

## Grange Moor Outdoor Learning Primary School Curriculum Map Document

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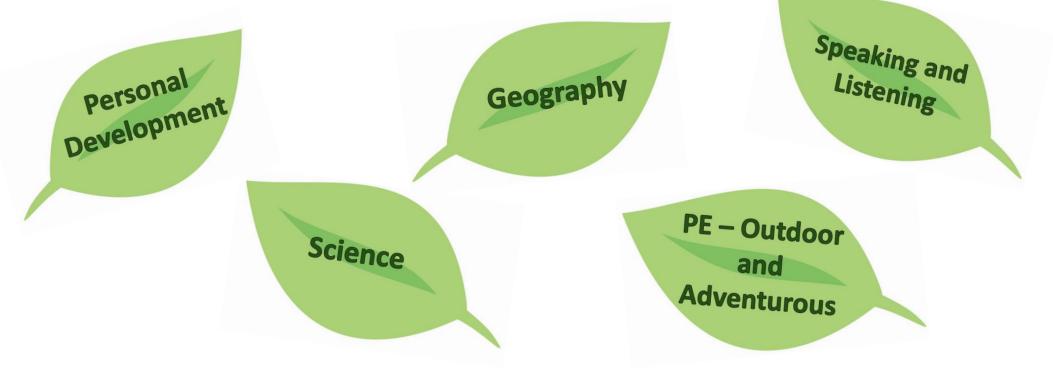
## 1. Statement of Intent

Outdoor Learning is incredibly important to us at Grange Moor Primary. We are very lucky to have a rich, outdoor provisions in our school grounds and have worked hard to develop this. This of course, begins right from the start in our daily outdoor continuous provision for our Early Years children. However, we strongly believe that outdoor learning is something children of all ages should have access to and everyone can thrive in the outdoors – our best classroom at Grange Moor Primary is the one roofed only by the sky.

With this in mind we have invested in an Outdoor Learning Leader, who leads weekly outdoor sessions across school for all children.

In school time, we have made a promise to take our learning outside every week during our Forest Friday. An afternoon where we work together, enjoy the outdoors and develop a range of skills in the place we love the most. We have developed our outdoor curriculum by selecting the areas of the curriculum that are important to us in our unique setting and that we believe have better quality outcomes when done in the outdoors. Wrapped around this and the driver for our weekly commitment is the Forest School ethos of developing the whole child and over a long term progression of the heart, body and brain.

Our Key Focus areas for development through our Outdoor Curriculum are:



## 2. Outdoor Learning at Grange Moor an Overview



Daily Continuous Provision for our Youngest Children



Weekly Accessible Outdoor Learning Session adapted for those with SEND



Weekly Whole School
Outdoor Learning Session
'Forest Friday'

## 3. Whole School Long Term Plan

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Whole School PSHE Theme	We are Safe	We are Happy	We are Respectful	We Belong	We are Inclusive	We are Responsible	
Personal Development	Health and Safety	Leadership	Communication	Team Work	Diversity and Accessibility	Community	
	Georg	graphy	Scie	ence	PE – Outdoor and Adventurous		
	Our Environment – human and physical features	Our Place in the World – features of locations	Rocks and Plants Living Things in their Habitats	Rocks and Plants Living Things in their Habitats	Problem Solving and Risk Taking	Being Adventurous – Orienteering and Mapwork	

3. Progression of Skills

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Geography	I can comment and ask questions about aspects of where I live including my local area and the school grounds. I can begin to use positional language e.g. forwards, backwards and begin left and right. I can begin to use directional language e.g. near, far, away from,	Use world maps, atlases	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.  Use simple compass directions (North, South,	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.  Learn the eight points of a compass, 2 figure grid reference (maths coordinates), some basic symbols and key (including the use of a simplified Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied  Learn the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references.  Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied.  Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps)	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied  Communicate locations through grid references and

		Reception		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Science	Communication and Language	-Learn new vocabularyAsk questions to find out more and to check what has been said to themArticulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentencesDescribe events in some detailUse talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happenUse new vocabulary in different contexts.  Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.	Plants	garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen retrees -identify and describe the basic structure of a variety nof common flowering plants, including trees		-identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers -explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant -investigate the way in which water is transported within plants -explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal			
	PSED	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating	nd their Habi	-explore and compare the things that are living, dead never been alive -identify that most living thi which they are suited and of habitats provide for the bas kinds of animals and plants on each other	and things that have  ngs live in habitats to describe how different sic needs of different	-explore and use cl variety of living thin recognise that env dangers to living th describe the differ insect and a bird describe how living common observable differences, including	assification keys to gs in their local and ironments can chaings ences in the life cycly things are classifice characteristics are migmicro-organisms	puped in a variety of help group, identify d wider environment nge and that this can cles of a mammal, a ed into broad group and based on similarity s, plants and animal d animals based on	n and name a in sometimes pose in amphibian, an is according to ties and is
	Understanding the World	Explore the natural world around them.  -Describe what they see, hear and feel while they are outside.  -Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live.  -Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them.  -Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.	Rocks			appearance and sir- describe in simple are trapped within r	mple physical prope terms how fossils a ock	kinds of rocks on the erties are formed when thin cks and organic ma	ngs that have lived

-Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in classUnderstand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Inherita	recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents ridentify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution
	and	
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	Evol	

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
PE – Team Work	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.  • Develop social phrases  • See themselves as a valuable individual.  • Build constructive and respectful relationships.  • Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.  • Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.  • Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally.  • Think about the perspectives of others		unication es	Creating and applying simple tactics     Developing leadership        Develop communication as a team     Create defending and attacking tactics as a team	<ul><li>The pen challenge</li><li>The river rope challenge</li></ul>	Face orienteering     Cone orienteering     Point and return     Point to point     Timed course     Orienteering competition	Understanding what makes an effective leader     Communicating as a leader     Introducing the STEP principle: Space, Task, Equipment and People