Coronavirus (COVID-19) Implementing protective measures within FCAT

COVID-19 Risk Assessment

Academy	GARSTANG COMMUNITY ACADEMY
Activity / Procedure	Full opening of schools - managing the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)
Assessment date	17 th November 2020
Review date	To be reviewed and updated frequently in light of any updates to existing government guidance or any new guidance.

Identified groups at risk	
Employees	YES
Children	YES
Visitors	YES
Contractors	YES

This risk assessment does not supersede any legal obligations relating to health and safety, employment or equalities.

This risk assessment is completed based on the guidance and information available on the 05th November 2020 and the 13th November 2020 and will be updated to reflect any changes in published guidance.

<u>Guidance for full opening: schools - GOV.UK</u> (Updated 05th November 2020)

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/education-and-childcare-settings-new-national-restrictions-from-5november-2020#schools (Updated 5th November 2020)

Safe working in education, childcare and children's social care (updated 13th November 2020)

System of controls

This is the set of actions schools must take. They are grouped into 'prevention' and 'response to any infection' and are outlined in more detail within the guidance: <u>Guidance</u> for full opening: schools - GOV.UK

Prevention

1) Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school.

2) Where recommended, the use of face coverings in schools.

3) Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual.

4) Ensure good respiratory hygiene by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach.

5) Introduce enhanced cleaning, including cleaning frequently touched surfaces often, using standard products such as detergents.

6) Minimise contact between individuals and maintain social distancing wherever possible.

7) Where necessary, wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

8) Always keeping occupied spaces well ventilated.

Numbers 1 to 5, and number 8, must be in place in all schools, all the time.

Number 6 must be properly considered and schools must put in place measures that suit their particular circumstances.

Number 7 applies in specific circumstances.

Response to any infection

9) Engage with the NHS Test and Trace process.

10) Manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community.

11) Contain any outbreak by following local health protection team advice.

Numbers 9 to 11 must be followed in every case where they are relevant.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES AND CONTROLS

This outlines the key protective measures the academy will take to deliver the essential controls identified 22nd October 2020

Further controls are set out in this risk assessment.

No.	Control	Actions	
1	Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend academy.	• Ensuring that pupils, staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or have tested positive in at least the last 10 days and ensuring anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home, are essential actions to reduce the risk in schools and further drive down transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19).	
		• All schools must follow this process and ensure all staff are aware of it.	
		• If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new and persistent cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection, which sets out that they should self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19).	
		• Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms.	
		• If a child is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age and needs of the child, with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people.	
		• If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate bathroom if possible. The bathroom must be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else.	
		• PPE must be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young child or a child with complex needs). More information on PPE use can be found in the safe working in education, childcare and	

		children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance.
		 As is usual practice, in an emergency, call 999 if someone is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not otherwise visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital. Any member of staff who has provided close contact care to someone with symptoms, even while wearing PPE, and all other members of staff or pupils who have been in close contact with that person with symptoms, even if wearing a face covering, do not need to go home to self-isolate unless:
		 the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange to have a test) the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive they are requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace or the PHE advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell. The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See the COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance.
		• Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19).
2	Where recommended, use of face	
	coverings in schools	• The government is not recommending universal use of face coverings in all schools. Schools that teach children in years 7 and above and which are not under specific local restriction measures will have the discretion to require face coverings for pupils, staff and visitors in indoor areas outside the classroom where social distancing cannot easily be maintained, such as corridors and communal areas and it has been deemed appropriate in those circumstances. Primary school children will not need to wear a face covering.
		coverings in all schools. Schools that teach children in years 7 and above and which are not under specific local restriction measures will have the discretion to require face coverings for pupils, staff and visitors in indoor areas outside the classroom where social distancing cannot easily be maintained, such as corridors and communal areas and it has been deemed appropriate in those circumstances. Primary
		 coverings in all schools. Schools that teach children in years 7 and above and which are not under specific local restriction measures will have the discretion to require face coverings for pupils, staff and visitors in indoor areas outside the classroom where social distancing cannot easily be maintained, such as corridors and communal areas and it has been deemed appropriate in those circumstances. Primary school children will not need to wear a face covering. In particular, schools that teach years 7 and above may decide to recommend the wearing of face coverings for pupils, staff or visitors in communal areas outside the classroom where the layout of the schools makes it difficult to maintain social distancing when staff and

		Where local restrictions apply
		• When an area moves to Local COVID Alert Level: high or very high, in settings where pupils in year 7 and above are educated, face coverings should be worn by adults and pupils when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained. This does not apply to younger children in primary schools and in early years settings.
		 In the event of new local restrictions being agreed, schools will need to communicate quickly and clearly to staff, parents and pupils that the new arrangements require the use of face coverings in certain circumstances. Exemptions Some individuals are exempt from wearing face coverings. This applies to those who:
		cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability speak to or provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate. The same exemptions will apply in education settings, and we would expect teachers and other staff to be sensitive to those needs
3	Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual.	 All students and staff will sanitise hands on entering and leaving the academy and before and after each lesson. Sanitiser dispensers will be located at the entrance of the academy and of each classroom. All students and staff will be reminded to wash hands before and after visiting the toilet, coughing/sneezing and having a meal. All students will receive regular reminders on effective hand washing routines. The Estates Team will schedule checks during each day on stocks of hand sanitiser, soap and paper towels to check there is adequate supply. (Cleaning schedules and rotas).
4	Ensure good respiratory hygiene by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach.	 The academy will deploy posters that remind pupils and staff about the importance of catching a cough or sneeze in tissue, disposing of the tissue and washing hands and by washbasins/toilets and at entry/exit points. All classrooms, social spaces and corridors will have adequate bins. There will be an enhanced schedule for bins to be emptied and disinfected.
5	Introduce enhanced cleaning, including cleaning frequently touched surfaces often, using standard products such as disinfectants / detergents	 All classrooms will be provided with disinfectant wipes for teachers and staff to use on the keyboard, screen and mouse before and after each lesson. Such wipes will also be provided to each specialist room for use by students to wipe down their chair, workspace and specialist equipment (in addition to the disinfection carried out by cleaners). All specialist rooms will be disinfected by cleaners between lessons (where students from a different bubble are using the room). All clearers will be trained and regularly reminded of the protocols for disinfecting surfaces.

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		• There will be an enhanced cleaning schedule throughout the day.
		(Cleaning Schedules , Rotas and Cleaning Risk Assessment).
6	Minimise contact between individuals and maintain social distancing wherever possible.	 All staff to socially distance 2m. Each bubble will have a designated set of classrooms (i.e. homebase) for all of their lessons, in which no other year group students are permitted. This will minimise movement around the academy and mitigate crowding on corridors and contact with students of other year groups. Staff will move between bubbles and will be required to socially distance from students at all times. Each bubble will have a designated venue for break time, lunchtime, assembly and when needing the toilet. These venues will be disinfected before and after another bubble is able to make use of them. Each bubble will have a designated time for arrival, break, lunch and finish. These staggered times will ensure there is minimal contact between students of different bubbles. When using specialist rooms: - Disinfect teacher and student workspaces before and after lesson Students sanitise before and after lesson Students sanitise before and after lesson. Students sanitise before and school staff to avoid crowding on corridors. Students and staff will be prohibited from sharing any belongings, including stationery. There will be a stock of new stationery available for students who forget. Staff will not touch any student belongings. When giving out resources in lessons (e.g. textbooks, exam papers, table tennis bat), these may be shared within the bubble (ideally, within the class itself). However, such resources may not be shared with students in other year groups until and unless they are disinfected or they are left for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastic). Latest Government guidance will be followed 21st October 2020 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-sc
7	Where necessary, wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)	 The academy will maintain stocks of PPE and deploy them around the academy. See FCAT Face coverings policy (Appendix 1) Safe working in education, childcare and children's social care

8	Keeping occupied spaces well ventilated	The Academy will ensure it is well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment is maintained.
		This will be achieved by a variety of measures including:
		mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply) natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space). Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used (as long as they are not fire doors and where safe to do so) Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice.
		To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should also be used as appropriate:
		opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g. between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. For more information see School uniform rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces.
9	Engage with the NHS Test and Trace process	Schools must ensure they understand the NHS Test and Trace process. Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to:
		book a test if they or their child are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit provide details of anyone they or their child have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test and Trace self-isolate if they have been in close contact with someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19), or if anyone in their household develops symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19) Anyone who displays symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19) can and should get a test. Tests can be booked online through the NHS testing and tracing for coronavirus website, or ordered by telephone via NHS

119 for those without access to the internet. Essential workers, which includes anyone involved in education or childcare, have priority access to testing. The government will ensure that it is as easy as possible to get a test through a wide range of routes that are locally accessible, fast and convenient. We will release more details on new testing avenues as and when they become available and will work with schools so they understand the quickest and easiest way to get a test. All schools have been sent an initial supply of 10 home test kits and information about how to replenish this supply when they are running out. Schools should call the Test and Trace helpdesk on 119 if these have not arrived. Having a test at a testing site will deliver the fastest results. The test kits sent to schools are provided to be used in the exceptional circumstance that an individual becomes symptomatic and schools believe they may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. It is for schools to determine how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils. These kits can be given directly to staff or parents and carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school. In particular, these tests kits will also help ensure that symptomatic staff can also get a test and if they test negative, can return to work as soon as they no longer have symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19). Further information is provided in our guidance Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers. Schools should ask parents and staff to inform them immediately of the results of a test and follow this guidance. If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of that contact. If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full 14 days. NHS COVID-19 app

The app is available to anyone aged 16 or over to download if they choose. For some young people, particularly some with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND), parents will need to decide whether or not their use of the app is appropriate.

		This will mean that some students in year 11, and the majority of students in years 12 and above will be eligible to use the app and benefit from its features. Staff members will also be able to use the app. The guidance for schools and further education colleges in England is intended to provide information to senior leaders in education settings about the app and how it works, and to set out guidance for its use within schools in England.
10	Manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community	Schools must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19). Schools can contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority. This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice.
		The advice service will carry out a rapid risk assessment to confirm who has been in close contact with the person during the period that they were infectious, and ensure they are asked to self-isolate. If, following triage, further expert advice is required the adviser will escalate the school's call to the PHE local health protection team.
		The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will work with schools to guide them through the actions they need to take. Based on their advice, schools must send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 14 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious. Close contact means:
		direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. To support them in doing so, we recommend schools keep a record of pupils and staff in each group, and any close contact that takes places between children and staff in different groups (see section 6 of the system of control for more on grouping pupils). This should be a proportionate recording process. Schools do not need to ask pupils to record everyone they have spent time with each day or ask staff to keep definitive records in a way that is overly burdensome.
		A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed. Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others.
		Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms. If someone in a class or group that has been asked to self-isolate develops symptoms themselves within their 14-day isolation period they should follow guidance for households with possible or confirmed

		coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They should get a test, and:
		if someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID- 19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 14-day isolation period. This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days. if the test result is positive, they should inform their setting immediately, and should isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms (which could mean the self-isolation ends before or after the original 14-day isolation period). Their household should self-isolate for at least 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms, following guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation.
		In the majority of cases, schools and parents will be in agreement that a child with symptoms should not attend school, given the potential risk to others. In the event that a parent or guardian insists on a child attending school, schools can take the decision to refuse the child if in their reasonable judgement it is necessary to protect their pupils and staff from possible infection with coronavirus (COVID-19). Any such decision would need to be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and the current public health advice.
		The PHE local health protection team will also contact schools directly if they become aware that someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) attended the school - as identified by NHS Test and Trace.
		Further guidance is available on testing and tracing for coronavirus (COVID-19).
11	Contain any outbreak by following local health protection team advice	If schools have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and must continue to work with their local health protection team who will be able to advise if additional action is required.
		In some cases, health protection teams may recommend that a larger number of other pupils self-isolate at home as a precautionary measure – perhaps the whole site or year group. If schools are implementing controls from this list, addressing the risks they have identified and therefore reducing transmission risks, whole school closure based on cases within the school will not generally be necessary, and should not be considered except on the advice of health protection teams.
		In consultation with the local Director of Public Health, where an outbreak in a school is confirmed, a mobile testing unit may be dispatched to test others who may have been in contact with the person who has tested positive. Testing will first focus on the person's class, followed by their year group, then the whole school if necessary, in line with routine public health outbreak control practice.

Issue that could cause harm	: (classroom/	Lack of Social Distancing in the learning environment (classroom/ workshop/ hall/ outdoors) which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)		
Existing level of risk:				
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control measures)		trol measures required to letail about the type and lo		
 Year group bubbles to be utilised which will use the same rooms throughout the day with their own toilet(s) and own identified open air space. Staff to maintain 2 metre social distancing between adults and between children wherever possible and to ensure the time spent near pupils is minimised if this is not possible or has a specific RA if 1:1 support is required. Any rooms that are shared (e.g. Dining rooms) to be cleaned between bubble changes. Any specialist rooms used by a bubble would be used for a week before being changed to a different bubble and cleaned in-between. Maximise the usage of the same staff within the same bubble to reduce cross contamination between bubbles as far as possible, recognising for secondary settings there will be some subject specialist rotation of staff. GCA are aiming for a majority of staff to only be in a maximum of 2 				
6. Changing the assignment	bubbles and for no staff to be in more than 3 bubbles.6. Changing the assignment of staff to each group of children/young people should be a last resort but may be necessary for example due to staff absence.			
more easily allow for d	7. Maximise the number of learning environments used including outdoor space as much as possible to more easily allow for distance between children and staff. GCA intending to use six rooms in each bubble, with specific allocated toilets, outdoor spaces and access, as well as the bookable specialist facilities.			
8. GCA has identified spe	cific access routes for th	ne start of the day, and thr	oughout the day.	
	 Ensure that wherever possible children use the same classroom or area of a setting throughout the day to minimise movement around school. 			
 When movement around school is required, this should in all cases, other than emergencies, be during lesson time so that corridors and outside spaces are clear. Remove excess furniture to increase space if able to do so. Personal property of children should be kept to a minimum e.g. bags, coats, lunchboxes. If these are brought into school, they should be kept with children and stored under the students' allocated desk when in classrooms. 				
 13. Lockers are not to be u 14. Children should arrive bubble use of changing 15. Staff members to keep 	 13. Lockers are not to be used as the locations of the lockers are diverse and requirements reduced. 14. Children should arrive in PE kit when undertaking PE that day to not require the use of shared bubble use of changing rooms 15. Staff members to keep a minimum 2 metre distance from each other and children in the learning 			
 environment. Teacher only zones will be clearly marked on the floor. 16. Mark out a 2 metre area e.g. with tape/paint for the member(s) of staff to be able to maintain social distancing from children and other staff in classrooms and outside duties in bubbles. 17. Display signage in the learning environment regarding social distancing, hand washing/sanitising and being symptom free to reinforce, encourage and promote this for staff and children. 				

- 18. If students need to wait outside classrooms, they must queue against a wall and leave a 2m passage for adults. In most cases, students will enter classroom immediately and go straight to desk/work area. Students and staff must remain at 2m social distancing at all times if possible. Students must wait for permission to move from their allocated area when exiting the classroom. Student's may only use the toilet that is allocated to their bubble. Students will only use the toilets at break time and lunch unless a medical note is provided. For children, procedures revisited and managed in line with academy behaviour policy.
- 19. Any technical support staff required to enter a learning environment due to urgent operational requirements (e.g. IT Technician) will maintain a minimum 2 metre social distance, may wear PPE and the Class Teacher will ensure that children follow social distancing to enable the technical staff to work at a social distance.

Remaining level of risk		Consider the level of risk following use of the above control measures		
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE

Issue that could cause harm:	Lack of Social Distancing when using toilets and poor hygiene which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)
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Existing level of risk:

HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
How to manage it (control measures)		List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls		

- 1. Specific toilets will be allocated to staff. Only one member of staff to enter toilets at once. Staff to queue outside at 2m interval if necessary.
- 2. Ensuring that toilets do not become crowded by limiting the number of children who use the toilet facilities at one time. Outside doors to be removed, and regular monitoring and communication of expectations.
- 3. Specific toilets to be used by students from a specific bubble.
- 4. Staff and children asked to clean hands before and after using the toilet wash hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with running water and soap and dry them thoroughly or use alcohol hand rub or sanitiser ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered.
- 5. Ensure that help is available for children who have trouble cleaning their hands independently.
- 6. Display signage in the toilets regarding handwashing to reinforce, encourage and promote this for staff and children.
- 7. Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and aid ventilation.
- 8. Full stock of soap and sanitiser to be maintained in the toilets at all times.
- 9. All toilet will be cleaned at the end of the day and checked by cleaning staff every morning. Toilets will be cleaned by cleaning staff after break and lunch times.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures			
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue that could cause harm	exit from sc	Lack of social distancing and poor hygiene upon arrival and exit from school which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)					
Existing level of risk:							
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE				
How to manage it (control List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls							
 education or childcare Staff will go straight to screen. Two-meter interevent of staff needing for Staff proceed to alloca Installation of hand sare Staff to sanitise hands Pupils to enter site and limited and socially dis Prop doors open, where door handles and aid w Staff occupying Main For reception are clearly more reception desk to ensure carers, visitors and child enter the site unless the staff and social should be should	setting if they are display reception through the ma ervals will be marked clea to queue to sign in. Hand ted work area or outdoor nitiser stations at staff en on each and every entry head straight to their ou tanced for all. re safe to do so (bearing rentilation. Reception is kept to a ma arked out and allocated re reception staff are abl ldren. Use of hand saniti ey have a pre-arranged and carers that they can e-arranged appointment,	ving any signs or sympto ain entrance and sign in arly on the floor to ensur I sanitiser is available at duty position and not to trances/exits to building and exit from the buildin itdoor area. Use of dinin in mind fire safety and s ximum number of three to staff. Markings/signag e to maintain social dist ser for all visitors upon e appointment. not gather at entrance g	with fob instead of touching re social distancing in the t reception for staff to use. o congregate with other staff.				
 should be conducted s 10. School start times tempsupervision before this 11. Clear signage to encound 12. No parents allowed on 13. All external doors used 14. Use of hand sanitiser us anitiser near door for 15. Implement staggered prestrictions of bus transsisteady departure/bus encound 16. Tell parents that if their parent should attend. 17. Staff supervision through 18. Display signage outsid reinforce, encourage a 	afely. porarily altered – no child , and school starts at 8.5 urage parents/carers not site without a prearrang by students are proppe upon entering and exiting use. bick up times for different sport. Year group bubble embarkation. r child needs to be accor ghout drop off/pick up to e and inside the building nd promote this for staff,	dren on site before 8.15 i0 to allow a steady arriv to congregate outside the ed appointment. d open to limit use of do classrooms. Each class groups of children. As f es will be released over inpanied to the education encourage and insist or regarding social distance parents, carers and chi	val with reduced bulges. he school. for handles. sroom in use will have far as possible within the a 15 minute period to allow a n or childcare setting, only one n social distancing. cing and good hygiene to				

20. Face masks (not scarves, buffs, bandanas etc) must be worn by all pupils and staff in indoor areas where social distancing is more difficult. These include but are not limited to: -

o Corridors before lessons, at lesson change over and when inside at break/lunchtime.

o Canteens (when students/staff are not eating) – including queuing, and if remaining inside after eating.

Staff rooms and kitchens – where social distancing is difficult to achieve.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures			
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue	that could cause harm:		Lack of social distancing and poor hygiene during break/ playtimes and lunchtimes which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)			
Existi	ng level of risk:					
	HIGH	M	IEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to	o manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re stail about the type and loc		
	that any corridors or circula time.	ation routes	s used have a limi	ted number of children or yo	ol at the same time and that ung people using them at any	
2.	Each bubble to have their	-		ce and dining area.		
3.	Dining areas to be cleaned					
4. 5.	Access rooms directly from			educes the requirement for o	ne way systems.	
6.	•		•		v. and different bubbles are	
	 Ensure that children and young people are in the same groups at all times each day, and different bubbles are not mixed during the day, or on subsequent days. 					
7.	Ensure that the same staff during the day and on subs			e of children and, as far as p	ossible, these stay the same	
8.				fore and after eating and en should be brought their luncl		
9.		afe to do so	(bearing in mind	fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles	
10.	and aid ventilation. 10. Where possible, all spaces should be well ventilated using natural ventilation (opening windows) or ventilation					
11.	units. 11. Display signage outside and inside the building regarding social distancing and good hygiene to reinforce, encourage and promote this for staff and children.					
12.	 Use markers e.g. paint/tape outside school and inside school at 2 metre intervals to encourage and maintain social distancing for children and adults. 					
13.	Children and young people should clean their hands after sneezing or coughing, should be encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose, should use a tissue or elbow to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it').					
14.	4. Ensure that sufficient handwashing facilities are available. Where a sink is not nearby, provide hand sanitiser in play/break time and lunchtime areas					
	. Face masks (not scarves,	, buffs, ba	ndanas etc) mus	to actively encourage and in t be worn by all pupils and clude but are not limited t	l staff in indoor areas	
	o Corridors before lessons, at lesson change over and when inside at break/lunchtime.					

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- o Canteens (when students/staff are not eating) including queuing, and if remaining inside after eating.
 - o Staff rooms and kitchens where social distancing is difficult to achieve.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures			
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue that could cause harm:		Lack of social distancing and poor hygiene during staff break or lunch times which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)				
Existing level of risk						
HIGH	HIGH MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBLE					
How to manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re tail about the type and loo			
 Staff room to be properly regularly than normal the 2. Staff to stagger break ar 3. Limit the number of peop 4. Ensure that sufficient hat sanitiser in staff rooms. 	roughout t nd lunch ti ple in staff	he day. mes. room at any one	e time. Staff should maint	ain social distancing.		
ensuring that all parts of	ater and so the hands	bap and dry ther are covered	n thoroughly or use alcoh	ol hand rub or sanitiser		
 Prop doors open, where door handles and aid ve Where possible, all space ventilation units 	ntilation.					
 8. Ensure chairs in staffroo possible. 9. Display signage outside 			,			
reinforce, encourage and 10. Staff work spaces are and required in these spaces	d promote /ailable in s.	this for staff. specific locatior	ns –stringent social distand	cing and sanitising are		
11. Staff are welcome to eat their food in classrooms within one of their bubbles (usually the room taught in immediately prior to lunchtime) – no more than three staff should have lunch in the same room at the same time, and all occupied surfaces should be wiped down on arrival and departure using the sanitiser and tissues available in the room.						
	12. Face masks (not scarves, buffs, bandanas etc) must be worn by all pupils and staff in indoor areas where social distancing is more difficult. These include but are not limited to: -					
 Corridors before lessons, at lesson change over and when inside at break/lunchtime. Canteens (when students/staff are not eating) – including queuing, and if remaining inside after eating. Staff rooms and kitchens – where social distancing is difficult to achieve. 						
Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ontrol measures		
HIGH	N		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		

Issue that could cause harm:	Lack of social distancing in the corridors which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)					
Existing level of risk:						
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		
How to manage it (control me	asures)) List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls				
and that that any corrido	 Stagger break and lunch times, so that all children are not moving around the school at the same time and that that any corridors or circulation routes used have a limited number of children or young people using them at any time. 					
2. Keep year bubbles geog	graphically	/ and/or tempora	ally separate.			
Access rooms directly fr	rom outsid	e where possib	le to reduce mixing of grou	ups.		
 Children and young people to be actively encouraged to maintain 2m social distancing from staff. Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and aid ventilation. Where possible, all spaces should be well ventilated using natural ventilation (opening windows) or ventilation units. Display signage on corridors regarding social distancing to reinforce, encourage and promote this for children and staff. 						
Remaining level of risk	Consider level of risk following use of control measures					
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		

Issue that could cause harm:			Contact with surfaces/shared resources and poor hygiene which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)			
Existir	ng level of risk:					
HIGH MEDIUM LOW NEGLIG						
How to	o manage it (control me	asures)	•	ol measures required to the type and		
	well as more regularly the Premises issued to ass the day. Classrooms will if necessary, each morn staff. When two member the day, staff will use dis rigorously sanitising on e classroom.	nt year but an normal sist with the then be lo ng by the s of staff a infectant s entry to an	obles of childrer throughout the his. At GCA cle ocked until the n site team and c are alternating b pray to clean the d exit from the r	n. This should be at the day across school. Cle eaners will thoroughly cle norning. Classrooms wi cleaning staff. All doors w between the same work ne area on arrival and be room. Spray sanitiser to	start and end of each day as eaning protocol from FCAT ean classrooms at the end o Il be checked, and re-cleane will be propped open by site area during different times o efore they leave. As well as be provided in each	
2.	Clean surfaces that child doors, sinks, toilets, light	-	U 1		books, desks, chairs, tables I.	
3.	Shared materials and su	rfaces sho	ould be cleaned	and disinfected more fr	equently than normal.	
4.	Ensure that sufficient handwashing facilities are available across the school. Where a sink is not nearby, provide hand sanitiser.					
	Children and staff to wash hands/use sanitiser frequently throughout the day - wash hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with running water and soap and dry them thoroughly or use alcohol hand rub or sanitiser ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered. Children and young people should clean their hands on arrival at the setting, before and after eating, after sneezing or coughing, should be encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose, should use a tissue or elbow to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it').					
7.		•		•	urage and promote this for	
8.	Full stock of soap and sa	anitiser to l	be maintained i	n school at all times.		
9.	Prop doors open, where door handles and aid ve		so (bearing in	mind fire safety and saf	eguarding), to limit use of	
10.	Learning planned so res	ources are	e individual and	not shared - or on whit	e board.	
11.	Where sharing of resour Where not possible, rigo				oment packs will be created taken.	
13.	 Where appropriate, resources on tables ready for learning and not distributed during the learning. Use plastic packets (zippy) bags used for individual class/bubble resources. Where assessment work is undertaken, this should be done on paper, collected by a student and placed in a plastic wallet by the teacher and dated – the work should not be removed to be marked for at least 48 hours, and should not be returned for a further 48 hours. 					
	Limit the amount of shar between children, young	ed resourc people ar	ces that are take nd staff.	en home and limit excha	ange of take-home resource	
	Seek to prevent the shar					
	different groups of childr	en.			nd properly cleaned betwee	
10	Children keep to their de	sks when	in the learning	environment		

19. Where possible seat children at the same desk each day.								
Remaining level of risk	Consider le	vel of risk following use of co	ontrol measures					
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE					
			•					
Issue that could cause harm:Lack of cleaning which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)								
Existing level of risk								
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE					
How to manage it (control me		ntrol measures required to r detail about the type and lo						
 Follow the <u>COVID-19</u>: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance School to be properly cleaned before the start of each day and properly cleaned between uses by different groups of children. This should be at the start and end of each day as well as more regularly than normal throughout the day across school. Cleaning protocol from FCAT Premises to be issued to assist with this. At GCA cleaners will thoroughly clean classrooms at the end of the day. Classrooms will then be locked until the morning. Classrooms will be checked, and recleaned if necessary, each morning by the site team and cleaning staff. All doors will be propped open by site staff. When two members of staff are alternating between the same work area during different times of the day, staff will use disinfectant spray to clean the area on arrival and before they leave. Clean surfaces that children and young people are touching, such as, books, desks, chairs, tables, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters, more regularly than normal. Shared materials and surfaces should be cleaned and disinfected more frequently than normal. External cleaning company will follow the cleaning protocol issued, and our advice is that PPE will be worn by all cleaning staff in accordance with <u>COVID-19</u>: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance. Remove soft furnishings, soft toys and toys that are hard to clean (such as those with intricate parts) Deep clean of the academy before wider re-opening. To ensure effective stock control and sufficient stock of cleaning materials, hygiene materials and PPE in line with cleaning schedule. 								
Remaining level of risk	Consider le	vel of risk following use of co	ontrol measures					
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE					
Issue that could cause harm:	ssue that could cause harm: Risk of spreading virus due to close contact with parents / carers / visitors / contractors / children – 1:1 and restraint which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)							
Existing level of risk								
HIGH	MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBLE							
How to manage it (control measures)	List your control me about the type and	asures required to reduce ri location of controls	sk – add appropriate detail					
		th behaviour difficulties – the neutrino the termination of individual risk as						

Reduced timetable/exclusion/inclusion considered if necessary to manage the behaviour of children and young people and minimise risk to staff. Use of PPE where 2 metre distance cannot be maintained. Utilise acrylic screens at the reception desk. Remaining level of risk Consider level of risk following use of control measures NEGLIGIBLE HIGH MEDIUM LOW First Aid/Accident/Administering medicines/EHP/Personal Care which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of Issue that could cause harm: coronavirus (COVID-19) Existing level of risk: HIGH MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBLE List your control measures required to reduce risk – add How to manage it (control measures) appropriate detail about the type and location of controls 1. Ensure there is a member of First Aid trained staff on site and only trained staff carry out First Aid (for primary requires Paediatric First Aid). 2. Ensure full and complete first aid stock on site at all times. 3. Ensure FCAT First Aid, Accident Administering medicines and EHP Policies are followed. 4. Emergency PPE equipment to be available in each bubble area and centrally. 5. Staff should wear PPE if a child or young person becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then disposable gloves, a disposable apron and a fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn. 6. Staff should wear PPE for children, young people and students whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs. They should continue to receive their care in the same wav. 7. Full and complete stock of PPE on site at all times. 8. Staff and pupils awaiting collection should go to the sports hall changing rooms whilst waiting to be collected. 9. LCC Schools & Education Settings Strategic Outbreak Control Plan Flow Chart to be followed. Remaining level of risk Consider level of risk following use of control measures HIGH MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBLE

Issue that could cause harm:	children and	Safeguarding checking how the academy is safeguarding children and young people during the remaining partial closure of schools and in the wider opening.			
Existing level of risk					
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		

How to manage it (control measures)

List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls

- 1. All academy safeguarding procedures and reporting mechanisms operate in full and in the usual way. Any safeguarding concerns will be reported, recorded, managed and referred as appropriate, using existing procedures as set out in the FCAT Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.
- 2. List of vulnerable students under constant review. Protocol for monitoring vulnerable student's wellbeing in place. Staff on site to ensure pastoral care is in place to support individual and collective needs.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures			
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue that could cause harm:		Emotional distress of the children - including mental health conditions.			
Existing level of risk					
HIGH M		EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re stail about the type and loc		
 Phased return to school Consideration will be giv home to school. Academy SLT to ensure designed to meet individ Protocol for monitoring v in place to support individ If a member of staff wish covering to come into wo 	of children over the fi en to curri that targe ual and co ulnerable dual and co es to wea ork – we w of person	which will supp rst week to ens culum delivery ted and effectiv ollective needs. student's wellbe collective needs r items of PPE of rill be supportive al choice – the	oort consistency and stabil ure transition is supported to ensure transition is sup e pastoral care is in place List of vulnerable students eing in place. Staff on site out of their own personal p of their decision. If a mer member of staff should pr	lity. d and successful. ported and successful from e to support children s under constant review. to ensure pastoral care is preference e.g. a face mber of staff wishes to	
Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ontrol measures	
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue that could cause harm:		Emotional distress of the staff – including mental health conditions.				
Existing level of risk						
HIGH	M		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		
How to manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re tail about the type and loc			
 measures in advance an 2. At least one SLT member 3. Continued access for state or teamfcatwellbeing@ 4. Ongoing signposting of states 5. Ongoing review of COVI updated if necessary to a 6. To promote the Team FC 	per re-oper ad following or of staff o aff to remo fcat.org.u staff to onli D-19 risk a maintain a CAT Work	ning of school a g 1 st September on site every day te wellbeing sup ik monitored by ine/phone wellb assessment to e safe working e and Wellbeing s for staff to sha	nd this COVID-19 risk ass 2020 to aim to minimise y for staff to share any que port from qualified profes HR daily. eing support. ensure control measures a nvironment. charter.	sessment and control uncertainty and anxiety. estions or concerns with ssionals via Line Manager are implemented and safety concerns relating to		
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE		

Issue that could cause harm:		Risk of COVID-19 illness to extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable children staff and family members.			
Existing level of risk					
HIGH	M		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control measures)		List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls			

Where a pupil is unable to attend school because they are complying with clinical and/or public health advice, school will immediately offer them access to remote education. Schools should monitor engagement with this activity.

Where children are not able to attend school as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, absence will not be penalised. All other pupils must attend school

Shielding advice for all adults and children will pause on 1 August, subject to a continued decline in the rates of community transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19). This means that even the small number of pupils who will remain on the shielded patient list can also return to school, as can those who have family members who are shielding. If rates of the disease rise children (or family members) may be advised to shield during the period where rates remain high and therefore they may be temporarily absent. In this event remote learning provision will be activated immediately.

Parents of pupils and staff with significant risk factors should discuss their concerns with pastoral staff and senior leaders respectively.

It is anticipated that fewer young people will be advised to shield and that the majority of pupils will be able to return to school. some pupils no longer required to shield but who generally remain under the care of a specialist health professional may need to discuss their care with their health professional before returning to school (usually at their next planned clinical appointment).

Following the reduction in the prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) and relaxation of shielding measures from 1 August, we expect that most staff will attend school.

It remains the case that wider government policy advises those who can work from home to do so. We recognise this will not be applicable to most school staff, but where a role may be conducive to home working, for example some administrative roles, school leaders should consider what is feasible and appropriate.

Individuals who were considered to be clinically extremely vulnerable and received a letter advising them to shield are now advised that they can return to work from 1 August as long as they maintain social distancing.

School leaders should be flexible in how those members of staff are deployed to enable them to work remotely where possible or in roles in school where it is possible to maintain social distancing.

People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can attend the workplace.

Staff who are clinically vulnerable or extremely clinically vulnerable

The measures outlined in the DfE guidance for full opening of schools (page 1 of this risk assessment) will be applied and will mitigate risks significantly for staff, including those who are extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. This will allow most staff to return to the workplace, although we advise those in the most at risk categories to take particular care while community transmission rates continue to fall.

Parents of pupils and staff with significant risk factors should discuss their concerns with pastoral staff and senior leaders.

FCAT still wishes to support staff in continuing to work from home, if able to do so, balancing this with increasing operational requirements.

- Staff who are extremely clinically vulnerable (those who have received a letter from Government or clinician advising them to shield) will be advised that they can return to work from 1 August as long as they maintain social distancing and the workplace is COVID secure..
- 2. Staff who are clinically vulnerable should return to work where possible. Government advice is available for colleagues in these categories and those who are pregnant. Education and childcare settings should endeavour to support flexible deployment where possible.
- 3. The government is currently undertaking an official review of whether factors including ethnicity can affect people's vulnerability to COVID-19. The government has said this is because a disproportionately higher number of people have died from COVID-19 from black, Asian and minority ethnic (BAME) backgrounds. As such the trust will undertake individual risk assessments for any staff who are within the high risk category and/or BAME background.
- 4. Staff and children living with those that are extremely clinically vulnerable/clinically vulnerable can attend school and work with children or adults adhering to this risk assessment.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	introl measures
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE

Issue that could cause harm:		Staff health and wellbeing when working from home for which FCAT remains responsible for as the employer.		
Existing level of risk				
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
How to manage it (control measures)			ol measures required to stail about the type and lo	

- 1. Line Managers to maintain regular and reasonable contact with staff in their teams.
- 2. Encourage staff to undertake a workstation risk assessment and consider any equipment staff may require in order to work from home safely.
- 3. Encourage staff to take short and regular rest breaks when using a computer screen.
- 4. To encourage staff not to work excessively long hours and to take a lunch break.
- 5. To promote the Team FCAT Work and Wellbeing Charter.
- 6. Continued access for staff to remote wellbeing support from qualified professionals via Line Manager or **teamfcatwellbeing@fcat.org.uk** monitored by HR daily.
- 7. Ongoing signposting of staff to online/phone wellbeing support.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ontrol measures
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE

Issue that could cause harm:	Lack of Social Distancing and poor hygiene in staff offices and meeting rooms which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)						
Existing level of risk							
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE			
How to manage it (control me	asures)		List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls				
 and window handles, light Academy SLT to agree with meeting rooms in line with cleaned and how often). Staff who are office based appropriateness of contriling. Limit the number of peop 4. Ensure a 2 metre distance 	 Staff offices to be properly cleaned at the start and end of each day and surfaces (e.g. desks, door and window handles, light switches etc.) cleaned more regularly than normal throughout the day. Academy SLT to agree with the Site Supervisor cleaning schedule and frequency for the offices and meeting rooms in line with operational requirements (e.g. what needs to be cleaned, how should it be cleaned and how often). Staff who are office based and can undertake their job role at home, should discuss the appropriateness of continuing to work from home with their line manager/Headteacher. Limit the number of people in office at any one time. Ensure a 2 metre distance between staff work spaces. Use markers e.g. paint/tape in the office at 2 metre intervals to encourage and maintain social distancing. 						
5. Use of screens in space		• •					
6. Use back-to-back or side							
Reducing the number of each person works with			contact with by using 'fixed	teams or partnering' (so			
8. Provide hand sanitiser in	offices ar	nd meeting roon	าร.				
wash hands thoroughly f alcohol hand rub or sani 10. Prop doors open, where door handles and aid ve 11. Where possible, all spac ventilation units 12. Display signage in office promote this for staff.	12. Display signage in offices regarding social distancing and good hygiene to reinforce, encourage and						
 promote this for staff. 13. Avoiding use of hot desks and spaces and, where not possible, for example, call centres or training facilities, cleaning and sanitising workstations between different occupants including shared equipment. 14. Use remote working tools to avoid in-person meetings. 15. Only where absolutely necessary participants should attend meetings and should maintain 2m separation throughout. 16. Avoiding transmission during meetings, for example avoiding sharing pens and other objects. 17. Hold meetings outdoors or in well-ventilated rooms whenever possible. 							
Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ntrol measures			
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE			

Issue that could cause harm:			son coming into work/sc ncrease the risk and rat COVID-19)				
Existing level of risk							
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE			
How to manage it (control me	asures)		List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls				
 the <u>COVID-19: guidance</u> If anyone becomes unwerchildcare setting, they menouseholds with possible Proper cleaning of the artake place. If a child is awaiting collewhere they can be isolater required. Ideally, a winder them to an area which is If they need to go to the within the changing room standard cleaning produtes. PPE should be worn by cannot be maintained (sear surgical face mask show maintained. If contact with disposable apron and a risk assessment determines spitting, or vomiting, the spitting, or vomiting, the spitting of the search of the search	etting if the <u>etting if the</u> <u>etting if the</u> <u>etting if the</u> <u>etting if the</u> <u>etting the ser</u> <u>ection, the</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection, the <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ection</u> <u>ect</u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u>	parents, carers ey are displaying <u>cholds with poss</u> new, continuous nt home and advi- irus infection gu anyone has be y should be mor- ding on the age be opened for the opened for the metres away fr while waiting to ossible. The bat being used by g for the child w a very young cl by the supervise d or young pers tant surgical fac- nere is a risk of ection should al eadvised about confirmed cases FCAT COO) to e s Strategic Outb horoughly for 20 meone who is un tacts who are se staff member with	or any visitors, such as su g any symptoms of corona sible coronavirus infection cough or a high temperat vised to follow the <u>COVID</u> - idance. come unwell with symptor ved, if possible, to the spo of the child and with appro- ventilation. If it is not poss om other people. be collected, they should throom should be cleaned anyone else. hile they await collection i hild or a child with comple sing adult if a distance of 2 on is necessary, then disp e mask should be worn by splashing to the eyes, for so be worn. testing for COVID-19 following a ensure that the FCAT proc reak Control Plan Flow Cl 0 seconds with soap and r nwell. ent home do not need to s	appliers, not to enter the avirus (following). aure in an education or -19: guidance for ms of COVID-19 should orts hall changing room ropriate adult supervision if ible to isolate them, move use the accessible toilet and disinfected using f a distance of 2 metres x needs). A fluid-resistant 2 metres cannot be posable gloves, a y the supervising adult. If a example from coughing, keyworkers and children in positive test result should bedure in the event of this hart to be followed. unning water or use hand elf-isolate themselves uently develops symptoms.			
possible or confirmed co 12. if the test delivers a neg	oronavirus ative resul	(COVID-19) info t, they must ren	low 'stay at home: guidance ection'. They should get a nain in isolation for the ren evelop the coronavirus (CC	test, and: nainder of the 14-day			
 13. if the test result is positive 10 days from the onset of 	of their syr	mptoms (which o	r setting immediately, and could mean the self-isolati self-isolate for at least 14 c	on ends after the original			

symptomatic person firs possible or confirmed co	oronavirus (COVI	D-19) infection	
Remaining level of risk		ider level of risk following us	se of control measures
HIGH		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
Issue:		of renewed local lockdow school.	n impacting on the ability to
Existing level of risk			
HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
How to manage it (control me		our control measures requir priate detail about the type	
communication for children, sta			sented. This will include remote learning arrangements.
Remaining level of risk	ff, parents/carers	and the implementation of i	remote learning arrangements.
-	ff, parents/carers	and the implementation of	remote learning arrangements.
Remaining level of risk	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The i requi	and the implementation of ider level of risk following us LOW	remote learning arrangements. se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective
Remaining level of risk HIGH Issue: Existing level of risk	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The r requi	and the implementation of ider level of risk following us LOW number of staff who are av ired to teach classes in sc e learning and premises / s	remote learning arrangements. se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective site operation.
Remaining level of risk HIGH Issue:	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The i requi home MEDIUM	and the implementation of ider level of risk following us LOW number of staff who are av ired to teach classes in sc e learning and premises / s	remote learning arrangements. se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective site operation. NEGLIGIBLE
Remaining level of risk HIGH Issue: Existing level of risk HIGH How to manage it (control me	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The i requi home MEDIUM List y appro	and the implementation of risk following us LOW LOW Let to teach classes in sc learning and premises / s LOW Our control measures requir priate detail about the type	remote learning arrangements. Se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective site operation. NEGLIGIBLE red to reduce risk – add and location of controls
Remaining level of risk HIGH Issue: Existing level of risk HIGH How to manage it (control me 1. The health status and available deployment can be planned. 2. Full use is made of those sta 3. Flexible and responsive use of 4. Full use is made of testing to 5. A blended model of home lear	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The r requi home MEDIUM asures) List y appro bility of every mer ff who are self-iso of teaching assis inform staff depl arning and attend	and the implementation of i ider level of risk following us LOW number of staff who are av ired to teach classes in sc e learning and premises / s LOW our control measures requir opriate detail about the type mber of staff is known and is plating but who are well eno tants and pastoral staff to su oyment. ance at school is planned for	remote learning arrangements. Se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective site operation. NEGLIGIBLE red to reduce risk – add and location of controls is regularly updated so that ugh to teach lessons online. upervise classes is in place. or and utilised as necessary.
Remaining level of risk HIGH Issue: Existing level of risk HIGH How to manage it (control me 1. The health status and available deployment can be planned. 2. Full use is made of those sta 3. Flexible and responsive use of 4. Full use is made of testing to	ff, parents/carers Cons MEDIUM The r requi home MEDIUM asures) List y appro bility of every mer ff who are self-iso of teaching assis inform staff depl arning and attend	and the implementation of risk following us ider level of risk following us LOW LOW LOW LOW Cour control measures require Depriate detail about the type mber of staff is known and is colating but who are well eno tants and pastoral staff to su coyment.	remote learning arrangements. Se of control measures NEGLIGIBLE vailable is lower than that hool and operate effective site operation. NEGLIGIBLE red to reduce risk – add and location of controls is regularly updated so that ugh to teach lessons online. upervise classes is in place. or and utilised as necessary.

Issue that could cause harm:		Travel to and from work/school for staff/children which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19).			
Existing level of risk					
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re stail about the type and loo		
 planning their travel 2. LCC Bus Transport oper distance spacing betwee the driver and follow all s journey. (Double decker coaches will be spaced a LCC has verified that the GCA will work with stage GCA will alert parents to which GCA staff will also service and LCC will allo measures, followed corro and from the site. 3. Taking appropriate actio example when transport access the vehicle or fas 4. Encouraging staff to trav 5. Advise staff not to car sh 6. Encourage staff to follow 	rators are en bus use school rule buses wil accordingle ese are the ecoach for these me oreinforce ocate suita ectly, will e ns to redu ing childre sten seatb rel to work nare.	being instructed ers. Users must es regarding sta- l have a maximuly and numbers e instructions whether the 46X private asures via PMX at the Academy able size vehicles ensure social dis ince risk if hygien en and young per elts. by personal vel stancing in the s	get on and off one at a tin ying in that spaced seat a um of 15 seats available a reduced to fit spacing nee hich operators must adher hire to implement the sar to ask students to be awa y. We have audited the stu s to meet the distancing re- stancing can be observed e rules and social distanc- tople with complex needs hicle, walk or cycle instead taff car park.	heir services to allow social ne under the supervision of t all times during the nd single just 10. Smaller eds.) Jacqueline Day at re to under LCC control. me controls on that service. are and follow these rules, udent numbers for each equirements. These in transporting children to ing is not possible, for who need support to d of using public transport.	
Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ontrol measures	
HIGH	M	IEDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	

Issue that could cause harm:			Communication failure with staff, parents, carers, children visitors, contractors, volunteers etc. which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)				
Existing level of risk							
HIGH	MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBL			NEGLIGIBLE			
How to manage it (control me	ow to manage it (control measures)		ol measures required to re tail about the type and loc				
 Make clear to parents the have a pre-arranged appert. Advise visitors that they should be conducted sates the should be conducted sates. Ensure parents and you or childcare setting (incluguidance for passengers) Talk to staff about the pland departure times), ind departure times), ind the opening for example, clear to allow for this. Communicate early with opening for example, clear to allow for this. Communicate early with opening for example, clear to allow for this. Communicate early with opening for example, clear to allow for this. Discuss with cleaning communicate early with opening for example, clear to assessment. Discuss with cleaning communicate early with opening for example, clear to assess the cleaning communicate early with opening for example, clear to assess the cleaning communicate early with opening for example, clear to assess the cleaning communicate early with opening for example, clear to assess the clean to a clear to a clear t	beople the or minimisi at they can pointment, cannot en fely. ng people uding avoid s. ans (for ex- cluding dis contractor eaning, cat ontractors of hare acad ng session and depar	ir allocated drop ing adult to adul nnot gather at e which should b ter the site unle are aware of re ding peak times cample, safety n cussing whethe rs and suppliers aring, food supp or staff the addir rs and suppliers tering, food supp or staff the addir emy risk assess) rture will be mai ing arrangemen	o off and collection times a t contact (for example, wh ntrance gates or doors, or e conducted safely). ss they have a pre-arrang commendations on transp). Read the <u>Coronavirus (</u> neasures, timetable chang r training would be helpfu that will need to prepare olies, and hygiene supplie tional cleaning requirement that will need to prepare olies, and hygiene supplie tional cleaning requirement that cleaning requirement that cleaning requirement tional cleaning requirement that cleaning requirement tional cleaning RA. All contained.	and the process for doing nich entrance to use) r enter the site (unless they red appointment, which bort to and from education <u>COVID-19): safer travel</u> ges and staggered arrival l. to support your plans for rs. ints and agree additional to support your plans for rs. Share academy risk ints and agree additional cleaning operatives will reinforce key messages			
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE			

Issue that could cause harm:

Home-visits to children, parents and carers which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19) e.g. delivery of food parcel to vulnerable family.

Existing level of risk

Ηο

HIGH	M	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
ow to manage it (control me	asures)	ol measures required to re tail about the type and loc	

- 1. Home visits should be a last resort and alternative measures implemented firstly.
- 2. Where a home visit is absolutely essential this must be agreed by the Headteacher and the member of staff must undertake the home visit on a volunteer basis only. No member of staff should be forced to undertake a home visit.
- 3. A time for home visit should be pre-arranged between the school and the parent/carer.
- 4. The member of staff should maintain a distance of 2 metres from any adult or child and must not enter the home.
- 5. The member of staff should drive to the home, knock on the door, leave the food parcel and return to their vehicle, locking the doors and drive away.
- 6. Lone working arrangements should be implemented between the member of staff and a member of SLT (e.g. agreed appointment time for the visit, member of staff to call SLT to confirm they have safely completed the home visit).
- 7. The member of staff must have business insurance for their personal vehicle.

Remaining level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures		
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE

Issue that could cause harm:	Implementation of the Emergency Evacuation Procedure/ Emergency Plan which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)
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Existing level of risk

HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
How to manage it (control measures)			ol measures required to re tail about the type and loo	

- 1. Existing Academy Emergency Evacuation procedure to continue to be followed, however ensuring that a 2 metre social distance is possible at all times when evacuating the building and when congregating at the emergency evacuation point. In addition, staff are to close doors as they leave the building on the route they take.
- 2. Existing Academy Emergency Plan to be followed in the event of loss of electrical power, loss of water supply, loss of communications, intruder etc. however ensuring that a 2 metre social distance is possible at all times.
- To review any Personal Emergency Evacuation Plans (PEEP) for staff and children to ensure that control measures are implemented to minimise the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19) between an individual and the adult facilitating the emergency evacuation.

Remaining level of risk Co		Consider level of risk following use of control measures		
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE

sue that could cause harm:		Premises statutory servicing, testing and monitoring not being completed resulting in legislative non-compliance and risk to health and safety of all groups.			
Existing level of risk					
HIGH	M		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control me	asures)		ol measures required to re tail about the type and loc		
 All statutory servicing (weekly/monthly/6 monthly and annual testing and monitoring systems and audits) are in place and continuing in line with current trust and academy procedures. To ensure a schedule of contractors is determined (so that that they can be appropriately briefed in advance of visiting the school and on the day regarding the academy's procedures for social distancing and good hygiene) for: Gas, Electric, Water, Lifts, Alarm, Fire equipment, Pat testing, Kitchen, Emergency lighting, Doors, Plant equipment, Ventilation. 			ocedures. appropriately briefed in ædures for social		
Remaining level of risk		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ntrol measures	
HIGH	M	EDIUM	LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
Issue that could cause harm:	ssue that could cause harm: Security during the partial closure and wider re-opening of schools (intruders, trespassers)			d wider re-opening of	
Existing level of risk					
HIGH	M		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
How to manage it (control measures)		List your control measures required to reduce risk – add appropriate detail about the type and location of controls			
 Academy Security Procedures Academy Opening and Closing procedures Academy Out of hours' procedures Academy Lockdown plan Academy Emergency Plan FCAT Abusive Parents policy CCTV Increased COVID 19 signage including not to enter with any symptoms 					
Remaining level of risk Consider level		Consider level	of risk following use of co	ontrol measures	
HIGH	М	MEDIUM LOW NEGLIGIBLE			

Issue that could cause harm:		Lack of Social Distancing and poor hygiene in Extracurri activities including Before/After School Club provision w could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)		e/After School Club provision which
Existing level of risk				
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE
How to manage it (control me	asures)			required to reduce risk – add type and location of controls
 Keeping children within their year groups or bubbles where possible. If it is not possible to maintain bubbles being used during the school day then schools should use small, consistent groups. Ensure regular cleaning of environment and equipment in line with COVID Cleaning Schedule. Follow the control measures as outlined under section titled "Lack of Social Distancing in the learning environment (classroom/ workshop/ hall/ outdoors) which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)" and section titled "Lack of social distancing and poor hygiene during break/ playtimes and lunchtimes which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of which could increase the risk and poor hygiene which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)" and section titled Contact with surfaces/shared resources and poor hygiene which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)" and section titled Contact with surfaces/shared resources and poor hygiene which could increase the risk and rate of transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)". 				
Remaining level of risk Consider level of risk following use of control measures		ing use of control measures		
HIGH	MEDIUM			

Authorisation by Risk Assessor and Headteacher

OVERALL level of risk		Consider level of risk following use of control measures			
HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	NEGLIGIBLE	
Assessor's comments		Insert commer	nts relevant to findings as	appropriate	

Name of assessor	Signature of assessor	Date
S Baker	S Baker	17/11/2020

Head teacher comments	Insert comments relevant to assessment as appropriate

Name of Head teacher	Signature of Head teacher	Date
A Ashcroft	AMAshcroft	17/11/2020

Risk assessment reviews S	Set future review dates & sign/comment upon completion
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