D | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Why are we asking this question?

This question has been designed to assess children's ability to compare and then order a series of measurements (in this case, lengths) and tests their understanding of conversion between different units of length.

What common errors do we expect to see?
Some children may compare the numbers in each measurement and ignore the units. Children who do this may give an answer that implies length $A$ is the tallest (178) and length B is the shortest ( $1 \frac{3}{4}$ ).

Some children may order the heights correctly, but may misread the problem, ordering each measurement from shortest to tallest rather than the other way around.
Children who make this mistake will give an answer of $C, B, A, D$.

## How to encourage children to solve this question

In order to compare any group of measurements, it is always helpful to convert into the same unit. Rather than deal with decimal values, encourage children to consider how they might convert into centimetres. Two of the measurements are already in centimetres and children may recognise that they only need to convert the remaining two measurements.

For children who are unsure how to convert $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ and 1 m 80 cm into centimetres, begin by encouraging them to visualise a metre ruler and use their knowledge of this to help. Sketching a bar model can be useful when converting between units, but it may be a little unnecessary in a question such as this where only 1 metre is being converted:

| 1 m | 80 cm |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 cm |  |
|  |  |

180 cm

| 1 m | $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~m}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 cm | $\frac{3}{4}$ of 100 cm |

$100+75=175 \mathrm{~cm}$
When comparing the measurements, children may find it useful to write each value vertically aligned so that they can compare digits more easily.

Q1 Which of these calculations is the odd one out? Explain your answer.


1 mark

458
Otis adds two of these numbers mentally. In his calculation he exchanges twice to create one ten and one hundred.

Write Otis' calculation and work out the total.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Q3 Match up each number with the value of the 9 digit.

$$
329,450
$$

nine hundred thousand

294,305
9,000

935,042
900

450,923
ninety thousand

2 marks

Q1 Which of these calculations is the odd one out? Explain your answer.


1 mark

458
Otis adds two of these numbers mentally. In his calculation he exchanges twice to create one ten and one hundred.

Write Otis' calculation and work out the total.
$458+482=940$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
1 mark

Q3 Match up each number with the value of the 9 digit.


|  | Requirement | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q1 | D is the odd one out because all the other missing numbers can be solved by using division. $D$ is solved by multiplying the two known numbers instead. | 1 | Accept any reasonable alternative answers. |
| Q2 | $458+482=940$ | 1 | Addition may be written as $482+458=940$. |
| Q3 | Award TWO marks for all numbers correctly matched. Award ONE mark for two or more numbers correctly matched. | 2 |  |

Q1 Complete the table.

| Number in words | Number in numerals |
| :---: | :---: |
| four hundred <br> and two thousand <br> and eleven |  |
|  | 675,306 |
| one hundred <br> and twelve thousand <br> and forty |  |



Jordan takes three cards and multiplies the digits together.

Aliyah takes the remaining three cards and multiplies them.

They both make the same total.
What is the total that both children make?


1 mark


Change one digit in the calculation so that the answer is a multiple of 10 .


Q1 Complete the table.

| Number in words | Number in numerals |
| :---: | :---: |
| four hundred <br> and two thousand <br> and eleven | 402,011 |
| six hundred <br> and seventy-five <br> thousand, three <br> hundred and six | 675,306 |
| one hundred <br> and twelve thousand <br> and forty | 112,040 |

Q2


Jordan takes three cards and multiplies the digits together.

Aliyah takes the remaining three cards and multiplies them.
They both make the same total.
What is the total that both children make?


1 mark


Change one digit in the calculation so that the answer is a multiple of 10 .




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## Rapid Reasoning

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thirdspacelearning.com02037710095
hello@thirdspacelearning.com

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