Reviewed: September 2025

Next Review Date: September 2026



Euxton Primrose Hill School Dog Policy



Euxton Primrose Hill Primary School Dog Policy

Introduction

Children can benefit educationally and emotionally, increase their understanding of responsibility and develop empathy and nurturing skills through contact with a dog. Research has shown that a school dog can help to:

- 1) Improve academic achievement
- 2) Increase literacy skills
- 3) Calm behaviours
- 4) Increase social skills and self-esteem
- 5) Increase confidence
- 6) Teach responsibility and respect to all life
- 7) Help prevent truancy
- 8) Motivate children who are often less attentive

Is there a risk in bringing a dog into a school environment?

Yes there is, though there are a variety of accidents, which can happen within the school environment which far exceed the number of injuries or incidents caused by a dog. Therefore, it is just another risk that needs to be managed. A thorough risk assessment has been carried out and this is included in this document (see Appendix 3).

Dogs are not allowed anywhere on the school site at any time unless specifically authorised by the Head Teacher. This includes drop off and collection times. This policy outlines measures put in place to allow the school dog to be present.

School Policy

The dog will be owned by Mrs. Caunce

- The Governors have the right to refuse entry to the dog.
- Only the school dog is allowed on the premises. All other dogs must not come on site
 unless they are a known therapy or assistance dog and the Head Teacher has been
 informed beforehand.
- The dog is a Miniature Dachshund chosen because it is an intelligent breed that will respond well to training.
- The breed is hypo-allergenic which sheds little hair. It is known to be good with children and is very sociable and friendly.
- The dog has undertaken a series of training classes designed to develop its social skills and to ensure it is able to follow commands when required. The training is certified through Confident Canines.
- The Chair of Governors, Miss. Mitchell, and the governing board have discussed the benefits that a school dog will have for the children and staff at Euxton Primrose Hill Primary School.
- Staff, parents and children have been informed by letter that a dog will be in school. Mrs Jones, Head teacher has produced a risk assessment and this will be reviewed annually.

- Children, staff, and visitors with known allergies or phobias must not interact with the dog.
 The school has a protocol for managing allergic reactions, including access to antihistamines or EpiPens if required.
- Staff, visitors and children known to have allergic reactions to dogs must not go near the dog. All visitors will be informed on arrival that there is a dog in school.
- If the dog is ill she will not be allowed into school.
- The dog will be kept on a lead when moving between classrooms or on a walk and will be under the full control and supervision of a trained adult.
- Children must never be left alone with the dog and there must be appropriate adult supervision at all times.
- Children should be reminded of what is appropriate behaviour around the dog. Children should remain calm around the dog. They should not make sudden movements and must never stare into a dog's eyes as this could be threatening for the dog. Children should not put their face near a dog and should always approach it standing up.
- Children should never go near or disturb the dog when it is sleeping or eating.
- Children must not be allowed to play roughly with the dog.
- Everyone must wait until the dog is sitting, lying down or under the control of its owner before touching or stroking.
- If the dog is surrounded by a large number of children, the dog could become nervous and agitated. Therefore, the adult in charge of the dog must ensure that s/he monitors the situation.
- Dogs express their feelings through their body language. Growling or bearing of teeth
 indicate that the dog is feeling angry or threatened. Flattened ears, tail lowered or between
 their legs, hiding behind their owner, whining or growling are signs that the dog is frightened
 or nervous. If the dog is displaying any of these warning signs he should be immediately
 removed from that particular situation or environment.
- Children should not eat close to the dog.
- Children should be careful to stroke the dog on her body, chest or back and not by her face or top of head.
- Children and adults should always wash their hands after handling a dog.
- Any dog foul should be cleaned immediately and disposed of appropriately into the designated area outside.
- Parents will be consulted on allowing their pupil's access to the dog.
- All visitors will be informed about the dog and related protocols on arrival and office staff will
 relay visitor issues to the Head Teacher immediately.
- Appropriately trained staff will maintain records and anecdotal evidence of the work and impact of the school dog.
- The office will know the whereabouts of the dog and which staff are supervising at all times.
- The dog will be included in the fire evacuation procedure under the supervision of Mrs Caunce.

• The school will review the dog's training, behaviour, and suitability annually or sooner if concerns arise.

Actions

If someone reports having an issue with the dog, this information must be passed to the Head Teacher as soon as possible. All concerns will be responded to by the Head teacher.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Governing Body has a responsibility to ensure that the school has a written policy for dogs in School.

The Head teacher is responsible for implementing this policy.

Teachers, staff, pupils, parents and visitors are required to abide by this policy.

The curriculum will support learning about dogs and how best to behave around our dog. This will include highlighting that not all dogs are well trained and that caution must be used around unknown dogs outside school.

Appendix 1 - Reasons to Have a Dog in School

In summary, academic research has shown that dogs working and helping in the school environment can achieve the following:-

- 1) Improve academic achievement
- 2) Increase literacy skills
- 3) Calm behaviours
- 4) Increase social skills and self-esteem
- 5) Increase confidence
- 6) Teach responsibility and respect to all life
- 7) Help prevent truancy
- 8) Motivate children who are often less attentive

The following information has been taken from a range of sources to provide further detail about the benefits of having a dog in school:

Behaviour:

In some schools, dogs are making a difference in the behaviour of pupils. Researchers report that students that can identify with animals, and show empathy for the dog, can better understand how classmates may feel. It was found that violent behaviour in participating students declined by 55%, and general aggression went down 62%. Behaviour problems occur in school and these can interfere with learning. Some schools are using dogs to improve behaviour problems by promoting positive behaviour in students. In a controlled study, students were found to have fewer disciplinary referrals in schools with a dog than schools without. Students' behaviour improved toward teachers, and students also showed more confidence and responsibility. Additionally, parents reported that children seemed more interested in school as a result of having a dog at school.

Attendance:

Case study: Mandy was a student with poor attendance and truancy. Mandy was encouraged back into school using caring for River, a dog, as an incentive. By telling Mandy that "if she didn't come to school to care for him, he wouldn't get walks, water or love," Mandy came to school almost every day for the rest of the year, only missing two days.

Education:

Reading programmes with dogs are doing wonders for some students. Children who might be embarrassed to read aloud to the class or even adults are likely to be less scared to read to a dog. "It might be less stressful for a child to read aloud to a dog than to a teacher or a peer. After all, a dog won't judge or correct you." Dogs are used to encourage struggling readers to practise reading aloud. With the presence of a "calm and well-trained dog," students find social support and peer interaction.

Dogs are incredibly calm and happy to have student read to them or join a group of children in the library whilst they are having a book reading session. Dogs give unconditional acceptance, as they are non-judgmental, which is especially crucial to struggling, emerging readers. The dogs also provide confidence to children as they do not make fun of them when they read, but above all they make amazing listeners, providing the children with a sense of comfort and love. Research has proved that students who read to dogs show an increase in reading levels, word recognition, a

higher desire to read and write, and an increase in intra and interpersonal skills among the students they mix with.

Social Development:

Dogs in school offer an opportunity for improving social development. They are especially useful for teaching students social skills and responsibility. Specifically, schools are using dogs to help older students build self-esteem; learn about positive and negative reinforcement, responsibility, and boundaries. Older students use dogs to help communicate, teach kindness, and empower students.

With a dog in school, students have the opportunity to learn how to care for the animal. This includes walking and grooming. Researchers report that involving students in the daily care of classroom dogs is a positive experience, promoting their own daily care. The students also learn about responsibility, caring, and sharing when helping each other take care of a dog at school.

As a reward:

Dogs will be gentle and loving, but at the same time full of fun and enjoyment for the students. Those students who have performed incredibly well during the week or those who have made progress in a certain subject, or those who have achieved tasks set for them, will be rewarded with spending time during lunch or break to interact with these dogs. Walking, grooming, playing and training are some of the responsibilities students will be allowed to undertake. It has been proved that working and playing with a dog improves children's social skills and self-esteem.

Support Dogs can work with students on a one-one basis and will especially help those students who have been bullied, abused, going through upsetting/difficult times or even scared/phobic of dogs.

The dog will bring much joy and help to all the students they meet and are happy to provide plenty of hugs to the students they are spending time with. Students who struggle with social interaction can find a reassuring friend in a dog.

Appendix 2 - School Dog Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

- Q. Who is the legal owner of the dog and who pays for its costs?
- A. The legal owner of the dog will be Mrs Caunce, who has bought the dog and pays for all elements of its care including insurance. The school has covered the cost of the training programme and the public liability insurance to enable the dog to be in school.
- Q. Is the dog from a reputable breeder?
- A. Yes. The dog is from a registered breeder. Both parents (and papers) were seen. The dog has been specifically chosen for its temperament.
- Q. Will the dog be a distraction?
- A. The dog will be kept with Mrs Caunce when in school but will go into classes as scheduled by the Headteacher. The office is separate from the classrooms / playground area to ensure it only comes into contact with children who are happy to have contact and have parental permission for this, under strict supervision.

The dog will also have a space to spend time in classrooms, and on the playground where children can interact safely.

The dog will also attend meetings with staff to support further socialisation, following consultation with staff beforehand.

- Q. Has a risk assessment been undertaken?
- A .Yes, we have carefully considered having a dog in school and sought advice from many sources, including other schools that successfully have a school dog.
- Q. Who is responsible for training?
- A. Mrs Caunce will be the legal owner of the dog and as a result, will be responsible for its training.

Appropriate professional training will be obtained. We have undertaken a training package delivered by Confident Canines.

- Q. How will the dog be toileted to ensure hygiene for all?
- A. In the interest of health and hygiene our school dog will be toileted in a designated area not used by children. Only staff members will clear this away appropriately leaving no trace on the ground, cleaning the area with disinfectant if needed.

Our policy of no dogs in the playground is still applicable as we are unable to put effective control measures in place that guarantee temperament and safety when children come into unsupervised contact with unknown dogs.

- Q. How will the dog's welfare be considered?
- A. The dog will be walked regularly and given free time outside. Parents will be able to give permission in advance to allow their child to be able to walk with a member of staff and the dog during that time.

The dog will only have planned and supervised contact with children and visitors. The dog will be carefully trained over a period of time and will have monitored access to food and unlimited amounts of water. We will work carefully to ensure the dog's welfare is always considered.

Q. How will this be managed where children have allergies?	
A. Children will not need to touch the dog, which will relieve the possibility of allergic reactions. We already manage a number of allergies at school and this will be no different for children and adults that are allergic to dogs. Individual needs will always be met and we are happy to work with parents to put additional control measures in place for individual allergies. The breed of dog is known for minimal moulting, she is given a high quality food and regularly groomed to reduce any possibility of allergens.	
Q. My child is frightened of dogs; how will you manage this?	
A. Access to the dog is carefully managed and supervised and children do not need to have close contact with it unless permission for this has been given. We hope to work closely with parents of children who are fearful of dogs to alleviate their fear and to teach them how to manage this.	

Appendix 3: Animal in School Risk Assessment

to staff:

GENERAL SCHOOLS RISK ASSESSMENT

School employees using this risk assessment must be aware of and refer to the CLEAPSS guidance mentioned in the 'existing control measures' section. This risk assessment should also be referred to in schemes of work, lesson plans, teacher planning notes, etc. relating to this subject



PART A. ASSESSMENT DETAILS:

Area/task/activity: Keeping Animals in School

Location of activity: Euxton Primrose Hill Primary School

School name: **Euxton Primrose Hill** Claire Jones Name of Person(s) **Primary School** undertaking Address & **Assessment:** Primrose Hill Road Contact details: **Fuxton** Signature(s): PR7 6BA Claire Jones **Date of Assessment:** June 2024 Headteacher (Name): Signature: **Planned Review** June 2025 Lain Janes Date: How **Date communicated** June 2024 Email communicated to staff:

List of significant hazards (something with the potential to cause harm)	Who might be harmed?	Type of harm	Existing controls (Actions already taken to control the risk)
Poor Hygiene	Pupils, teachers, adult helpers	Infection, illness	 Cuts and abrasions on the exposed skin of hands and arms are to be covered before handling animals; Pupils and adults must always wash their hands as soon as possible after handling any animal (or coming into contact with the soil, bedding, water etc. in an animal's housing); Animals are not allowed to wander unrestricted around the classroom; Animal house/cage cleaned and disinfected regularly; If animals wander on floors or tables clean and disinfect them immediately; Where animals require fresh food, remove any uneaten surplus before it begins to decompose.

List of significant hazards (something with the potential to cause harm)	Who might be harmed?	Type of harm	Existing controls (Actions already taken to control the risk)
Diseases, parasites and allergies	Pupils, teachers, adult helpers	Illness, allergic reaction	 Guardians are asked to identify any pupils known to have allergic reactions to animals and these pupils are instructed and supervised to ensure they avoid all further contact with the animals; Pupils and adults must always wash their hands as soon as possible after handling any animal (or coming into contact with the soil, bedding, water, etc. in an animal's housing); Pupils are instructed not to rub their eyes after handling animals until they have washed their hands and are to be closely supervised; Medical assistance will be sought where an allergic reaction does not subside once the animal and the afflicted person are kept apart; Safe and secure storage for animal food is required to prevent unauthorised and pest access.

List of significant hazards (something with the potential to cause harm)	Who might be harmed?	Type of harm	Existing controls (Actions already taken to control the risk)
Animal Behaviour	Pupils, teachers, adult helpers	Bites, scratches	 Pupils are warned of the hazards of some animals Procedures are introduced and pupils taught the correct handling of animals Animals are closely supervised by an adult; pupils are closely supervised by an adult; A First Aid kit is available all animal scratches and bites are carefully washed and a first aider contacted. The dog will be trained regularly by experienced trainers. Children are not left with the dog unsupervised.
Animal Welfare	Pupils, teachers, adult helpers	Animal death Pupil upset	 Welfare conditions for each species is upheld; Animals have access to clean water each day; Provision made for animals welfare during school holidays including alternative arrangements (SB taking the animal home each evening) Animals have regular health checks.

NOTE:

This general risk assessment will apply to this area/task/activity in most schools providing the control measures described are in operation and there are no further local significant hazards. If it does not fully apply and further control measures are required, please complete the Action Plan at Part C. if it fully applies please sign below.

I certify that the risk assessment above fully applies to the area/task/activity under assessment in Euxton Primrose Hill Primary School.

Signed:

Name: Claire Jones

Risk Assessor.

PART C. ACTION PLAN Further action / controls required						
Hazard	Action required	Person(s) to undertake action?	Prior ity	Projected time scale	Notes / comments	Date completed