

History – WWII Local History Study – Year 4 Summer Term

1 Sep, 1939 – Germany invades Poland - WWII begins Apr-Jun 1940 – Germany invades Denmark and Norway May-Jun 1940 – Germany takes over most of Western Europe Jul-Oct 1941 – The Battle of Britain 22 Jun 1941 – The Axis attack Russia 7-8 Dec 1941 – Japan attack US, US joins Allies 4 Jun 1942 – Battle of Midway, US beats Japan 3 Sep 1943 – Italy surrenders 6 June 1944 – D-Day – allies invade Normandy 25 Aug 1944 – Paris liberated from German control 7 May 1945 – Germany surrenders Aug 1945 – The US drops atomic bombs on Japan 2 Sep 1945 – Japan surrenders – WWII is over.

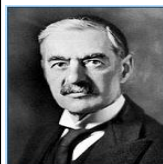
Prior Learning:

Understanding of position of WW2 on broad historical timeline

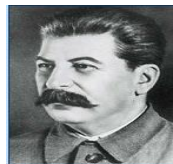
Key Vocabulary

Allies	UK, Poland, France, USA, Russia, British Commonwealth, China
Axis	Enemy- Germany, Italy, Japan
Propaganda	Ways to influence the population, often by posters
Evacuation	Children moved from cities to countryside
War Effort	Doing things to help win the war
Blitzkrieg	German bombing raids on UK cities
Rationing	Limiting of food to ensure everyone gets enough
Air Raid Shelter	Places to go during bombings to stay safe
Home Front	People at home helping win the war

Historical Figures



Neville Chamberlain



Joseph Stalin



Winston Churchill



Adolf Hitler

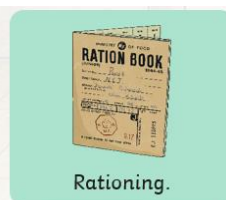


EUROPE

Key Learning

- I know some of the reasons why WW2 began.
- I know when WW2 began and when it finished. 1939- 1945
 - I know war was declared on Germany in 1939 by the allies.
 - I know who the allies were – GB France USA (after pearl harbour) Australia Canada South Africa.
 - I know who the Axis powers were – Germany, Italy, Japan.
 - I know that Royal Ordnance Factory Chorley stood where Buckshaw Village is now.
 - I know that it produced weapons and ammunition during World War 2
 - I can discuss some events of the 'Dam Busters' raid.
- I can talk about effects WW2 had on life in the United Kingdom, evacuees, rations, London blitz etc
 - I know war ended in Europe in 1945
 - I can identify and discuss some major events of WW2

Things people at home could do to help the war effort.



Rationing.



Growing their own food.



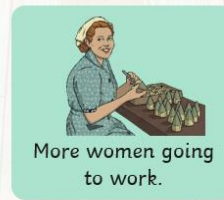
Evacuation.



Salvaging waste.



Making-do and mending old clothes.



More women going to work.



Joining a civil defence organisation, such as the Home Guard or Air Raid Precautions.

Can I answer:

- What did people do to help the War Effort?
- Who were important people during WWII?
- When did WW2 start and end?
- Who were the allies?
- Who were the axis ?
- What did ROF Chorley provide ?