



Exclusions Policy

Policy type	Statutory
Author	Steve Davis
Last updated	February/August 26
Reviewed	Adrian Ball
Approved by	Adrian Ball
Release date	August 2026
Review cycle	Annually
Description of changes	Rebranded from DEMAT to Grace Schools

Contents

1. Aims.....	3
2. Behaviour Principles.....	3
3. Culture and Standards.....	3
4. Legislation and Statutory Guidance.....	4
5. The decision to suspend or permanently exclude.....	5
6. Roles and responsibilities.....	7
The Headteacher	7
<i>Informing parents/carers.....</i>	<i>7</i>
<i>Informing the governing body.....</i>	<i>9</i>
The Headteacher will immediately notify the governing body of.....	9
The Governing Body	9
The Local Authority (LA)	9
7. Considering the reinstatement of a pupil.....	10
An independent review	12
8. Academy registers.....	12
9. Returning from a fixed-term suspension.....	13
10. Monitoring arrangements.....	13
11. Links with other policies.....	14



1. Aims

This policy aims to:

- Outline that the suspensions and permanent exclusions process is applied fairly and consistently
- Explain how the suspensions and permanent exclusions process is understood by governing body members, staff, parents/carers and pupils
- Ensure pupils in school are safe and happy.

2. Behaviour Principles

Our approach to managing behaviour across our Academies is underpinned by our Behaviour Principles:

- All pupils, staff and visitors have the right to feel safe at all times in our Academies.
- Appropriate behaviour is the foundation upon which pupils can make the greatest progress.
- Our Academies are inclusive. All members of the Academies' community should be free from discrimination of any sort.
- All policies are underpinned by our Trust values of Love, Trust, Respect, Ambition, and Community.
- All staff must take responsibility for applying the behaviour policy as required
- Academy rules and expectations are clearly set out and displayed around each site.
- Sanctions for unacceptable behaviour will be known and understood by all staff and pupils and consistently applied.
- Violence, threatening behaviour or abuse by pupils or parents towards staff will not be tolerated and will receive an immediate appropriate sanction which may be a suspension or exclusion.
- The Behaviour policy will set out the Academies' responses to inappropriate behaviour short of suspension and permanent exclusion.



3. Culture and Standards

As a family of Academies each of our Academies has its own identity, but shares a common purpose: to provide a high quality education, that is underpinned by our Christian Ethos, in order to allow pupils the very best start in their lives.

Grace Schools Academies are built on strong cultures that are welcoming, warm and inclusive. Our Academies are places where pupils behave with consistently high levels of respect and regard for others. They are polite and have good manners; they wear their uniform smartly with pride. Our pupils are proud of their Academies and play a highly positive role in them. They are part of an Academy culture in which pupils are able to learn free from disruption, and difference is valued and celebrated, and bullying, harassment and violence are never tolerated.

We support our pupils to develop consistently positive attitudes and demonstrate commitment to their education, to be highly motivated and remain positive in the face of difficulties. We support them on the pathway to becoming increasingly independent through the development of resilience and self-regulation, and in developing intellectual resilience. Our pupils are given every opportunity to make a highly positive, tangible contribution to the life of their Academy and the wider community.

We expect our pupils to behave consistently well, demonstrating high levels of self-control and we have unapologetically high expectations. However, we are also clear that if pupils struggle to meet our expectations it is our role to support them, taking intelligent, fair and highly effective action to enable them to become successful in their education and to fulfil their potential.

We recognise that our Academies serve diverse communities and that they need to be welcoming and meet the needs of these communities.

Our Headteachers know that suspension for a fixed term or permanent exclusion can have a negative impact on the life chances of a pupil. For this reason, our Academies only use suspensions and permanent exclusions where it is deemed by the Headteacher to be absolutely necessary.

4. Legislation and statutory guidance

This policy is based on the following statutory guidance from the Department for Education:

- Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement August 2024 ("the DfE Guidance").
- It is based on the following legislation, which outlines schools' powers to exclude pupils and must be followed where applicable:
- Section 51A of the [Education Act 2002](#), as amended by the [Education Act 2011](#)
- [The School Discipline \(Pupil Exclusions and Reviews\) \(England\) Regulations 2012](#)

In addition, the policy is based on:

- Part 7 Chapter 2 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, which looks at parental responsibility for excluded pupils
- Section 579 of the Education Act 1996, which defines 'school day'
- The Education (Provision of Full-Time Education for Excluded Pupils) (England) Regulations 2007, as amended by The Education (Provision of Full-Time Education for Excluded Pupils) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2014

Trust Guidance

It is important that Headteachers follow the correct processes when carrying out a suspension or permanent exclusion. The Trust provides framework documents and flowcharts to ensure these processes are followed. Headteachers should consult these guidance documents when carrying out either form of exclusion.

5.The decision to suspend or permanently exclude

Only the Headteacher, or acting Headteacher, can suspend and permanently exclude a pupil from school. When doing so they should ensure their decision is:

- Lawful (both in terms of the legislation relating directly to suspensions and permanent exclusions and a school's wider legal duties)
- Reasonable;
- Fair; and,
- Proportionate

When establishing the facts in relation to a permanent exclusion or suspension, the Head Teacher will do so on the 'balance of probabilities' i.e. that it was more likely than not that something happened.

The decision to permanently exclude will only ever be used as a last resort when other alternatives are unsuitable, when all avenues for further support have been reasonably exhausted and when the conditions for permanent exclusion as set out in the statutory guidance regarding exclusions have been met, i.e.

- It is being taken in response to serious or persistent breaches of the Academy's behaviour policy, **and**
- If allowing the pupil to remain in the Academy would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the Academy.

Where a suspension or permanent exclusion is being considered the Headteacher will consider the impact that this action will have on the pupil and the Academy as a whole. Key to this is understanding the pupil and any underlying reasons for the behaviours that have been seen. To ensure that



this is the case our Headteachers take the following actions before issuing either a suspension or permanent exclusion:

- Accounts are collected from pupils involved, other witnesses and staff
- The DSL is consulted, and consideration is made about whether an exclusion will place a pupil at risk
- Take the pupil's views into account, considering these in light of their age and understanding, before deciding to exclude, unless it would not be appropriate to do so. They should inform the pupil about how their views have been factored into any decision made. Where relevant, the pupil should be given support to express their view, including through advocates such as parents or, if the pupil has one, a social worker. Whilst an exclusion may still be an appropriate sanction, the headteacher should also take account of any contributing factors identified after an incident of misbehaviour has occurred and consider paragraph 45 of the Behaviour in Schools guidance (acceptable forms of sanction).
- If the pupil being considered for exclusion has SEN or any disability the following must be taken into account.
 - Children with SEN may not necessarily have a disability. The definition of disability¹ is not the same as the definition of special educational needs but there is likely to be significant overlap between those who have SEN and those who are disabled.
 - Have reasonable adjustments been made to the provision offered for the pupil (if so disabled) in order to remove any substantial disadvantage to the child in comparison to a non-disabled pupil. For example, to ensure they are able to comply with the behaviour policy. (page 11 of the DfE Guidance and the SEND Code of Practice (May 2015) and the Equality Act (2010)), references the expectations regarding "reasonable adjustments".

Only when all of the above steps have been taken and the information provided has been reviewed will the Headteacher decide what action will be taken.

Our Academies will work with their Hub Directors once they identify that a pupil is at risk of permanent exclusion to try and prevent this. Decisions



around permanent exclusions must also be reviewed with the relevant Grace Schools Hub Director before the Head Teacher alone makes a final decision whether to permanently exclude or not.

A Headteacher may cancel an exclusion that has not been reviewed by the governing body. If this occurs the parents, governing body, and local authority should be notified and if relevant the social worker and Virtual School. Parents should be offered the opportunity to meet and discuss the circumstances that led to the exclusion being cancelled. A termly report of such cancellations including the circumstances and reasons will be circulated to the governing body to ensure appropriate oversight. The pupil will be allowed back into school.

Our trust is aware that off-rolling is unlawful. Ofsted defines off-rolling as:

"...the practice of removing a pupil from the school roll without a formal, permanent exclusion or by encouraging a parent to remove their child from the school roll, when the removal is primarily in the interests of the school rather than in the best interests of the pupil."

We are committed to following all statutory suspension and permanent exclusion procedures to ensure that every child receives an education in a safe and caring environment.

¹ A physical or mental impairment that has a substantial (i.e. more than minor or trivial) and long-term (more than 12 months) adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

Definition

For the purposes of suspensions and permanent exclusions, a school day is statutorily defined as any day on which there is a school session. INSET or staff training days do not count as a school day.

6. Roles and responsibilities

The Headteacher

Informing parents/carers

The Headteacher will immediately provide the following information, in writing, to the parents/carers of a suspended or permanently excluded pupil, and to their social worker (if any) or, in the case of a looked after pupil, their social worker and/or Virtual School Headteacher:

- The reason(s) for the suspension or permanent exclusion
- The length of a fixed-term suspension or, for a permanent exclusion, the fact that it is permanent
- Information about parents'/carers' right to make representations about the suspensions and permanent exclusion to the governing body and how the pupil may be involved in this
- How any representations should be made
- Where there is a legal requirement for the governing body to meet to consider the reinstatement of a pupil, and that parents/carers have a right to attend a meeting, be represented at a meeting (at their own expense) and to bring a friend (see section 7)

If a parent/carer is asked to collect their pupil from school as a result of a breach of the behaviour code or for a behavioural related reason, the Headteacher **must** record the absence as a suspension and the procedures set out in this policy adhered to.

The Headteacher will also notify parents/carers by the end of the afternoon session on the day their child is suspended or permanently excluded that for the first 5 school days of a suspension or permanent exclusion, or until the start date of any alternative provision where this is earlier, parents/carers are legally required to ensure that their child is not present in a public place during school hours without a good reason. Parents/carers may be given a fixed penalty notice or prosecuted if they fail to do this.

Headteachers must ensure that work is set and marked for pupils during the first five school days of a suspension which adheres to legal duties to pupils with disabilities or SEN. If applicable. As stated below, it is the responsibility of



the governing body to ensure that the Headteacher arranges full-time alternative provision from the sixth day of a suspension. In cases of permanent exclusion, it is the Local Authority's duty. If alternative provision is being arranged, the following information will be included when notifying parents/carers of a suspension or permanent exclusion:

- the start date for any provision of full-time education that has been arranged for the child during the suspension or permanent exclusion;
- the start and finish times of any such provision, including the times for morning and afternoon sessions where relevant;
- the address at which the provision will take place; and
- any information required by the pupil to identify the person they should report to on the first day.

Where this information on alternative provision is not reasonably ascertainable by the end of the afternoon session, it may be provided in a subsequent notice, but it will be provided no later than 48 hours before the provision is due to start. The only exception to this is where alternative provision is to be provided before the sixth day of an exclusion, in which case the information can be provided with less than 48 hours' notice with parents'/carers' consent.

The Headteacher **must** ensure that for any suspension or permanent exclusion that the registers are coded correctly with 'E' for each session that the pupil is absent, unless they are attending alternative provision.

For notifications of exclusion and suspension, notification should be in person or by telephone in the first instance as this allows those being informed to ask any initial questions or raise concerns directly with the headteacher. Headteachers should consider the following:

- Has the Academy spoken to the parents (and where appropriate, the child's social worker) to ensure they fully understand the type/scale of the behaviour leading to the suspension or exclusion?
- Has the Academy considered how to communicate accessibly and clearly, including whether parents may have particular communication needs relating to a disability or having English as an



Additional Language (EAL)?

- Has the Academy provided sufficient detail in the suspension or permanent exclusion notice letter on the reasons for the suspension or permanent exclusion?
- Does the notice contain all the required information as set out in part six of the suspension and permanent exclusion guidance?
- Has the Academy informed parents (and where appropriate, the pupil's social worker or the local authority if a pupil has an EHCP) whether their pupil will be able to sit any national curriculum test(s) or public examination(s) occurring during the suspension or permanent exclusion?
- Has the Academy informed parents of any applicable right of representation to the governing body under section 7 of this policy?

Informing the Governance Team

The Headteacher will immediately notify the Grace Schools Governance Team of:

- Any permanent exclusion (including where a suspension is followed by a decision to permanently exclude the pupil)
- Any suspension or permanent exclusion which would result in the pupil being suspended or permanently excluded for a total of more than five school days (or more than 10 lunchtimes in a term).
- Any suspension or permanent exclusions which would result in the pupil missing a public examination

Informing the Local Authority

The Head Teacher will immediately notify the Local Authority of:

- All suspensions and exclusions regardless of their length
- For a permanent exclusion, if the pupil lives outside the LA in which the school is located, the Headteacher will also immediately inform the pupil's 'home authority' of the exclusion and the reason(s) for it without delay.
- Notifications must include the reason(s) for the suspension or permanent exclusion and the duration of any suspension or, in the case of a permanent exclusion, the fact that it is permanent.



Regional Schools Board

Responsibilities regarding suspension and permanent exclusion are delegated to the Regional Schools Board who will convene a pupil discipline panel as and when required paragraph 7. The pupil discipline panel will be established in line with the requirements set out in paragraph 7, and the DfE Guidance.

The pupil discipline panel has a duty to consider the reinstatement of an excluded pupil (see section 6).

Within 14 days of receipt of a request, the Academy will provide the secretary of state with information about any exclusions in the last 12 months.

In the case of a suspension which does not bring the pupil's total number of days of suspension to more than five in a term, Representatives from the Regional Schools Boards must consider any representations made by parents, but it cannot direct reinstatement and is not required to arrange a meeting with parents. This will be a review of the relevant paperwork and does not require a panel to physically convene.

The Local Authority (LA)

For permanent exclusions, the LA is responsible for arranging suitable full-time education to begin no later than the sixth day of the exclusion.

7. Considering the reinstatement of a pupil

A pupil discipline panel made up of at least three members of the governing body will consider the reinstatement of an excluded pupil within 15 school days of receiving the notice of the exclusion if:

- The exclusion is permanent: or
- It is a fixed-term suspension which would bring the pupil's total number of school days of suspension to more than 15 in a term: or
- It would result in a pupil missing a public examination or national curriculum test

If requested to do so by parents/carers, the governing body will consider the reinstatement of a suspended pupil within 50 school days of receiving notice of the suspension if the pupil would be suspended from school for



more than 5 school days, but less than 16, in a single term. In the absence of any representations from parents, the governing board is not required to meet and cannot direct reinstatement of the pupil.

In the case of a suspension which does not bring the pupil's total number of days of suspension to more than five in a term, the governing board must consider any representations made by parents, but it cannot direct reinstatement and is not required to arrange a meeting with parents.

Taking into account the pupil's age and understanding, the pupil or their parents should also be made aware of their right to attend and participate in governing board meetings and the pupil should be enabled to make a representation on their own behalf if they wish to do so.

In cases where the governing board considers parents' representations but does not reinstate the pupil, it should consider whether it would be appropriate to place a note of its findings on the pupil's educational record.

Those invited to attend will include:

- Parents (and, where requested, a representative or friend)
- The pupil if they are 18 years or older
- The headteacher

Where a pupil has a social worker or is looked after then the social worker and/or Virtual School Headteacher must be informed when the governing body panel is meeting in order to share information and be invited to attend if they so wish.

NB Parents may request that the Local authority and/or the home local authority attend a meeting of an academy's governing board as an observer; that representative may only make representations with the governing board's consent.

Where a suspension or permanent exclusion would result in a pupil missing a public examination, the pupil discipline panel will consider the reinstatement of the pupil before the date of the examination. If this is not practicable, a Chair of one of the Regional Schools Boards will consider the suspension or permanent exclusion and decide whether or not to reinstate the pupil.

The pupil discipline panel can either:

- Decline to reinstate the pupil, or
- Direct the reinstatement of the pupil immediately, or on a particular date

In reaching a decision, the pupil discipline panel will consider whether the suspension or permanent exclusion was lawful (with respect to the legislation relating directly to suspensions and permanent exclusions and a school's wider legal duties), reasonable, fair and proportionate. They will decide whether or not a fact is true 'on the balance of probabilities', which differs from the criminal standard of 'beyond reasonable doubt', as well as any evidence that was presented in relation to the decision to suspend/exclude. Minutes will be taken of the meeting, and a record of evidence considered kept. The outcome will also be recorded on the pupil's educational record.

The pupil discipline panel will notify, in writing, the Headteacher, parents/carers and the LA of its decision, along with reasons for its decision, without delay. If the pupil has a social worker or is looked after, then the social worker and/or Virtual School Headteacher will also be informed.

Where a permanent exclusion is upheld, the pupil discipline panel decision will also include the following:

- The fact that it is permanent
- Notice of parents'/carers' right to ask for the decision to be reviewed by an independent review panel, and:
 - o The date by which an application for an independent review must be made (15 school days from the date on which notice in writing of the governing body's decision is given to parents)
 - o The name and address to whom an application for a review should be submitted
 - o That any application should set out the grounds on which it is being made
 - o Where appropriate, that any application should reference to how the pupil's SEN are considered to be relevant to the exclusion
 - o That, regardless of whether the excluded pupil has recognised SEN, parents/carers have a right to require the academy trust to appoint an SEN expert to attend the review
 - o Details of the role of the SEN expert and that there would be no cost to parents/carers for this appointment



- o That parents/carers must make clear if they wish for an SEN expert to be appointed in any application for a review
- o That parents/carers may, at their own expense,
appoint someone to make written and/or oral representations to the panel, and parents/carers may also bring a friend to the review
- If parents/carers believe that the permanent exclusion has occurred as a result of discrimination, they may make a claim under the Equality Act 2010 to the First-tier tribunal (Special Educational Needs and Disability), in the case of disability discrimination, or the County Court, in the case of other forms of discrimination. A claim of discrimination made under these routes should be lodged within 6 months of the date on which the discrimination is alleged to have taken place.

An independent review

If parents/carers apply for an independent review, Grace Schools will arrange for an independent panel to review the decision of the academy's pupil discipline panel not to reinstate a permanently excluded pupil. The process of arranging and administering an independent review panel is set out in the DfE Guidance. This guidance must be followed.

Applications for an independent review must be made to the school via governance@graceschools.org.uk within 15 school days of notice being given to the parents/carers by the pupil discipline panel of its decision to not reinstate a pupil.

The independent panel will decide one of the following, to:

- Uphold the pupil discipline panel's decision
- Recommend that the pupil discipline panel considers reinstatement
- Quash the pupil discipline panel's decision and direct that they reconsider reinstatement

8. Academy registers

A pupil's name will be removed from the school admissions register if:

- 15 school days have passed since the parents/carers were notified of the pupil discipline panel's decision to not reinstate the pupil and no application has been made for an independent review panel, **or**
- The parents/carers have stated in writing that they will not be applying for an independent review panel

Where an application for an independent review has been made, the academy will wait until that review has concluded before removing a pupil's name from the register.

Where alternative provision has been made for an excluded pupil and they attend it, code B (education off-site) or code D (dual registration) will be used on the attendance register.

Where excluded pupils are not attending alternative provision, code E (absent) will be used.

9. Returning from a fixed-term suspension

When a fixed-term suspension has been put in place, a reintegration meeting will be arranged when the pupil, parents/carers, are invited to meet with a member of senior staff and other staff, where appropriate. A range of supportive measures which may include, but are not limited to, those listed below may be implemented when a pupil returns from a fixed-term suspension:

- Maintaining regular contact during the suspension or off-site direction and welcoming the pupil back to school
- Daily contact with a designated pastoral professional in-school
- Use of a report card with personalised targets leading to personalised rewards
- Ensuring the pupil follows an equivalent curriculum during their suspension or off- site direction or receives academic support upon return to catch up on any lost progress
- Planned pastoral interventions
- Mentoring by a trusted adult or a local mentoring charity
- Regular reviews with the pupil and parents/carers to praise progress being made and raise and address any concerns at an early stage
- Informing the pupil, parents/carers and staff of potential external support

If the parents/carers do not agree to attend the reintegration meeting, then the meeting will still take place and notes of actions will be sent to the parents/carers by the Academy.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The Headteacher at each school is responsible for monitoring the number of exclusions every term and the characteristics of pupils who have been suspended or excluded. The governing body will review the Headteacher reports to consider the level of pupil moves and whether permanent exclusions are only used as a last resort. They also liaise with the local authority to ensure suitable alternative full-time education for excluded pupils.

Close consideration will be given to monitoring the proportion of pupils on the SEND register who have been suspended or permanently excluded, and this policy should be read in conjunction with the Trust's SEND Policy.

This policy will be reviewed by the Behaviour Lead for Grace Schools annually. At every review this policy will be approved by the full Board of Trustees and be shared with the governing bodies at each academy

11. Links with other policies

This exclusions policy is linked to the following policies:

- Behaviour policy
- SEN policy and information report