Key Changes and Events		
3000 BC	The village of Skara Brae is built in Orkney. The people who live there are beginning to farm their own food and build homes instead of travelling from place to place.  Construction starts on Stonehenge in Wiltshire. It will take around 1000 years for it to be finished.	
2500 BC	'Bell Beaker' culture arrives in Britain. These people are named for their distinctive decorative pottery.	
2100 BC	Bronze begins to be used in Britainto make weapons and tools.	
1800 BC	The first large copper mines are dug.	
1200 BC	<b>'Celtic'</b> culture begins to arrive in Britain and <b>tribal</b> kingdoms develop.	
800 BC	Iron begins to be used in Britain tomake tools and weapons, instead of bronze.  The first hillforts are constructed.	
AD 43	The Romans invade Britain.	



# **Time Team**

### Stone Age Life

The Stone Age is named after the stone tools that the earliest humans used to help them survive. They used them to kill animals, such asmammoths, for their meat, bone marrow and skins. The bones were also useful for making tools, such as needles tosew skins together.

People in the Stone Agemoved around from placetoplacewiththe seasons, in order to keep safe andwarm and to follow theanimals they hunted.

### Stonehenge

Stonehenge is a famous prehistoric monument in southern England, built at the end of the Stone Age and into the Age. Originally, it

was just an earthwork and up to 150 people were buried there. The huge stones that we see were added in

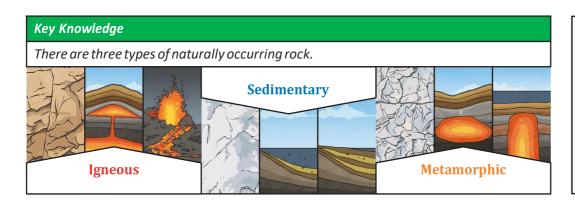
different stages. Some were brought from 240 miles away in Wales.

Key Vocabulary		
bronze	A metal <b>alloy</b> made from a mixture of copper and tin. It is a much harder and more long-lasting material than stone or copper alone.	
alloy	A metal made by combining two ormore metals to improve its properties.	
bone marrow	The substance inside bones, which ishigh in fat and a good energy source.	
earthwork	A large bank or mound of soil thathas been made on purpose.	
Celt	A modern term for the people living in Europe during the Iron Age. The 'Celts' were made up of many differenttribes. The word 'Celt' comes from a Greek word.	
sacrifice	To give something up, break it or killit as an offering to a god or gods.	
tribe	A group of people, often related through family, culture and language,usually with one leader.	
iron	A metal that is stronger and harderthan bronze.	

#### Timeline 5000 BC AD 500 Stone Age Bronze Age Iron Age Ancient Egypt Roman Britain **Ancient Sumer** Ò

#### Skara Brae

Skara Brae was discovered after a storm in AD 1850 removed the earth that had been covering it. It is a village of eight houses, linked by covered passageways. Not all the houses were built at the same time. The later ones are slightly bigger but they have very similar features, such as a central firepit and stone shelves. The villagetells us a lot about life in the late Stone Age, including what people ate and what sort of tools they used.



Caves are formed when water permeates through the bedrock and erodes some of the rock away. Over thousands of years these caves can become very large.

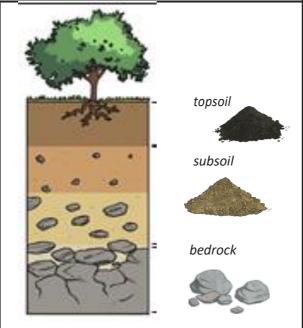


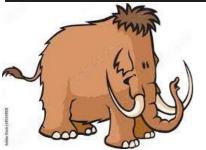
## Key Knowledge

#### Soil

Soil is the uppermost layer of the Earth. It isa mixture of different things:

- minerals
   (the minerals in soil
   come from finely
   broken-down rock);
- air;
- water;
- organic matter (including living and dead plants and animals).







Key Vocabulary		
igneous rock	Rock that has been formed from <b>magma</b> or <b>lava</b> .	
sedimentaryrock	Rock that has been formed by layers of sediment being pressed down hard and sticking together. You can see the layers of sediment in the rock.	
metamorphicrock	Rock that started out as <b>igneous</b> or <b>sedimentary rock</b> but changed due to being exposed to extreme heat or pressure.	
magma	Molten rock that remains underground.	
lava	Molten rock that comes out of the groundis called lava.	
sediment	Natural solid material that is moved and dropped off in a new place by water or wind, e.g. sand.	
permeable	Allows liquids to pass through it.	
impermeable	Does not allow liquids to pass through it.	

