## Key Vocabulary

| sketch map | A simple map with only <br> basic details. |
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| key | Helps us understand map <br> symbols. Also known as a legend. |
| compass <br> rose | This is printed on a map to show <br> different directions. |
| map symbol | A picture or a sign on a map <br> that represents something else. |
| Ordnance <br> Survey | A survey organisation in the UK <br> which prepares very detailed <br> maps of the country. |
| route | A way of getting from a start <br> point to a finish point. |
| compass | A tool which shows people which <br> direction they are travelling in <br> and helps them find their way. |
| climate | The usual weather conditions <br> of an area. |

## What Is a Map?

A map is a drawing of an actual place that uses lines and symbols to represent real-life objects. People have used maps for hundreds of years to help them travel from place to place.

## Key Questions:

1. Can I find out about where I live using different sources?
2. Can I ask someone questions to find out about Rochdale?
3. Can I describe some human and physical features of Rochdale?
4. Can I think of some places that are not near school?
5. Can I find where I live on a map of the UK?

| Key Features | Compass Directions | Planning a Route |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key features of maps include: a title, a compass rose, symbols, a key and different colours for important things, such as green for forests and blue for rivers. | People use a compass to help them position and use a map accurately. The main points of a compass are north, south, east and west. | When planning a journey using a map, people think about the quickest or safest route. |
|  Woodland River <br> Moor Land Viewpoint  <br> Lake Castle  <br> Contour Line Church  <br> Coad Water Fowl  <br> -   |  |  |

## Where do we live? Year 2

| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| atlas | A collection of maps <br> in one book. |
| continent | A very large area of land <br> that includes all the <br> islands with it. There are <br> seven continents: Africa, <br> Antarctica, Australasia, <br> Asia, Europe, North America <br> and South America. |
| ocean | A large area of salt water. <br> There are five oceans: <br> the Arctic, Atlantic, <br> Indian, Pacific and <br> Southern Oceans. |
| physical <br> feature | A feature that has been <br> formed by nature. |
| aerial view | A view from above. <br> Also known as a 'bird's-eye' <br> view. |
| human <br> feature | A feature that has been <br> made or changed by <br> humans, e.g. bridges. |

## Using an Atlas

An atlas shows maps of continents, countries, oceane and the physical features of a place.
Its contents page shows a list of all the maps and the page that they can be found on.
The index page lists, in alphabetical order, all of the countries, cities and towns that can be found in the atlas and shows which page number to look on.

## Did you know?

A map maker is called a cartographer.

The oldest maps were made on clay tablets.


| Physical Featurcs | An Acrial Vicw | Morc About Maps |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Atlases show us the <br> physical fatures of a place. <br> These can include forests, <br> lakes and rivers. On the <br> index page beside the page <br> number, there is sometimes <br> a letter that tells you the <br> kind of feature it is, e.g. $m=$ <br> mountain and $r=$ river. | Maps are usually drawn <br> from an acrial view. <br> We can look at acrial <br> photographs to see the <br> main physical and <br> human features of places. <br> Acrial photos are photos <br> taken by aircraft or other <br> flying objects, e.g. drones. <br> A satellite photo is taken <br> from a satellite in space. | Did You Know...? <br> Saps cannot possibly <br> areas of water than <br> oceans. They are found <br> where the land and <br> water meet. |
| are drawn to scale. |  |  |

